RESEARCH ISSUE Brief

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Scrutinizing the Capital Allocation to the Federal Ministry of Finance in the 2018 Appropriation Bill

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I. Introduction

- 1. The Economic Recovery and Growth Plan (ERGP) articulates the Nigeria's vision for the period-2020, and lays the foundation for long term growth. Among other things, it articulates the strategy for aligning fiscal, monetary and trade policies. The Federal Ministry of Finance plays an important role in fashioning and implementing the nation's fiscal policy. As such, examining the capital projects proposed for this Ministry in the annual budget of the Federal Government will provide some level of assessment of the ministry's preparedness to drive the nation's fiscal policy.
- 2. Of the №2,427,665,113,221 proposed in the 2018 Appropriation Bill for capital expenditure, №2,965,210,224 (i.e. 0.12%) is projected as capital spending to the Federal Ministry of Finance. This is against the sum of №5,181,348,624 provided in the 2017 Appropriation Act for the ministry which constitutes 0.24% of the gross capital allocation of №2,177,866,775,867.
- 3. The specific allocation to capital projects in the Federal Ministry of Finance (FMF) headquarters (HQTRS) in 2018 is \(\frac{1}{2}\)978,189,229 compared to the sum of \(\frac{1}{2}\)780,480,429 in 2017. This represents an increase of 25.33%. This brief examines the capital projects proposed for the Federal Ministry of Finance in 2018 vis-\(\frac{1}{2}\)-vis the projects for the Ministry in the 2017 Appropriation Act. It draws implication for the scrutiny of the 2018 proposals by examining the implementation of the 2017 capital budget of the FMF.

II. Observations/ Recommendations

4. The proposed structure of capital spending in the Federal Ministry of Finance in 2018 is not different from the items appropriated for in 2017 (see Table 1). The focus in 2016 was investment workflow on in automation and purchase of security equipment, but in 2017 changed to purchase of vehicles, office furniture/ fittings and purchase of computers.



5. Purchase of Computers was allotted \$\frac{1}{2}98,935,949\$, while Purchase of Computer Printers was allotted \$\frac{1}{2}30,000,000\$. Similarly, the sum of \$\frac{1}{2}130,000,000\$ was apportioned for Computer software acquisition. It is

of deep concern that these sums will be expended for computer related items. That another sum of \$\frac{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tex

Table 1: Capital Expenditure Outlay to Federal Ministry of Finance (FMF)
Headquarter (Abuja): 2017 Appropriation Act vs 2018 Appropriation Bill

S/	Capital Projects in the 2017	Amount (N)	S/N	Capital Projects in the	Amount (N)
N	Appropriation Act	AIIIOUIIL (IX)	3/19	Proposed 2018 Budget	Amount (Pr)
1	Appropriation Act		1	Purchase of Office	53,355,500
'	Office Furniture and Fittings	106,711,000	'	Furniture & Fittings	33,333,300
2	Office Furniture and Fittings	106,711,000	2		98,935,949
4	Annual Report of the Federal	E 000 000	2	Purchase of Computers	98,935,949
_	Ministry of Finance 2016	5,000,000	2		20,000,000
3	Establishment/ Equipment of an		3	Purchase of Computer	30,000,000
	Econometric Laboratory in			Printers	
	Macroeconomic Division of	20 000 000			
	ERPM Department	20,000,000			00.000.000
4	Research on Removal of Fuel		4	Purchase of motor vehicles	80,000,000
	Subsidy: Impact and Implication	40.000.000			
_	for the Nigerian Economy	10,000,000	_		5 000 000
5	Research on Improving and		5	Library Automation	5,000,000
	Diversifying Revenue				
	Collections	10,000,000	_		
6	Renewal of Antivirus	_	6	Computer software	130,000,000
	Programme	0		acquisition	
7	Monitoring of Funds Disbursed		7	Rehabilitation of phase 1 &	100,000,000
	to State Government e.g. Salary			2 buildings	
	Bailouts and Infrastructural				
	Loans	10,000,000	_		
8		_	8	Perimeter fence around	20,000,000
	Software maintenance	0		FMF-HQTRS	
9	Monitoring of Funds Disbursed		9	Statistical survey on	20,000,000
	to state governments e.g.			impact of fiscal policies on	
	salary bailouts and			manufacturing sector	
L	infrastructural loan	10,000,000			
10			10	The non-oil sector as	15,000,000
	Software maintenance	0		sustainable alternative	
11	Workflow automation (Asset		11	Installation of functional	200,000,000
	Maintenance, Consultancy &			strategic information	
	MGT Design)	140,000,000		management system	
12			12	Renewal of anti-virus	28,000,000
	Monitoring and Evaluation	15,000,000		subscription/ IT Consulting	
13			13	Macroeconomic stability	10,000,000
				and fiscal policy	
	Construction/ Provision of			management buffer for oil	
	Electricity (AVR)	30,886,480		price and revenue	

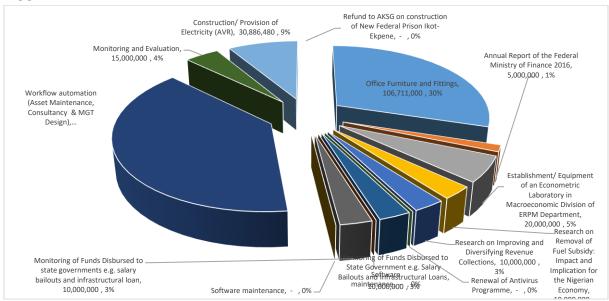


14	Refund to AKSG on construction of New Federal Prison Ikot- Ekpene	3,200,000,00	14	Budget monitoring and implementation of approved appropriation act under FMF 2018	15,116,980
15	Monitoring of Export Pre- shipment Inspection Activities in the Country	2,000,000	15	IER monitoring of WB, AFD, IDB, & AFD assisted project across the country	20,000,000
16	Quarterly Performance Report on the Economy	5,000,000	16	Procurement compliance monitoring	10,000,000
17	Purchase of Computer Consumables	98,935,949	17	Monitoring exercises of NCS activities on the nations imports	10,000,000
18	Physical Inspection of Books and Scrutiny of Submitted Reports	12,000,000	18	Monitoring and evaluation all FEC approved projects and programmes of FMF	10,000,000
19	Visits to Inspection Sites in the Country	16,000,000	19	Reform communications	30,000,000
20	Purchase of Motor Vehicles	158,125,000	20	FMF outstanding liability on provision of unified communication solution	30,000,000
21	Rehabilitation of Phase 1	50,000,000	21	Upgrading of the econometric lab in macro division	20,000,000
22	Phase 2 Building	55,750,000	22	SDGs domestically generated resources	22,780,800
23	Installation Perimeter fencing Phase 3	40,000,000	23	Purchase of photocopying machines	20,000,000
	Total	780,480,429 (less 3,200,000,00 0 item 14)			978,189,229

Source: 2017 Appropriation Act and 2018 Appropriation Bill



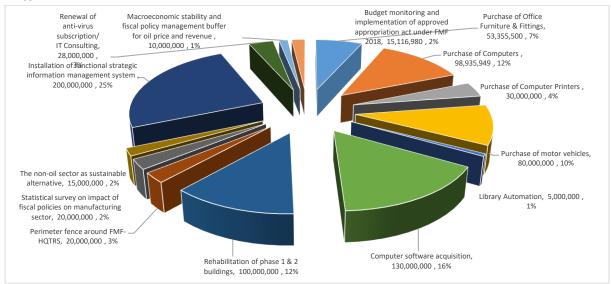
Figure 1: Distribution of Capital Projects in the 2017 FGN Appropriation Act



Source: 2017 Appropriation Act



Figure 2: Distribution of Capital Projects in the 2018 FGN Appropriation Bill



Source: 2017 Appropriation Act

- 6. The priority capital projects of the FMF (HQTRS) in 2018 are:
 - installation of functional strategic information management system (25% of the budget),
 - Computer software acquisition (16% of the budget),
 - rehabilitation of phase 1 & 2 buildings (12% of the budget),
 - purchase of computers (12% of the budget),
 - purchase of motor vehicles (10% of the budget), and
 - purchase of office furniture & fittings (7% of the budget)

The priority capital projects of the FMF (HQTRS) in 2017 are:

- Workflow automation (Asset Maintenance, Consultancy & MGT Design (39% of the budget)
- Office furniture and fittings (30% of the budget)

- Construction of electricity (AVR) (9% of the budget)
- Establishment/ Equipment of an Econometric Laboratory in Macroeconomic Division of ERPM Department (5% of the budget)
- Monitoring and evaluation (4% of the budget)
- 7. The major items in the 2017 budget for the FMF (HQTRS) are ICT/computer related and the purchase of office furniture & fittings. This structure did not change in the 2018 proposed capital projects. It is hardly convincing that these items are purchased on a yearly basis. There is need for consistent follow up audit report on what informs this pattern of budgeting in the FMF (HQTRS).
- 8. The specific allocation to capital projects in the FMF in 2018 is \$\frac{1}{4978}\$,189,229 compared to the sum



of N780,480,429 in 2017. This represents an increase of 25.33%. A significant proportion of this amount will be spent on items that dominated the expenditure chart in 2017. Nevertheless the capital budget implementation for 2017 was 4.5%. As such, there is some level of justification to roll over pending projects.

The views expressed in this Research Issue Brief are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the views of the Institute and its Management.

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