

EASTERN



REGION

NIGERIA

**Annual Volume**  
of the  
**Laws of Eastern Region**  
**of Nigeria**  
**1953**

*containing*

**THE ORDINANCES OF**  
**EASTERN REGION OF NIGERIA**  
AND SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION MADE THEREUNDER

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Onitsha Northern District Council (Markets) Bye-laws, 1953 ...	292	B 625
Onitsha Northern District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953	257	B 544
Onitsha Northern District Council (Weapons) Bye-laws, 1953	258	B 546
Onitsha Southern District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	329	B 701
Otoro District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1952 ... ..	2	B 23
Otoro District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1952 ... ..	26	B 67
Otoro District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	221	B 463
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Southern Ngwa District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	182	B 400
Southern Ngwa District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953...	206	B 433
Southern Ngwa Rural District Council (Registration of Births and Deaths) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	230	B 477
Ubium District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953... ..	157	B 351
Ubium District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	161	B 357
Ubium District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	211	B 443
<i>Functions of Councils Notices:</i>		
Bakehouses, Dairies, etc. ... ..	210	B 442
Postal Agencies ... ..	144	B 319
Registration of Hotels, etc. ... ..	12	B 50
<i>The Produce Inspection Ordinance, 1950 (No. 24 of 1950):</i>		
Fruit (Inspection for Export) Regulations, 1953 ... ..	11	B 321
Produce Inspection (Amendment) Regulations, 1953 ... ..	9	B 299
Rubber (Inspection for Export) Regulations, 1953 ... ..	10	B 300
<i>The Survey Ordinance, 1952 (No. 29 of 1952):</i>		
The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953 ... ..	12	B 365

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 14th day of April, 1953.

A 1

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor,  
Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 1



1953

**Protectorate of Nigeria**

IN THE SECOND YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. PLEASS, ESQUIRE, C.M.G.  
*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW TO APPROPRIATE THE SUM OF FOUR MILLION, EIGHT HUNDRED AND THREE THOUSAND, ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY POUNDS TO THE SERVICE OF THE YEAR ENDING ON THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF MARCH, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR. Title.

[1st April, 1953] Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows :— Enactment.

1. This Law may be cited as the 1953-54 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1953. Short title.

21559/A

Expenditure of £4,803,140 authorised out of the revenue and funds of the Eastern Region of Nigeria.

2. The Regional Treasurer may on the warrant of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region pay out of the revenue and other funds of the Eastern Region during the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1954, any sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of four million, eight hundred and three thousand, one hundred and forty pounds, being the total of the amounts set forth opposite Heads 401-425 in the Schedule hereto.

Balance unissued to lapse.

3. The moneys granted by this Law are intended for the services in respect of which moneys will become payable within the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1954, and any balance thereof unissued at the end of the month of March of that year shall lapse and not be available for making payments in any subsequent month.

Appropriation of £4,803,140.

4. The said sums, in the whole not exceeding the sum of four million, eight hundred and three thousand, one hundred and forty pounds, shall be appropriated to the purposes and in the manner expressed in the Schedule to this Law.

#### SCHEDULE

401. Public Debt Charges	...	..	...	...	£	1,800
402. Lieutenant-Governor...	...	...	...	...		9,440
403. Administration (including Community Development and Local Government)	...	...	...	...		384,590
404. Agriculture	...	...	...	...		119,720
405. Co-operative Societies	...	...	...	...		24,390
406. Eastern Executive	...	...	...	...		38,190
407. Eastern Legislature	...	...	...	...		45,250
408. Eastern Secretariat	...	...	...	...		44,380
409. Education	...	...	...	...		1,613,010
410. Forestry	...	...	...	...		53,900
411. Land	...	...	...	...		22,720
412. Local Industries	...	...	...	...		2,480
413. Medical Services	...	...	...	...		738,880
414. Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...		232,750
415. Police	...	...	...	...		583,370
416. Printing and Stationery	...	...	...	...		32,450
417. Public Relations	...	...	...	...		17,980
418. Public Works	...	...	...	...		178,710
419. Public Works Recurrent—Maintenance Works	...	...	...	...		291,300
420. Public Works Recurrent—Maintenance Services	...	...	...	...		32,300
421. Public Works Extraordinary	...	...	...	...		81,000
422. Subventions	...	...	...	...		137,000
423. Survey	...	...	...	...		34,410
424. Treasury	...	...	...	...		64,400
425. Veterinary	...	...	...	...		18,720
Total	...	...	...	...	£	4,803,140

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This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which was introduced into the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 1 of 1953

**ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 75)**

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following Order is hereby made:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Uwet-Odot Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. The Uwet-Odot Forest Reserve Order is hereby revised and modified by revoking the First and Second Schedules thereto and by the substitution of the following First and Second Schedules therefor:—

Revision and  
Modification  
of Order No.  
53 of 1930 as  
amended by  
Order No. 15  
of 1938.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing one hundred and ten square miles or thereabouts situated in the north-east part of the Itu Division and the western part of Calabar Division of the Calabar Province from which are excluded those pieces of land hereinafter described respectively as Area No. 1 (Akalarum Village), Area No. 2 (Ewen farmland), Area No. 3 (Obot Ekpene Village), Area No. 4 (Ekpene Village), Area No. 5 (Mkpatuk Village), Area No. 6 (Ebebit Village), Area No. 7 (Ainyi Village), Area No. 8 (Ainyi farmland), Area No. 9 (Otu farmland), Area No. 10 (Otu Settlement) and bounded as follows:—

A.—EXTERNAL BOUNDARIES

Starting from a point on the left bank of the Cross River, the approximate co-ordinates of which measured from the Nigerian Survey Map 1 : 500,000 Sheet No. 14 of 1940 are longitude  $8^{\circ} 1' 38''$  East and latitude  $5^{\circ} 14' 43''$  North at a distance of 1,758 feet in a general easterly direction from Afia Isong and marked by Beacon No. 171, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $52^{\circ}$  for a distance of nine miles 2,540 feet to Beacon No. 395 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $116^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,030 feet to Beacon No. 305 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $26^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,850 feet to Beacon No. 304 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $296^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,180 feet to Beacon No. 394 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $52^{\circ}$  for a distance of 5,210 feet to Beacon No. 393 situated on the right hand side of the path from Atakpot to Agarubo ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Atakpot to Agarubo in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1,520 feet to Beacon No. 314 situated at the right hand side of the path from Atakpot to Agarubo ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $261^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 650 feet to Beacon No. 313 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $171^{\circ}$  for a distance of 550 feet to Beacon No. 312 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $81^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 311 situated on the right hand side of the path from Agarubo to Akalarum ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Agarubo to Akalarum in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,260 feet to Beacon No. 310 situated on the right hand side of the path from Agarubo to Akalarum ; thence by a series of straight cut lines, the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
310	81°	960 feet	309
309	351°	3,920 "	392
392	52°	3,210 "	391
391	151° 30'	2,520 "	282
282	61° 30'	2,200 "	281
281	331° 30'	2,860 "	390
390	52°	3 mls. 1,200 feet	389

situated on the right hand side of the path from Ndealichi to Uwet ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ndealichi to Uwet in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 8 miles 4,520 feet to Beacon No. 18 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ndealichi to Uwet ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 225° for a distance of 1,320 feet to Beacon No. 19 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 180° for a distance of 4,900 feet to Beacon No. 20 ; thence continuing by the same straight line cut on a bearing of 180° for a distance of 800 feet to Beacon No. 21 situated on the right hand side of the path from Obudeng to Uwet ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Obudeng to Uwet in a general south-westerly and then southerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 700 feet to Beacon No. 22 situated on the right hand side of the path from Obudeng to Uwet ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 1,320 feet to Beacon No. 23 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 180° for a distance of 1,100 feet to Beacon No. 396 situated on the right hand side of the path from Uwet to Ainyi ; thence continuing by the same straight line cut on a bearing of 180° for a distance of two miles to Beacon No. 24 situated on the right hand side of the path from Uwet to Atan Odot ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Uwet to Atan Odot in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 600 feet to Beacon No. 25 situated on the right hand side of the path from Uwet to Atan Odot ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 310° for a distance of 530 feet to Beacon No. 26 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 220° for a distance 1,320 feet to Beacon No. 27 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 130° for a distance of 660 feet to Beacon No. 28 situated on the right hand side of the path from Atan Odot to Ndon ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Atan Odot to Ndon in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 3,600 feet to Beacon No. 29 situated on the right hand side of the path from Atan Odot to Ndon ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 320° for a distance of 660 feet to Beacon No. 30 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 230° for a distance of 660 feet to Beacon No. 31 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 140° for a distance of 630 feet to Beacon No. 32 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ndon to Ebebit ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ndon to Ebebit in a general south-westerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of two miles 800 feet to Beacon No. 33 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ndon to Ebebit ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 11° for a distance of 1,670 feet to Beacon No. 34 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 281° for a distance of 1,850 feet to Beacon No. 35 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 191° for a distance of 1,520 feet to Beacon No. 36 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Ndon ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Ndon in a general easterly direction for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 37 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Ndon where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Odot Uyi ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Odot Uyi in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,580 feet to Beacon No. 38 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Odot Uyi ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 253° 30' for a distance of 1,390 feet to Beacon No. 39 ; thence by straight line cut on a bearing of 163° 30' for a distance of 1,600 feet to Beacon No. 40 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 230° for a distance of 790 feet to Beacon No. 41 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 116° 30' for a distance of 1,900 feet to Beacon No. 42 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 176° 30' for a distance of 260 feet to Beacon No. 43 ; thence by a straight line cut on a

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bearing of  $149^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 200 feet to Beacon No. 44 situated on the right bank of the Idim Nkanya stream ; thence by the right bank of the Idim Nkanya stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 45 situated at the point where the right hand side of the path from Efedem to Odot Uyi meets the right bank of the Idim Nkanya stream ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Efedem to Odot Uyi in a general south-easterly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon No. 46 situated on the right hand side of the path from Efedem to Odot Uyi ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $284^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,190 feet to Beacon No. 47 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $264^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 280 feet to Beacon No. 48 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $273^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,250 feet to Beacon No. 49 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $189^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,510 feet to Beacon No. 50 situated on the right hand side of the path from Odot Uyi to Obotobot Ededem ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Odot Uyi to Obotobot Ededem in a general westerly direction for a distance of 4,200 feet to Beacon No. 51 situated at the point where the right hand side of the path from Odot Uyi to Obotobot Ededem meets the right bank of the Akamanfo stream ; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
51	$0^{\circ} 30'$	100 feet	52
52	$336^{\circ} 30'$	160 "	53
53	$297^{\circ} 30'$	840 "	54
54	$233^{\circ} 30'$	880 "	55
55	$269^{\circ} 30'$	330 "	56
56	$239^{\circ} 30'$	1,240 "	57
57	$169^{\circ} 30'$	1,320 "	58

situated on the right hand side of the path from Obotobot Ededem to Esuk Oro Beach ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Obotobot Ededem to Esuk Oro Beach in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of one mile 100 feet to Beacon No. 59 situated on the left bank of the Odot Creek ; thence across the Odot Creek by a straight line on a bearing of  $194^{\circ}$  for a distance of 240 feet to Beacon No. 59A situated on the right bank of Odot Creek ; thence by the right bank of Odot Creek downstream for a distance of about five and one-fourth miles to Beacon No. 60 situated on the right bank of Odot Creek ; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
60	$305^{\circ}$	650 feet	61
61	$51^{\circ}$	350 "	62
62	$328^{\circ} 30'$	400 "	63
63	$2^{\circ} 30'$	660 "	64
64	$112^{\circ} 30'$	240 "	65
65	$14^{\circ} 30'$	790 "	66
66	$284^{\circ} 30'$	1,280 "	67
67	$19^{\circ} 30'$	440 "	68
68	$233^{\circ} 30'$	1,000 "	69
69	$274^{\circ} 30'$	290 "	70
70	$318^{\circ} 30'$	260 "	71
71	$22^{\circ}$	640 "	72
72	$259^{\circ} 30'$	690 "	73
73	$19^{\circ} 30'$	1,650 "	74
74	$327^{\circ} 30'$	1,640 "	75
75	$1^{\circ}$	1,650 "	76
76	$255^{\circ}$	1,390 "	77
77	$279^{\circ} 30'$	730 "	78
78	$296^{\circ} 30'$	1,050 "	79

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
79	248° 30'	590 "	80
80	265° 30'	580 "	81
81	304° 30'	1,210 "	82
82	27° 30'	370 "	83
83	311°	1,320 "	84
84	226°	680 "	85
85	337°	930 "	86
86	352° 30'	550 "	87
87	60° 30'	1,450 "	88
88	90° 30'	330 "	89
89	47° 30'	760 "	90
90	319° 30'	560 "	91
91	294° 30'	1,590 "	92
92	310° 30'	1,430 "	93
93	232° 30'	1,350 feet	94
94	274° 30'	1,100 "	95
95	288° 30'	790 "	96
96	314° 30'	570 "	97
97	344° 30'	230 "	98
98	327° 30'	310 "	99
99	50° 30'	1,650 "	100
100	309° 30'	2,000 "	101
101	222° 30'	1,000 "	102
102	312° 30'	1,700 "	103
103	19° 30'	1,290 "	104
104	1° 30'	750 "	105
105	290° 30'	2,560 "	106
106	54° 30'	2,450 "	107
107	322° 30'	3,030 "	108
108	55°	3,250 "	109
109	330° 30'	3,380 "	110
110	6° 30'	1,570 "	111
111	289° 30'	1,040 "	112
112	327° 30'	150 "	113
113	260° 30'	820 "	114
114	311° 30'	150 "	115
115	4° 30'	1,800 "	116
116	321° 30'	450 "	117
117	34° 30'	800 "	118
118	318° 30'	950 "	119
119	26° 30'	860 "	120
120	318° 30'	1,450 "	121
121	26° 30'	470 "	122
122	323°	900 "	123
123	24° 30'	470 "	124
124	294° 30'	700 "	125
125	0° 30'	420 "	126
126	50° 30'	300 feet	127
127	346° 30'	980 "	128
128	82°	2,950 "	iron post
iron post	360°	1,820 "	129
129	93°	1,080 "	130
130	8°	1,130 "	131
131	42°	940 "	132

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<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
132	105°	370 "	133
133	197°	500 "	134
134	84° 30'	1,020 "	135
135	346°	790 "	136
136	356°	490 "	137
137	274° 30'	930 "	138
138	3° 30'	480 "	139
139	265°	970 "	140
140	211°	470 "	141
141	255°	780 "	142
142	360°	2,900 "	143

situated on the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Obom Itiat ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Obom Itiat in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 4,200 feet to Beacon No. 144 situated on the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Obom Itiat where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Ebebit ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Ebebit in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 2,400 feet to Beacon No. 145 situated on the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Ebebit where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Akpa Ita ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Akpa Ita in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 800 feet to Beacon No. 146 situated on the left bank of the Okpokong No. 2 (Akpa Ita Ediong) stream ; thence by the left bank of the Okpokong No. 2 (Akpa Ita Ediong) stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 2,900 feet to Beacon No. 147 situated on the left bank of the Okpokong No. 2 (Akpa Ita Ediong) stream ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81° for a distance of 2,970 feet to Beacon No. 148 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Akpa Ita ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Akpa Ita in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 2,800 feet to Beacon No. 149 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ebebit to Akpa Ita where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Ekpene ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Ekpene in a general northerly direction for a distance of 600 feet to Beacon No. 150 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Ekpene where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat in a general north-westerly and then southerly direction for a distance of 5,100 feet to Beacon No. 151 situated on the right bank of the Okpokong No. 2 (Akpa Ita Ediong) stream ; thence continuing by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat in a general westerly direction for a distance of 2,900 feet to Beacon No. 152 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to the deserted village of Obot Nuene ; thence continuing by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat in a general westerly direction for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon No. 153 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Otong Ediong to Obom Itiat ; thence continuing by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 4,900 feet to Beacon No. 154 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Obom Itiat ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 360° for a distance of 3,410 feet to Beacon No. 155 situated on the right hand side of the path from Obom Itiat to Ekpene ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Obom Itiat to Ekpene in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 4,800 feet to Beacon No. 156 situated on the right hand side of the path from Obom Itiat to Ekpene where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Obom Itiat to Mkpatak ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Obom Itiat to Mkpatak in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3,000 feet to Beacon No. 157 situated on the right hand side of the path from Obom Itiat

to Mkpatuk ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $293^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 5,000 feet to Beacon No. 158 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Idim Ndom ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Idim Ndom in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,300 feet to Beacon No. 159 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Idim Ndom where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Atan Eki to Idim Ndom ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $232^{\circ}$  for a distance of 990 feet to Beacon No. 160 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $142^{\circ}$  for a distance of 990 feet to Beacon No. 161 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $52^{\circ}$  for a distance of 550 feet to Beacon No. 162 situated on the right hand side of the path from Idim Ndom to Obom Itiat ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Idim Ndom to Obom Itiat in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,200 feet to Beacon No. 163 situated on the right hand side of the path from Idim Ndom to Obom Itiat where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ekpene to Ikot Efa ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ekpene to Ikot Efa in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,500 feet to Beacon No. 164 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ekpene to Ikot Efa ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $281^{\circ}$  for a distance of 200 feet to Beacon No. 165 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $233^{\circ}$  for a distance of 140 feet to Beacon No. 166 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $291^{\circ}$  for a distance of 160 feet to Beacon No. 167 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $251^{\circ}$  for a distance of 430 feet to Beacon No. 168 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $176^{\circ}$  for a distance of 340 feet to Beacon No. 169 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ikot Efa to Ikot Efa Beach ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ikot Efa to Ikot Efa Beach in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon No. 170 situated on the left bank of the Cross River ; thence by the left bank of the Cross River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,400 feet to the starting point.

#### B.—INTERNAL BOUNDARIES

##### *Area No. 1 (Akalarum Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal three nought square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Akalarum to Obiekpe where it is crossed by the left bank of the Idekpi stream, at a distance of 1,480 feet in a general north-westerly direction from Akalarum and marked by Beacon No. 315, by the left bank of Idekpi stream upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2,640 feet to Beacon No. 316 situated at the source of the Idekpi stream ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $113^{\circ}$  for a distance of 530 feet to Beacon No. 317 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akalarum to Agarubo ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Akalarum to Agarubo in a general easterly direction for a distance of 330 feet to Beacon No. 318 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akalarum to Agarubo ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $171^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,640 feet to Beacon No. 319 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $261^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,490 feet to Beacon No. 320 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $246^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,060 feet to Beacon No. 321 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Akalarum ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Akalarum in a general north-easterly and then northerly direction for a distance of 3,440 feet to Beacon No. 322 situated at the point where the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Akalarum is joined by the left hand side of the path from Agarubo to Akalarum ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $217^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 250 feet to Beacon No. 323 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $307^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 600 feet to Beacon No. 324 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $37^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 50 feet to Beacon No. 325 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akalarum to Obiekpe ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Akalarum to Obiekpe in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,330 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 2 (Ewen Farmland)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal five two square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right bank of the Ewengot stream where it is crossed by the right hand side of the path from Ewen to Ainyi and marked by Beacon No. 326, by the right bank of the Ewengot stream downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon No. 330 situated on the right bank of the Ewengot stream ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $299^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 130 feet to Beacon No. 329 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $21^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,300 feet to Beacon No. 328 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $111^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,740 feet to Beacon No. 327 situated on the right bank of the Ewengot stream ; thence by the right bank of the Ewengot stream downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1,800 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 3 (Obot Ekpene Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal two nought square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Obot Ekpene to Atan Odot at a distance of 1,000 feet from the centre of Obot Ekpene Village and marked by Beacon No. 331, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $252^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,200 feet to Beacon No. 332 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $342^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon No. 333 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $72^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon No. 334 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $162^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,380 feet to Beacon No. 335 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $252^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,150 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 4 (Ekpene Village)*

That piece of land containing one decimal nine one square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Ekpene to Obom Itiat in a general westerly direction and at a distance of 1,180 feet from the centre of Ekpene Village and marked by Beacon No. 336, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $351^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 4,060 feet to Beacon No. 337 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,560 feet to Beacon No. 338 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Ekpene ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $81^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3,310 feet to Beacon No. 339 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $171^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1 mile 2,100 feet to Beacon No. 340 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $261^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,600 feet to Beacon No. 341 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $351^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3,950 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 5 (Mkpatuk Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal two two square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Mkpatuk to Obom Itiat in a general westerly direction and at a distance of 680 feet from the centre of Mkpatuk Village and marked by Beacon No. 342, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $28^{\circ}$  for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 347 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $118^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,600 feet to Beacon No. 346 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $203^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 345 situated on the left bank

*Area No. 2 (Ewen Farmland)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal five two square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right bank of the Ewengot stream where it is crossed by the right hand side of the path from Ewen to Ainyi and marked by Beacon No. 326, by the right bank of the Ewengot stream downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon No. 330 situated on the right bank of the Ewengot stream ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $299^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 130 feet to Beacon No. 329 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $21^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,300 feet to Beacon No. 328 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $111^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,740 feet to Beacon No. 327 situated on the right bank of the Ewengot stream ; thence by the right bank of the Ewengot stream downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1,800 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 3 (Obot Ekpene Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal two nought square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Obot Ekpene to Atan Odot at a distance of 1,000 feet from the centre of Obot Ekpene Village and marked by Beacon No. 331, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $252^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,200 feet to Beacon No. 332 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $342^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon No. 333 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $72^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon No. 334 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $162^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,380 feet to Beacon No. 335 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $252^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,150 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 4 (Ekpene Village)*

That piece of land containing one decimal nine one square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Ekpene to Obom Itiat in a general westerly direction and at a distance of 1,180 feet from the centre of Ekpene Village and marked by Beacon No. 336, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $351^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 4,060 feet to Beacon No. 337 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,560 feet to Beacon No. 338 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Ekpene ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $81^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3,310 feet to Beacon No. 339 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $171^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1 mile 2,100 feet to Beacon No. 340 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $261^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,600 feet to Beacon No. 341 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $351^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3,950 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 5 (Mkpatuk Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal two two square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Mkpatuk to Obom Itiat in a general westerly direction and at a distance of 680 feet from the centre of Mkpatuk Village and marked by Beacon No. 342, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $28^{\circ}$  for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 347 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $118^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,600 feet to Beacon No. 346 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $203^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 345 situated on the left bank

of the Idim Obot stream ; thence by the left bank of the Idim Obot stream upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,100 feet to Beacon No. 344 situated on the left bank of the Idim Obot stream ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $314^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 343 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $28^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,850 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 6 (Ebebit Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal six eight square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the left bank of the Okpokong No. 1 stream where it is crossed by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Ebebit, and in a general south-easterly direction and at a distance of 1,070 feet from Beacon No. 148 of the external boundary and marked by Beacon No. 348, by the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Ebebit in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,400 feet to Beacon No. 354 situated on the right hand side of the path from Akpa Ita to Ebebit ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $81^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon No. 353 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $171^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,160 feet to Beacon No. 352 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 540 feet to Beacon No. 351 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,300 feet to Beacon No. 350 situated on the right hand side of the path from Efedem to Obom Itiat ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Efedem to Obom Itiat in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 400 feet to Beacon No. 349 situated on the left bank of the Okpokong No. 1 stream ; thence by the left bank of the Okpokong No. 1 stream upstream in a general northerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,700 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 7 (Ainyi Village)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal one nought square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi fishing camp to Ainyi in a general westerly direction and at a distance of 300 feet from the centre of Ainyi village and marked by Beacon No. 355, by a series of straight cut lines, the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
355	$309^{\circ} 30'$	214 feet	356
356	$325^{\circ}$	210 "	357
357	$6^{\circ} 30'$	314 "	358
358	$35^{\circ} 30'$	330 "	359
359	$64^{\circ}$	680 "	360
360	$137^{\circ}$	170 "	361
361	$177^{\circ}$	754 "	362
362	$103^{\circ} 30'$	800 "	363
363	$105^{\circ} 30'$	1,365 "	364
364	$167^{\circ} 30'$	188 "	365
365	$240^{\circ} 30'$	550 "	366
366	$288^{\circ} 30'$	200 "	367

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
367	317°	230 „	368
368	290° 30'	240 „	369
369	183° 30'	200 „	370
370	250° 30'	250 „	371
371	297° 30'	330 „	372
372	347° 30'	140 „	373
373	264° 30'	500 „	374
374	300°	630 „	375
375	327° 30'	360 „	to the starting point.

*Area No. 8 (Ainyi Farmland)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal three seven square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point where the left hand side of the path from Ainyi to Uwet joins the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Ndealichi in a general easterly direction and at a distance of 1,250 feet from Beacon No. 364 of Ainyi Village enclave and marked by Beacon No. 376, by the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Ndealichi in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 600 feet to Beacon No. 377 situated on the right hand side of the path from Ainyi to Ndealichi ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 181° 30' for a distance of 2,980 feet to Beacon No. 378 situated on the right hand side of the path from Uwet to Ainyi ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Uwet to Ainyi in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 600 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 9 (Otu Farmland)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal nought one square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Otu to Akalarum in a general north-easterly direction and at a distance of 2,065 feet from the centre of Otu Settlement and marked by Beacon No. 384, by a straight line cut on a bearing of 354° 30' for a distance of 320 feet to Beacon No. 385 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 84° 30' for a distance of 370 feet to Beacon No. 386 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 174° 30' for a distance of 400 feet to Beacon No. 387 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 264° 30' for a distance of 370 feet to Beacon No. 388 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 354° 30' for a distance of 90 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 10 (Otu Settlement)*

That piece of land containing nought decimal nought one square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the path from Otu to Otu Fishing Camp in a general westerly direction and at a distance of 90 feet from the centre of Otu Settlement and marked by Beacon No. 379, by a straight line cut on a bearing of 4° 30' for a distance of 220 feet to Beacon No. No. 380 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 119° 30' for a distance of 360 feet to Beacon No. 381 ; thence by a straight line cut on a



bearing of 185° for a distance of 360 feet to Beacon No. 382 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 309° 30' for a distance of 410 feet to Beacon No. 383 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 4° 30' for a distance of 60 feet to the starting point.

All bearings are referred to True North and adjusted from magnetic bearings observed during various periods between the years 1930 and 1949.

All distances and bearings are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

All Beacons are concrete pillars the numbers of which are prefixed by the letters F.D.

SECOND SCHEDULE

The following rights are reserved to the village communities of Obom Itiat, Ekpenitu, Ikotifa, Etehetem, Esuk Edion, Ikot Edem, Mbiabo, Npanfa, Ita Okum, Obut Nwene, Etong Edion, Ukpan Oduk, Ekpene, Ndemdon, Okokok, Nkpa Etuk Ainyi, Ekpri Ibami, Budeng, Ewen, Uwet, Atan, Odot, Ndonwon, Odot Uyi, Odot Usun Esuk, Nankawkaw, Ndion, Ebebit, Eferem (Efe Edem), Inuakpa, Esuk Ukut Ebi, Obu Ededem, Obubit Ison, Esuk Ekpo Njon.

1. Rights of way along the following paths :—

- The path from Atan Eki to Obom Itiat.
- The path from Obom Itiat to Ekpene.
- The path from Obom Itiat to Ebebit.
- The path from Obom Itiat to Mpatuk.
- The path from Ndonwon to Ebebit.
- The path from Ndonwon to Obot Ekpene and thence to Ekpene.
- The path from Uwet to Ainyi.
- The path from Ainyi to Obiekpe.
- The path from Ainyi to Ekpene.
- The path from Akalarum to Nyeneke Usun.
- The path from Akalarum to Otu Fishing Camp.

2. The right to water courses within the Reserve.

3. The right to fish within the Reserve.

4. The right to royalties on all trees felled within the Reserve upon which Forestry Fees have been paid.

5. The right to collect all products of the oil palm (*elaeis guineensis*) or the wine palm (*Raphia* sp.).

MADE this 29th day of December, 1952.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region

EASTERN  
REGULATIONS  
LOCAL

In exercise  
62 of the  
Regulations

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## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 1 of 1953

REGULATIONS made under THE EASTERN REGION  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE (No. 16 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 62 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following Regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Elections) Regulations, 1953. Short title  
:
2. In these regulations— Definition.
  - “council” means the Enugu Urban District Council ;
  - “voter” means every adult person whose name appears in the current voters’ list for the several wards of the Township after settlement in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, and of the Instrument establishing the Council.
3. The Development Officer, Enugu, shall, for the first elections, and subsequently the Town Clerk of the Council, be the officer charged with the conduct of election, hereinafter called the “Returning Officer.” Appointment  
of returning  
officer.
4. The Returning Officer shall :— Provision of  
polling  
stations,  
furnishing  
thereof and  
appointment  
of assistants.
  - (a) provide one or more polling stations for each ward and allot the voters to the polling stations in such manner as he shall think most convenient ;
  - (b) appoint such persons as he may think fit to assist at the taking of the poll, and such persons shall be known as polling assistants ;
  - (c) appoint from such polling assistants a person to be in charge of each polling station to be known as the presiding officer ;
  - (d) furnish each polling station with such number of compartments as may be necessary in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation ;
  - (e) furnish each presiding officer with such number of ballot boxes and ballot papers as in the opinion of the Returning Officer may be necessary.
  - (f) provide each polling station with materials to enable the voters to mark the ballot papers, with instruments for stamping the official mark thereon, and with copies of the voters’ list for the ward concerned, or such part thereof as contains the names of the voters allotted to vote at the station ;
  - (g) do such other acts and things as may be necessary for effectually conducting the election in the manner provided by these regulations.
5. (1) Every candidate for election shall be nominated in writing by three voters for the ward for which he is a candidate, but no candidate may be nominated for more than one ward. Nomination  
of candidate.

Provided that a candidate for election need not be a voter in the ward for which he is nominated as such.

(2) The writing shall be subscribed both by the candidate and by the persons nominating him and shall state the full names of the candidate and the persons nominating him with their respective abodes and descriptions and indicate the ward for which the candidate is offering himself for election.

## B 12

Form of nomination paper.

(3) The Returning Officer shall provide nomination papers and shall supply any voter with as many nomination papers as may be required, and shall at the request of any voter, fill up a nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper subscribed as aforesaid shall be delivered by the candidate or by one of the persons nominating him at the office of the Returning Officer fourteen days at least before the day of election and before two o'clock in the afternoon of the last day for delivery of nomination papers.

(5) Every candidate at the time when his nomination paper is delivered as aforesaid shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Returning Officer the sum of five pounds towards the cost of the election and no nomination shall be valid until such deposit has been made.

(6) The deposit referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be returned to a candidate if :—

- (a) he withdraws his nomination in accordance with regulation 7, or
- (b) there is no contested election in the ward for which he is a candidate, or
- (c) if he polls 10 *per centum* or more of votes cast.

Statement as to persons nominated.

6. The Returning Officer shall at least twelve days before the day of election cause to be published in such manner as he may think fit a statement of the full names of all persons nominated, with an indication of the wards for which they have been nominated, and the persons nominating them with their respective abodes and descriptions.

Withdrawal of candidates.

7. Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by notice in writing signed by him and delivered by himself or one of the persons nominating him to the Returning Officer not later than two o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day before the day of election.

Unopposed candidates.

8. If the number of candidates remaining nominated in any ward is the same as or less than the number of vacancies, such candidates shall be deemed to be elected and the Returning Officer shall on the day appointed for the election publish the names of the persons so elected.

9. (1) If after carrying out the provisions of regulation 8, and if no nominations have been made by the Regional Authority under section 61 of the Ordinance or notwithstanding that such nominations have been made there are still vacancies to be filled, the Returning Officer shall declare a vacancy or vacancies for that ward, and shall inform the Regional Authority.

(2) On a vacancy or vacancies being so notified, the Regional Authority shall appoint some other convenient day for the holding of an election to fill such vacancy or vacancies.

(3) For the purposes of retirement, any members elected in such an election shall be deemed to have been elected on the day originally fixed for the first election.

Death of candidate.

10. (1) If after the latest time for delivery of nomination papers and before the commencement of the poll in any ward, a candidate who is nominated for such ward dies, the Returning Officer shall, upon being satisfied of the fact of death, countermand the poll in such ward.

(2) In such an event the Returning Officer in the case of the first elections or the Chairman of the Council in the case of subsequent elections shall appoint some other convenient day for the election.

11. In the case of a contested election in any ward, the Returning Officer shall on or before the fourth day before the day of election, give notice of the poll in such manner as he may think fit, specifying :—

- (a) the day and hours fixed for the poll ;
- (b) the number of persons to be elected for the ward ;
- (c) the full name, place of residence, and description of each candidate remaining nominated ;
- (d) the names, places of residence, and descriptions of the persons who nominated each candidate ;
- (e) the situation of each polling station and an indication of the persons entitled to vote thereat.

12. The hours for the taking of the poll shall be from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.

13. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at each of the polling stations in the ward for which he is a candidate for the purpose of detecting personation.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day fixed for the election.

(3) If any such agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another polling agent in his place and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the agent so appointed.

(4) The polling agent in respect of whom such notice as aforesaid has been given may, during the hours of the poll, attend at the polling station to which he has been appointed.

14. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be put therein, but cannot be withdrawn therefrom, without the box being unlocked.

(2) Immediately before the commencement of the poll, the presiding officer shall show the ballot box empty to such persons, if any, as may be present in the polling station, so that they may see that it is empty, and shall then lock it up and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal, and shall place it in his view for the receipt of ballot papers, and keep it so locked and sealed.

15. The voting at any election shall be conducted in the following manner :—

- (a) Every voter desiring to record his vote shall present himself to a polling assistant at the proper polling station in the ward in which he is entitled to vote, who, after satisfying himself that the name of such voter appears on the copy of the voters' list provided for that polling station, shall deliver to him a ballot paper.
- (b) Immediately before the polling assistant delivers a ballot paper to a voter :—
  - (i) the ballot paper shall be marked with an official mark ;
  - (ii) the number, name and address of the voter as stated in the copy of the voters' list shall be called out ;
  - (iii) the number of such voter shall be marked on the counterfoil of the ballot paper, and

Questions to voters.

- (iv) a mark shall be placed in the copy of the voters' list against the number of the voter, to denote that he has received a ballot paper, but without showing the particular ballot paper which he has received.
- (c) A polling assistant may, and if required by a candidate or his polling agent shall, put to any person applying for a ballot paper at the time of his application but not afterwards, the following questions or either of them :—

- (a) Are you the person whose name is on the voters' list as follows (and the polling assistant shall then read the whole entry from the copy of the voters' list) ?
- (b) Have you already voted at the present election (adding in the case of an election for several wards, in this or any other ward) ?

(d) Subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (f), a voter on receiving a ballot paper shall forthwith proceed into one of the compartments in the polling station and there secretly record his vote by putting a cross against the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote, fold up the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote, and shall then show to a polling assistant the back of the paper so as to disclose the official mark and put the ballot paper, so folded up, into the ballot box in the presence of the polling assistant. The voter shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as he has put his ballot paper into the ballot box.

(e) A voter shall not vote for more candidates than the number of persons who are required to be elected for the ward in which he is a voter nor record more than one vote in favour of any candidate nor place on the ballot paper any writing or mark by which he may be identified.

Marking of votes by presiding officer.

(f) (i) If a voter is unable to read he shall deliver his ballot paper to the presiding officer and shall tell him the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote and the presiding officer shall put a cross against the name of such candidate or candidates and shall in the presence of the voter place the ballot paper in the ballot box.

(ii) The name and number on the list of voters of every voter whose vote is marked in pursuance of the foregoing paragraph shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the list of votes marked by the presiding officer.

(g) The voter shall not show the marks which he has made on his ballot paper to any person and if he does so show it the ballot paper shall be treated as a spoilt ballot paper :

Provided that this sub-regulation shall not apply if a voter shows the marks on his ballot paper to the presiding officer only for the purpose of ascertaining whether he has carried out his duties correctly.

Provided also that inadvertent showing of the marks to the polling assistant during the procedure described in sub-regulation (d) above shall not cause the ballot paper to be treated as a spoilt ballot paper.

Spoilt ballot papers.

(h) A voter who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper, may,

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on delivering to the presiding officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with, and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the presiding officer, obtain another ballot paper in the place of the ballot paper so delivered up and the spoilt ballot paper shall be immediately cancelled.

16. Every ballot paper shall :—

- (a) contain the full names, places of residence and descriptions of the candidates as shown on their respective nomination papers and arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames and (if there are two or more candidates with the same surname) of their other names ;
- (b) be capable of being folded up ;
- (c) have a number printed on the back ; and
- (d) have attached a counterfoil with the same number printed on the face.

Form of  
ballot paper.

17. (1) No person shall be admitted to vote at any polling station except at the one allotted to him.

Admission of  
persons to  
polling  
station.

(2) The presiding officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the polling station at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except the candidates, the polling agents, the polling assistants, the police officers on duty, and any other person whom he considers has legitimate reason to be admitted.

18. (1) If at the time a person applies for a ballot paper, or after he has applied for a ballot paper and before he has left the polling station, a polling agent declares to the presiding officer that he has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has committed an offence of personation under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and undertakes to substantiate the charge in a court of law, the presiding officer may order a police officer to arrest the applicant, and the order of the presiding officer shall be sufficient authority for the police officer so to do.

Personation.

(2) A person against whom a declaration is made under this paragraph by a polling agent shall not, by reason thereof, be prevented from voting, but the presiding officer shall cause the words "protested against for personation" to be placed against his name in the marked copy of the list of voters.

Ordinance  
No. 16 of  
1950.

(3) A person arrested under the provisions of this regulation shall be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant.

19. If a person, representing himself to be a particular voter named on the list of voters, applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such voter, the applicant shall, upon satisfactorily answering the questions set out in regulation 15 (c), be entitled to mark a ballot paper in the same manner as any other voter, but the ballot paper in these regulations called a tendered ballot paper, shall be of a colour different from the other ballot papers, and instead of being put into the ballot box shall be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by him with the name of the voter and his number in the list of voters, and set aside in a separate packet, and shall not be counted by the Returning Officer ; and the name of the voter and his number on the list of voters, shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the tendered votes list.

Tendered  
ballot papers.

20. (1) It shall be the duty of the presiding officer to keep order at his polling station.

Conduct in  
polling  
stations.

(2) If any person misconducts himself in a polling station, or fails to obey the lawful orders of the presiding officer, he may immediately, by order of the presiding officer, be removed from the polling station by a police officer in or near the station, or by any other person authorised in writing by the Returning Officer to remove him ; and the person so removed shall not, without the permission of the presiding officer, again enter the polling station during the day ; and any person removed as aforesaid may, if charged with the commission in such station of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant :

Provided that the powers conferred by this regulation shall not be exercised so as to prevent any voter who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling station from having any opportunity of voting at such station.

Presiding officer's duties at close of poll.

21. (1) As soon as practicable after the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall, in the presence of the polling agents, make up into separate packets, sealed with his own seal:—

- (a) each ballot box in use at his polling station, sealed so as to prevent the introduction of additional ballot papers and unopened, but with the key attached;
- (b) the unused and spoilt ballot papers, placed together;
- (c) the tendered ballot papers;
- (d) the marked copies of the list of voters and the counterfoils of the ballot papers;
- (e) the tendered voters' list and the list of votes marked by the presiding officer,

and shall deliver the packets to the Returning Officer to be taken charge of by him.

(2) The packets shall be accompanied by a statement, in these regulations referred to as the ballot paper account, made by the presiding officer showing the number of ballot papers entrusted to him, and accounting for them under the heads of:

- (a) ballot papers in the box;
- (b) spoilt ballot papers;
- (c) unused ballot papers; and
- (d) tendered ballot papers.

Appointment of counting agents.

22. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at the counting of the votes.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day of election; and the Returning Officer may refuse to admit to the place where the votes are counted any counting agent whose name and address has not been so given.

(3) If a counting agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another counting agent in his place, and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the counting agent so appointed.

Counting of votes.

23. The Returning Officer shall make arrangements for counting the votes in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll and shall, so far as is practicable, proceed continuously with the counting, allowing only time for refreshment.

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24. Except with the consent of the Returning Officer no person other than the Returning Officer, the persons appointed to assist him, and the candidates and their counting agents may be present at the counting of the votes.

Persons who may be present.

25. Before the Returning Officer proceeds to count the votes, he shall, in the presence of the counting agents, open each ballot box and, taking out the ballot papers therein, shall count and record the number thereof and then mix together the whole of the papers contained in the ballot boxes used in any one ward.

Method of counting of votes.

26. The Returning Officer, while counting and recording the number of ballot papers and counting the votes, shall keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards, and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers printed on the back of the papers.

Handling of ballot papers.

27. (1) Any ballot paper:—
- (a) which does not bear the official mark; or
  - (b) on which votes are given for more candidates than the voter is entitled to vote for; or
  - (c) on which anything is written or marked by which the voter can be identified except the printed number on the back; or
  - (d) which is unmarked or void of uncertainty, shall not be counted:

Votes not to be counted.

Provided that where the voter is entitled to vote for more than one candidate, the ballot shall not be deemed to be void as regards any vote as to which no uncertainty arises, and that vote shall be counted.

(2) Where on any ballot paper, more than one vote has been recorded for a candidate, one only of such votes shall be counted.

28. (1) The Returning Officer shall endorse:—

- (a) the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which under sub-regulation (1) of the last preceding regulation is not to be counted; and
- (b) in the case of a ballot paper on which any vote is counted under the proviso to the regulation, the words "rejected in part;" and
- (c) a memorandum specifying the votes counted.

Endorsements by returning officer.

(2) The Returning Officer shall in either case add to the endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if an objection to his decision is made by any counting agent.

(3) The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement showing the number of ballot papers rejected, including those rejected in part, under the several heads of:—

Rejected ballot papers.

- (a) want of official mark;
- (b) voting for more candidates than entitled to;
- (c) writing or mark by which voter could be identified;
- (d) unmarked or wholly void for uncertainty;
- (e) rejected in part,

and shall on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

29. The decision of the Returning Officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, but shall be subject to review on an election petition questioning the election.

Returning officer's decision final.



Returning officer's duties at conclusion of counting.

30. Upon the completion of the counting, the Returning Officer shall seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected ballot papers, including ballot papers rejected in part. He shall not open the sealed packed of tendered ballot papers or the sealed packed containing the marked copy of the list of voters and counterfoils, but shall proceed in the presence of the counting agents, to verify the ballot paper account given by each presiding officer by comparing it with the number of ballot papers recorded by him under regulation 25, and the unused and spoilt papers in his possession and the tendered votes list, and shall reseal each sealed packed after examination. The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement as to the result of the verification and shall, on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

Declaration of result.

31. When the result of the poll has been ascertained, the Returning Officer shall:—

- (a) forthwith declare to be elected the candidates to whom the majority of votes have been given;
- (b) as soon as possible, publish in the *Regional Gazette* and in such other manner as he may think fit, the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected and the total number of votes given for each candidate whether elected or not; and
- (c) send notification of election, in writing, to the successful candidate or candidates.

Equal voting.

32. In the event of two or more of the candidates in the same ward receiving an equal number of votes, the Returning Officer shall report to the Regional Authority, who shall declare one of the candidates to have been duly elected or shall order that another election shall be held for the ward on such day as he shall determine.

Custody of documents.

33. (1) Upon the completion of the counting, the Returning Officer shall arrange for the safe custody of all documents relating to the conduct of the election.

Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.

(2) The Returning Officer shall cause such documents to be destroyed after the expiration of six months from the date of the election unless otherwise directed by an order of court arising from proceedings commenced under sections 73 to 79 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950.

Powers of presiding officer.

34. A presiding officer may do, by the officers appointed to assist him, any act which he is required or authorised by these regulations to do at a polling station except ordering the arrest, exclusion, or removal of any person from the polling station.

Candidate has power of his agent.

35. A candidate may himself do any act or thing which an agent of his, if appointed, would have been authorised or required to do, or may assist his agent in doing any such act or thing.

Non-attendance of agents not to invalidate proceedings.

36. Where in these regulations any act or thing is required or authorised to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidates, the non-attendance of any agents or agent at the time and place appointed for the purpose shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate the act or thing done.

Remuneration of assistants.

37. (1) The Returning Officer may pay to the polling and counting assistants such reasonable remuneration for their services as he shall determine.

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(2) All sums received by the Returning Officer in connection with the election shall be paid to the revenue of the Council and the Council shall pay all reasonable expenses incurred by the Returning Officer for the purposes of the election.

38. No person who has voted at an election shall, in any legal proceeding to question the election, be required to state for whom he has voted. Secrecy of vote.

39. Any person who wilfully makes a false answer to either of the questions mentioned in regulation 15 (c), shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds or imprisonment for two months. Penalty.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 31st day of December, 1952.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 1 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following Bye-Laws have been made by the Eket District Council.

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|---|--|
| <p>1. These Bye-Laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Registration of Births and Deaths) Bye-Laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on the day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.</p>  | <p>Short title and date of commencement.</p>           |
| <p>2. In these bye-laws:—<br/> “council” means the Eket District Council;<br/> “particulars required to be furnished” means with reference to a birth, the particulars comprised in Form A, and with reference to a death, the particulars comprised in Form B, in the Schedule;<br/> “registrar” means a person appointed by the Council to be a Registrar for births and deaths for the purposes of these bye-laws.</p> | <p>Definitions.</p>                                    |
| <p>3. Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws all births and deaths occurring after the 1st day of January, 1952, within the area of the Council shall be registered.</p>   | <p>Births and deaths to be registered.</p>             |
| <p>4. When a birth occurs the parents of the child born, or the persons having charge of such child by local customary law, or the occupier of the house in which such birth occurs, or the head of any compound in which such birth occurs shall, within twenty-one days of such birth, register such birth.</p>   | <p>Persons responsible for registration of births.</p> |
| <p>5. The registration of the birth of a child shall be made at the offices of the Council or at the nearest Registrar's office to the place where the birth occurred.</p>  | <p>Place of registration of births.</p>                |
| <p>6. The Registrar upon registering any birth shall deliver to the person registering the same on payment of a fee of two shillings a certificate in the Form C in the Schedule.</p>   | <p>Birth certificates, fee.</p>                        |

Registration of deaths.

7. (1) Where a death occurs the next of kin to the person dying, the occupier of the house in which such death occurs, or the head of any compound in which such death occurs, shall register such death within forty-eight hours.

(2) Where a death occurs other than in a house or compound and where there is no next of kin, any person present at the death or any person who finds or takes charge of the body shall register such death within forty-eight hours.

Place of registration of deaths.

8. The registration of the death shall be made at the offices of the Council or at the nearest Registrar's office to the place where the death occurred or the body was found.

Death certificate.

9. The Registrar upon registering any death shall deliver to the person registering the same without the payment of any fee, a certificate in the Form B in the Schedule.

Procedure where a coroner's inquest is held.

10. Where an inquest of a coroner is held on any dead body, no person shall, with respect to such death be liable to register such death or to answer any summons sent by the Registrar in respect of such death under the provisions of bye-law 13.

Correction or errors in registers.

11. Whenever it is found that a birth or death has been registered at the wrong registry, the Registrar of the registry where such erroneous entry has been made shall correct the same by an entry in the margin, stating the circumstances under which the alteration was made and the date thereof. The entry shall be signed by the persons if any, by whom the information is supplied and also by the Registrar. The Registrar shall then rule one clear line through the erroneous entry.

Searches and extracts from register.

12. (1) Every person shall be entitled at all reasonable hours to inspect any entry in any register and to have a certified copy of any entry on payment of a fee of three shillings.

(2) Every such certified copy shall be an exact copy of the entry in the register with a certificate at the foot in the Form E in the Schedule and shall be signed by the Registrar.

Power of Registrar to summon person responsible for registration of birth and death.

13. Where a birth or death registerable under the provisions of these bye-laws has not been so registered, the Registrar may by notice in the Form D in the Schedule, summon any person required by bye-law 4 and bye-law 7 to register such birth or death, to attend personally at the registry within such time as may be specified in such summons and register the birth or death as the case may be: Provided that the time specified in such summons shall not be less than two days after its receipt by the person to whom it is addressed; and provided further that such summons shall not be sent more than twelve months after the date of the birth or the death or the finding of the body as the case may be.

Offence.

14. (1) Any person who is responsible for the registration of a birth under the provisions of bye-law 4, who fails to register such birth in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 4, shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who is responsible for the registration of a death under the provisions of bye-law 7, who fails to register such death in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 7, shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with the terms of a summons of the Registrar issued under the provisions of bye-law 13, shall be guilty of an offence.

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(4) Any person who wilfully refuses to answer any question relative to the particulars required to be registered, put to him by the Registrar, shall be guilty of an offence.

15. Any person who is guilty of an offence under the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be liable upon conviction, to a fine of five pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month: Provided that no prosecution shall be commenced against any person who is responsible for the registration of a birth or death where such birth or death has already been lawfully registered under the provisions of these bye-laws.

SCHEDULE

*Form A*

EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

*Register of Births*

1. Date of Birth ... ..
2. Place of Birth ... ..
3. Sex of child ... ..
4. Full name of child ... ..
5. Full name and tribe of  
Father. ....
6. Full maiden name and  
tribe of mother. ....
7. Occupation of father  
and mother. ....
8. Signature description  
and address of infor-  
mant. ....
9. Date of registration ... ..
10. Signature of Registrar... ..
11. Name of child if added  
after date of registra-  
tion. ....

*Form B*

EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

*Register of Deaths*

1. Date of death ... ..
2. Place of death ... ..
3. Full name of deceased... ..
4. Sex ... ..
5. Age ... ..
6. Occupation ... ..
7. Abode or address ... ..
8. Cause of death ... ..
9. Name of certifying  
Medical Practitioner. ....
10. Duration of illness ... ..
11. Place of burial... ..
12. Signature and descrip-  
tion and address of  
informant. ....
13. Date of registration ... ..
14. Signature of Registrar... ..

Form C

EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

Birth Certificate

I....., Registrar of Births and Deaths  
at..... in Eket Division, do hereby certify that I have  
this day registered the birth of..... born at  
..... the child of.....  
witness my hand this..... day of..... 19.....

Registrar

Form D

EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

Summons of Registrar of Births and Deaths to Appear and Testify

To..... of.....  
You are hereby required to appear before me, the undersigned Registrar of  
Births and Deaths, at..... on the  
..... day of..... 19..... at..... o'clock  
..... then and there to testify of your knowledge  
concerning the..... of.....  
Herein fail not; in default you will be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 or in  
default to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

Registrar

Form E

EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS,  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

Certificate of correctness of copy of entry in Registry  
(Copy of Entry)

Certified to be a true copy of an entry in the Register of Births and Deaths  
at..... in Eket Division.

GIVEN at..... this..... day of  
..... 19.....

Registrar

MADE by a resolution of the Eket District Council this 28th day of  
October, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the  
presence of:

J. U. IKPE, Secretary

J. I. AMAH, Chairman

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 23rd day of December, 1952.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section  
107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day  
of January, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall  
come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 2 of 1953*

*Bye-Laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Otoro District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Otoro District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-Laws, 1952, and shall apply to all members of Traditional Societies within the jurisdiction of the District Council, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definition.

- “the council” means the Otoro District Council ;
- “traditional societies” means the Ekpo, Ekong, Obon, Offiong and Ekpe societies;
- “societies” shall have the same meaning as “traditional societies;”
- “weapon” includes matchets, bows and arrows, cudgels and instruments normally capable of inflicting bodily harm.

3. The head of every traditional society which exists within the area of jurisdiction of the Otoro District Council shall register such society with the Otoro District Council by giving the name of the society, his name and village, and the names and villages of all members of the society to the said District Council.

Registration of societies.

4. The head of each society shall, upon registering the society, pay to the Council the fees set forth in column two of the First Schedule hereto shown opposite the society set forth in column one of the Schedule.

Registration fees to be paid.

5. No member of any society shall stage or take part in any play, ceremony or procession performed or made in connexion with the society, unless a permit for such play, ceremony or procession has first been obtained from the Council.

Permits to be obtained.

6. No person taking part in any play or ceremony or procession performed or made in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 5 hereof shall carry a weapon.

Weapons not to be carried.

7. No person shall stage the Offiong Play during the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. except with the written permission of the Council. Such written permission shall be additional to the permit issued in respect of the play.

Offiong play not to be staged between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.

8. Any person who contravenes the provisions of rules, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 shall be guilty of an offence and shall, on conviction, be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Definitions. Penalty.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Registration Fees*

<i>Name of Society</i>	<i>Fees</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d.</i>
Ekpo...	5	0
Ekong	5	0
Ekpe ...	5	0
Obon	5	0
Offiong	5	0

SECOND SCHEDULE

Permits

Name of Society	Fees	
	s	d
Ekpo...	21	0
Ekong	10	0
Ekpe...	10	0
Obon	21	0
Offiong	10	0

MADE this 25th day of September, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Otoro District Council was affixed in the presence of:

J. E. EBE, *Secretary*

M. UDO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 1st day of January, 1953.

BY virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 3 of 1953*

*Bye-Laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council:—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Urua Udo Inyang Market) Bye-Laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—  
 “council” means the Eket District Council;  
 “market” means the Urua Udo Inyang Market;  
 “market master” means a person appointed by the Council to be in charge of the market and to enforce the observance of these bye-laws.

Hours of opening.

3. Except as otherwise ordered by the Council the market shall be open daily from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Market not to be used except when open.

4. Any person who sells food or merchandise or who carries on his trade or calling in the market when the market is not open shall be guilty of an offence.

No market to open without council's permission.

5. Any person who opens or maintains any market without the permission of the Council shall be guilty of an offence.

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SECOND SCHEDULE

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(a)	For each permanent stall	...	...	3	6 per month.
(b)	For each temporary stall	...	...	2	0 per month.
(c)	For each temporary stall (garri stall)	...	...	0	1 per day.
(d)	For each temporary animal stall	...	...	0	3 per day per animal.
(e)	For each temporary native liquor stall	...	...	0	1 per day.
(f)	For each permanent lock-up stall	...	...	10	0 per month.
(g)	For each temporary fish stall	...	...	0	3 per day.
(h)	For each temporary piassava stall	...	...	0	3 per day.

MADE by the Eket District Council this 21st day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of:

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 2nd day of January, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS, *Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 4 of 1953*

*Bye-Laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council:—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Urua Etebi Market) Bye-Laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Eket District Council;

“market” means the Urua Etebi Market;

“market master” means a person appointed by the Council to be in charge of the market and to enforce the observance of these bye-laws.

Hours of opening.

3. Except as otherwise ordered by the Council the market shall be open daily from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Market not to be used except when open.

4. Any person who sells food or merchandise or who carries on his trade or calling in the market when the market is not open shall be guilty of an offence.

No market to open without Council's permission.

5. Any person who opens or maintains any market without the permission of the Council shall be guilty of an offence.

6. Ev of sellir shall ob pay in the Cou

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The l Licence stall M Market

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SECOND SCHEDULE

				s	d	
(a)	For each permanent stall	...	...	3	6	per month.
(b)	For each temporary stall	...	...	2	0	per month.
(c)	For each temporary stall (garri stall)	...	...	0	1	per day.
(d)	For each temporary animal stall	...	...	0	3	per day per animal.
(e)	For each temporary native liquor stall	...	...	0	1	per day.
(f)	For each permanent lock-up stall	...	...	10	0	per month.
(g)	For each temporary fish stall	...	...	0	3	per day.
(h)	For each temporary piassava stall	...	...	0	3	per day.

MADE by the Eket District Council this 21st day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of :

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 2nd day of January, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ITU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Rule 3*

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>per annum</i>	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	10	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Itu Native Authority.

MADE this 4th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Itu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

A. U. UDOH,  
*Secretary to the Council*

EDMUND E. EKPO,  
*Chairman of the Council*

APPROVED this 2nd day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 6 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKU-MBIABO-AYADEGHE NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Itam and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as herein before provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.
- 9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
  - (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OKU-MBIABO-AYADEGHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Rule 3*

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>per annum</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	10	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority.

MADE this 21st day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

A. U. UDOH,  
*Secretary to the Council*

NKAMA NSE UMO,  
*Chairman of the Council*

APPROVED this 2nd day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 7 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBIONO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Ibiono Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibiono Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ibiono Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ibiono Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Ibiono and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE IBIONO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

Native Authority

N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rule 3

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	Per annum	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	10	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Area of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Ibiono Native Authority.

MADE this 24th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Ibiono Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

I. AKPAN,  
*Secretary to the Council*

U. E. AKPAN,  
*Chairman of the Council*

APPROVED this 2nd day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 8 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ITAM NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Itam Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Itam Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Itam Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Itam Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Okon or Itu and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ITU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Rule 3*

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>
	s    d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5    0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	10   0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5    0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10   0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Itu Native Authority.

MADE this 4th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Itu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

A. U. UDOH,  
*Secretary to the Council*

EDMUND E. EKPO,  
*Chairman of the Council*

APPROVED this 2nd day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 2 of 1953

**ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE**  
(Cap. 75)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 12 and 13 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made :—

1. This order may be cited as the Ekinta River Government Forest Reserve Order, 1953. Short title.

2. All that piece of land, the situation and limit of which are set out in the First Schedule hereto subject to the rights affecting the same as set out in the Second Schedule hereto, shall constitute a Government Forest Reserve which shall be known as "The Ekinta River Forest Reserve." Constitution  
of the  
Ekinta River  
Forest  
Reserve.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing forty-two decimal two square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-eastern part of the Calabar Division of the Calabar Province from which are excluded those pieces of land hereinafter described respectively as Area No. 1 (Mbobui Village) and Area No. 2 (Public Works Department Camp Three) and bounded as follows :—

A.—EXTERNAL BOUNDARIES

Starting from a point, the approximate co-ordinates of which, measured from the Nigeria Survey Map 1 : 500,000 Sheet 14 of 1949 are longitude 8° 29' East and latitude 5° 6' North, situated on the left hand side of the path from Abiati to Esit Ikot Anameti at a distance of 4,000 feet in a general southerly direction from the village of Abiati and marked by Beacon No. 1, by a series of straight cut lines, the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
1	90°	1 mile 510 feet	2
2	171° 30'	1,800 feet	3
3	190° 30'	990 "	4
4	280° 30'	140 "	5
5	190° 30'	350 "	6
6	90° 30'	125 "	7
7	190° 30'	690 "	8

at the foot of a limestone outcrop ; thence by a straight line crossing the limestone outcrop on a bearing of 190° 30' for a distance of 250 feet to Beacon No. 9 ; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
9	190° 30'	1,900 feet	10
10	104°	2,180 "	11
11	30°	70 "	12
12	90°	1,750 "	13
13	146°	760 "	14
14	56°	710 "	15
15	136°	2,500 "	16
16	46°	920 "	17

situated on the left hand side of the road from Calabar to Mamfe ; thence by a straight line crossing the road from Calabar to Mamfe on a bearing of 46° for a distance of 35 feet

to Beacon No. 18 situated on the right hand side of the road from Calabar to Mamfe ;  
thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
18	46°	955 feet	19
19	316°	2,078 "	20
20	62° 30'	728 "	21
21	327°	1 mile 920 "	22
22	93° 30'	1,400 "	23
23	97° 30'	900 "	24
24	93° 30'	300 "	25
25	90°	1 mile 640 "	26

situated on the right bank of the Ekinta River ; thence by the right bank of the Ekinta River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 5 miles 2,500 feet to Beacon No. 27 situated on the right bank of the Ekinta River ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 225° for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 28 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 135° for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 29 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 45° for a distance of 1,200 feet to Beacon No. 30 situated on the right bank of the Ekinta River ; thence by the right bank of the Ekinta River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,300 feet to Beacon No. 31 situated on the right bank of the Ekinta River where it meets the right bank of the Ikpan River ; thence by the right bank of the Ikpan River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of about 2 miles to Beacon No. 32 situated on the right bank of the Ikpan River ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 1 mile 1,020 feet to Beacon No. 33 ; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows :—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
33	268° 30'	776 feet	34
34	264° 30'	900 "	35
35	261° 30'	1,000 "	36
36	268° 30'	4,585 "	37
37	258° 30'	3,210 "	38
38	265°	4,340 "	39
39	259° 30'	4,100 "	40
40	266° 30'	2,400 "	41
41	271° 30'	2,900 "	42
42	279° 30'	2,560 "	43
43	318° 30'	3,000 "	44
44	313° 30'	500 "	45
45	321° 30'	3,050 "	46

situated on the left hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line crossing the road from Mamfe to Calabar on a bearing of 125° 30' for a distance of 50 feet to Beacon No. 47 situated on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar in a general southerly then westerly direction for a distance of 1,540 feet to Beacon No. 48 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar, 150 feet east of milestone 17 and where it meets the right bank of the Edem Okon River ; thence by the right bank of the Edem Okon River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 4 miles 4,160 feet to Beacon No. 49 situated on the right bank of the Edem Okon River where it meets the right hand side of the path from Esit Ikot Anameti to Abiati ; thence by the right hand side of the path from Esit Ikot Anameti to Abiati in a general northerly and then north-easterly direction for a distance of 5 miles 2,560 feet to the starting point.

## B.—INTERNAL BOUNDARIES

*Area No. 1 (Mbobui Village)*

All that piece of land containing one decimal nought five square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south central part of the Reserve and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar at a distance of 2,500 feet north of milestone 19 and marked by Beacon No. 50, by a straight line crossing the road from Mamfe to Calabar on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 30 feet to Beacon No. 51 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 2,955 feet to Beacon No. 52 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 180° for a distance of 1 mile 180 feet to Beacon No. 53 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 3,318 feet to Beacon No. 54 on the left hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line crossing the road from Mamfe to Calabar on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 50 feet to Beacon No. 55 situated on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 80 feet to Beacon No. 56 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line crossing the road from Mamfe to Calabar on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 55 feet to Beacon No. 57 on the left hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 145 feet to Beacon No. 58 on the left hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line crossing the road from Mamfe to Calabar on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 40 feet to Beacon No. 59 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 1,750 feet to Beacon No. 60 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 360° for a distance of 1 mile 70 feet to Beacon No. 61 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 2,450 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 2 (P.W.D. Camp Three)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal nought one square mile or thereabouts and situated in the north central part of the Reserve and bounded as follows :—

Starting from a point on the left hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar 1,101 feet measured southwards along the road from milestone 23 and marked by Beacon No. 63, by a straight line cut on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 315 feet to Beacon No. 64 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 180° for a distance of 250 feet to Beacon No. 65 ; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° for a distance of 250 feet to Beacon No. 66 situated on the right hand side of the road from Calabar to Mamfe ; thence by the right hand side of the road from Calabar to Mamfe for a distance of 250 feet to the starting point.

*Foot Note :*

Abiati=(Abbiati on 1 : 500,000 Lands and Survey Map Sheet No. 14 of 1949).

All bearings are referred to True North and adjusted from magnetic bearings observed during various periods between the years 1947 to 1952.

All distances and bearings are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

All beacons are concrete pillars.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## A.—TO THE COMMUNAL OWNERS OF THE LAND

1. The right to hunt and fish.
2. The right to collect and permit others to collect the produce of the wild oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*).
3. The right to tap and collect and permit others to collect the products of the wild wine palm (*Raphia vinifera*).

4. The right to collect the fruits of the following named species :—

- (i) The Oil bean—*Pentaclethra macrophylla*.
- (ii) Ekoni—*Coula edulis*.
- (iii) Enoi—*Poga oleosa*.
- (iv) Ediwap-Uyo—Native mango—*Irvingia smithii*.
- (v) Ndiya—*Dioscorea sp.*
- (vi) Afam—*Panda oleosa*.
- (vii) Atama—*Heinsia pulchella*.
- (viii) Etinkeni—Bush pepper—*Piper guineensis*.
- (ix) Nkarika.
- (x) Anyanted.
- (xi) Obong—*Randia sp.*

5. The right to collect canes and bush ropes.

6. The right to collect snails and tortoises.

7. The right to take water from any of the streams or waters.

8. The right to royalties on trees felled in the Reserve.

B.—TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC

The right of way over the following roads and paths :—

- (i) The Calabar to Mamfe motor road.
- (ii) The Ikot Ene to Efik Imaha path.
- (iii) The Ikot Efanga to Efik Imaha path.
- (iv) The Mbobui to Efik Imaha path.
- (v) The path from near milestone 18 on the Calabar to Mamfe road to Ikot Offiong.
- (vi) The path from near milestone 24 on the Calabar to Mamfe road to Ekong-Anaku.

MADE this 29th day of December, 1952.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 9 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In accordance with the provisions of section 91D of the Native Authority Ordinance, it is hereby notified for general information that the Uyo Federated Native Authority, Uruan Native Authority, Eastern Nsit Native Authority, Western Nsit Native Authority, Ibesikpo/Asutan Native Authority, Iman Native Authority, all of the Uyo Division, have jointly and severally, by an Instrument dated the 15th of November, 1952, established a Joint Committee with the approval of the Senior Resident, Calabar Province.

GIVEN this 22nd day of December, 1952.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Senior Resident, Calabar Province*

*Expenses*

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	6

MADE this 29th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Uyo Federated Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

P. E. ARCHIBONG, *Secretary*

O. U. NTUK, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 29th day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 18 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Nsit Native Authority with the approval of His Honour, the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

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|--|--|
| 1. These rules may be cited as the Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Western Nsit Native Authority.   | Short title and application.                         |
| 2. Definitions:—<br>“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Western Nsit Native Authority;<br>“domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs together with their young;<br>“native authority” means the Western Nsit Native Authority;<br>“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Western Nsit Native Authority to have charge of a pound. | Definitions.   |
| 3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.  | Impounding of stray domestic animals.                |
| 4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days or in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.   | Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence. |
| 5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.   | Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.  |

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall effect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

Impounding domestic animals to be sold.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules which is unclaimed, seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	20	0
2. For every head of pig impounded ... ..	10	0
3. For every head of other animal impounded ... ..	5	0

*Expenses*

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	6

MADE this 17th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Western Nsit Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

E. WILLIAMS, *Secretary*

JOSHUA OKON, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 29th day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 19 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority with the approval of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority.

Definitions.

2. Definitions:—

- “area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority;
- “domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs together with their young;
- “native authority” means the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority;
- “poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority. Impounding of stray domestic animals.

4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days or in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days. Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule. Release of impounded domestic animals on conditions.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall effect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules which is unclaimed, seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster. Impounding domestic animal to be sold.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days. Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

			s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	20	0
2. For every head of pig impounded	...	...	10	0
3. For every head of other animal impounded	...	...	5	0

*Expenses*

			s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	0	6

MADE this 29th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

E. E. OKON, *Secretary*

W. U. AKPAN, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 29th day of January, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 20 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Wat Village area, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the Wat Village area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 2s (two shillings) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Wat Village area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 (five pounds) or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 4th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

W. MFORMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 4th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Wowo Village area, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the Wowo Village area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 4s (four shillings) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Wowo Village area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 (five pounds) or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 4th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

W. MFORMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 4th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 22 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Taku Village area, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the Taku Village area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 2s (two shillings) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Taku Village area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 (five pounds) or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 4th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

W. MFORMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 4th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IKWERRE-ETCHE FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(ETCHE CLAN) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140), the following rules have been made by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons of the Etche Clan subject to the jurisdiction of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Etche Clan Area of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall pay an education rate of 9s (nine shillings) per year or such other sum as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Treasury at Isoba or at such other collecting centre as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes as laid down by the Ikwerre-Etche Education Committee.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £2 (two pounds) or to imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 26th day of November, 1952.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority on 26th day of November, 1952.

M. I. DIMKPA, *Administrative Secretary*

M. E. WORUKWO, *President*

APPROVED this 5th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E. R. Public Notice No. 24 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IKWERRE-ETCHE FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(IKWERRE CLAN) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140), the following rules have been made by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons of the Ikwerre Clan subject to the jurisdiction of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ikwerre Clan Area of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall pay an education rate of 25s (twenty-five shillings) per year or such other sum as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Treasury at Isoba or at such other collecting centre as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes as laid down by the Ikwerre-Etche Education Committee.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £2 (two pounds) or to imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 26th day of November, 1952.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority on 26th day of November, 1952.

M. I. DIMKPA, *Administrative Secretary*

M. E. WORUKWO, *President*

APPROVED this 5th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 25 of 1953

The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)

THE AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Afikpo Native Authority.

2. In these rules :—

“native authority” means the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority ;

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of eighteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of Afikpo Division shall pay a local rate of 8s (eight shillings) per year or such other sum as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Afikpo Divisional Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate and a Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £1 (one pound) or to imprisonment for seven days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE the 14th day of October, 1952, at Afikpo.

R. O. ANOKE, *Chairman*

S. E. IMOKE, *Member*

G. N. NWOKORO, *Member*

(Authorised to sign on behalf of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority in accordance with section 27 (2) of the Native Authority Ordinance by an authorisation signed by the Senior Resident, Ogoja Province, and dated the 1st day of August, 1952).

Witness to Signatures :

A. O. AGWU,

*Clerk of the Council*

APPROVED this 4th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 26 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE OTORO DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Otoro District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Otoro District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-Laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “club head” means a person who conducts or manages an Osusu Club;
  - “contribution” means a fixed amount contributed by a member at a meeting of an Osusu Club;
  - “council” means the Otoro District Council.
  - “hand” means the gross total of the amount collected by the contributors at any one meeting;
  - “member” means a person who contributes to an Osusu Club;
  - “osusu club” means an association of persons formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which contributes a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount thus collected.
3. (1) Every Osusu Club established after the date of commencement of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council. Osusu Clubs to be registered.  
 (2) Every Osusu Club established before the date of commencement of these bye-laws which continues to function after such date shall be registered within thirty days of such date of commencement with the Council. Offence. Penalty.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws any person who shall operate, conduct or establish an Osusu Club which is not registered under the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence, and upon conviction, shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or to three months imprisonment or to both such fine and imprisonment.
4. Application for the registration of an Osusu Club shall be made to the Council in the form contained in the First Schedule by the Club Head. A fee of ten shillings shall be paid for registration. Applications for registration. Fee.
5. (1) The Council may refuse to register an Osusu Club if— Council may refuse registration.
  - (a) the Council is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to run an Osusu Club by reason of his character or financial standing; or
  - (b) the Council is not satisfied that the Osusu Club in respect of which the application is made will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.
- (2) Upon registration the Council shall issue a permit to operate an Osusu Club in the form in the First Schedule.
6. Registration shall be for the period of one year only. If an Osusu Club has not determined within the period of one year, it shall be re-registered. The fee for re-registration shall be seven shillings and sixpence. Registration to be effected annually. Fee.

Determination of club.

7. When the full number of contributions named in the rules of an Osusu Club has been made, the club shall, except for such action as may be necessary to wind up its affairs, be deemed to have determined. If the same club Head wishes to start a new club with the same or different members, a fresh application for registration shall be made.

Offences by Club Head. Penalty.

8. Any Club Head who—

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee of more than one shilling and sixpence; or
- (ii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member when his turn comes to receive it; or
- (iii) deducts any amount from the hand of his contributor; or
- (iv) leaves or disbands the Osusu Club without ensuring that every contributor has received his hand, is guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding three pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Osusu Club Secretary. Offence and penalty.

9. (1) There shall be appointed to every Osusu Club a Secretary whose duty it shall be to maintain a correct register and such other records as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

(2) Any Club Secretary who neglects to make an entry in the records of the club as instructed by a meeting of that club; or who makes an entry in such records which is not authorised by any such meeting shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding three pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Provisions of Second Schedule to be followed.

10. (1) The provisions of the Second Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of any Osusu Club registered under the provisions of these bye-laws.

(2) The Council shall cancel the registration of any Osusu Club which is not being conducted according to the provisions of the Second Schedule.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OTORO DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1952

Form of Registration of Osusu Club

- 1. The name of the Osusu Club.....
- 2. Meeting place and time of meetings of club.....
- 3. Number of members.....
- 4. Number of contributions.....
- 5. Value of one share.....
- 6. Value of hand.....
- 7. Name of Club Head.....
- 8. Name of Club Secretary.....
- 9. Name of Club Treasurer.....

Note.—The number of contributions may be greater than the number of members for a member may take out more than one share.

THE OTORO DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1952

Permit to operate the Osusu Club

Permission is hereby granted to..... of..... to operate the..... Osusu Club at..... from the..... day of..... 19..... to the day of..... 19..... subject to the provisions of the Otoro

District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-Laws, 1952.

Fee paid..... (Sgd.)..... On behalf of the Otoro District Council

## SECOND SCHEDULE

1. A meeting of an Osusu Club may be held on any day except on a Sunday. No meeting shall take place at night.

2. At each meeting the member whose turn it shall be to receive a hand shall be nominated by the majority of the members present at the meeting.

3. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at the meeting. The sureties shall ensure that such a member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.

4. Where a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand is unable to or fails to produce two sureties, with the approval of the majority of the members present at the meeting an amount equal to the sum he has contributed shall be deducted from the hand and given to him. The balance shall then be handed to the Treasurer until such a time as the member shall produce sureties, such amount shall be handed over to him. If the Osusu Club determines before he has produced sureties then such sum shall be handed over to him at the time of the determination by the Club Treasurer.

5. A member wishing to leave an Osusu Club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall in all respects be a member of the club and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member for whom he is a substitute.

6. (1) Where a member who has not received a hand dies, his next of kin shall be informed in writing that he can either continue the contribution of the deceased member or provide some other substitute.

(2) Where a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

MADE by resolution of the Otoro District Council the 25th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Otoro District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

J. E. EBE, *Secretary*

M. UDO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 4th day of February, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these by-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

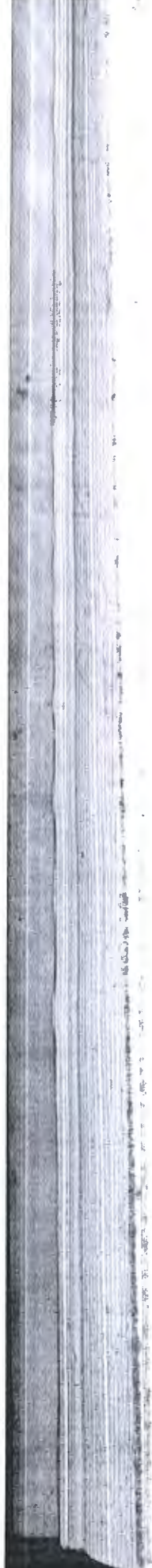
members

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.....from  
day of  
Otoro

.....  
District





*E.R. Public Notice No. 27 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following Rules have been made by the Ihe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ihe Native Authority, (Education Rating) Rule 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ihe Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.
2. In these rules:—  
“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ihe Native Authority shall pay a local rate of thirty shillings per year or such other sum as the Ihe Native Authority shall from time to time direct.
4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury.
5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.
6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Ihe Native Authority and upon no other purpose.
8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ihe Native Authority this 9th day of July 1952, in the presence of:—

D. I. NTOH, *Secretary,*  
*The Native Authority*

OTSI OTEGBU, *President,*  
*The Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Ihe Native Authority Standing Rules dated 10th May, 1947.

APPROVED this 11th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 28 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UTUTU NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following Rules have been made by the Ututu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ututu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ututu Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ututu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of twenty-two shillings per year or such other sum as the Ututu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Ututu Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ututu Native Authority this 8th day of July, 1952, in the presence of:—

J. N. OKORAFOR, *Secretary,*  
*Ututu Native Authority*

CHIEF EKE KALU OKWARA, *President, H.R.T.I.,*  
*Ututu Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Ututu Native Authority Standing Rules dated 16th May, 1947.

APPROVED this 11th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 29 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UKWA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following Rules have been made by the Ukwa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ukwa Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ukwa Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ukwa Native Authority shall pay a local rate of sixteen shillings per year or such other sum as the Ukwa Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Ukwa Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ukwa Native Authority this 12th day of July, 1952, in the presence of:—

M. E. EKPENYONG, *Secretary,*  
*Ukwa Native Authority*

CHIEF ASIDOK UDO, *President,*  
*Ukwa Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Ukwa Native Authority Standing Rules dated 17th May, 1947.

APPROVED this 11th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 30 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OBUBRA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Divisional Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Obubra Divisional Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated in Obubra and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.
- 9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
  - (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, or Local Government Council,
 shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OUBRA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
Rules, 1953

Licence is hereby granted to..... *Licence* ..... to keep and use..... until the..... day of..... 19.....  
 DATED this..... day of..... 19.....  
 N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19..... Native Authority

SECOND SCHEDULE

Fees for Vehicle Licences

	Per annum	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley	7	6

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Area of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

MADE this 9th day of December, 1952.  
 The Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. DAVID, Secretary,  
 Obubra Divisional Native Authority

N. U. OFEM, President,  
 Obubra Divisional Native Authority

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 11th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
 Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

## FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle, rams, ewes, wethers, goats, pigs.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	5	0
For every other animal impounded ... ..	1	6

*Expenses of Keep*

	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded each day or portion of a day ...	2	6
For every other animal impounded for each day or portion of a day	1	0

MADE under the seal of the Igbo-Eze Native Authority, this 26th day of January, 1952.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Igbo-Eze Native Authority on 29th day of April, 1952, in the presence of:

E. N. ESIObU, *Clerk of the Council*

P. O. ABBAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 11th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
• *Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 32 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Okun Local Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Okun Local Council (Closure of Markets) Bye-Laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. The following markets are hereby closed:— Closure of certain markets.
  - (a) Urua Idim-Ikot Ekefre.
  - (b) Akpadadak-Ikot Ama.
  - (c) Urua Etim-Nto Ubiam.
  - (d) Urua Akpan Imum-Ikot Esien.
  - (e) Urua Etok Udo Ukpong-Ikot Uko Eto.
  - (f) Urua Akpan Nwa.
  - (g) Etok Urua Obo-Nto Okpo.
3. Any person who opens or causes to be opened any market other than the Urua Mbakara Market within the area of the jurisdiction of the Okun Local Council without the permission of the Council is guilty of an offence, and is liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding two months. Offence and penalty.

- Jurisdiction. 4. The penalty under bye-law 3 shall be imposed—  
 (i) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court; and  
 (ii) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Okun Local Council this 6th day of January, 1953.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with section 107 (1) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance under the hands of:

E. E. UKWA, *Councillor*

SAMPSON UDO, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 9th day of February, 1953.

BY virtue of the Powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 33 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

TIKO VILLAGE GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title and date of commencement.

Composition of council.

Membership on 27th October, 1952.

1. This notice may be cited as the Tiko Village Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1952, and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 27th day of October, 1952.

2. The Tiko Village Group Council shall be composed of seventeen members elected from the electoral units set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto.

3. The members on the 27th day of October, 1952, shall be those declared elected in elections recently held in accordance with the Schedule hereto:—

SCHEDULE

<i>First Column— Electoral Unit</i>	<i>Second Column— No. of Members</i>
Natives of Tiko Town ... ..	5
Natives of Likomiba Town ... ..	3
Natives of Ebonji Town ... ..	2
Ibo Community at Tiko ... ..	2
French Cameroonian Community at Tiko	2
Kalabari Community at Tiko ... ..	1
Hausa and Fulani Community at Tiko ...	1
British Cameroonian Stranger Community at Tiko	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 12th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region.*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 34 of 1953**The Diseases of Animals Ordinance (Chapter 55)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by regulation 3 of the Control of Trade Cattle Regulations the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Control of Trade Cattle (Eastern Short title. Region) Notice, 1953.

2. The provisions of the Control of Trade Cattle Regulations shall apply to the Eastern Region.

Application of regulations 12 of 1943 to Eastern Region.

3. Control posts are hereby established at the following places:—

Bamenda in Bamenda Province;  
Ntumbau in Bamenda Province;  
Mme in Bamenda Province;  
Jakiri in Bamenda Province;  
Ogoja in Ogoja Province;  
Abakaliki in Ogoja Province;  
Umuahia-Ibeku in Owerri Province;  
Obolo in Onitsha Province;  
Enugu in Onitsha Province;

Establishment of control posts.

4. The Control of Trade Cattle (Application to the Eastern Region and Cameroons) Notice, 1950, is hereby revoked.

Revocation of Public Notice 179 of 1950.

DATED at Enugu this 16th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,

*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 35 of 1953**The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor under section 66 of the Townships Ordinance which powers have been delegated to Lieutenant-Governors the following order is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This order may be cited as the Enugu Township (Declaration of Open Spaces) (No. 2) (Amendment) Order, 1953.

2. The Enugu Township (Declaration of Open Spaces) (No. 2) Order, 1952, is hereby amended by the deletion of the description of Parcel C contained in the Schedule thereto and by the substitution of the following new description therefor:—

All that parcel of land along the North-West side of Ogui Road, Enugu Township, in the Udi Division of the Onitsha Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 9.053 acres the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBD. 6331 the co-ordinates of which are 1678.45 feet North and 4202.63 feet East of a concrete pillar marked TB. 20 the origin of Enugu

Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBD. 6331	214° 55'	1596.3 feet	PBD. 6545
PBD. 6545	304° 56'	245.9 „	PBD. 6546
PBD. 6546	34° 50'	1599.4 „	PBD. 6334
PBD. 6334	125° 36'	248.3 „	PBD. 6331

(the starting point).

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE at Enugu this 7th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 36 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Residents by subsection (1) of section 24 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following orders are hereby issued by the Resident, Rivers Province:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. These orders may be cited as the Kalabari Native Authority (Fishing Licensing) Orders, 1953, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1953.

Application.

2. These orders shall not apply to any member of the Kalabari clan, but shall apply to any other person, whether normally subject to the authority of the Kalabari Native Authority or not, whilst within the area of the Kalabari Native Authority.

Licence to  
settle.

3. No person to whom these orders apply shall make any settlement or make use of any existing settlement for the purposes of fishing, fish-curing or work connected therewith within the area of the Kalabari Native Authority unless he holds a valid licence issued in accordance with these orders, or a valid licence issued either by the Okrika Native Authority or by the Bonny Native Authority.

Fee.

4. A licence shall be obtainable from the Kalabari Treasury upon payment of the fee prescribed in the Schedule to these orders.

Licences to  
be annual.

5. A licence issued under the provisions of these orders shall expire on the 31st day of December in the year in which it is issued.

Licence  
allows  
building of  
temporary  
houses.

6. (i) A licence shall entitle the holder to make a temporary house or settlement anywhere within the area of the Kalabari Native Authority, subject to the rights of any owner or occupier in the land.

(ii) A licensee shall have the right to make another temporary house or settlement within the area of the Kalabari Native Authority without obtaining another licence:

Provided that any temporary house or settlement previously erected by him shall first be destroyed.

(iii) For the purposes of these orders a "temporary house" means any hut or shelter built of mud stick or thatch with or without an associated kitchen and covering in all an area not exceeding two hundred and forty square feet.

7. (i) It shall be the duty of the Kalabari Native Authority from which a licence is obtained to provide each licence holder with a metal tally which shall bear the number of the licence issued. Metal tallies.
- (ii) It shall be the duty of the licence holder to display such tally in any temporary house built by him.
8. (i) Any person to whom these orders apply who builds or occupies a temporary house (a) in respect of which no valid licence has been issued ; or (b) which does not display a tally in accordance with the provisions of these orders, is guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both such fine and imprisonment. Penalty.
- (ii) In addition to penalties referred to in this order the Court may upon conviction under these orders, order the Kalabari Native Authority to demolish any temporary house in respect of which the offence has been committed.
9. The Bonny Native Authority (Fishing Licensing) Orders, 1952, are hereby revoked. Revocation of Eastern Region Public Notice 171 of 1952.

SCHEDULE  
(ORDER 4)

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£ s d
Fee for a licence for any member of a clan within the Degema Division ... ..	1 10 0
Fee for a licence for any stranger fisherman coming from outside Degema Division ... ..	3 0 0

ISSUED on the 15th day of January, 1953.

H. J. S. CLARK,  
*Resident, Rivers Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 37 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Residents by subsection (1) of section 24 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following orders are hereby issued by the Resident, Rivers Province :—

1. These orders may be cited as the Bonny Native Authority (Fishing Licensing) Orders, 1953, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1953. Short title and date of commencement.
2. These orders shall not apply to any member of the Bonny clan, but shall apply to any other person, whether normally subject to the authority of the Bonny Native Authority or not, whilst within the area of the Bonny Native Authority. Application.
3. No person to whom these orders apply shall make any settlement or make use of any existing settlement for the purposes of fishing, fish-curing or work connected therewith within the area of the Bonny Native Authority unless he holds a valid licence issued in accordance with these orders, or a valid licence issued either by the Okrika Native Authority or by the Kalabari Native Authority. Licence to Settle.

- Fee. 4. A licence shall be obtainable from the Bonny Treasury upon payment of the fee prescribed in the Schedule to these orders.
- Licences to be annual. 5. A licence issued under the provisions of these orders shall expire on the 31st day of December in the year in which it is issued.
- Licence allows building of temporary houses. 6. (i) A licence shall entitle the holder to make a temporary house or settlement anywhere within the area of the Bonny Native Authority, subject to the rights of any owner or occupier in the land.  
(ii) A licensee shall have the right to make another temporary house or settlement within the area of the Bonny Native Authority without obtaining another licence :  
Provided that any temporary house or settlement previously erected by him shall first be destroyed.  
(iii) For the purposes of these orders a "temporary house" means any hut or shelter built of mud stick or thatch with or without an associated kitchen and covering in all an area not exceeding two hundred and forty square feet.
- Metal tallies. 7. (i) It shall be the duty of the Bonny Native Authority from which a licence is obtained to provide each licence holder with a metal tally which shall bear the number of the licence issued.  
(ii) It shall be the duty of the licence holder to display such tally in any temporary house built by him.
- Penalty. 8. (i) Any person to whom these orders apply who builds or occupies a temporary house (a) in respect of which no valid licence has been issued ; or (b) which does not display a tally in accordance with the provisions of these orders, is guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month, or to both such fine and imprisonment.  
(ii) In addition to penalties referred to in this order the Court may upon conviction under these orders, order the Bonny Native Authority to demolish any temporary house in respect of which the offence has been committed.
- Revocation of Eastern Region Public Notice 172 of 1952. 9. The Bonny Native Authority (Fishing Licensing) Orders, 1952, are hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE

(ORDER 4)

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£ s d
Fee for a licence for any member of a clan within the Degema Division	1 10 0
Fee for a licence for any stranger fisherman coming from outside Degema Division	3 0 0

ISSUED on the 15th day of January, 1953.

H. J. S. CLARK,  
*Resident, Rivers Province*

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**EASTERN REGION**

**E.R. No. 3 of 1953**

**REGULATIONS made under THE EASTERN REGION LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE (No. 16 of 1950)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 62 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Calabar County Council (Wards of Calabar Urban District Council) (Elections) Regulations, 1953. Short title.

2. In these regulations—

Definition.

“council” means the Calabar County Council ;

“voter” means every adult person whose name appears in the current voters’ lists for the several wards of the township after settlement in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, and of the Instrument establishing the Council.

3. The Local Authority, Calabar, shall, for the first elections, be the officer charged with the conduct of the election, hereinafter called the “Returning Officer.” For subsequent elections the Secretary of the Council shall be the Returning Officer. Appointment of returning officer.

4. The Returning Officer shall :—

Provision of polling stations, furnishing thereof and appointment of assistants.

- (a) provide one or more polling stations for each ward and allot the voters to the polling stations in such manner as he shall think most convenient ;
- (b) appoint such persons as he may think fit to assist at the taking of the poll, and such persons shall be known as polling assistants ;
- (c) appoint from such polling assistants a person to be in charge of each polling station to be known as the presiding officer ;
- (d) furnish each polling station with such number of compartments as may be necessary in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation ;
- (e) furnish each presiding officer with such number of ballot boxes and ballot papers as in the opinion of the Returning Officer may be necessary ;
- (f) provide each polling station with materials to enable the voters to mark the ballot papers, with instruments for stamping the official mark thereon, and with copies of the voters’ list for the ward concerned, or such part thereof as contains the names of the voters allotted to vote at the station ;
- (g) do such other acts and things as may be necessary for effectually conducting the election in the manner provided by these regulations.

5. (1) Every candidate for election shall be nominated in writing by three voters for the ward for which he is a candidate, but no candidate may be nominated for more than one ward. Nomination of candidates.

Provided that a candidate for election need not be a voter in the ward for which he is nominated as such.

Form of nomination paper.

(2) The writing shall be subscribed both by the candidate and by the persons nominating him and shall state the full names of the candidate and the persons nominating him with their respective abodes and descriptions and indicate the ward for which the candidate is offering himself for election.

(3) The Returning Officer shall provide nomination papers and shall supply any voter with as many nomination papers as may be required, and shall at the request of any voter, fill up a nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper subscribed as aforesaid shall be delivered by the candidate or by one of the persons nominating him at the office of the Returning Officer fourteen days at least before the day of election and before two o'clock in the afternoon of the last day for delivery of nomination papers.

(5) Every candidate at the time when his nomination paper is delivered as aforesaid shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Returning Officer the sum of five pounds towards the cost of the election and no nomination shall be valid until such deposit has been made.

(6) The deposit referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be returned to a candidate if :—

- (a) he withdraws his nomination in accordance with regulation 7, or
- (b) there is no contested election in the ward for which he is a candidate, or
- (c) if he polls 10 *per centum* or more of votes cast.

Statement as to persons nominated.

6. The Returning Officer shall at least twelve days before the day of election cause to be published in such manner as he may think fit a statement of the full names of all persons nominated, with an indication of the wards for which they have been nominated, and the persons nominating them with their respective abodes and descriptions.

Withdrawal of candidates.

7. Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by notice in writing signed by him and delivered by himself or one of the persons nominating him to the Returning Officer not later than two o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day before the day of election.

Unopposed candidates.

8. If the number of candidates remaining nominated in any ward is the same as or less than the number of vacancies, such candidates shall be deemed to be elected and the Returning Officer shall on the day appointed for the election publish the names of the persons so elected.

9. (1) If after carrying out the provisions of regulation 8, and if no nominations have been made by the Regional Authority under section 61 of the Ordinance or notwithstanding that such nominations have been made there are still vacancies to be filled, the Returning Officer shall declare a vacancy or vacancies for that ward, and shall inform the Regional Authority.

(2) On a vacancy or vacancies being so notified, the Regional Authority shall appoint some other convenient day for the holding of an election to fill such vacancy or vacancies.

(3) For the purposes of retirement, any members elected in such an election shall be deemed to have been elected on the day originally fixed for the first election.

Death of candidate.

10. (1) If after the latest time for delivery of nomination papers and before the commencement of the poll in any ward, a candidate who is nominated for such ward dies, the Returning Officer shall, upon being satisfied of the fact of death, countermand the poll in such ward.

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(2) In such an event the Returning Officer in the case of the first elections or the Chairman of the Council in the case of subsequent elections shall appoint some other convenient day for the election.

11. In the case of a contested election in any ward, the Returning Officer shall on or before the fourth day before the day of election, give notice of the poll in such manner as he may think fit, specifying :—

Notice of poll.

- (a) the day and hours fixed for the poll ;
- (b) the number of persons to be elected for the ward ;
- (c) the full name, place of residence, and description of each candidate remaining nominated ;
- (d) the names, places of residence, and descriptions of the persons who nominated each candidate ;
- (e) the situation of each polling station and an indication of the persons entitled to vote thereat.

12. The hours for the taking of the poll shall be from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Hours of poll.

13. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at each of the polling stations in the ward for which he is a candidate for the purpose of detecting personation.

Appointment of polling agents.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day fixed for the election.

(3) If any such agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another polling agent in his place and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the agent so appointed.

(4) The polling agent in respect of whom such notice as aforesaid has been given may, during the hours of the poll, attend at the polling station to which he has been appointed.

14. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be put therein ; but cannot be withdrawn therefrom, without the box being unlocked.

Ballot boxes.

(2) Immediately before the commencement of the poll, the presiding officer shall show the ballot box empty to such persons, if any, as may be present in the polling station, so that they may see that it is empty, and shall then lock it up and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal, and shall place it in his view for the receipt of ballot papers, and keep it so locked and sealed.

15. The voting at any election shall be conducted in the following manner :—

Method of voting at election.

- (a) Every voter desiring to record his vote shall present himself to a polling assistant at the proper polling station in the ward in which he is entitled to vote, who after satisfying himself that the name of such voter appears on the copy of the voters' list provided for that polling station, shall deliver to him a ballot paper.
- (b) Immediately before the polling assistant delivers a ballot paper to a voter :—
  - (i) the ballot paper shall be marked with an official mark ;
  - (ii) the number, name and address of the voter as stated in the copy of the voters' list shall be called out ;

Questions to voters.

- (iii) the number of such voter shall be marked on the counterfoil of the ballot paper, and
- (iv) a mark shall be placed in the copy of the voters' list against the number of the voter, to denote that he has received a ballot paper, but without showing the particular ballot paper which he has received.
- (c) A polling assistant may, and if required by a candidate or his polling agent shall, put to any person applying for a ballot paper at the time of his application but not afterwards, the following questions or either of them :—
- (a) Are you the person whose name is on the voters list as follows (and the polling assistant shall then read the whole entry from the copy of the voters' list) ?
- (b) Have you already voted at the present election (adding in the case of an election for several wards, in this or any other ward) ?
- (d) Subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (f), a voter on receiving a ballot paper shall forthwith proceed into one of the compartments in the polling station and there secretly record his vote by putting a cross against the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote, fold up the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote, and shall then show to a polling assistant the back of the paper so as to disclose the official mark and put the ballot paper, so folded up, into the ballot box in the presence of the polling assistant. The voter shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as he has put his ballot paper into the ballot box.
- (e) A voter shall not vote for more candidates than the number of persons who are required to be elected for the ward in which he is a voter nor record more than one vote in favour of any candidate nor place on the ballot paper any writing or mark by which he may be identified.
- (f) (i) If a voter is unable to read he shall deliver his ballot paper to the presiding officer and shall tell him the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote and the presiding officer shall put a cross against the name of such candidate or candidates and shall in the presence of the voter place the ballot paper in the ballot box.
- (ii) The name and number on the list of voters of every voter whose vote is marked in pursuance of the foregoing paragraph shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the list of votes marked by the presiding officer.
- (g) The voter shall not show the marks which he has made on his ballot paper to any person and if he does so show it the ballot paper shall be treated as a spoilt ballot paper :
- Provided that this sub-regulation shall not apply if a voter shows the marks on his ballot paper to the presiding officer only for the purpose of ascertaining whether he has carried out his duties correctly.
- Provided also that inadvertent showing of the marks to the polling assistant during the procedure described in sub-regulation (d) above shall not cause the ballot paper to be treated as spoilt ballot paper.

Marking of votes by Presiding officer.



(h) A voter who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper, may, on delivering to the presiding officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with, and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the presiding officer, obtain another ballot paper in the place of the ballot paper so delivered up and the spoiled ballot shall be immediately cancelled.

Spoilt ballot papers.

16. Every ballot paper shall :—

Form of ballot papers.

- (a) contain the full names, places of residence and descriptions of the candidates as shown on their respective nomination papers and arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames and (if there are two or more candidates with the same surname) of their other names ;
- (b) be capable of being folded up ;
- (c) have a number printed on the back ; and
- (d) have attached a counterfoil with the same number printed on the face.

17. (1) No person shall be admitted to vote at any polling station except at the one allotted to him.

Admission of persons to polling station.

(2) The presiding officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the polling station at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except the candidates, the polling agents, the polling assistants, the police officers on duty, and any other person who he considers has legitimate reason to be admitted.

18. (1) If at the time a person applies for a ballot paper, or after he has applied for a ballot paper and before he has left the polling station, a polling agent declares to the presiding officer that he has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has committed an offence of personation under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and undertakes to substantiate the charge in a court of law, the presiding officer may order a police officer to arrest the applicant, and the order of the presiding officer shall be sufficient authority for the police officer so to do.

Personation.

Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.

(2) A person against whom a declaration is made under this paragraph by a polling agent shall not, by reason thereof, be prevented from voting, but the presiding officer shall cause the words "protested against for personation" to be placed against his name in the marked copy of the list of voters.

(3) A person arrested under the provisions of this regulation shall be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant.

19. If a person, representing himself to be a particular voter named on the list of voters, applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such voter, the applicant shall, upon satisfactorily answering the questions set out in regulation 15 (c), be entitled to mark a ballot paper in the same manner as any other voter but the ballot paper in these regulations called a tendered ballot paper, shall be of a colour different from the other ballot papers, and instead of being put into the ballot box shall be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by him with the name of the voter and his number in the list of voters, and set aside in a separate packet, and shall not be counted by the Returning Officer ; and the name of the voter and his number on the list of voters, shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the tendered votes list.

Tendered ballot papers.

Conduct in polling stations.

20. (1) It shall be the duty of the presiding officer to keep order at his polling station.

(2) If any person misconducts himself in a polling station, or fails to obey the lawful orders of the presiding officer, he may immediately, by order of the presiding officer, be removed from the polling station by a police officer in or near the station, or by any other person authorised in writing by the Returning Officer to remove him ; and the person so removed shall not, without the permission of the presiding officer, again enter the polling station during the day ; and any person so removed as aforesaid may, if charged with the commission in such station of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant ;

Provided that the powers conferred by this regulation shall not be exercised so as to prevent any voter who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling station from having any opportunity of voting at such station.

Presiding officer's duties at close of poll.

21. (1) As soon as practicable after the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall, in the presence of the polling agents, make up into separate packets, sealed with his own seal :—

- (a) each ballot box in use at his polling station, sealed so as to prevent the introduction of additional ballot papers and unopened, but with the key attached ;
- (b) the unused and spoilt ballot papers, placed together ;
- (c) the tendered ballot papers ;
- (d) the marked copies of the list of voters and the counterfoils of the ballot papers ;
- (e) the tendered voters' list and the list of votes marked by the presiding officer, and shall deliver the packets to the Returning Officer to be taken charge of by him.

(2) The packets shall be accompanied by a statement, in these regulations referred to as the ballot paper account, made by the presiding officer showing the number of the ballot papers entrusted to him, and accounting for them under the heads of—

- (a) ballot papers in the box ;
- (b) spoilt ballot papers ;
- (c) unused ballot papers ; and
- (d) tendered ballot papers.

Appointment of counting agents.

22. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at the counting of the votes.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day of election ; and the Returning Officer may refuse to admit to the place where the votes are counted any counting agent whose name and address has not been so given.

(3) If a counting agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another counting agent in his place, and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the counting agent so appointed.

Counting of votes.

23. The Returning Officer shall make arrangements for counting the votes in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll and shall so far as is practicable, proceed continuously with the counting, allowing only time for refreshment.

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24. Except with the consent of the Returning Officer, no person other than the Returning Officer, the persons appointed to assist him, and the candidates and their counting agents may be present at the counting of the votes.

Persons who may be present.

25. Before the Returning Officer proceeds to count the votes, he shall, in the presence of the counting agents, open each ballot box and, taking out the ballot papers therein, shall count and record the number thereof, and then mix together the whole of the papers contained in the ballot boxes used in any one ward.

Method of counting of votes.

26. The Returning Officer, while counting and recording the number of ballot papers and counting the votes, shall keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards, and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers printed on the back of the papers.

Handling of ballot papers

27. (1) Any ballot paper:—

Votes not to be counted.

(a) which does not bear the official mark; or

(b) on which votes are given for more candidates than the voter is entitled to vote for; or

(c) on which anything is written or marked by which the voter can be identified except the printed number on the back; or

(d) which is unmarked or void of uncertainty, shall not be counted:

Provided that where the voter is entitled to vote for more than one candidate, the ballot shall not be deemed to be void as regards any vote as to which no uncertainty arises, and that vote shall be counted.

(2) Where on any ballot paper more than one vote has been recorded for a candidate one only of such votes shall be counted.

28. (1) The Returning Officer shall endorse:—

Endorsements by returning officer.

(a) the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which under sub-regulation (1) of the last preceding regulation is not to be counted; and

(b) in the case of a ballot paper on which any vote is counted under the proviso to the regulation, the words "rejected in part;" and

(c) a memorandum specifying the votes counted.

(2) The Returning Officer shall in either case add to the endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if an objection to his decision is made by any counting agent.

(3) The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement showing the number of ballot papers rejected, including those rejected in part, under the several heads of:—

Rejected ballot papers.

(a) want of official mark;

(b) voting for more candidates than entitled to;

(c) writing or mark by which voter could be identified;

(d) unmarked or wholly void for uncertainty;

(e) rejected in part, and shall on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

29. The decision of the Returning Officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, but shall be subject to review on an election petition questioning the election.

Returning officer's decision final.

30. Upon the completion of the counting, the Returning Officer shall seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected ballot papers, including ballot papers rejected in part. He shall not open the sealed packet of tendered ballot papers or the sealed packet containing the marked copy of the list of voters and counterfoils, but shall proceed in the presence of the counting agents, to verify the ballot paper account given by each presiding officer by comparing it with the number of ballot papers recorded by him under regulation 25, and the unused and spoilt papers in his possession and

Returning officer's duties at conclusion of counting.

the tendered votes list, and shall reseal each sealed packet after examination. The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement as to the result of the verification and shall, on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

Declaration of result.

31. When the result of the poll has been ascertained, the Returning Officer shall:—

- (a) forthwith declare to be elected the candidates to whom the majority of votes have been given;
- (b) as soon as possible, publish in the *Regional Gazette* and in such other manner as he may think fit, the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected and the total number of votes given for each candidate whether elected or not; and
- (c) send notification of election, in writing, to the successful candidate or candidates.

Equal voting.

32. In the event of two or more of the candidates in the same ward receiving an equal number of votes, the Returning Officer shall report to the Regional Authority, who shall declare one of the candidates to have been duly elected or shall order that another election shall be held for the ward on such day as he shall determine.

Custody of documents.

33. (1) Upon the completion of the counting the Returning Officer shall arrange for the safe custody of all documents relating to the conduct of the election.

(2) The Returning Officer shall cause such documents to be destroyed after the expiration of six months from the date of the election unless otherwise directed by an order of court arising from proceedings commenced under sections 73 to 79 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950.

Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.

Powers of presiding officer.

34. A presiding officer may do, by the officers appointed to assist him, any act which he is required or authorised by these regulations to do at a polling station except ordering the arrest, exclusion, or removal of any person from the polling station.

Candidate has power of his agent.

35. A candidate may himself do any act or thing which an agent of his, if appointed, would have been authorised or required to do, or may assist his agent in doing any such act or thing.

Non-attendance of agents not to invalidate proceedings.

36. Where in these regulations any act or thing is required or authorised to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidates, the non-attendance of any agents or agent at the time and place appointed for the purpose shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate the act or thing done.

Remuneration of assistants.

37. (1) The Returning Officer may pay to the polling and counting assistants such reasonable remuneration for their services as he shall determine.

(2) All sums received by the Returning Officer in connection with the election shall be paid to the revenue of the Council and the Council shall pay all reasonable expenses incurred by the Returning Officer for the purposes of the election.

Secrecy of vote.

38. No person who has voted at an election shall, in any legal proceeding to question the election, be required to state for whom he has voted.

Penalty.

39. Any person who wilfully makes a false answer to either of the questions mentioned in regulation 15 (c) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds or imprisonment for two months.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 17th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

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## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 4 of 1953

REGULATIONS made under THE EASTERN REGION  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE (No. 16 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 62 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Aba-Ngwa County Council Short title.  
(Wards of Aba Urban District Council) (Elections) Regulations, 1953.

2. In these regulations—

Definition.

“council” means the Aba-Ngwa County Council;

“voter” means every adult person whose name appears in the current voters’ lists for the several wards of the township after settlement in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, and of the Instrument establishing the council.

3. The Local Authority, Aba, shall, for the first elections, be the officer charged with the conduct of the election, hereinafter called the “Returning Officer.” For subsequent elections the Secretary of the Council shall be the Returning Officer. Appointment of returning officer.

4. The Returning Officer shall :—

Provision of polling stations, furnishing thereof and appointment of assistants.

(a) provide one or more polling stations for each ward and allot the voters to the polling stations in such manner as he shall think most convenient ;

(b) appoint such persons as he may think fit to assist at the taking of the poll, and such persons shall be known as polling assistants ;

(c) appoint from such polling assistants a person to be in charge of each polling station to be known as the presiding officer ;

(d) furnish each polling station with such number of compartments as may be necessary in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation ;

(e) furnish each presiding officer with such number of ballot boxes and ballot papers as in the opinion of the Returning Officer may be necessary ;

(f) provide each polling station with materials to enable the voters to mark the ballot papers, with instruments for stamping the official mark thereon, and with copies of the voters’ list for the ward concerned, or such part thereof as contains the names of the voters allotted to vote at the station ;

(g) do such other acts and things as may be necessary for effectually conducting the election in the manner provided by these regulations.

5. (1) Every candidate for election shall be nominated in writing by three voters for the ward for which he is a candidate, but no candidate may be nominated for more than one ward. Nomination of candidates.

Provided that a candidate for election need not be a voter in the ward for which he is nominated as such.

(2) The writing shall be subscribed both by the candidate and by the persons nominating him and shall state the full names of the candidate and the persons nominating him with their respective abodes and descriptions and indicate the ward for which the candidate is offering himself for election.

Form of nomination paper.

(3) The Returning Officer shall provide nomination papers and shall supply any voter with as many nomination papers as may be required, and shall at the request of any voter, fill up a nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper subscribed as aforesaid shall be delivered by the candidate or by one of the persons nominating him at the office of the Returning Officer fourteen days at least before the day of election and before two o'clock in the afternoon of the last day for delivery of nomination papers.

(5) Every candidate at the time when his nomination paper is delivered as aforesaid shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Returning Officer the sum of five pounds towards the cost of the election and no nomination shall be valid until such deposit has been made.

(6) The deposit referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be returned to a candidate if :—

- (a) he withdraws his nomination in accordance with regulation 7, or
- (b) there is no contested election in the ward for which he is a candidate, or
- (c) if he polls 10 *per centum* or more of votes cast.

Statement as to persons nominated.

6. The Returning Officer shall at least twelve days before the day of election cause to be published in such manner as he may think fit a statement of the full names of all persons nominated, with an indication of the wards for which they have been nominated, and the persons nominating them with their respective abodes and descriptions.

Withdrawal of candidates.

7. Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by notice in writing signed by him and delivered by himself or one of the persons nominating him to the Returning Officer not later than two o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day before the day of election.

Unopposed candidates.

8. If the number of candidates remaining nominated in any ward is the same as or less than the number of vacancies, such candidates shall be deemed to be elected and the Returning Officer shall on the day appointed for the election publish the names of the persons so elected.

9. (1) If after carrying out the provisions of regulation 8, and if no nominations have been made by the Regional Authority under section 61 of the Ordinance or notwithstanding that such nominations have been made there are still vacancies to be filled, the Returning Officer shall declare a vacancy or vacancies for that ward, and shall inform the Regional Authority.

(2) On a vacancy or vacancies being so notified, the Regional Authority shall appoint some other convenient day for the holding of an election to fill such vacancy or vacancies.

(3) For the purposes of retirement, any members elected in such an election shall be deemed to have been elected on the day originally fixed for the first election.

Death of candidate.

10. (1) If after the latest time for delivery of nomination papers and before the commencement of the poll in any ward, a candidate who is nominated for such ward dies, the Returning Officer shall, upon being satisfied of the fact of death, countermand the poll in such ward.

(2) In such an event the Returning Officer in the case of the first elections or the Chairman of the Council in the case of subsequent elections shall appoint some other convenient day for the election.

11. In the case of a contested election in any ward, the Returning Officer shall on or before the fourth day before the day of election, give notice of the poll in such manner as he may think fit, specifying :—

- (a) the day and hours fixed for the poll ;
- (b) the number of persons to be elected for the ward ;
- (c) the full name, place of residence, and description of each candidate remaining nominated ;
- (d) the names, places of residence, and descriptions of the persons who nominated each candidate ;
- (e) the situation of each polling station and an indication of the persons entitled to vote thereat.

Notice of poll.

12. The hours for the taking of the poll shall be from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Hours of poll.

13. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at each of the polling stations in the ward for which he is a candidate for the purpose of detecting personation.

Appointment of polling agents.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day fixed for the election.

(3) If any such agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another polling agent in his place and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the agent so appointed.

(4) The polling agent in respect of whom such notice as aforesaid has been given may, during the hours of the poll, attend at the polling station to which he has been appointed.

14. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be put therein ; but cannot be withdrawn therefrom, without the box being unlocked.

Ballot boxes.

(2) Immediately before the commencement of the poll, the presiding officer shall show the ballot box empty to such persons, if any, as may be present in the polling station, so that they may see that it is empty, and shall then lock it up and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal, and shall place it in his view for the receipt of ballot papers, and keep it so locked and sealed.

15. The voting at any election shall be conducted in the following manner :—

Method of voting at election.

- (a) Every voter desiring to record his vote shall present himself to a polling assistant at the proper polling station in the ward in which he is entitled to vote, who after satisfying himself that the name of such voter appears on the copy of the voters' list provided for that polling station, shall deliver to him a ballot paper.
- (b) Immediately before the polling assistant delivers a ballot paper to a voter :—
  - (i) the ballot paper shall be marked with an official mark ;
  - (ii) the number, name and address of the voter as stated in the copy of the voters' list shall be called out ;
  - (iii) the number of such voter shall be marked on the counterfoil of the ballot paper, and
  - (iv) a mark shall be placed in the copy of the voters' list against the number of the voter, to denote that he has received a ballot paper, but without showing the particular ballot paper which he has received.

Questions to voters.

(c) A polling assistant may, and if required by a candidate or his polling agent shall, put to any person applying for a ballot paper at the time of his application but not afterwards, the following questions or either of them :—

(a) Are you the person whose name is on the voters list as follows (and the polling assistant shall then read the whole entry from the copy of the voters' list) ?

(b) Have you already voted at the present election (adding in the case of an election for several wards, in this or any other ward) ?

(d) Subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (f), a voter on receiving a ballot paper shall forthwith proceed into one of the compartments in the polling station and there secretly record his vote by putting a cross against the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote, fold up the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote, and shall then show to a polling assistant the back of the paper so as to disclose the official mark and put the ballot paper, so folded up, into the ballot box in the presence of the polling assistant. The voter shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as he has put his ballot paper into the ballot box.

(e) A voter shall not vote for more candidates than the number of persons who are required to be elected for the ward in which he is a voter nor record more than one vote in favour of any candidate nor place on the ballot paper any writing or mark by which he may be identified.

(f) (i) If a voter is unable to read he shall deliver his ballot paper to the presiding officer and shall tell him the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote and the presiding officer shall put a cross against the name of such candidate or candidates and shall in the presence of the voter place the ballot paper in the ballot box.

(ii) The name and number on the list of voters of every voter whose vote is marked in pursuance of the foregoing paragraph shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the list of votes marked by the presiding officer.

(g) The voter shall not show the marks which he has made on his ballot paper to any person and if he does so show it the ballot paper shall be treated as a spoiled ballot paper :

Provided that this sub-regulation shall not apply if a voter shows the marks on his ballot paper to the presiding officer only for the purpose of ascertaining whether he has carried out his duties correctly.

Provided also that inadvertent showing of the marks to the polling assistant during the procedure described in sub-regulation (d) above shall not cause the ballot paper to be treated as spoiled ballot paper.

(h) A voter who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper, may, on delivering to the presiding officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with, and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the presiding officer, obtain another ballot paper in the place of the ballot paper so delivered up and the spoiled ballot shall be immediately cancelled.

Marking of votes by presiding officer.

Spoilt ballot papers.



16. Every ballot paper shall :—

- (a) contain the full names, places of residence and descriptions of the candidates as shown on their respective nomination papers and arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames and (if there are two or more candidates with the same surname) of their other names ;
- (b) be capable of being folded up ;
- (c) have a number printed on the back ; and
- (d) have attached a counterfoil with the same number printed on the face.

Form of ballot papers.

17. (1) No person shall be admitted to vote at any polling station except at the one allotted to him.

Admission of persons to polling station.

(2) The presiding officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the polling station at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except the candidates, the polling agents, the polling assistants, the police officers on duty, and any other person who he considers has legitimate reason to be admitted.

18. (1) If at the time a person applies for a ballot paper, or after he has applied for a ballot paper and before he has left the polling station, a polling agent declares to the presiding officer that he has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has committed an offence of personation under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and undertakes to substantiate the charge in a court of law, the presiding officer may order a police officer to arrest the applicant, and the order of the presiding officer shall be sufficient authority for the police officer so to do.

Personation.

Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.

(2) A person against whom a declaration is made under this paragraph by a polling agent shall not, by reason thereof, be prevented from voting, but the presiding officer shall cause the words "protested against for personation" to be placed against his name in the marked copy of the list of voters.

(3) A person arrested under the provisions of this regulation shall be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant.

19. If a person, representing himself to be a particular voter named on the list of voters, applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such voter, the applicant shall, upon satisfactorily answering the questions set out in regulation 15 (c), be entitled to mark a ballot paper in the same manner as any other voter but the ballot paper in these regulations called a tendered ballot paper, shall be of a colour different from the other ballot papers, and instead of being put into the ballot box shall be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by him with the name of the voter and his number in the list of voters, and set aside in a separate packet, and shall not be counted by the Returning Officer ; and the name of the voter and his number on the list of voters, shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the tendered votes list.

Tendered ballot papers.

20. (1) It shall be the duty of the presiding officer to keep order at his polling station.

Conduct in polling stations.

(2) If any person misconducts himself in a polling station, or fails to obey the lawful orders of the presiding officer, he may immediately, by order of the presiding officer, be removed from the polling station by a police officer in or near the station, or by any other person authorised in writing by the Returning Officer to remove him ; and the person so removed shall not, without the permission of the presiding officer, again enter the polling station during the

day ; and any person so removed as aforesaid may, if charged with the commission in such station of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant :

Provided that the powers conferred by this regulation shall not be exercised so as to prevent any voter who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling station from having any opportunity of voting at such station.

Presiding officer's duties at close of poll.

21. (1) As soon as practicable after the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall, in the presence of the polling agents, make up into separate packets, sealed with his own seal :—

- (a) each ballot box in use at his polling station, sealed so as to prevent the introduction of additional ballot papers and unopened, but with the key attached ;
- (b) the unused and spoilt ballot papers, placed together ;
- (c) the tendered ballot papers ;
- (d) the marked copies of the list of voters and the counterfoils of the ballot papers ;
- (e) the tendered voters' list and the list of votes marked by the presiding officer, and shall deliver the packets to the Returning Officer to be taken charge of by him.

(2) The packets shall be accompanied by a statement, in these regulations referred to as the ballot paper account, made by the presiding officer showing the number of the ballot papers entrusted to him, and accounting for them under the heads of—

- (a) ballot papers in the box ;
- (b) spoilt ballot papers ;
- (c) unused ballot papers ; and
- (d) tendered ballot papers.

Appointment of counting agents.

22. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at the counting of the votes.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day of election ; and the Returning Officer may refuse to admit to the place where the votes are counted any counting agent whose name and address has not been so given.

(3) If a counting agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another counting agent in his place, and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the counting agent so appointed.

Counting of votes.

23. The Returning Officer shall make arrangements for counting the votes in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll and shall so far as is practicable, proceed continuously with the counting, allowing only time for refreshment.

Persons who may be present.

24. Except with the consent of the Returning Officer, no person other than the Returning Officer, the persons appointed to assist him, and the candidates and their counting agents may be present at the counting of the votes.

Method of counting of votes.

25. Before the Returning Officer proceeds to count the votes, he shall, in the presence of the counting agents, open each ballot box and, taking out the ballot papers therein, shall count and record the number thereof, and then mix together the whole of the papers contained in the ballot boxes used in any one ward.

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26. The Returning Officer, while counting and recording the number of ballot papers and counting the votes, shall keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards, and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers printed on the back of the papers.

Handling of ballot papers.

27. (1) Any ballot paper:—

Votes not to be counted.

- (a) which does not bear the official mark; or
- (b) on which votes are given for more candidates than the voter is entitled to vote for; or
- (c) on which anything is written or marked by which the voter can be identified except the printed number on the back; or
- (d) which is unmarked or void of uncertainty, shall not be counted:

Provided that where the voter is entitled to vote for more than one candidate, the ballot shall not be deemed to be void as regards any vote as to which no uncertainty arises, and that vote shall be counted.

(2) Where on any ballot paper more than one vote has been recorded for a candidate one only of such votes shall be counted.

28. (1) The Returning Officer shall endorse:—

Endorsements by returning officer.

- (a) the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which under sub-regulation (1) of the last preceding regulation is not to be counted; and
- (b) in the case of a ballot paper on which any vote is counted under the proviso to the regulation, the words "rejected in part;" and
- (c) a memorandum specifying the votes counted.

(2) The Returning Officer shall in either case add to the endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if an objection to his decision is made by any counting agent.

(3) The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement showing the number of ballot papers rejected, including those rejected in part, under the several heads of:—

Rejected ballot papers.

- (a) want of official mark;
- (b) voting for more candidates than entitled to;
- (c) writing or mark by which voter could be identified;
- (d) unmarked or wholly void for uncertainty;
- (e) rejected in part, and shall on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

29. The decision of the Returning Officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, but shall be subject to review on an election petition questioning the election.

Returning officer's decision final.

30. Upon the completion of the counting, the Returning Officer shall seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected ballot papers, including ballot papers rejected in part. He shall not open the sealed packet of tendered ballot papers or the sealed packet containing the marked copy of the list of voters and counterfoils, but shall proceed in the presence of the counting agents, to verify the ballot paper account given by each presiding officer by comparing it with the number of ballot papers recorded by him under regulation 25, and the unused and spoilt papers in his possession and the tendered votes list, and shall reseal each sealed packet after examination. The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement as to the result of the verification and shall, on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

Returning officer's duties at conclusion of counting.

- Declaration of result. 31. When the result of the poll<sup>\*</sup> has been ascertained, the Returning Officer shall:—  
 (a) forthwith declare to be elected the candidates to whom the majority of votes have been given;  
 (b) as soon as possible, publish in the *Regional Gazette* and in such other manner as he may think fit, the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected and the total number of votes given for each candidate whether elected or not; and  
 (c) send notification of election, in writing, to the successful candidate or candidates.
- Equal voting. 32. In the event of two or more of the candidates in the same ward receiving an equal number of votes, the Returning Officer shall report to the Regional Authority, who shall declare one of the candidates to have been duly elected or shall order that another election shall be held for the ward on such day as he shall determine.
- Custody of documents. 33. (1) Upon the completion of the counting the Returning Officer shall arrange for the safe custody of all documents relating to the conduct of the election.  
 (2) The Returning Officer shall cause such documents to be destroyed after the expiration of six months from the date of the election unless otherwise directed by an order of court arising from proceedings commenced under sections 73 to 79 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950.
- Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.  
 Powers of presiding officer. 34. A presiding officer may do, by the officers appointed to assist him, any act which he is required or authorised by these regulations to do at a polling station except ordering the arrest, exclusion, or removal of any person from the polling station.
- Candidate has power of his agent. 35. A candidate may himself do any act or thing which an agent of his, if appointed, would have been authorised or required to do, or may assist his agent in doing any such act or thing.
- Non-attendance of agents not to invalidate proceedings. 36. Where in these regulations any act or thing is required or authorised to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidates, the non-attendance of any agents or agent at the time and place appointed for the purpose shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate the act or thing done.
- Remuneration of assistants. 37. (1) The Returning Officer may pay to the polling and counting assistants such reasonable remuneration for their services as he shall determine.  
 (2) All sums received by the Returning Officer in connection with the election shall be paid to the revenue of the Council and the Council shall pay all reasonable expenses incurred by the Returning Officer for the purposes of the election.
- Secrecy of vote. 38. No person who has voted at an election shall, in any legal proceeding to question the election, be required to state for whom he has voted.
- Penalty. 39. Any person who wilfully makes a false answer to either of the questions mentioned in regulation 15 (c) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds or imprisonment for two months.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 19th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 5 of 1953

REGULATIONS made under THE EASTERN REGION  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE (No. 16 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 62 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Elections) Regulations, 1953. Short title.

2. In these regulations— Definition.

“council” means the Aba Urban District Council;

“voter” means every adult person whose name appears in the current voters’ lists for the several wards of the township after settlement in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, and of the Instrument establishing the Council.

3. The Local Authority, Aba, shall, for the first elections, be the officer charged with the conduct of the election, hereinafter called the “Returning Officer.” For subsequent elections the Secretary of the Council shall be the Returning Officer. Appointment of returning officer.

4. The Returning Officer shall :—

- (a) provide one or more polling stations for each ward and allot the voters to the polling stations in such manner as he shall think most convenient ;
  - (b) appoint such persons as he may think fit to assist at the taking of the poll, and such persons shall be known as polling assistants ;
  - (c) appoint from such polling assistants a person to be in charge of each polling station to be known as the presiding officer ;
  - (d) furnish each polling station with such number of compartments as may be necessary in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation ;
  - (e) furnish each presiding officer with such number of ballot boxes and ballot papers as in the opinion of the Returning Officer may be necessary ;
  - (f) provide each polling station with materials to enable the voters to mark the ballot papers, with instruments for stamping the official mark thereon, and with copies of the voters’ list for the ward concerned, or such part thereof as contains the names of the voters allotted to vote at the station ;
  - (g) do such other acts and things as may be necessary for effectually conducting the election in the manner provided by these regulations.
- Provision of polling stations, furnishing thereof and appointment of assistants.

5. (1) Every candidate for election shall be nominated in writing by three voters for the ward for which he is a candidate, but no candidate may be nominated for more than one ward. Nomination of candidates.

Provided that a candidate for election need not be a voter in the ward for which he is nominated as such.

(2) The writing shall be subscribed both by the candidate and by the persons nominating him and shall state the full names of the candidate and the persons nominating him with their respective abodes and descriptions and indicate the ward for which the candidate is offering himself for election.

Form of nomination paper.

(3) The Returning Officer shall provide nomination papers and shall supply any voter with as many nomination papers as may be required, and shall at the request of any voter, fill up a nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper subscribed as aforesaid shall be delivered by the candidate or by one of the persons nominating him at the office of the Returning Officer fourteen days at least before the day of election and before two o'clock in the afternoon of the last day for delivery of nomination papers.

(5) Every candidate at the time when his nomination paper is delivered as aforesaid shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Returning Officer the sum of five pounds towards the cost of the election and no nomination shall be valid until such deposit has been made.

(6) The deposit referred to in sub-regulation (5) shall be returned to a candidate if :—

- (a) he withdraws his nomination in accordance with regulation 7, or
- (b) there is no contested election in the ward for which he is a candidate, or
- (c) if he polls 10 *per centum* or more of votes cast.

Statement as to persons nominated.

6. The Returning Officer shall at least twelve days before the day of election cause to be published in such manner as he may think fit a statement of the full names of all persons nominated, with an indication of the wards for which they have been nominated, and the persons nominating them with their respective abodes and descriptions.

Withdrawal of candidates.

7. Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by notice in writing signed by him and delivered by himself or one of the persons nominating him to the Returning Officer not later than two o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day before the day of election.

Unopposed candidates.

8. If the number of candidates remaining nominated in any ward is the same as or less than the number of vacancies, such candidates shall be deemed to be elected and the Returning Officer shall on the day appointed for the election publish the names of the persons so elected.

9. (1) If after carrying out the provisions of regulation 8, and if no nominations have been made by the Regional Authority under section 61 of the Ordinance or notwithstanding that such nominations have been made there are still vacancies to be filled, the Returning Officer shall declare a vacancy or vacancies for that ward, and shall inform the Regional Authority.

(2) On a vacancy or vacancies being so notified, the Regional Authority shall appoint some other convenient day for the holding of an election to fill such vacancy or vacancies.

(3) For the purposes of retirement, any members elected in such an election shall be deemed to have been elected on the day originally fixed for the first election.

Death of candidate.

10. (1) If after the latest time for delivery of nomination papers and before the commencement of the poll in any ward, a candidate who is nominated for such ward dies, the Returning Officer shall, upon being satisfied of the fact of death, countermand the poll in such ward.

(2) In such an event the Returning Officer in the case of the first elections or the Chairman of the Council in the case of subsequent elections shall appoint some other convenient day for the election.

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11. In the case of a contested election in any ward, the Returning Officer shall on or before the fourth day before the day of election, give notice of the poll in such manner as he may think fit, specifying :—

Notice of poll.

- (a) the day and hours fixed for the poll ;
- (b) the number of persons to be elected for the ward ;
- (c) the full name, place of residence, and description of each candidate remaining nominated ;
- (d) the names, places of residence, and descriptions of the persons who nominated each candidate ;
- (e) the situation of each polling station and an indication of the persons entitled to vote thereat.

12. The hours for the taking of the poll shall be from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Hours of poll.

13. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at each of the polling stations in the ward for which he is a candidate for the purpose of detecting personation.

Appointment of polling agents.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day fixed for the election.

(3) If any such agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another polling agent in his place and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the agent so appointed.

(4) The polling agent in respect of whom such notice as aforesaid has been given may, during the hours of the poll, attend at the polling station to which he has been appointed.

14. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be put therein ; but cannot be withdrawn therefrom, without the box being unlocked.

Ballot boxes

(2) Immediately before the commencement of the poll, the presiding officer shall show the ballot box empty to such persons, if any, as may be present in the polling station, so that they may see that it is empty, and shall then lock it up and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal, and shall place it in his view for the receipt of ballot papers, and keep it so locked and sealed.

15. The voting at any election shall be conducted in the following manner :—

Method of voting at election.

- (a) Every voter desiring to record his vote shall present himself to a polling assistant at the proper polling station in the ward in which he is entitled to vote, who after satisfying himself that the name of such voter appears on the copy of the voters' list provided for that polling station, shall deliver to him a ballot paper.
- (b) Immediately before the polling assistant delivers a ballot paper to a voter :—
  - (i) the ballot paper shall be marked with an official mark ;
  - (ii) the number, name and address of the voter as stated in the copy of the voters' list shall be called out ;
  - (iii) the number of such voter shall be marked on the counterfoil of the ballot paper, and

Questions to voters.

(iv) a mark shall be placed in the copy of the voters' list against the number of the voter, to denote that he has received a ballot paper, but without showing the particular ballot paper which he has received.

(c) A polling assistant may, and if required by a candidate or his polling agent shall, put to any person applying for a ballot paper at the time of his application but not afterwards, the following questions or either of them :—

(a) Are you the person whose name is on the voters list as follows (and the polling assistant shall then read the whole entry from the copy of the voters' list) ?

(b) Have you already voted at the present election (adding in the case of an election for several wards, in this or any other ward) ?

(d) Subject to the provisions of sub-regulation (f), a voter on receiving a ballot paper shall forthwith proceed into one of the compartments in the polling station and there secretly record his vote by putting a cross against the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote, fold up the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote, and shall then show to a polling assistant the back of the paper so as to disclose the official mark and put the ballot paper, so folded up, into the ballot box in the presence of the polling assistant. The voter shall vote without undue delay and shall leave the polling station as soon as he has put his ballot paper into the ballot box.

(e) A voter shall not vote for more candidates than the number of persons who are required to be elected for the ward in which he is a voter nor record more than one vote in favour of any candidate nor place on the ballot paper any writing or mark by which he may be identified.

Marking of votes by presiding officer.

(f) (i) If a voter is unable to read he shall deliver his ballot paper to the presiding officer and shall tell him the name of the candidate or candidates for whom he wishes to vote and the presiding officer shall put a cross against the name of such candidate or candidates and shall in the presence of the voter place the ballot paper in the ballot box.

(ii) The name and number on the list of voters of every voter whose vote is marked in pursuance of the foregoing paragraph shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the list of votes marked by the presiding officer.

(g) The voter shall not show the marks which he has made on his ballot paper to any person and if he does so show it the ballot paper shall be treated as a spoilt ballot paper :

Provided that this sub-regulation shall not apply if a voter shows the marks on his ballot paper to the presiding officer only for the purpose of ascertaining whether he has carried out his duties correctly.

Provided also that inadvertent showing of the marks to the polling assistant during the procedure described in sub-regulation (d) above shall not cause the ballot paper to be treated as spoilt ballot paper.

Spoilt ballot papers.

(h) A voter who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper, may,



on delivering to the presiding officer the ballot paper so inadvertently dealt with, and proving the fact of the inadvertence to the satisfaction of the presiding officer, obtain another ballot paper in the place of the ballot paper so delivered up and the spoiled ballot shall be immediately cancelled.

16. Every ballot paper shall :—

- (a) contain the full names, places of residence and descriptions of the candidates as shown on their respective nomination papers and arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames and (if there are two or more candidates with the same surname) of their other names ;
- (b) be capable of being folded up ;
- (c) have a number printed on the back ; and
- (d) have attached a counterfoil with the same number printed on the face.

Form of  
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17. (1) No person shall be admitted to vote at any polling station except at the one allotted to him.

Admission of  
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(2) The presiding officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the polling station at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except the candidates, the polling agents, the polling assistants, the police officers on duty, and any other person who he considers has legitimate reason to be admitted.

18. (1) If at the time a person applies for a ballot paper, or after he has applied for a ballot paper and before he has left the polling station, a polling agent declares to the presiding officer that he has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has committed an offence of personation under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and undertakes to substantiate the charge in a court of law, the presiding officer may order a police officer to arrest the applicant, and the order of the presiding officer shall be sufficient authority for the police officer so to do.

Personation.

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(2) A person against whom a declaration is made under this paragraph by a polling agent shall not, by reason thereof, be prevented from voting, but the presiding officer shall cause the words "protested against for personation" to be placed against his name in the marked copy of the list of voters.

(3) A person arrested under the provisions of this regulation shall be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant.

19. If a person, representing himself to be a particular voter named on the list of voters, applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such voter, the applicant shall, upon satisfactorily answering the questions set out in regulation 15 (c), be entitled to mark a ballot paper in the same manner as any other voter but the ballot paper in these regulations called a tendered ballot paper, shall be of a colour different from the other ballot papers, and instead of being put into the ballot box shall be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by him with the name of the voter and his number in the list of voters, and set aside in a separate packet, and shall not be counted by the Returning Officer ; and the name of the voter and his number on the list of voters, shall be entered on a list, in these regulations called the tendered votes list.

Tendered  
ballot papers.

20. (1) It shall be the duty of the presiding officer to keep order at his polling station.

Conduct in  
polling  
stations.

(2) If any person misconducts himself in a polling station, or fails to obey the lawful orders of the presiding officer, he may immediately, by order of the presiding officer, be removed from the polling station by a police officer in or near the station, or by any other person authorised in writing by the Returning Officer to remove him ; and the person so removed shall not, without the permission of the presiding officer, again enter the polling station during the day ; and any person so removed as aforesaid may, if charged with the commission in such station of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant :

Provided that the powers conferred by this regulation shall not be exercised so as to prevent any voter who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling station from having any opportunity of voting at such station.

Presiding officer's duties at close of poll.

21. (1) As soon as practicable after the close of the poll, the presiding officer shall, in the presence of the polling agents, make up into separate packets, sealed with his own seal :—

- (a) each ballot box in use at his polling station, sealed so as to prevent the introduction of additional ballot papers and unopened, but with the key attached ;
- (b) the unused and spoilt ballot papers, placed together ;
- (c) the tendered ballot papers ;
- (d) the marked copies of the list of voters, and the counterfoils of the ballot papers ;
- (e) the tendered voters' list and the list of votes marked by the presiding officer, and shall deliver the packets to the Returning Officer to be taken charge of by him.

(2) The packets shall be accompanied by a statement, in these regulations referred to as the ballot paper account, made by the presiding officer showing the number of the ballot papers entrusted to him, and accounting for them under the heads of—

- (a) ballot papers in the box ;
- (b) spoilt ballot papers ;
- (c) unused ballot papers ; and
- (d) tendered ballot papers.

Appointment of counting agents.

22. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at the counting of the votes.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day of election ; and the Returning Officer may refuse to admit to the place where the votes are counted any counting agent whose name and address has not been so given.

(3) If a counting agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another counting agent in his place, and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the counting agent so appointed.

Counting of votes.

23. The Returning Officer shall make arrangements for counting the votes in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll and shall so far as is practicable, proceed continuously with the counting, allowing only time for refreshment.

Persons who may be present.

24. Except with the consent of the Returning Officer, no person other than the Returning Officer, the persons appointed to assist him, and the candidates and their counting agents may be present at the counting of the votes.

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25. Before the Returning Officer proceeds to count the votes, he shall, in the presence of the counting agents, open each ballot box and, taking out the ballot papers therein, shall count and record the number thereof, and then mix together the whole of the papers contained in the ballot boxes used in any one ward.

Method of counting of votes.

26. The Returning Officer, while counting and recording the number of ballot papers and counting the votes, shall keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards, and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers printed on the back of the papers.

Handling of ballot papers.

27. (1) Any ballot paper:—

Votes not to be counted.

(a) which does not bear the official mark; or

(b) on which votes are given for more candidates than the voter is entitled to vote for; or

(c) on which anything is written or marked by which the voter can be identified except the printed number on the back; or

(d) which is unmarked or void of uncertainty, shall not be counted:

Provided that where the voter is entitled to vote for more than one candidate, the ballot shall not be deemed to be void as regards any vote as to which no uncertainty arises, and that vote shall be counted.

(2) Where on any ballot paper more than one vote has been recorded for a candidate one only of such votes shall be counted.

28. (1) The Returning Officer shall endorse:—

Endorsements by returning officer.

(a) the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which under sub-regulation (1) of the last preceding regulation is not to be counted; and

(b) in the case of a ballot paper on which any vote is counted under the proviso to the regulation, the words "rejected in part;" and

(c) a memorandum specifying the votes counted.

(2) The Returning Officer shall in either case add to the endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if an objection to his decision is made by any counting agent.

(3) The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement showing the number of ballot papers rejected, including those rejected in part, under the several heads of:—

Rejected ballot papers.

(a) want of official mark;

(b) voting for more candidates than entitled to;

(c) writing or mark by which voter could be identified;

(d) unmarked or wholly void for uncertainty;

(e) rejected in part, and shall on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

29. The decision of the Returning Officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, but shall be subject to review on an election petition questioning the election.

Returning officer's decision final.

30. Upon the completion of the counting, the Returning Officer shall seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected ballot papers, including ballot papers rejected in part. He shall not open the sealed packet of tendered ballot papers or the sealed packet containing the marked copy of the list of voters and counterfoils, but shall proceed in the presence of the counting agents, to verify the ballot paper account given by each presiding officer by comparing it with the number of ballot papers recorded by him under regulation 25, and the unused and spoilt papers in his possession and the tendered votes list, and shall reseal each sealed packet after examination. The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement as to the result of the

Returning officer's duties at conclusion of counting.

verification and shall, on request, allow any counting agent to copy the statement.

Declaration of result.

31. When the result of the poll has been ascertained, the Returning Officer shall:—

- (a) forthwith declare to be elected the candidates to whom the majority of votes have been given;
- (b) as soon as possible, publish in the *Regional Gazette* and in such other manner as he may think fit, the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected and the total number of votes given for each candidate whether elected or not; and
- (c) send notification of election, in writing, to the successful candidate or candidates.

Equal voting.

32. In the event of two or more of the candidates in the same ward receiving an equal number of votes, the Returning Officer shall report to the Regional Authority, who shall declare one of the candidates to have been duly elected or shall order that another election shall be held for the ward on such day as he shall determine.

Custody of documents.

33. (1) Upon the completion of the counting the Returning Officer shall arrange for the safe custody of all documents relating to the conduct of the election.

Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.

(2) The Returning Officer shall cause such documents to be destroyed after the expiration of six months from the date of the election unless otherwise directed by an order of court arising from proceedings commenced under sections 73 to 79 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950.

Powers of presiding officer.

34. A presiding officer may do, by the officers appointed to assist him, any act which he is required or authorised by these regulations to do at a polling station except ordering the arrest, exclusion, or removal of any person from the polling station.

Candidate has power of his agent.

35. A candidate may himself do any act or thing which an agent of his, if appointed, would have been authorised or required to do, or may assist his agent in doing any such act or thing.

Non-attendance of agents not to invalidate proceedings.

36. Where in these regulations any act or thing is required or authorised to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidates, the non-attendance of any agents or agent at the time and place appointed for the purpose shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate the act or thing done.

Remuneration of assistants.

37. (1) The Returning Officer may pay to the polling and counting assistants such reasonable remuneration for their services as he shall determine.  
(2) All sums received by the Returning Officer in connection with the election shall be paid to the revenue of the Council and the Council shall pay all reasonable expenses incurred by the Returning Officer for the purposes of the election.

Secrecy of vote.

38. No person who has voted at an election shall, in any legal proceeding to question the election, be required to state for whom he has voted.

Penalty.

39. Any person who wilfully makes a false answer to either of the questions mentioned in regulation 15 (c) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds or imprisonment for two months.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 20th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R. Public Notice No. 38 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKU-MBIABO-AYADEGHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD  
MAINTENANCE) (RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following Rules have been made by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority (Road Maintenance) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority and shall come into effect on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority shall pay a local rate of two shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Itu-Itam Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate, a Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of Itu, Eki, Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe and Itam Native Authorities and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority this 21st day of November, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority on the 21st day of November, 1952, in the presence of:

A. U. UDOH, *Secretary,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority*

NKAMA NSE UMO, *Chairman,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ITAM NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD MAINTENANCE)  
(RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 (1) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following Rules have been made by the Itam Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Itam Native Authority (Road Maintenance) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Itam Native Authority and shall come into effect on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Itam Native Authority shall pay a local rate of two shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Itu-Itam Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate, a Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of Itu, Eki, Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe and Itam Native Authorities and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Itam Native Authority this 10th day of November, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Itam Native Authority on the 10th day of November, 1952, in the presence of:

G. O. EDET, *Secretary,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

T. U. NSUK, *Chairman,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 40 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) bye-laws, 1952, and shall apply not only to the persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Eket District Council but also to all persons whilst within its area and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definition.

“impound” with its grammatical variations means take and confine within any area or place appointed by the Eket District Council to be a pound.

“council” means the Eket District Council;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Eket District Council to have charge of a pound.

3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Eket District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried.

Prohibition of keeping of animals within specified area.

4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not enough adequate space, shade and water.

Animal to be properly confined.

5. Any animal or the young of any animal set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws if found straying within the area of the Eket District Council may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the Eket District Council.

Impounding.

6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the Poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

Claim and conditional release.

7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding bye-laws any impounded animal which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding shall be sold by auction by the Poundmaster, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the Eket District Council Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed by and paid over to the owner after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under paragraph 6 of these bye-laws.

Sale of unclaimed impounded animals.

Provided that no further payment shall be entertained after three months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.

8. Any person contravening the provisions of sections 3 and 4 of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of three pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for one month.

Penalties.

Legal.

9. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Goats, Pigs, Dogs, Cattle, Sheep.

SECOND SCHEDULE

	s	d
For every head of goat impounded ... ..	5	0
For every head of pig impounded ... ..	5	0
For every head of other animal impounded ... ..	3	0

*Expenses of Keep*

For every head of goat impounded, each day or portion of a day ... ..	2	6
For every head of pig impounded each day or portion of a day ... ..	2	6
For every head of other animal impounded each day or portion of a day ... ..	1	6

MADE by a resolution of the Eket District Council this 28th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of :

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 26th day of February, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 41 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EASTERN IBIBIO IKONO DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(CONTROL OF TRADITIONAL SOCIETIES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance No. (16 of 1950) the following Bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council.

Short title  
and  
application.

2. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all members of traditional societies within the jurisdiction of the District Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.



3. In these bye-laws :—

“the Council” means the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council.

“traditional societies” means the Ekpo, Ekong, Obon, Offiong, Ekpe and Okporo societies.

“societies” shall have the same meaning as “traditional societies.”

“weapon” includes matchets, bows and arrows, cudgels and instruments normally capable of inflicting bodily harm.

Definition.

4. The head of every traditional society which exists within the area of the jurisdiction of the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council shall register such society with the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council by giving the name of the society, his name and village and the names and villages of all members of the society to the said District Council.

Registration of societies.

5. The head of every society shall, upon registering the society, pay to the Council the fees set forth in column two of the First Schedule hereto shown opposite the society set forth in column one of the Schedule.

Registration fees to be paid.

6. No member of any society shall stage or take part in any play, ceremony or procession performed or made in connexion with the society unless a permit for such play, ceremony or procession has first been obtained from the Council. Such permit shall be obtained at the office of the Council on payment of the fee set forth in column two of the Second Schedule hereto shown opposite the society set forth in column one of the said Schedule.

Permits to be obtained.

7. No person taking part in any play or ceremony or procession performed or made in accordance with the provisions of Bye-law 6 hereof shall carry a weapon.

Weapons not to be carried.

8. No person shall stage the Offiong play during the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. except with a written permission of the Council. Such written permission shall be additional to the permit issued in respect of the play.

Offiong play not to be staged between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.

9. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of rules 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalty.

(2) The penalties prescribed in paragraph 9 (1) shall be imposed :

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court by a Magistrate Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

REGISTRATION FEES

Name of Society	Fees	
	s	d
1. Ekpo	10	6
2. Ekong	10	6
3. Ekpe	10	6
4. Obon	10	6
5. Offiong	10	6
6. Okporo	10	6

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## PERMITS

	Name of Society	Fees	
		s	d
1. Ekpo	... ..	21	0
2. Ekong	... ..	21	0
3. Ekpe	... ..	21	0
4. Obon	... ..	21	0
5. Offiong	... ..	21	0
6. Okporo	... ..	15	0

APPROVED and made by the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council by resolution dated 28th day of August, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of :

A. U. A. INYANG,  
*Secretary, Eastern Ibibio  
Ikono District Council*

IKPEME AKPAN,  
*Chairman, Eastern Ibibio  
Ikono District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 23rd day of February, 1953. By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 42 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ODOT NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Odot Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Odot Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Odot Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Odot Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Odot, and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by of under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	7	6
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	7	6
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

## THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Odot Native Authority.

MADE under the Common Seal of the Odot Native Authority this 14th day of October, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Odot Native Authority on this 14th day of October, 1952, in the presence of :

B. EYAMBA, *Secretary,*  
*Odot Native Authority*

ETIM ASUQUO, *President*  
*Odot Native Authority*

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Odot Native Authority by the Resident, Calabar Province, by authority dated the 5th day of February, 1947.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 43 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKOYONG NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Okoyong Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Okoyong Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Okoyong Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Okoyong Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Akpap-Okoyong and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

*Per annum*

	s d	
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	7	6
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	7	6
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

## THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Okoyong Native Authority.

MADE under the Common Seal of the Okoyong Native Authority this 24th day of October, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Okoyong Native Authority on this 24th day of October, 1952, in the presence of :

O. E. OTU, *Secretary,*  
*Okoyong Native Authority*

E. O. EKPO, *President,*  
*Okoyong Native Authority*

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Okoyong Native Authority by the Resident, Calabar Province, by authority dated the 15th day of September, 1949.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 44 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IKPANYA-IWERRI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xiii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikpanya-Iwerri Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ikpanya-Iwerri Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ikpanya-Iwerri Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Ibiono and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

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- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE IKPANYA-IWERRI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1952

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

Native Authority

N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rule 3

Fees for Vehicle Licences

	Per annum	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow	10	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Area of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Ikpanya-Iwerri Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Ikpanya-Iwerri Native Authority this 31st day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ikpanya-Iwerri Native Authority on the 31st day of December, 1952, in the presence of :

E. E. ETON, *Secretary to the Council*

S. P. OBUKPO, *Chairman of the Council*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 45 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UMUEZIAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Umueziagu Native Authority, Udi Division, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Umueziagu Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Umueziagu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Umueziagu Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area under the jurisdiction of the Umueziagu Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or such place as the Native Authority may from time to time appoint and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;



- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of these rules for which a penalty is not expressly provided, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence for which equivalent fee has been paid in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
- (c) bye-laws made by any Local Government Council, or
- (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE UMUEZIAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Clerk to the Council,*  
.....*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0
Four-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Umueziagu Native Authority, Udi Division, this 10th day of November, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Umueziagu Native Authority, Udi Division, on 10th day of November, 1952, in the presence of :

J. U. OFODU,  
Ag. Clerk of the Council,  
Umueziagu Native Authority

C. O. EMEHEL, Chairman,  
Umueziagu Native Authority

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 46 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OPOBO TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xiii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Opopo Town Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Opopo Town Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Opopo Town Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into force on the date of publication in *Eastern Region Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Opopo Town Native Authority ;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Opopo Town or to any Native Court in the area of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of the vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

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AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Opobo Town Native Authority by the Senior Resident, Calabar Province, by Authority dated the 4th July, 1947.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R. Public Notice No. 47 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBIBIO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xiii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibibio Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibibio Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ibibio Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into force on the date of publication in *Eastern Region Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ibibio Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated in Egwanga or Ikot Akan or to any Native Court in the area of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of the vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft: and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

IBIBIO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Rule 3)

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	7	6
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Ibibio Native Authority this 18th day of July, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Ibibio Native Authority on 18th day of July, 1952, in the presence of:

M. P. UDOH, *Secretary*

NTUEN IBOK, *Chairman*

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Ibibio Native Authority by the Senior Resident, Calabar Province, by Authority dated the 9th February, 1948.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 48 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ANDONI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xiii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Andoni Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Andoni Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Andoni Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Andoni Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Ngo or to any Native Court in the area of the Native Authority and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of the vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

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- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.
9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,
- shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ANDONI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1952

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Rule 3*

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

							<i>Per annum</i>	
							<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Bicycle or tricycle	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th September one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Andoni Native Authority this 16th day of July, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Andoni Native Authority on 16th day of July, 1952, in the presence of :

S. I. MBABA, *Secretary*

C. A. OTOKO, *Chairman*

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Andoni Native Authority by the Senior Resident, Calabar Province, by Authority dated 25th July, 1946.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 49 of 1953.*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL (VACCINATION) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council (hereinafter called "the Council").

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Vaccination) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council but also to all persons within its area and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.
2. (i) The Council or any person authorised by them for this purpose may direct that all adults shall attend and that all children shall be brought before the Public Vaccinator.  
(ii) Such direction may be addressed to persons generally or individually or to specified classes or groups of persons.
3. Any person attending or any child brought before the Public Vaccinator in consequence of such direction shall be inspected, and shall be vaccinated unless it appears to the Public Vaccinator that he has been successfully vaccinated within the period of three years preceding the date of such inspection or has been attacked by smallpox.
4. Any person failing to comply with the provisions of any direction so given or refusing to be vaccinated when so required by the Public Vaccinator shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for one month.
5. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed :—
  - (a) If the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court ; and
  - (b) If the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by resolution of the Council the 29th day of December, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of :

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary,*  
*Eket District Council*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman,*  
*Eket District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of February, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 50 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ENIONG-ITO-IDERE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eniong-Ito-Idere Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Eniong-Ito-Idere Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Eniong-Ito-Idere Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Ibiono and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.



9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ENIONG-ITO-IDERE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1952

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rule 3

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>
	s    d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5    0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	10   0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5    0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10   0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of Eniong-Ito-Idere Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Eniong-Ito-Idere Native Authority this 31st day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Eniong-Ito-Idere Native Authority on the 31st day of December, 1952, in the presence of :

E. E. ETON,  
*Secretary to the Council*

EKPENYONG OMON,  
*Chairman of the Council*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 51 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EASTERN NSIT NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL  
OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Courts Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority with the approval of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

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|--|--|
| 1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Nsit Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority.  | Short title and application.                           |
| 2. Definitions:—<br>“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority;<br>“domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, together with their young;<br>“native authority” means the Eastern Nsit Native Authority;<br>“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority to have charge of a pound.  | Definitions.   |
| 3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.  | Impounding of stray domestic animals.                  |
| 4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days or in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.   | Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.   |
| 5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.<br>(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.<br>(3) Nothing in this rule shall effect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property. | Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.    |
| 6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed 7 days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.<br>(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.  | Impounding domestic animal to be sold.                 |
| 7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.   | Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions. |

## SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

			s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	20	0
2. For every head of pig impounded	...	...	10	0
3. For every head of other animal impounded	...	...	5	0

*Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	0	6

MADE by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority this 13th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority on the 13th day of December, in the presence of :

J. A. INYANG, *Secretary*

J. UDO, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 52 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE URUAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Courts Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Uruan Native Authority with the approval of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uruan Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Uruan Native Authority.

Definitions.

2. Definitions:—

“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Uruan Native Authority;

“domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, together with their young;

“native authority” means the Uruan Native Authority;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Uruan Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

Impounding of stray domestic animals

3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.

4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days or in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed 7 days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

Impounding domestic animal to be sold.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	20	0
2. For every head of pig impounded ... ..	10	0
3. For every head of other animal impounded ... ..	5	0

*Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	6

MADE by the Uruan Native Authority this 19th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Uruan Native Authority on the 19th day of December, 1952, in the presence of :

A. W. UMO-EREN, *Secretary*

D. F. E. ESSESIEN, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

## SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	20	0
2. For every head of pig impounded ... ..	10	0
3. For every head of other animal impounded ...	5	0

*Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	6

MADE by the Iman Native Authority this 12th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Iman Native Authority on the 12th day of December, 1952, in the presence of :

B. O. UDO, *Secretary*

P. J. EFIK, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 54 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ASA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Asa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Asa Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Asa Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction. Short title and application.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Asa Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle. Definitions.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules. Vehicles to be licensed. Fees.

Vehicle to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to any Native Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

Manner of affixing plate.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard; or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.

Plate not to be removed from vehicle.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Validity of licence.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

Offences.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—  
(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;  
(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
(a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or  
(b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or  
(c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or  
(d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM OF LICENCE—RULE 3

THE ASA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCING) RULES, 1953

Licence is hereby granted to.....

to keep and use.....until the 31st day of December,

19..... Plate No..... Fee.....

.....19.....

Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence

SECOND SCHEDULE  
FEES TO BE PAID UNDER RULE 3

	<i>Per annum</i>		
	£	s	d
(a) Bicycles and tricycles... ..	0	5	0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ...	0	10	0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels	0	15	0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	0	0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	10	0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0	1	0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Asa Native Authority this 5th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Asa Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

I. W. NWACHI, *Secretary*

W. W. OBINYA, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 55 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NDOKI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ndoki Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ndoki Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ndoki Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction.

Short title  
and  
application.

2. In these rules:—

Definitions.

“native authority” means the Ndoki Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.

Vehicles to be licensed.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules.

Fees.

Vehicle to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to any Native Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

Manner of affixing plate.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.

Plate not to be removed from vehicle.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Validity of licence.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

Offences.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or
  - (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or
  - (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or
  - (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.



*E.R. Public Notice No. 56 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ETCHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Etche Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

- Short title and application. 1. These rules may be cited as the Etche Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Etche Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction.
- Definitions. 2. In these rules:—  
“native authority” means the Etche Native Authority;  
“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.
- Vehicles to be licensed. 3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules.
- Fees.
- Vehicle to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle. 4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to any Native Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.
- Manner of affixing plate. 5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—  
(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;  
(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and  
(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.
- Plate not to be removed from vehicle. 6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.
- Validity of licence. 7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.
- Offences. 8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—  
 (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
 (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or  
 (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or  
 (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or  
 (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM OF LICENCE—RULE 3

THE ETCHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCING) RULES, 1953

Licence is hereby granted to.....  
 to keep and use.....until the 31st day of December,  
 19..... Plate No..... Fee.....  
 .....19.....

Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence

SECOND SCHEDULE

FEEES TO BE PAID UNDER RULE 3

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£ s d
(a) Bicycles and tricycles... ..	0 5 0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ...	0 10 0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels	0 15 0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1 0 0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1 10 0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0 1 0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Etche Native Authority this 10th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Etche Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

I. W. NWACHI, *Secretary*

R. N. NWAUCHE, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 57 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NGWA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ngwa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ngwa Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ngwa Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction.

Definitions.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ngwa Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.

Vehicles to be licensed.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules.

Fees.

Vehicle to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to such other office as the Native Authority may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

Manner of affixing plate.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.

was affixed in the  
 NWAUCHE, *President*  
 of February, 1953.  
 d,  
 MACKENZIE,  
*Secretary, Eastern Region*

140)  
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osition, so that every  
 nguishable, and shall  
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on the pole or shaft.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle. Plate not to be removed from vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following. Validity of licence.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound. Offences.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—  
 (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court; Courts in which penalties may be imposed.  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
 (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or  
 (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or  
 (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or  
 (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM OF LICENCE—RULE 3

THE NGWA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCING) RULES, 1953

Licence is hereby granted to.....

to keep and use.....<sup>(name)</sup> until the 31st day of December,

19.....<sup>(description of vehicle)</sup> Plate No..... Fee.....  
 .....19.....

Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence

SECOND SCHEDULE

FEEES TO BE PAID UNDER RULE 3

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£ s d
(a) Bicycles and tricycles... ..	0 5 0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ...	0 10 0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels	0 15 0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1 0 0

(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all whcles ... ..	1	10	0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0	1	0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Ngwa Native Authority this 3rd day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ngwa Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

- J. N. WACHUKU, *President, Ngwa Native Authority.*
- M. W. UBANI, *Member.*
- E. A. OKE, *Member.*
- M. E. ORTUTU, *Member.*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 58 of 1953*

*The Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

PUBLIC HEALTH (EASTERN REGION NATIVE AUTHORITIES)  
RULES, 1953

It is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by sections 41 and 42 of the Public Health Ordinance and by the Public Health (Native Authorities Enabling) Order in Council, 1940, the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority have with effect from the 5th day of November, 1952, made rules the text of which was published in Native Authority Public Notice No. 71 of 1943 and the Schedule to that notice is accordingly amended by the insertion of the following items therein:—

<i>Province and Division</i>	<i>Native Authority</i>	<i>Area</i>
ONITSHA PROVINCE Nsukka Division	Uzo-Uwani Native Authority	Uzo-Uwani Native Authority Area.

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 59 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OBUBRA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (MEDICAL SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Division (Medical Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

“native authority” means the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of Obubra Division shall pay a local rate of two shillings per year or such other sum as the Obubra Divisional Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Obubra Divisional Native Treasury at Obubra or at such other collecting centre as the Obubra Divisional Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. The Native Authority shall issue a receipt for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon the equipment and maintenance of the Lying-in-Wards and Dispensaries maintained by the Native Authority.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse shall neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for seven days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE the 9th day of December, 1952, under the Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :

E. DAVID, *Secretary,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

N. U. OFEM, *President,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAJA-NGWO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority, Udi Division, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area under the jurisdiction of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay or such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or such place as the Native Authority may from time to time appoint, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of these rules for which a penalty is not expressly provided, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court,

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9. Any person who holds a licence for which equivalent fee has been paid in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
- (c) bye-laws made by any Local Government Council, or
- (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ABAJA-NGWO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....until the.....day of.....19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
Clerk to the Council,.....Native Authority

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or truck ... ..	10	0
Four-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority, Udi Division, this 28th day of October, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority, Udi Division, on 28th day of October, 1952, in the presence of :

G. P. U. EKWUEME, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

J. E. EKWUEME, *Chairman*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



**EASTERN REGION**

**E.R. No. of 1953**

**ORDER made under THE DOGS ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 56)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 2 and 4 of the Dogs Ordinance, the following Order is hereby made :—

1. This order may be cited as the Dogs Ordinance (Calabar Urban District Council) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. The authority for the purposes of the Dogs Ordinance for the area of the jurisdiction of the Calabar Urban District Council is the Calabar Urban District Council. Calabar Urban District Council to be the authority under Cap. 56.

3. The provisions of Part II of the Dogs Ordinance are hereby applied to the area of the jurisdiction of the Calabar Urban District Council. Part II of Cap. 56 applied to Calabar Urban District Council.

4. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance (Eastern Provinces) Order, 1949, the District Officer, Calabar Division, shall cease to be the authority under the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance from the date of this order. Amends Public Notice No. 161 of 1949.

(2) The Second Schedule to the Dogs Ordinance (Eastern Provinces) Order, 1949, is hereby amended by the deletion of the following particulars appearing therein under the headings Division, Area, Authority respectively :—

Division	Area	Authority
Calabar	Area within radius of five miles from District Office.	District Officer, Calabar.

MADE at Enugu this 5th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

**EASTERN REGION**

**E.R. No. 6 of 1953**

**REGULATIONS made under THE EASTERN REGION  
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE (No. 16 of 1950)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 62 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following Regulations are hereby made :—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Calabar County Council (Wards of Calabar Urban District Council) (Elections) (Amendment) Regulations, 1953. Short title.

Amendment to regulation 3 of Regulations No. 3 of 1953.

Date of commencement

2. Regulation No. 3 of the Calabar County Council (Wards of Calabar Urban District Council) (Elections) Regulations is hereby amended by deleting the expression "Local Authority" where it occurs therein and by substituting the expression "District Officer" therefor.

3. These regulations shall be deemed to have come into force on the 17th day of February, 1953.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 10th day of March, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R. Public Notice No. 61 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EASTERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Eastern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Annang Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Eastern Annang Native Authority.

Definitions.

2. Definitions:—

"area" means the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;  
"domestic animals" means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, together with their young;

"native authority" means the Eastern Annang Native Authority;

"poundmaster" means a person appointed in writing by the Eastern Annang Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

Impounding of stray domestic animals.

3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.

Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster. Impounded domestic animal to be sold.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days. Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

#### SCHEDULE

##### *Penalties*

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ...	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded ...	2	0

##### *Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ...	1	0
2. In every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ...	0	6

MADE under the Eastern Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Eastern Annang Native Authority on the 14th day of March, 1952, in the presence of:

D. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council,  
Eastern Annang Native Authority*          UDO EKONG, *President,  
Eastern Annang Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 62 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

#### THE WESTERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Western Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Annang Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Western Annang Native Authority. Short title and application.

2. Definitions:—

“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;  
“domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, together with their young; Definitions.

“native authority” means the Western Annang Native Authority;  
 “poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Western Annang Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

Impounding of stray domestic animals.

3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority;

Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

Impounded domestic animal to be sold.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

#### SCHEDULE

##### Penalties

			s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded	...	...	2	0

##### Expenses

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	1	0
2. In every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	0	6

MADE under the Western Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority on the 14th day of March, 1952, in the presence of :

E. ESHIET, *Secretary to the Council,*  
*Western Annang Native Authority*

JIMMIE ETUK UDO, *President,*  
*Western Annang Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 63 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NORTHERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140), the following rules have been made by the Northern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. These rules may be cited as the Northern Annang Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Northern Annang Native Authority.  | Short title and application.                           |
| 2. Definitions:—<br>“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;<br>“domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, together with their young;<br>“native authority” means the Northern Annang Native Authority;<br>“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Northern Annang Native Authority to have charge of a pound.   | Definitions.   |
| 3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.  | Impounding of stray domestic animals.                  |
| 4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.   | Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.   |
| 5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.<br>(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.<br>(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property. | Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.    |
| 6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.<br>(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.  | Impounded domestic animal to be sold.                  |
| 7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.   | Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions. |

## SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

			s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded	...	...	2	0

*Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	1	0
2. In every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	0	6

MADE under the Northern Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Northern Annang Native Authority on the 14th day of March, 1952, in the presence of:

F. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council,*  
*Northern Annang Native Authority*

J. A. IBANGA, *President,*  
*Northern Annang Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 64 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE SOUTHERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Southern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Short title and application.          | 1. These rules may be cited as the Southern Annang Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Southern Annang Native Authority.  |
| Definitions.                          | 2. Definitions:—<br>“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;<br>“domestic animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, together with their young;<br>“native authority” means the Southern Annang Native Authority;<br>“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Southern Annang Native Authority to have charge of a pound. |
| Impounding of stray domestic animals. | 3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.  |

4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

Release of impounded domestic animal on conditions.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

Impounded domestic animal to be sold.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

			s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded	...	...	2	0

*Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	1	0
2. In every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	0	6

MADE under the Southern Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1952.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Southern Annang Native Authority on the 14th day of March, 1952; in the presence of:

D. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council*, IWOK ETUK, *President*, H.R.T.I.,  
*Southern Annang Native Authority*      *Southern Annang Native Authority*  
 D. A. Udom: Witness to Thumb Print.

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,  
 J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 65 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE  
AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 1) Notice, 1953, and shall be deemed to come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Schedule  
to Native  
Authorities  
(Establish-  
ment and  
Appoint-  
ment)  
Notice,  
(Public  
Notice  
No. 6  
of 1948).

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto:—

FIRST SCHEDULE

DELETIONS

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Ogoja . .	Ikom	Abo Group	—	Abo Group Council	Abo Group Area.
		Akparabong Clan	—	Akparabong Clan Council	Akparabong Clan Area.
		Boje Group	—	Boje Group Council	Boje Group Area.
		Ikom Group	—	Ikom Group Council	Ikom Group Area.
		Nde Clan	—	Nde Clan Council	Nde Clan Area.
		Nkum Village	—	Nkum Village Council	Nkum Village Area.
		Northern Etung Clan	—	Northern Etung Clan Council	Northern Etung Clan Area.
		Southern Etung Clan	—	Southern Etung Clan Council	Southern Etung Clan Area.
Ofutop Clan	—	Ofutop Clan Council	Ofutop Clan Area.		
Olulumo Group	—	Okim Dawde of Olulu- mo, Ovat Kwovon of Akam and Obonge Lanui of Ekuri-Eye- yin in Council	Olulumo Group Area.		



## SECOND SCHEDULE

## ADDITIONS

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Ogoja..	Ikom	Ikom Divisional Native Authority	—	Ikom Divisional Council	Ikom Division.
		Ikom Group	Ikom Divisional Native Authority	Ikom Group Council	Ikom Group Area.
		Olulumo Group	do.	Olulumo Group Council	Olulumo Group Area.
		Boje Group	do.	Boje Group Council	Boje Group Area.
		Abo Group	do.	Abo Group Council	Abo Group Area.
		Nde-Nkum Group	do.	Nde-Nkum Group Council	Nde-Nkum Group Area.
		Akparabong Clan	do.	Akparabong Clan Council	Akparabong Clan Area.
		Ofutop Clan	do.	Ofutop Clan Council	Ofutop Clan Area.
		Northern Etung Clan	do.	Northern Etun Clan Council	Northern Etung Clan Area.
		Southern Etung Clan	do.	Southern Etun Clan Council	Southern Etung Clan Area.

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 66 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

AN INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE EKET COUNTY COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the Instrument establishing the Eket County Council is hereby amended by the addition of the following new paragraph 17 immediately below paragraph 16 of the aforesaid Instrument:—

“17. The Council may make a special precept for assistance to primary education before the 31st of May, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending the 31st of March, 1954.”

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 10th day of March, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 67 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKU-MBIABO-AYADEGHE NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(SCHOLARSHIP RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority (Scholarship Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority and shall come into effect on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one shilling per year or such other sum as the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Itu-Itam Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide secondary school scholarships for children of rate-payers and for no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority this 21st day of November, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority on 21st day of November, 1952, in the presence of :

A. U. UDOH, *Secretary,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority*

NKAMA NSE UMO, *Chairman,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 68 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ITAM NATIVE AUTHORITY (SCHOLARSHIP RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Itam Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Itam Native Authority (Scholarship Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Itam Native Authority and shall come into effect on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Itam Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one shilling per year or such other sum as the Itam Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Itu-Itam Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide secondary school scholarships for children of rate-payers and for no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Itam Native Authority this 10th day of November, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Itam Native Authority on 10th day of November, 1952, in the presence of :

G. O. EDET, *Secretary,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

T. U. NSUK, *Chairman,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 69 of 1953

The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)

THE ITU NATIVE AUTHORITY (SCHOLARSHIP RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Itu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Itu Native Authority (Scholarship Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Itu Native Authority and shall come into effect on the 1st day of April, 1953.
2. In these rules:—  
“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Itu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one shilling per year or such other sum as the Itu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.
4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Itu-Itam Native Authority Treasury.
5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.
6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide secondary school scholarships for children of rate-payers and for no other purpose.
8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Itu Native Authority this 4th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Itu Native Authority on 4th day of November, 1952, in the presence of :

A. U. UDOH, Secretary,  
Itu Native Authority

EDMUND E. EKPO, Chairman,  
Itu Native Authority

APPROVED this 26th day of February, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

E.R. Public Notice No. 70 of 1953

The Township Ordinance (Chapter 216)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section Ordinance which powers have been delegated to Lieutenant-Governor notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region

1. This notice may be cited as the Enugu Township Rates Notice No. 70 and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.
2. In this notice:—  
“annual value” means the annual value of a tenement as shown in the list for the time being under the Assessment Ordinance.
3. An annual rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements of the kind as defined in the Townships (Enugu and Urban District) Order, No. 1 of 1952.
4. The said rate shall be ten per centum of the annual value of the tenement.
5. The date on which the first payment shall become due shall be the 1st day of April, 1953.
6. The following tenements shall be exempt from payment of the rate:—
  - (a) all land and buildings appropriated exclusively for the purposes of worship;
  - (b) cemeteries and burial grounds;
  - (c) any tenement or part of any tenement occupied by the Government as the Governor may from time to time specify;
  - (d) primary schools and buildings, including teachers' houses, school premises used exclusively for the purposes of primary schools;
  - (e) private hospitals registered under the Private Hospitals Ordinance, 1952, and similar institutions exempt from such registration of being maintained or owned by a Local Government Council;
  - (f) government premises provided such premises are not let to any person other than an employee of Government.
7. Public Notice No. 62 of 1951 is hereby revoked.

GIVEN at Enugu this 5th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command

J. G.  
Civil Secretary

E.R. Public Notice No. 70 of 1953

*The Township Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section 71 of the Townships Ordinance which powers have been delegated to Lieutenant-Governors, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Enugu Township Rates Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In this notice:—

“annual value” means the annual value of a tenement as shown in the valuation list for the time being under the Assessment Ordinance.

3. An annual rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements of the Township of Enugu as defined in the Townships (Enugu and Urban District) Order, No. 30 of 1951.

4. The said rate shall be ten *per centum* of the annual value of the tenements.

5. The date on which the first payment shall become due shall be the 1st day of April, 1953.

6. The following tenements shall be exempt from payment of the said rate:—

(a) all land and buildings appropriated exclusively for the purposes of public worship;

(b) cemeteries and burial grounds;

(c) any tenement or part of any tenement occupied by such consular officers as the Governor may from time to time specify;

(d) primary schools and buildings, including teachers' houses, within such school premises used exclusively for the purposes of conducting such schools;

(e) private hospitals registered under the Private Hospitals Ordinance, and hospitals and similar institutions exempt from such registration by reason of being maintained or owned by a Local Government Council;

(f) government premises provided such premises are not leased to any person other than an employee of Government.

7. Public Notice No. 62 of 1951 is hereby revoked.

GIVEN at Enugu this 5th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 71 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**IKOM DIVISIONAL COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ikom Divisional Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953. Short title and date of commencement.
2. The Ikom Divisional Council shall be composed of twenty-seven members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide. Composition of Council.
3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto. Membership on 1st April, 1953.

**SCHEDULE**

<i>First column</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>Second column</i> <i>Number of members</i>
Ikom Group ... ..	3
Olulumo Group ... ..	3
Boje Group ... ..	3
Abo Group ... ..	3
Nde-Nkum Group ... ..	3
Akparabong Clan ... ..	3
Ofutop Clan ... ..	3
Northern Etung Clan ... ..	3
Southern Etung Clan ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 72 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**IKOM GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF  
COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ikom Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953. Short title and date of commencement.

Composition of Council.

2. The Ikom Group Council shall be composed of twenty-nine members elected from the areas and communities set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Membership on 1st April, 1953.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

<i>First column Area</i>	<i>Second column Number of members</i>
Asenasen quarter ... ..	3
Bissogho quarter ... ..	3
Bokomo quarter ... ..	3
Etayip quarter ... ..	3
Isabang quarter ... ..	3
Mgbaghatiti quarter ... ..	3
Little Obokum village ... ..	3
Adjijinkpor village ... ..	3
Hausa community ... ..	1
Ibo community ... ..	1
Efik community ... ..	1
Cameroon community ... ..	1
Obudu community ... ..	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 73 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**OLULUMO GROUP COUNCIL\* (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. This notice may be cited as the Olulumo Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Composition of Council.

2. The Olulumo Group Council shall be composed of eighteen members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Membership on 1st April, 1953.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

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## SCHEDULE

<i>First column</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>Second column</i> <i>Number of members</i>
Efi quarter ... ..	3
Emorrow quarter ... ..	3
Iyami quarter ... ..	3
Omon quarter ... ..	3
Akam village... ..	3
Ekuri-Eyeyin ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 74 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**BOJE GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Boje Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. The Boje Group Council shall be composed of twenty-one members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Composition of Council.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

Membership on 1st April, 1953.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First column</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>Second column</i> <i>Number of members</i>
Iso-Bendege ... ..	3
Boje ... ..	3
Nsadup ... ..	3
Katabang ... ..	3
Buanchor ... ..	3
Kayang ... ..	3
Njua ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 75 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

AKPARABONG CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. This notice may be cited as the Akparabong Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Composition of Council.

2. The Akparabong Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-four members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Membership on 1st April, 1953.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

<i>First column</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>Second column</i> <i>Number of members</i>
Balep Balep ... ..	3
Balep Opu ... ..	3
Abanko ... ..	3
Olokpo ... ..	3
Mkpanjen ... ..	3
Nkanacha ... ..	3
Nturokim ... ..	3
Obuante ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 76 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

OFUTOP CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. This notice may be cited as the Ofutop Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Composition of Council.

2. The Ofutop Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-one members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column

of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto. Membership on 1st April, 1953.

SCHEDULE

First column Area	Second column Number of members
Abaragba	3
Ekpokpa	3
Nkpura	3
Ndim ...	3
Okanga Mkpansi	3
Okanga Njimowan	3
Okosora	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 77 of 1953

The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)

ABO GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Abo Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. The Abo Group Council shall be composed of twenty-four members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto. Short title and date of commencement.  
Composition of Council.  
Membership on 1st April, 1953.

SCHEDULE

First column Area	Second column Number of members
Aboabam	6
Bashua	3
Bashu ...	3
Danare	3
Abontakon	3
Orimekpang	3
Abonorok	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R. Public Notice No. 78 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**NDE-NKUM GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. This notice may be cited as the Nde-Nkum Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Composition of Council.

2. The Nde-Nkum Group Council shall be composed of forty members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Membership on 1st April, 1953.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

**SCHEDULE**

<i>First column</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>Second column</i> <i>Number of members</i>
Orom ...	3
Okpochi ...	3
Nyankor ...	3
Mbianang ...	3
Owom... ...	3
Nkunaton ...	3
Nsak ...	3
Etanawana ...	2
Abayonga ...	2
Mbenkpel ...	2
Etakor... ...	2
Ofanfun ...	2
Ejilawor ...	2
Nkpiri... ...	2
Mgbaka ...	2
Nyanjol ...	1
Nkwande ...	1
Egulonkwor ...	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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E.R. Public Notice No. 79 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

NORTHERN ETUNG CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Northern Etung Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. The Northern Etung Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-four members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

Short title and date of commencement.

Composition of Council.

Membership on 1st April, 1953.

SCHEDULE

First column Area	Second column Number of members
Abia ... ..	3
Ajassor ... ..	3
Bendege-Ayuk ... ..	3
Etomi ... ..	3
British Obokum ... ..	3
Ekwatai ... ..	3
Effraya ... ..	3
Ekimaya ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 80 of 1953

*The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

THE ABA TOWNSHIP (LAMPS) (REVOCATION) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 47 of the Townships Ordinance the following rules are hereby made and applied to the Township of Aba by the Lieutenant-Governor.

1. These rules may be cited as the Aba Township (Lamps) (Revocation) Rules, 1953.

2. The Aba Township (Lamps) Rules, 1927, are hereby revoked.

MADE at Enugu this 17th day of March, 1953.

Short title.

Revocation of rule No. 2 of 1927.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

MACKENZIE,  
*Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 81 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

SOUTHERN ETUNG CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. This notice may be cited as the Southern Etung Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Composition  
of Council.

2. The Southern Etung Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-seven members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Membership  
on 1st  
April, 1953.

3. The members on the 1st day of April, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

	<i>First column</i>					<i>Second column</i>
	<i>Area</i>					<i>Number of members</i>
Abijang	...	...	...	...	...	3
Agbotai	...	...	...	...	...	3
Ekang	...	...	...	...	...	3
Etara ...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Itaka ...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Mfamenyen ...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Mkpot Isong ...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Nsarum	...	...	...	...	...	3
Nsofang	...	...	...	...	...	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 2nd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

## SCHEDULE

<i>Powers conferred</i>	<i>Ordinance</i>	<i>Officer</i>
OTHER RECURRENT AND SPECIAL EXPENDITURE	Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216) section 39.	Residents in charge of provinces in the Eastern Region.
(i) To increase the provision under any item (except for increases in establishment) of Recurrent and Special Expenditure in the Approved Estimates by an amount not exceeding £500 or 20 per cent whichever is greater, provided that Recurrent and Special Expenditure will not thereby exceed Ordinary Revenue. Where necessary, equivalent savings must be indicated in the authority to incur increased expenditure.	•	
(ii) To create new items of Recurrent and Special Expenditure (except for increases in establishment) and to increase them within the limits set out in (i) above.	do.	do.
EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURE:		
(a) To increase the provision for approved Works Extraordinary by an amount not exceeding £100 and	do.	do.
(b) To create new items of Works Extraordinary of amount not exceeding £250 in any one case; provided that such additional provision shall not reduce the estimated surplus balances at the end of the financial year to a figure representing less than 33½ per cent of the revised Ordinary Revenue for the financial year.	do.	do.
REVOTES:		
Unexpended balances under votes classified as (a) Special Expenditure or (b) Works Extraordinary approved in any financial year other than that which precedes the current financial year, may be revoted for the completion of the work for which the expenditure was originally approved, provided that:—	• do.	do.
(a) the work originally approved was intended to be completed in the financial year in which the original provision was made; and		
(b) no provision has been made therefor in the current Estimates.		

GIVEN at Enugu this 3rd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 84 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE CALABAR WESTERN DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Calabar Western District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the first day of April, 1953.

Establishment of the Calabar Western District Council.

2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the Creek Town Local Council, the Ikoneto-Adiabo Local Council, the Okoyong Local Council and the Odot Local Council.

Area of authority of the District Council.

4. (1) The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-four members, thirty of whom shall be elected in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument and four of whom shall be nominated.

Constitution.

(2) The four nominated members shall be appointed one each from the Local Council areas of Creek Town, Ikoneto-Adiabo, Okoyong and Odot, by the Etuboms, Ntoes and Muris as the case may be of the said Local Council areas from among their own member, and shall serve for three years.

Nominated members.

(3) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring among the four nominated members, the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance shall apply.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The elected members of the Council shall be elected by the voters in accordance with the table set out below:—

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

Local Council	Number of Councillors to be elected
Creek Town ... ..	7
Ikoneto-Adiabo ... ..	10
Okoyong ... ..	10
Odot ... ..	3

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officer.

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(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows :—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and of the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the



hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.

- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance, to be councillors, and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 31st days of March, 1953.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of Chairman.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Rating.

14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council :—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (63), (64), (68), (69), (70), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1952.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 85 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE CALABAR  
COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Calabar County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the first day of April, 1953. Establishment of the Calabar County Council.

2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area comprising:— Area of authority of the County Council.

(a) the area of the authority of the Calabar Urban District Council, and

(b) the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Ikot Omin	Ikot Nakanda
Ikot Ansa	Ikang
Calabar Oil Palm Estate	Creek Town
Ikot Mbo Plantations	Okoyong
Atimbo	Ikoneto-Adiabo
Ikot Edem Odo	Odot

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-seven elected and four appointed members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be: Voters.

- (1) in the areas of the Local Councils established in the area of the authority of the Council, such persons as have been elected to be the councillors of those Local Councils, and
- (2) in the area of the authority of the Calabar Urban District Council, those persons whose names appear on the voters list of each ward prepared for elections to the Calabar Urban District Council in accordance with sections 44 to 58 of the Ordinance; and in force at the time of elections under this Instrument.

Provided that:

- (a) (i) in addition to the persons who are entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 44 of the Ordinance, those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or

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appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance (Cap. 54) in or for the area of the authority of the Council, for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax, shall be entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward;

- (ii) such persons shall claim to be registered as voters by delivering to the Council a notice in the form prescribed in the Second Schedule to the Instrument establishing the Calabar Urban District Council.
- (iii) such persons shall claim to be registered in the ward in which they reside, and no person shall be entitled to have his name placed on the voters' list of more than one ward.
- (b) Section 47 of the Ordinance shall, by virtue of the provisions of section 39 (2) of the Ordinance, be varied by the addition after the word "owner" wherever it occurs, of the words "or his authorised agent."
- (c) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that in the case of persons who are entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward by virtue of the proviso to sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph, only those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance (Cap. 54) in or for the area of the authority of the Council, and those persons exempted from paying tax in the area of the authority of the Council for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax, shall be entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward, and no wife or other adult member of the family of such persons shall be so entitled.

Distribution of number of councillors.

6. (1) Fourteen of the councillors shall be elected by the voters of the Calabar Urban District Council area, two councillors being elected to represent each ward as defined in the First Schedule to the Instrument establishing the Calabar Urban District Council.

(2) Twenty-three of the councillors shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the following Local Councils in accordance with the table set out below:—

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Ikot Omin ... ..	1
Ikot Ansa ... ..	1
Calabar Oil Palm Estate ... ..	2
Ikot Mbo Plantations ... ..	1
Atimbo ... ..	3
Ikot Edem Odo... ..	2
Ikot Nakanda ... ..	3
Ikang ... ..	3
Creek Town ... ..	2
Okoyong... ..	2
Ikoneto-Adiabo... ..	2
Odot ... ..	1

(3) Two of the councillors shall be appointed by the Etuboms, Muris and Ntoes of Calabar from among the four members appointed by the said Etuboms, Muris and Ntoes to be members of the Calabar Urban District Council.

(4) Two of the councillors shall be appointed by the Etuboms, Muris and Ntoes of the Calabar Western Rural District Council area from among the four members appointed by the said Etuboms, Muris and Ntoes to be members of the Calabar Western Rural District Council.

7. The elections of elected members from the Urban District Council area shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Part V of the Ordinance.

Elections by the wards of the Calabar District Council area.

8. The method of election by the persons elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council shall be as follows:—

Election by Local Councils: Returning Officer.

- (i) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.
- (ii) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
- (iii) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the County Council.
- (iv) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (v) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (vi) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (vii) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (viii) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (ix) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (x) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.

- (xi) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xiii) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (xi) or (xii) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xiv) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xiii) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (v), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (vi) to (xiii) inclusive.
- (xv) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (v) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xiv) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xvii) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xvi), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xix) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xxi) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxiii) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxiv) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates, if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate,

- (xxv) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxvi) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxvii) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xiv) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxvi) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxviii) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxix) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxviii) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraphs 7 and 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 31st days of March, 1953.

Date of first election, etc.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council by any Local Council.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Term of office of councillors.

- Election of Chairman. 13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish a Works Committee and an Education Committee.
- Functions. 15. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or by any other written law, the Council—
- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges, within the area of its authority excluding the area of the authority of the Calabar Urban District Council and excluding roads classified as Trunk Roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of Nigeria on the 31st March, 1953, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (ii) may perform throughout the area of the authority of the Council all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (8), (24); and
  - (iii) may perform, except in the area of the authority of the Calabar Urban District Council, all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(5), (7), (22), (25), (27), (28), (37), (40), (48), (62), (65), (66), (67), (74), (78), (80), (81), (82); and
  - (iv) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (v) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend any university or similar institution in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vi) may establish forest reserves and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vii) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any Cottage Hospital or of any ward of a hospital containing more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (viii) may make, alter or divert any roads, street drains and water courses within the area of its authority excluding the area of the authority of the Calabar Urban District Council in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.
- Precepts. 16. The Council may make a precept before the 31st May, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1954.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 12th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



E.R. Public Notice No. 86 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE AKPABUYO DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Akpabuyo District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the first day of April, 1953. Establishment of the Akpabuyo District Council.

2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the Atimbo Local Council, the Ikot Edem Odo Local Council, the Ikang Local Council and the Ikot Nakanda Local Council. Area of authority of the District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-five elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council. Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the following Local Councils in accordance with the table set out below:— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Name of Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Atimbo ... ..	9
Ikot Edem Odo... ..	6
Ikang ... ..	10
Ikot Nakanda ... ..	10

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows :— Method of election.

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and

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place of the election and of the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—  
 (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or  
 (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—  
 (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or  
 (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance, to become councillors, and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 31st days of March, 1953.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of Chairman.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Rating.

14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council :—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (63), (64), (68), (69), (70), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1952.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950) The

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ODUKPANI ROAD DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Odukpani Road District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the first day of April, 1953. Establishment of the Odukpani Road District Council.

2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seals.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the Calabar Oil Palm Estate Local Council, the Ikot Mbo Plantations Local Council, the Ikot Omin Local Council, and the Ikot Ansa Local Council. Area of authority of the District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-one elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council. Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the following Local Councils in accordance with the table set out below:— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Name of Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Calabar Oil Palm Estate ... ..	9
Ikot Mbo Plantations ... ..	7
Ikot Ansa ... ..	7
Ikot Omin ... ..	8

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows :—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and of the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.

- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance, to become councillors, and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

- Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.
9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.
- Date of first election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 31st days of March, 1953.
- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
- Term of office of councillors.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.
- Election of Chairman.
13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Rating.
14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of sections 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
- Functions.
15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council :—
- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
  - (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (63), (64), (68), (69), (70), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82) ; and
  - (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
  - (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
  - (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
  - (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
  - (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1952.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 88 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS  
WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF CALABAR

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils (hereinafter called "the Councils") set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto, shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Calabar upon the 1st day of April, 1953. Establishment of Councils.
2. The common seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seal.
3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages or camps set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of Councils.
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Constitution of Councils.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years. Qualification of voters.
6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village or camp in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by any village or camp or part of a village or camp shall be as follows :— Method of election.
  - (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of the quarter, community or village concerned fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that quarter, community or village to the Local Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (iv) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled, or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, an election shall be held in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and then fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates, if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed, the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as practicable for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance, to become councillors, and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first elections.

10. The first elections to the Councils shall be held between the dates set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto.

Term of office of councillors.

11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of Chairman.

12. The Chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Functions.

14. (1) In addition to those functions conferred upon Local Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(29), (34), (40), (41), (46), (49), (67), (78), (82) ; and

(2) May perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31) (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :

Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.

(3) The Councils may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Calabar Province as being of a communal nature.



Precepts.



15. The Council may make a precept before the 31st May, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1954.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1952,

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

SCHEDULE

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Number of councillors	4 Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereon	5 Dates of first election
Creek Town .. ..		22	Creek Town .. .. . 4 Ibunda .. .. . 3 Ifako .. .. . 1 Ukim Ita and Ebanya .. .. . 3 Ukpahata .. .. . 1 Ikot Obong .. .. . 1 Ikot Esu .. .. . 2 Mbombori .. .. . 1 Ikot Efa .. .. . 1 Obot Idim .. .. . 1 Ekpri Iyoki .. .. . 1 Eseku .. .. . 1 Ivoki .. .. . 1 Ikot Essien (Upper and Lower) .. 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.
Ikoneto-Adiabo .. ..		28	Adiabo .. .. . 4 Ikoneto .. .. . 4 Nkpara Otop and Atan .. .. . 1 Ikot Okon Abasi .. .. . 3 Ukem Ikot Nyong .. .. . 1 Edihiko .. .. . 1 Isong Inyang .. .. . 2 Ukem Ikot Ekpo Ene .. .. . 1 Ikot Antigha Esien .. .. . 1 Mbarakom Esin Ufot .. .. . 1 Ikot Efiio Eyo .. .. . 1 Ikot Efiok Ekpenyong .. .. . 2 Obot Eyo (Ndon and Oko- kon and Etak Uyo) .. .. . 1 Ikot Ibok .. .. . 1 Okimbe .. .. . 1 Ikot Ene and Eyo Okon .. .. . 1 Ikot Akpana .. .. . 1 Ikot Otudo .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Number of councillors	4 Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereon	5 Dates of first election
Okoyong .. ..		30	Okurikang .. .. 1 Osak and Usung Odot .. .. 1 Inua Akpa .. .. 3 Ikot Efiang Otop .. .. 1 Okpok Ikpa .. .. 2 Ikot Efiang Eba .. .. 1 Nkita and Akim Akim .. .. 1 Ekenge .. .. 1 Ifako .. .. 2 Nyakasang .. .. 2 Usang Abasi .. .. 1 Afaha .. .. 1 Uba Mbat and Usung Esuk .. .. 1 Akahkpa .. .. 2 Akpap .. .. 5 Oboroko .. .. 2 Usung Urua .. .. 2 Ndodua and Kaifa .. .. 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.
Odot .. ..		11	Ndon Nwong .. .. 2 Atan Odot .. .. 1 Akwa Ekim (Nan Koko) .. .. 1 Ekim Ebebit .. .. 1 Odot Uyi .. .. 1 Usung Esuk .. .. 1 Akwa Ikot .. .. 1 Usung Odot .. .. 1 Obio Asim .. .. 1 Otong Ediong and Esuk Ediong .. .. 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.




1



2

3


4


5


1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Number of councillors</i>	4 <i>Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereon</i>	5 <i>Dates of first election</i>
Calabar Oil Palm Estate		20	Western Division .. .. . 7 Eastern Division .. .. . 8 Field 20 Camp .. .. . 3 Field 21 Camp and Clerical .. 2	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.
Ikot Mbo Plantations ..		18	Camp D 4 .. .. . 8 Camp B .. .. . 3 Five-Mile Camp .. .. . 3 Esuk Otu (Field 1) .. .. . 3 Banga Camp.. .. . 1	do.
Ikot Omin .. ..		18	Ikot Omin .. .. . 4 Ikot Efanga .. .. . 3 Ikot Ene Obong .. .. . 1 Ikot Nkebre .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekpo .. .. . 2 Adiabo .. .. . 1 Esuk Itiat .. .. . 1 Etankpani .. .. . 1 Odukpani .. .. . 1 Akim Akim .. .. . 2 Ikot Okon Archibong .. .. . 1	do.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Number of councillors	4 Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereon	5 Dates of first election
Ikot Ansa .. ..		22	Ishie Town .. .. . 2 Ikot Ansa .. .. . 5 Ikot Akasuk and Ikot Efiang Nta .. 1 Idundu .. .. . 2 Esuk Utan .. .. . 1 Ekorinim .. .. . 2 Ikot Uduak .. .. . 1 Ikot Eyo .. .. . 1 Ikot Nsisuk .. .. . 1 Ikot Abasi Obori .. .. . 1 Ekot Efa Etim .. .. . 1 Ikot Eka Edem .. .. . 1 Ikot Efi Akabom .. .. . 1 Anyana Nso .. .. . 1 Orok Ekung .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.
Atimbo .. .. .		42	Atimasam .. .. . 2 Etomkpe Yellow Duke .. .. . 3 Etomkpe Edem Mmong .. .. . 1 Etomkpe Archibong .. .. . 1 Akwa Ikot Efanga Urua Ndung .. 6 Esit Ikot Efanga Offiong .. .. . 2 Ekpri Ikot Efanga .. .. . 1 Mbebu .. .. . 1 Ikot Efiokon Etim .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekpo Ene .. .. . 1 Ikot Ndarake .. .. . 1 Ikot Oyom .. .. . 1 Ikot Abasi Efiom .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekanem Nya .. .. . 1 Ikot Umo Edem .. .. . 1 Atimbo .. .. . 2 Anwa Enang Edem Efiom .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekpri Edem .. .. . 1 Ikot Asuquo Edem .. .. . 1 Ikot Offiong Ambai .. .. . 2 Ikot Edem Ndarake .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Number of councillors	4 Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereon	5 Dates of first election
Atimbo—continued ..		42	Ekpene Tete and Ikot Offiong Owo 2 Ikot Ewa Efom and Ikot Odo .. 1 Ikot Ubah .. .. . 1 Ifondo .. .. . 1 Ikot Asuquo Ukut .. .. . 1 Esuk Ekpo Eyo .. .. . 2 Ikot Ansa Asibong .. .. . 1 Oton .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.
Ikot Edem Odo ..		29	Ikot Edem Odo .. .. . 3 Ikot Ekpo Eyo .. .. . 1 Nkakat Effiong Essien .. .. . 2 Esuk Mba .. .. . 2 Ekpri Ikot Ene .. .. . 2 Usung Idim Yellow Duke .. .. . 2 Ikot Ekong .. .. . 2 Ikot Obo .. .. . 1 Esuk Mbat No. 1 .. .. . 1 Esuk Mbat No. 2 .. .. . 1 Ikot Edet Archibong .. .. . 1 Ikot Efiang Eniang .. .. . 1 Ikot Nkok Anie .. .. . 2 Ikot Ekriba .. .. . 1 Esin Ufot Eyamba .. .. . 1 Ekpene Ikot Edet Nsa .. .. . 1 Ekpene Ikot Okon Idem .. .. . 1 Ikot Efi Edem Efa .. .. . 1 Ekpri Ikot Umo .. .. . 1 Ekpri Nsidung .. .. . 1 Ikot Akpa .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Number of councillors	4 Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereof	5 Dates of first election
Ikot Nakanda .. ..		38	Ikot Nakanda .. .. . 1 Okoroba Oyo Ita .. .. . 1 Ikot Udo Otu .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekpo Essien .. .. . 1 Idebe Ikot Essien .. .. . 1 Idebe Offiong Umo .. .. . 3 Idebe Ikot Esu .. .. . 1 Ikot Efo Enang .. .. . 1 Ikot Anasua .. .. . 1 Ikot Oko Ekpenyong and Ikot Efo Enang .. .. . 1 Ikot Edem Ita .. .. . 1 Ikot Eyo Edem .. .. . 2 Ifiang King Duke .. .. . 2 Esit Ikit Edet Nsa and Esin Ufo .. .. . 1 Ikot Okon Idem .. .. . 2 Ikot Ebissa .. .. . 1 Ikot Inyang and Otu .. .. . 1 Ikot Asuquo Effiong Anye and Essien .. .. . 1 Akwa Obio Inwang .. .. . 3 Ikot Mbakara .. .. . 1 Nyomo Idibi .. .. . 1 Ikot Oyom Eneyo .. .. . 1 Ikot Adiaha Eneyo .. .. . 1 Abakot Eneyo .. .. . 1 Ikot Otu Namso and Edem Nsa Abakot .. .. . 2 Ikot Mbang and Edem Ntifo .. .. . 1 Ikot Nkese .. .. . 2 Ikot Etim Inyang and Efre .. .. . 1 Ekpene Ikot Efo Enang .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Number of councilors	4 Villages or Camps whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council and representation thereon	5 Dates of first election
Ikang .. .. .		41	Ikang .. .. . 4 Ekpri Ikang and Ikang Efo Ekpe.. 2 Edik Idim Ikot Efanga .. .. . 2 Efut Edik Idim Ikot Eyi .. .. . 1 Esighi (Kukubarakpa and Antigha) 2 Ikot Antigha Ene, Abasi Ene and Ene Uyi 1 Ikot Enene .. .. . 1 Ikot Nkpang .. .. . 1 Idua Inyang .. .. . 1 Ekpene Esuk No. 1 .. .. . 1 Ekpene Esuk No. 2 .. .. . 1 Efut Abua No. 1 .. .. . 2 Efut Abua No. 2 .. .. . 1 Esit Ikot Nsidung .. .. . 1 Esin Ufot Nsidung .. .. . 2 Ikot Adiaha and Inyang, Nsidung.. 1 Akwa Obio Inwang Nsidung .. .. . 2 Abakpa Efo Ase and Ekpri Obio.. 1 Ekpri Obutong .. .. . 1 Obutong Abasi Eke .. .. . 1 Ikot Efiodiong Ene .. .. . 2 Ikot Abok Efiom (Oboko) .. .. . 1 Ikot Inwang Okpo and Okon Ekpri Inwang 2 Ifiang Nsung .. .. . 2 Edik Okon Idem .. .. . 1 Esuk Okon .. .. . 2 Esuk Aye .. .. . 1 Usung Esuk Efo Obori .. .. . 1	Between 2nd of January, and 15th of March, 1953.

*E.R. Public Notice No. 89 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS  
WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF ABA •

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the area of the administrative division of ABA upon the 1st day of April, 1953. Establishment of Local Councils.
2. The common seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seals.
3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of the Council.
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Constitution of Councils.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years. Qualification of voters.
6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of Owerri Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any village shall be as follows :— Method of election.
  - (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
  - (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
  - (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :

Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.

- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.

- (xiv) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xv) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xvi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates, if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xviii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xix) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xx) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xix) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.


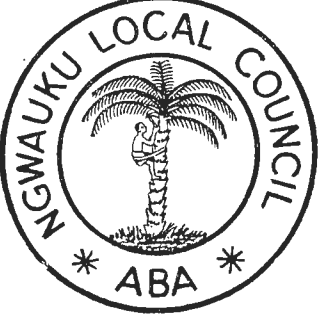
Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

- Date of first elections. 10. The first elections to the Councils shall be held between the dates set out in the sixth column of the Schedule hereto.
- Term of office of councillors. 11. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years, provided that in the first three years of the establishment of the councils, councillors shall retire in accordance with the following table :—
- (i) On 25th March, 1954, the whole number of the councillors of the following Local Councils, Okporo Ahaba, Aba-Na-Ohazu, Amavor, Arongwa, Mbutu Umuojima, Ahiaba-Na-Abayi, Mgboko Amairi, Mgboko Umuanunu.
  - (ii) On 25th March, 1955, the whole number of the councillors of the following Local Councils, Ntigha, Ngwauku, Ngwaobi, Amaise, Umuoha, Uratta, Osokwa, Mgboko Itungwa, Ndiakata.
  - (iii) On 25th March, 1956, the whole number of the councillors of the following Local Councils, Mvosi, Ovungwu, Ugwunagbo, Amasa, Ohanze, Ibeme, Akuma Imo.
- (2) The councillors retiring on the dates named in sub-paragraph (1) above shall be replaced on the date on which they retire by newly elected councillors, who shall come into office on that date :
- Provided that the retiring councillors shall, unless they shall have ceased to be qualified, be eligible for re-election.
- (3) The councillors who come into office on 25th March, 1954, 25th March, 1955, and 25th March, 1956, shall, in accordance with sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph and subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, serve for a full period of three years unless they either cease to be qualified or become disqualified.
- Election of Chairman. 12. The Chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.
- Functions. 14. No specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law ; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Owerri Province as being of a communal nature.
- Precepts. 15. The Local Councils may make a precept before 31st May, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1954.

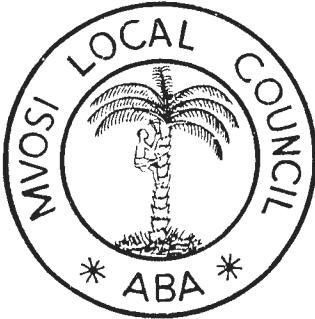

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 8th day of December, 1952.




C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority




SCHEDULE


1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representa- tion of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Ntigha ... ..		Avor .. .. Umukalu .. .. Umuekpe .. .. Umuogele .. .. Umunachi .. .. Amapu .. .. Egbelu-Eziama .. .. Orianaugaa-Eziama .. ..	39	4 3 2 2 2 9 9 8	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Ngwauku ... ..		Umuolike .. .. Abayi .. .. Ahiaba-Okpuala .. .. Ahiaba-Ubi .. .. Amaorji .. .. Osusu .. .. Ihie .. .. Amapu .. .. Iheorji .. .. Obikabia .. .. Umuichima .. .. Amauzu .. ..	52	3 7 5 5 6 6 7 1 1 3 5 3	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.





1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	4 Number of councillors	5 Representa- tion of villages	6 Date of first election
Mvosi .. .. .		Amaku .. .. . Amaiyi .. .. . Ebei .. .. . Ikem .. .. . Nkputuke .. .. . Eziana .. .. . Mgbokonta .. .. . Obuba .. .. . Ohuhuckwuru .. .. . Umuada .. .. . Umuehim .. .. . Umuohia .. .. . Ndiolumbe I .. .. . Ndiolumbe II .. .. . Umunkpei .. .. . Umuejea .. .. . Umueteghe .. .. . Umunevo .. .. . Umuezue .. .. . Unihu .. .. . Umuokiri .. .. . Umuko .. .. . Umuguru .. .. . Ntigha Umuogele .. .. .	49	2 3 2	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Ngwaobi .. .. .		Umuala .. .. . Amaudara .. .. . Umueme .. .. . Umuezeorji .. .. . Umunta .. .. . Umuebi .. .. . Umuwoma .. .. .	17	4 4 2 1 4 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	4 Number of councillors	5 Representa- tion of villages	6 Date of first election
Amaise .. .. .		Umuekene .. .. . Aga .. .. . Nneoyi .. .. . Amaokpu .. .. . Umuwanda .. .. .	27	6 6 9 3 3	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Ovungwu .. .. .		Ovungwu .. .. . Amaede .. .. . Ngwama .. .. . Umuaja .. .. . Umuakpo .. .. . Umuapu I .. .. . Umuapu II .. .. . Umuejije .. .. . Umuihi .. .. . Umuokoro I .. .. . Umuokoro II .. .. . Umuotiri .. .. . Agbaragwu .. .. . Okpungwu .. .. .	53	5 3 3 4 3 6 4 2 4 3 5 2 4 5	do.
Umuoha .. .. .		Uratta-Umuarandu .. .. . Amaputa .. .. . Uratta-Eziama .. .. . Amapu .. .. . Ichi .. .. . Amaekpu .. .. .	37	6 3 7 11 4 6	do.




1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	4 Number of councillors	5 Representa- tion of villages	6 Date of first election
Okporo Ahaba .. ..		Umuajuju .. .. . Umunvo .. .. . Umuoko .. .. . Mgbedeala .. .. . Okpuhie .. .. . Umuacha .. .. . Mbah .. .. . Mkpuka .. .. . Umuohie .. .. . Umuika .. .. . Umuakuma .. .. . Amauke .. .. . Umuenerere .. .. . Mbutu .. .. .	56	5 4 3 5 4 4 5 5 5 5 4 3 1 3	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Amasa .. .. .		Umuobasi .. .. . Ibeku .. .. . Mbutunta .. .. . Amapu Umuekebi .. .. . Umuichima .. .. . Umuimo .. .. . Amazu .. .. . Umuihuma .. .. .	27	4 4 3 3 2 7 3 1	do.
Ugwunagbo .. ..		Abayi Nchokoro .. .. . Umuamaoke .. .. . Akanu .. .. . Alaoji .. .. . Amapu Ukebe .. .. . Asa Nnentu .. .. . Asa Umunka .. .. . Asa Amaiho .. .. . Amazu Amaikoro .. .. .	47	3 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1	do.

1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Name of Local Council</i>	<i>Common Seal</i>	<i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	<i>Number of councillors</i>	<i>Representa- tion of villages</i>	<i>Date of first election</i>
Ugwunagbo— <i>continued</i>		Osusu Umuelendu .. .. . Osusu Aku .. .. . Ukebe .. .. . Umuaja .. .. . Umugo .. .. . Mkpunkpu Evula .. .. . Ozah .. .. . Owerri Aba .. .. . Umuchuku .. .. . Ihie .. .. . Amapu Ihie .. .. . Umuodo .. .. . Obegu .. .. . Obeaja .. .. . Umuakwa .. .. . Ngwaiyiekwe .. .. . Umuakama .. .. . Amavor .. .. .	47	1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 5 1 2 6 2 1 2 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Aba-Na-Ohazu ..		Aba Ukwu * .. .. . Akoli † .. .. . Asa Okpuaja † .. .. . Iheorji † .. .. . Nnentu † .. .. . Eziama † .. .. . Ndiegoro * † .. .. . Ohabiam .. .. . Osusu Aba .. .. . Umuagbai .. .. . Umuogeze .. .. . Umuokporji * .. .. . Umuneisi .. .. . Umuakpakarankuru .. .. . Umumba .. .. . Umuosi .. .. . Eziuku Aba † .. .. . Obuda Aba .. .. .	34	3 1 3 2 3 1 4 4 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

\* Part of village outside Urban District Council area J Ward.  
 † Includes Stranger Communities.  
 ‡ Part of village outside Urban District Council area H Ward.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	4 Number of councillors	5 Representa- tion of villages	6 Date of first election
Mbutu-Umuojima ..		Umuojima Ogbu .. .. Mbutu .. .. Ala Ukwu .. .. Umuidigha .. .. Abayi Ogbuligba .. .. Ariaria .. .. Asa Amaoka .. .. Asia Umumgbede .. .. Umudi .. .. Umuojima Okereke .. .. Oberere .. .. Umuocheala .. .. Umuozero .. ..	37	5 3 2 2 2 3 2 4 3 4 3 1 3	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Arongwa .. ..		Okpuala Aro .. .. Umuarakpa .. .. Umuotu .. .. Umueje .. .. Umuonyeukwu .. .. Umuohia .. .. Obiekwensu .. .. Umuka I .. .. Umuka II .. ..	26	5 2 2 2 2 2 5 4 2	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representa- tion of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Uratta .. .. .		Abayi Ugwuala .. .. Amapu Ife .. .. Amaogwugwu .. .. Ibibi .. .. Umuagbaghi .. .. Umuakpara .. .. Umuduru .. .. Umuikea .. .. Umueze .. .. Umuochem .. .. Umungasi .. .. Umuode .. .. Umudu .. .. Umuoyoro .. .. Umuokiri .. .. Uratta .. .. Umuobo .. .. Umuara .. .. Umuagwa .. .. Umuokoro .. .. Uwor-Umuosi .. ..	58	4 3 2 1 2 12 2 1 3 3 2 3 1 5 2 2 3 2 1 1 3	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Osokwa .. .. .		Okpuala .. .. Akpa .. .. Amankwu .. .. Umucheagu .. .. Umuobiloha .. .. Umuohia .. ..	32	4 9 7 2 5 5	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.



1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representa- tion of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Amavor... ..		Umuoyonta .. .. Umuekpe .. .. Umuokorochoa .. .. Umunwankwoala .. .. Umudaba .. .. Osiloji .. .. Amapu .. .. Okpuala .. .. Umuru .. .. Amauzo .. .. Umumba .. ..	37	3 3 4 4 3 3 3 5 3 3 3	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Mgboko-Amairi ..		Mgboko Umuobo .. .. Obette .. .. Ofokobe .. .. Umuarughu .. .. Umuette .. .. Umuezi .. .. Umuocho .. .. Umuotu .. .. Umunkpi .. .. Eziamf .. .. Umunwankwo .. .. Umuikeaba .. .. Amauzu na Umuaba ..	41	5 6 3 2 7 2 5 3 2 2 1 1 2	do.
Mgboko-Umuuanunu ..		Ekwereazu .. .. Azuogugu .. .. Isikor .. .. Mgboko Anya .. .. Nnenu .. .. Ntigha .. .. Umuuanunu .. .. Umuaro .. .. Umuebi .. .. Umunkiri .. .. Umuokahia .. .. Umuopara .. .. Umuopara Egbelu .. .. Umuomei .. .. Umuuaba .. ..	53	4 3 3 2 6 5 2 3 1 7 3 4 2 5 3	do.





Umuro	2
Umuebi	3
Umunkiri	7
Umuokahia	3
Umuopara	4
Umuopara Egbelu	2
Umuomei	5
Umuhuaba	3

1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representation of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Mgboko-Itungwa ..		Agburuike .. .. . Akanu Afa .. .. . Akanu Okpulo .. .. . Avoh .. .. . Ikalla Umuedeagwu .. .. . Ichi .. .. . Itu Ikalla .. .. . Itungwa I .. .. . Itungwa II .. .. . Itukpa .. .. . Mbutu .. .. . Osa .. .. . Mgboko Osa .. .. . Umuoria .. .. . Umulelu .. .. . Ohanze-Umuire .. .. .	51	5 5 3 3 2 1 5 3 3 5 1 6 2 3 2 2	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Ohanze .. .. .		Agburuke .. .. . Ezieama .. .. . Ohanze-Isiahia: (a) Isiahia .. .. . (b) Umoji .. .. . (c) Umujaghari .. .. . (d) Mgboko-Umuejioko-Umuagada .. .. . (e) Umungwa-Umuimea-Umumbereugo .. .. . Owor .. .. . Umuakatawom .. .. . Umuakoma .. .. . Umudim .. .. . Umuechi .. .. . Umueke .. .. . Umuezigbe .. .. . Umuike .. .. . Umuobiakwa .. .. . Umuoru .. .. . Umugwuala .. .. . Amapu .. .. .	46	3 1 2 1 1 2 2 10 3 1 1 1 2 3 5 2 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.



1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representation of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Ndiakata .. .. .		Umuokpo .. .. . Amaude .. .. . Obeama .. .. . Agburuke .. .. . Umuogbala and Ekwereazu Onicha .. .. . Umulelu .. .. . Opara .. .. . Umuomai .. .. . Nlagu .. .. . Umuaja-Akata .. .. . Umuiroma .. .. . Umuodu .. .. . Ezido na Ife .. .. . Umudosi .. .. . Umuowaoma .. .. . Umuokerekengwa .. .. . Owor Elu .. .. . Umuokenyi .. .. . Ntigha .. .. . Umuaja .. .. . Umuadibia .. .. . Umuobe .. .. . Umuedi .. .. . Umuleluikpe .. .. .	48	3 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 7 3 2 2 2 1 2 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 2	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Ahiaba-na-Abayi .. .. .		Abala .. .. . Iheorji .. .. . Ohuru Amaiyi .. .. . Amangwu .. .. . Osa Okea .. .. . Ohuru Umuekwensu .. .. . Osusu Umuikpegi .. .. . Umuagu .. .. . Umuariamā .. .. . Umueme .. .. . Umu alike .. .. . Umuobassi Ugwu .. .. . Umuohia .. .. . Umuokahia .. .. . Abayi Ohanze .. .. . Umuorukwu .. .. .	48	1 2 1 1 3 4 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representa- tion of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Ahiaba-na-Abayi— <i>contd.</i>		Abayi Owuahia .. .. Abayi Umuokoro-Ato .. .. Alaoji .. .. Amaoji .. .. Ehere .. .. Ntigha .. .. Osusu Amaukwa .. .. Umuochor .. .. Ukpakiri .. .. Umuola Egbelu .. .. Umuola Okpulo .. .. Ahiaba Ubi.. .. Umuibe .. .. Umuojima .. .. Umuelendu .. .. Umuokea .. .. Umuafor .. .. Obeala .. ..	48	2 3 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Akuma Imo .. ..		Ovom I .. .. Ovom II .. .. Umuomai .. .. Agburuke .. .. Akoli .. ..	29	6 9 5 5 4	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

1 <i>Name of Local Council</i>	2 <i>Common Seal</i>	3 <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	4 <i>Number of councillors</i>	5 <i>Representa- tion of villages</i>	6 <i>Date of first election</i>
Ibeme .. .. .		Ohanze Umungwo .. .. . Abala .. .. . Oberete .. .. . Obete Ukwu .. .. . Obete Umuoha .. .. . Abala Nkomiri .. .. . Obete Nchina .. .. . Okuenyi .. .. . Ntighauzo: (a) Okpuamanku .. .. . (b) Ifereife .. .. . (c) Umuogele .. .. . (d) Umuaguma .. .. . (e) Eziama .. .. . (f) Amauvuru .. .. . (g) Amapu .. .. . (h) Umuali .. .. . Abam Nsulu .. .. .	50	1 9 7 5 5 3 3 3  3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

E.R. Public Notice No. 90 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Southern Ngwa District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1953.
2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device :—

Establishment of Southern Ngwa District Council. Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils :—

Ugwunagbo	Amavor
Aba-Na-Ohazu	Amasa
Uratta	Arongwa
Mbutu Umuojima	Osokwa

Area of authority of the District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-six elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas in accordance with the following table :—

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Members</i>
Ugwunagbo ... ..	11
Aba-Na-Ohazu ... ..	4
Uratta ... ..	8
Mbutu Umuojima ... ..	3
Amavor ... ..	3
Amasa ... ..	2
Arongwa ... ..	2
Osokwa ... ..	3

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Overri Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officer.

- (2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows :—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.

- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xiv) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xv) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xvi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xviii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xix) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xx) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xix) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

Date of first election. 10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 14th day of February, 1953, and the 25th day of March, 1953.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors. 12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years, provided that in the first three years of the establishment of the councils, councillors shall retire in accordance with the following table :—

<i>Date</i>	<i>Local Councils whose representatives in District Council shall retire</i>
25th March, 1954 ...	Aba-Na-Ohazu, Amavor, Arongwa, Mbutu Umuojima.
25th March, 1955 ...	Uratta, Osokwa.
25th March, 1956 ...	Ugwunagbo, Amasa.

(2) The councillors shall retire from office as provided in section 31 (1) of the Ordinance, and the councillors who shall retire at the end of the first and second years of the establishment of the Council shall be determined by lot.

Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Rating. 14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions. 15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council :—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (37), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82) and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance ;  
 Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enygu this 11th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R. Public Notice No. 91 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE EASTERN  
NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Eastern Ngwa District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1953.

Establishment of Eastern Ngwa District Council.

2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device :—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils :—

Area of the authority of District Council.

Mgboko Amairi	Ndiakata
Mgboko Itungwa	Akuma Imo
Mgboko Umuanunu	Ibeme
Ohanze	Ahiaba-Na-Abayi

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-three elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Councils shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas in accordance with the following table :—

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Members</i>
Mgboko Amairi ... ..	3
Mgboko Itungwa ... ..	5
Mgboko Umuanunu ... ..	5
Ohanze ... ..	4
Ndiakata ... ..	4
Akuma Imo ... ..	3
Ibeme ... ..	5
Ahiaba-Na-Abayi ... ..	4

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Overri Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows :—

Method of election.



- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.

- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

Date of first election. 10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 14th day of February, 1953, and the 25th day of March, 1953.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors. 12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years, provided that in the first three years of the establishment of the Councils, councillors shall retire in accordance with the following table :—

Date	Local Councils whose representatives in District Council shall retire
25th March, 1954 ...	Ahiaba-Na-Abayi, Mgboko Amairi, Mgboko Umuanunu.
25th March, 1955 ...	Mgboko Itungwa, Ndiakata.
25th March, 1956 ...	Ohanze, Ibeme, Akuma Imo.

(2) The councillors shall retire from office as provided in section 31 (1) of the Ordinance, and the councillors who shall retire at the end of the first and second years of the establishment of the Council shall be determined by lot.

Election of Chairman. 13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Rating. 14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions. 15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council :—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (37), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82) ; and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance :  
 Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment, and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

MADP by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 11th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
 Regional Authority

E.R. Public Notice No. 92 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ABA URBAN  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Aba Urban District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established on the 1st day of April, 1953.

Establishment of Aba Urban District Council.

2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area described in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of the Council.

4. The Council shall consist of thirty elected members.

Constitution.

5. The thirty elected members shall be elected from the nine wards described in the Second Schedule to this Instrument, in accordance with the table set out below:—

Wards.

Ward	Number of Councillors to be elected
A	4
B	4
C	3
D	4
E	3
F-G	3
H	3
I	3
J	3

6. (1) The persons who are entitled to elect the members (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear on the voters' list for each ward prepared in accordance with sections 44 to 58 of the Ordinance;

Voters.

Provided that—

- (a) (i) in addition to the persons who are entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 44 of the Ordinance, those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance (Cap. 54) in or for the area of the authority of the Council, and those persons exempted from paying tax in the area of the authority of the Council for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax shall be entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward;
- (ii) such persons shall claim to be registered as voters by delivering to the Council a notice in the form prescribed in the Third Schedule to this Instrument;
- (iii) such persons shall claim to be registered in the ward in which they reside, and no person shall be entitled to have his name placed on the voters' list of more than one ward.
- (b) Section 47 of the Ordinance shall, by virtue of the provisions of section 39 (2) of the Ordinance, be varied by the addition after the word "owner" wherever it occurs, of the words "or his authorised agent."

(2) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that in the case of persons who are entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward by virtue of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, only those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance (Cap. 54) in or for the area of the authority of the Council, and those persons exempted from paying tax in the area of the authority of the Council for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax shall be entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward and no wife or other adult member of the family of such persons shall be so entitled.

Elections.

7. The elections shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Part V of the Ordinance:

Provided that, for the first elections to the Council, the provisions of Part V of the Ordinance shall, by virtue of the provisions of section 39 (2) of the Ordinance, be varied to the extent set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

Term of office of councillors.

8. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Committees.

9. So soon as may be, the Council shall establish standing committees for:
- (i) Health and Buildings.
  - (ii) Roads and Works.
  - (iii) Markets.

Rates.

10. The Council may make and levy a rate in accordance with the provisions of section 138 of the Ordinance in Wards A, B, C, D, E and F-G, and in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) of the Ordinance in Wards H, I and J.

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11. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council:—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(9), (10), (13), (14), (15), (32), (34), (39), (43), (44); and
- (ii) shall regulate the use of inflammable material in accordance with paragraph (16) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) shall regulate the making of borrow pits or other excavations in accordance with paragraph (19) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) shall maintain markets and prohibit the erection of stalls in places other than markets in accordance with paragraph (31) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) shall manage, license and control slaughter houses in accordance with paragraph (42) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) shall control the hawking of wares in accordance with paragraph (55) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) shall maintain roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges and street drains, excluding roads classified as Trunk Roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of the Government of Nigeria on the 31st March, 1953, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (viii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (11), (12), (17), (18), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (33), (36), (38), (40), (41), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (50), (51), (52), (53), (54), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (63), (64), (66), (67), (68), (69), (70), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (ix) may prohibit the use of any inflammable material in the construction or repair of any building in accordance with paragraph (16) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (x) may prohibit the making of borrow pits or other excavations in accordance with paragraph (19) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xi) may build, equip, open or close markets in accordance with paragraph (31) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xii) may build slaughter houses in accordance with paragraph (42) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xiii) may prohibit or restrict the hawking of wares in accordance with paragraph (55) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xiv) may make, alter and divert roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges and street drains, excluding roads classified as Trunk Roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of the Government of Nigeria on 31st March, 1953, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### DESCRIPTION OF URBAN DISTRICT BOUNDARY

##### *(Paragraph 3 of the Instrument)*

The limits of the township of Aba as shown on that portion edged yellow on the plan of the said township signed by the Governor on the 27th day of December, 1933, and deposited in the office of the Inspector-General of Surveys at Lagos.

Order No. 51  
of 1933.

The Urban District adjacent to the township of Aba and which is edged pink on the above mentioned plan.

Order No. 17  
of 1944. The limits of the Urban District adjacent to Aba Township as shown by the lines edged purple in plan Aba No. 161 signed by the Governor on the 20th day of July, 1944, and deposited in the office of the Inspector-General of Surveys at Lagos, as increased by the addition thereto of the area edged pink in plan Aba No. 170 signed by the Governor on the 24th day of March, 1950, and deposited in the office of the Inspector-General of Surveys at Lagos.

Order No. 12  
of 1951. The limits of the Southern Urban District adjacent to Aba Township as shown by the lines coloured pink on plan Aba No. 178 signed by the Governor on the 23rd day of April, 1951, and deposited in the office of the Inspector-General of Surveys at Lagos.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*(Paragraph 5 of the Instrument)*

The following shall be the boundaries of the nine wards in the area of the Aba Urban District Council:—

*Ward A.*—Starting from the junction of Asa Road and Hundred Foot Road; thence in a westerly direction along the middle of Hundred Foot Road for about 2,300 feet to the Eastern Nigerian Railway; thence in a north-easterly direction following the line of the railway for about 2,000 feet to pillar G.688; thence following the Aba Township boundary in a north-westerly direction to pillar 9627; thence northerly; thence north-easterly; thence easterly through pillars 9667, 9668, 9669, 9670, and 2513 to pillar 02456; thence following the Urban District Boundary as defined in Order No. 7 of 1950 to pillar N.E.R. 171; thence following the Township Boundary in a south-westerly direction to pillar K.3001; thence southerly through pillars K.2002, 2348 to pillar 2861; thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of about 1,400 feet to pillar G.629; thence in a straight line south-westerly for about 1,250 feet to the junction of Factory Road and Asa Road; thence following the middle of Asa Road to the junction with Hundred Foot Road, which was the point of origin.

*Ward B.*—Starting from the junction of Asa Road and Hundred Foot Road, thence along the middle of Asa Road in a south-westerly direction for a distance of about 3,500 feet to the Aba Township boundary; thence in a westerly direction following the Township boundary for a distance of about 2,500 feet to pillar 7P; thence in a north-easterly direction following the line of the Nigerian Eastern Railway for a distance of about 3,600 feet to Hundred Foot Road; thence in an easterly direction along the middle of Hundred Foot Road to the junction with Asa Road, which was the point of origin.

*Ward C.*—Starting from the junction of Asa Road and Hundred Foot Road thence in a general north-easterly direction along the middle of Asa Road for a distance of about 1,700 feet to the junction with Park Road; thence in an easterly direction along the middle of Park Road for about 1,100 feet to the junction of Gloucester Street; thence in a southerly direction along the middle of Gloucester Street for about 1,300 feet to the junction of Hundred Foot Road; thence in a westerly direction along the middle of Hundred Foot Road for about 2,000 feet to the junction with Asa Road, which was the point of origin.

*Ward D.*—Starting from the junction of Asa Road and Hundred Foot Road; thence in an easterly direction along the middle of Hundred Foot Road for about 2,000 feet to the junction with Gloucester Street; thence in a southerly direction along the middle of Gloucester Street for about 1,600 feet to the junction of School Road; thence in a westerly direction along the middle of School Road for about 2,100 feet to the junction of Old Court Street; thence in a southerly direction along the middle of Old Court Street for about 1,300 feet to the Township boundary; thence following the Township boundary in a westerly direction for about 1,800 feet to Asa Road; thence in a north-easterly direction along the middle of Asa Road for about 3,500 feet to the junction with Hundred Foot Road which was the point of origin.

*Ward E.*—Starting from the junction of Hundred Foot Road and Gloucester Street in a northerly direction along the middle of Gloucester Street for about 1,300 feet to the junction with Park Road; thence in a westerly direction along the middle of Park Road for about 1,100 feet to the junction with Asa Road; thence in a general north-easterly direction along the middle of Asa Road for about 1,200 feet to the junction with Factory Road; thence in a straight line north-easterly for about 1,250 feet to pillar G.269; thence in a north-easterly direction for about 1,400 feet to the Township boundary at pillar 2861; thence following the Township boundary in a general south-easterly direction through pillars K.3003, K.3004 and 2863, and along the right bank of the Aba River for a distance of about 4,500 feet to a point opposite the end of Hundred Foot Road; thence in a westerly direction along the middle of Hundred Foot Road for about 3,000 feet to the junction with Gloucester Street which was the point of origin.

*Ward F-G.*—Starting from the junction of Hundred Foot Road and Gloucester Street; thence in an easterly direction along the middle of Hundred Foot Road for about 3,000 feet to the Township boundary at a point opposite the end of Hundred Foot Road on the right bank of the Aba River; thence in a general south-easterly direction following the Township boundary along the right bank of the Aba River for a distance of about 3,600 feet to pillar G.267; thence in a westerly direction following the Township boundary for about 7,200 feet to Old Court Street; thence in a northerly direction along the middle of Old Court Street for about 13,000 feet to the junction with School Road; thence in an easterly direction along the middle of School Road for about 2,100 feet to the junction of Gloucester Street; thence in a northerly direction along the middle of Gloucester Street for about 1,600 feet to the junction of Hundred Foot Road, which was the point of origin.

*Ward H.*—The area declared an Urban District and defined in Order No. 17 of 1944 as increased by Order No. 7 of 1950. *See* the First Schedule to this Instrument.

*Ward I.*—The area declared an Urban District and defined in Order No. 51 of 1933. *See* the First Schedule to this Instrument.

*Ward J.*—The area declared the Southern Urban District and defined in Order No. 12 of 1951. *See* the First Schedule to this Instrument.

### THIRD SCHEDULE

(Paragraph 6 (1) of the Instrument)

Claim to be registered as a voter by person whose name appears on the Tax Nominal Rolls or who has been exempted from payment of Tax.



To.....

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL, ABA.

I.....of.....  
(Insert full name in BLOCK LETTERS) (Insert Address in BLOCK LETTERS)  
hereby give you notice that I claim to have my name inserted in the List of Voters for  
the Aba Urban District Council, for Ward.....(insert Ward).

I hereby declare that my qualifications are as follows:—

Strike out  
whichever  
does not  
apply.

(a) my name appears on the nominal rolls approved by the tax  
collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions  
of the Direct Taxation Ordinance in or for the area of the authority  
of the Aba Urban District Council.

(b) I have been exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other  
than that I am too young to pay tax.

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
Signature

FOURTH SCHEDULE

(Proviso to Paragraph 7 of the Instrument)

Variations in the provisions of Part V of the Ordinance for the purpose of the first  
elections only.

Section 44 (1) (a), line 1. For "the 1st day of October in any year" read "the 1st  
day of January, 1953."

Section 44 (1) (a), line 2. For "rates ledgers for the current year kept in the offices  
of the Council" read "rates ledgers for the financial year 1952-53 kept in the offices of  
the Local Authority of the Township of Aba."

Section 44 (1) (b), line 1. For "on the 1st day of October in any year" read "on the  
1st day of January, 1953."

Section 44 (1) (c), line 1. For "on the 1st day of October in any year" read "on the  
1st day of January, 1953."

Section 45 (1), line 1. For "the 1st day of October in each year" read "the 1st day  
of January, 1953."

Sections 48 and 50. As there are no voters' lists in force, these sections are inoperative.

Section 51 (1), line 1. For "the 15th day of November in each year" read "the 14th  
day of February, 1953."

Section 58 (2), line 4. For "the year commencing from the 1st day of January next  
following the preparation of such lists" read "the first elections and for by-elections  
held on or before the 31st of December, 1953."

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 8th day of December, 1952.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 93 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ABA-NGWA  
COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Aba-Ngwa County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1953. Establishment of Aba-Ngwa County Council.
2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device :— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area comprising :— Area of the authority of the Council.
- (a) the area of the authority of the Aba Urban District Council, and
- (b) the area of the authority of the following Local Councils :—
- |         |                |                 |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|
| Nsulu   | Umuoha         | Osokwa          |
| Ntigha  | Okporo-Ahaba   | Mgboko Amairi   |
| Ngwauku | Ugwunagbo      | Mgboko Itungwa  |
| Mvosi   | Aba-Na-Ohazu   | Mgboko Umuanunu |
| Mbutu   | Uratta         | Ohanze          |
| Ngwaobi | Mbutu-Umuojima | Ndiakata        |
| Amaise  | Amavor         | Akuma Imo       |
| Ovuokwu | Amasa          | Ibeme           |
| Ovungwu | Arongwa        | Ahiaba-Na-Abayi |
4. The Council shall consist of forty-eight elected members. Constitution.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be : Voters.
- (1) in the areas of the Local Councils established in the area of the authority of the Council, such persons as have been elected to be the councillors of those Local Councils ; and
- (2) in the area of the authority of the Aba Urban District Council, those persons whose names appear on the voters list of each ward prepared for elections to the Aba Urban District Council in accordance with sections 44 to 58 of the Ordinance ; and in force at the time of elections under this Instrument.

Provided that :

- (a) (i) in addition to the persons who are entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 44 of the Ordinance, those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance (Cap. 54) in or for the area of the authority of the Council for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax shall be entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward ;
- (ii) such persons shall claim to be registered as voters by delivering to the Council a notice in the form prescribed in the Third Schedule to the Instrument establishing the Aba Urban District Council ;
- (iii) such persons shall claim to be registered in the ward in which they reside, and no person shall be entitled to have his name placed on the voters' list of more than one ward.
- (b) Section 47 of the Ordinance shall, by virtue of the provisions of section 39 (2) of the Ordinance, be varied by the addition after the word "owner" wherever it occurs, of the words "or his authorised agent."
- (c) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that in the case of persons who are entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward by virtue of the proviso to sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph, only those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance (Cap. 54) in or for the area of the authority of the Council, and those persons exempted from paying tax in the area of the authority of the Council for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax shall be entitled to have their names placed on the voters' list for a ward and no wife or other adult member of the family of such person shall be so entitled.

Distribution  
of number of  
councillors  
elected.

6. (1) Thirty-six of the Councillors shall be elected by the voters of each Local Council from among their own number in accordance with the table set out below :

<i>Name of Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>	<i>Name of Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Nsulu ... ..	3	Mbutu-Umuojima ...	1
Ntigha ... ..	1	Amavor ... ..	1
Ngwauku ... ..	2	Amasa ... ..	1
Mvosi ... ..	2	Arongwa ... ..	1
Mbutu ... ..	1	Osokwa ... ..	1
Ngwaobi ... ..	1	Mgboko Amiri ... ..	1
Amaise ... ..	1	Mgboko Itungwa ... ..	2
Ovuokwu ... ..	2	Mgboko Umanunu ... ..	1
Ovungwu ... ..	1	Ohanze ... ..	1
Umuoha ... ..	1	Ndiakata ... ..	1
Okporo-Ahaba... ..	1	Akuma Imo ... ..	1
Ugwunagbo ... ..	2	Ibeme ... ..	2
Aba-Na-Ohazu ... ..	1	Ahiaba-Na-Abayi ... ..	1
Uratta ... ..	2		

(2) Twelve of the members shall be elected from the nine wards of the area of the Aba Urban District Council in accordance with the table set out below :—

Ward							No. of Councillor to be elected
A	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
B	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
C	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
D	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
E	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
F/G	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
H	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
I	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
J	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Owerri Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Election by Local Councils :

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him. Returning Officer.

8. The method of election by the persons elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council shall be as follows:— Method.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of each Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.

- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled, or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where

(a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or

(b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

(a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

10. The method of election by the voters in the area of the Aba Urban District Council shall be in accordance with the provisions of Part V of the Ordinance.

Election in area of Aba Urban District Council.

Provided that, for the first elections to the Council, the provisions of Part V of the Ordinance shall, by virtue of the provisions of section 39 (2) of the Ordinance, be varied to the extent set out in the Fourth Schedule to the Instrument establishing the Aba Urban District Council.

11. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 31st days of March, 1953.

Date of 1st elections.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years, provided that in the first three years of the establishment of the Councils, councillors shall retire in accordance with the following table :—

Term of office of councillors.

Date	Local Councils or Wards whose representatives shall retire
25th March, 1954	Nsulu, Mbutu, Okporo-Ahaba, Aba-Na-Ohazu, Amavor, Arongwa, Mbutu-Umuojima, Ahiaba-Na-Abayi, Mgboko-Amairi, Mgboko-Umuanunu, Wards A, C and H.
25th March, 1955	Ntigha, Ngwauku, Ngwaobi, Amaise, Umuoha, Uratta, Osokwa, Mgboko Itungwa, Ndiakata, Wards B, E and I.
25th March, 1956	Mvosi, Ovingwu, Ovuokwu, Ugwunagbo, Amasa, Ohanze, Ibeme, Akuma Imo, Wards D, F/G and J.

(2) The councillors retiring on the dates named in sub-paragraph (1) above shall be replaced on the date on which they retire by newly elected councillors, who shall come into office on that date ;

Provided that the retiring councillors shall, unless they shall have ceased to be qualified, be eligible for re-election.

(3) The councillors who come into office on 25th March, 1954, 25th March, 1955, and 25th March, 1956, shall, in accordance with sub-paragraphs (1) and

Election of  
Chairman.  
Standing  
Committees.  
Part V not  
to apply to  
Local  
Councils.  
Functions.

(2) of this section and subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, serve for a full period of three years unless they either cease to be qualified or become disqualified.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first Council meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

14. So soon as may be, the Council shall establish an Education Committee.

15. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council by any Local Council.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or by any other written law the Council—

- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges within the area of its authority, excluding the area of the authority of the Aba Urban District Council and excluding roads classified as Trunk Roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of the Government of Nigeria on 31st March, 1953, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (5), (7), (8), (22), (24), (62), (65), (78), (80), (81), (82) ; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs (61), (66), (67) and (68) of section 99 of the Ordinance, within the area of its authority excluding the area of the authority of the Aba Urban District Council ; and
- (iv) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible, in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (v) may grant and maintain scholarships and bursaries to suitable persons to attend any university or similar institution in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any Cottage Hospital or ward of a hospital containing more than twelve beds, in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraph (40) of section 99 of the Ordinance, within the area of its authority, excluding the area of the authority of the Aba Urban District Council :  
Provided that no public water supply maintained by any local council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
- (viii) may make, alter, or divert any roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, drains and water courses within the area of its authority excluding the area of the authority of the Aba Urban District Council and excluding roads, classed as Trunk Roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of the Government of Nigeria on 31st March, 1953, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.

Precepts.

17. The Council may make a precept before 31st May, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1954.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 16th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 94 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE LOCAL COUNCILS  
OF NSULU, OVUOKWU, AND MBUTU IN THE AREA  
OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF ABA

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Aba upon the 1st day of April, 1953. Establishment of Local Councils.
2. The common seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seals.
3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of the Council.
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Constitution of Councils.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years. Qualification of voters.
6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of Owerri Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by the votes of any village shall be as follows :— Method of election.
  - (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
  - (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.



- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.

- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

Date of first election. 10. The first elections to the Councils shall be held between the dates set out in the sixth column of the Schedule hereto.

Term of office of councillors. 11. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years, provided that in the first three years of the establishment of the Councils, councillors shall retire in accordance with the following table :—

(i) On 25th March, 1954, the whole number of the councillors of Nsulu, and Mbutu Local Councils.

(ii) On 25th March, 1956, the whole number of the councillors of Ovuokwu Local Council.

(2) The councillors retiring on the dates named in sub-paragraph (1) above shall be replaced on the date on which they retire by newly elected councillors, who shall come into office on that date :

Provided that the retiring councillors shall, unless they shall have ceased to be qualified, be eligible for re-election.

(3) The councillors who come into office on 25th March, 1954, 25th March, 1955, and 25th March, 1956, shall, in accordance with sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph and subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, serve for a full period of three years unless they either cease to be qualified or become disqualified.

Election of Chairman. 12. The Chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.

Functions. 14. In addition to those functions conferred upon Local Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or by any other written law, the Councils :—

(i) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(10), (12), (13), (17), (19), (34), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (46), (49), (59), (63), (66), (67), (75), (78), (82) ;

(ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :

Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Councils shall be subject to their jurisdiction.


(iii) may raise money by precept for and may spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Owerri Province as being of a communal nature.

Precepts 15. The Local Councils may make a precept before 31st May, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1954.



MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 8th day of December, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

SCHEDULE

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	4 Number of councillors	5 Representation of villages	6 Date of first election
Nsulu .. .. .		Umuomainta .. .. Eziala .. .. Umuala .. .. Ikputu .. .. Agburuke .. .. Umuezeukwu .. .. Mbubo .. .. Amachi .. .. Eziamata .. .. Umuezegu .. .. Ubaha .. .. Usaka Umuiofor .. .. Umuorgu .. .. Umuodeche .. .. Umuode .. .. Umuomaiukwu .. .. Umuakwu .. .. Umuosu .. .. Ohuhu .. .. Umuatti .. .. Achara Aro .. .. Umuomainta (Nbawsi) * ..	56	5 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 5 5 2 1 1 5*	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

\* This is the "Stranger" Community around Nbawsi Railway Station living on Umuomainta land.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	4 Number of councillors	5 Representation of villages	6 Date of first election
Ovuokwu .. ..		Okpuala .. .. Amauha .. .. Obiekwensu .. .. Ovorji .. .. Umuagu .. .. Umuakwa .. .. Umuawa .. .. Umurasi .. .. Umuegoro .. .. Umuene .. .. Umuiri .. .. Umuire .. .. Umuire Strangers .. .. Umuoleghele .. .. Umuokegwu .. .. Umuokorouku .. .. Umuokorouku Strangers .. .. Umuoluhie .. .. Umuoluhie Strangers .. .. Umugba .. .. Umuopia .. .. Umuezechi .. .. Umuikeogele .. .. Umuokea .. .. Umuokoromiri .. .. Umuamaosi .. ..	60	2 2 3 3 4 1 3 1 2 3 2 2 7 4 3 2 3 1 2 3 2 1 1 1 1 1	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.
Mbutu .. ..		Umuokwor .. .. Amankwo .. .. Egbelu Mbutu .. .. Umuichi .. .. Uhum .. .. Umuduru .. .. Umuezeocha .. .. Umuogwo .. .. Umuolike .. .. Umuojimanta .. .. Umuojiukwu .. .. Owerrinta .. .. Umuocheala .. .. Umuokorie .. .. Obiekwensu .. .. Owerrinta Strangers .. ..	43	2 4 4 2 2 2 1 2 2 4 4 3 2 2 1 6	Between 15th December, 1952, and 28th February, 1953.

7. (1) Able person to be elected as a member of the Council shall be a person who is a citizen of Nigeria and is not less than 21 years of age at the date of his election.

4. The Council shall be known as the Ovuokwu Local Council.

3. The Council shall be known as the Mbutu Local Council.

1. In section 1 of the Local Government Act, 1952, after the word "Council" there shall be inserted the words "Ovuokwu Local Council" and "Mbutu Local Council".

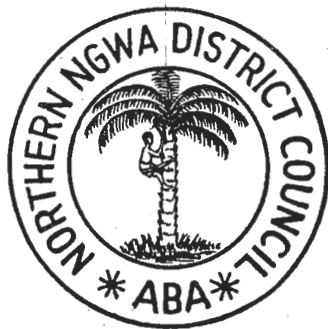
E.R.P.

E.R. Public Notice No. 95 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Northern Ngwa District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1953. Establishment of Northern Ngwa District Council. Seal.
2. The common seal of the Council shall be the following device :—



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils :— Area of the authority of District Council.
- |         |         |              |
|---------|---------|--------------|
| Nsulu   | Mbutu   | Ovungwu      |
| Ntigha  | Ngwaobi | Umuoha       |
| Ngwauku | Amaise  | Okporo Ahaba |
| Mvosi   | Ovuokwu |              |

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-three elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above. Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas in accordance with the following table :— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Members</i>
Nsulu ... ..	9
Ntigha ... ..	4
Ngwauku ... ..	5
Mvosi ... ..	6
Mbutu ... ..	3
Ngwaobi ... ..	1
Amaise ... ..	1
Ovuokwu ... ..	5
Ovungwu ... ..	3
Umuoha ... ..	3
Okporo Ahaba ... ..	3

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Owerri Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officers.

- (2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Owerri Strangers

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows :—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.

(xv)

(xvi)

(xvii)

(xviii)

(xix)

(xx)

(xxi)

(xxii)

(xxiii)

(xxiv)

(xxv)

(xxvi)

- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates, if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed, the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate, and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—  
(a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or  
(b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—  
(a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or



(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 14th day of February, 1953, and the 25th day of March, 1953.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years, provided that in the first three years of the establishment of the councils, councillors shall retire in accordance with the following table :—

Date	<i>Local Councils whose representatives in District Council shall retire</i>
25th March, 1954 ...	Nsulu, Mbutu, Okporo Ahaba.
25th March, 1955 ...	Ntigha, Ngwauku, Ngwaobi, Amaise, Umuo ha.
25th March, 1956 ...	Mvosi, Ovungwu, Ovukwu.

(2) The councillors shall retire from office as provided in section 31 (1) of the Ordinance, and the councillors who shall retire at the end of the first and second years of the establishment of the Council shall be determined by lot.

Election of Chairman.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Rating.

14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council :—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (37), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82) ; and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and

- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance :  
 Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council ; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment, and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance ; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 11th day of February, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 96 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance  
 (No. 16 of 1950)*

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 184 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) I, Clement John Pleass, C.M.G., Lieutenant-Governor in and over the Eastern Region, and Regional Authority, do hereby appoint the Director of Audit for Nigeria, or any officer of the Audit Department duly authorised by the said Director of Audit, to be the Auditor of the accounts of all Councils established under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance.

2. All previous appointments of Auditors are hereby revoked.

GIVEN under my hand at Enugu this 10th day of March, 1953.

C. J. Pleass,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 97 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance  
 (No. 16 of 1950)*

REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 185 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) I, Clement John Pleass, C.M.G., Lieutenant-Governor in and over the Eastern Region, and Regional Authority, do hereby sanction the following scale of remuneration of the Auditors appointed to audit the accounts of all Councils established under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, that is to say :—

Councils shall pay as remuneration of the Auditor the sum of one pound for each thousand pounds of combined estimated revenue and expenditure as approved by the Regional Authority in accordance with section 134 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance :

Provided that in the case of a District Council there shall first be deducted from the combined estimated revenue and expenditure any amount raised in revenue and paid to a County Council in satisfaction of a precept whether General or Special made by a County Council.

GIVEN under my hand at Enugu this 10th day of March, 1953.

C. J. Pleass,  
*Regional Authority*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAK MIDIM NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xiii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Abak Midim Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abak Midim Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to the persons normally subject to jurisdiction of the Abak Midim Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abak Midim Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Ikot Akpan Essien or to any Native Court in the area of the Native Authority; and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of the vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable on conviction to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court, and
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.
9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) Bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ABAK MIDIM NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

RULE 3

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	7	6
Two-wheeled carriages, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Abak Midim Native Authority this 2nd day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Abak Midim Native Authority on 2nd day of December, 1952, in the presence of:—

D. A. INYANG, *Secretary*

S. A. AKPABIO, *Chairman*  
 EKA IDEM, his X mark, (*Member*)  
 U. O. UDOM (*Witness to mark*).

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Abak Midim Native Authority by the Senior Resident, Calabar Province, by authority dated 21st November, 1952.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 17th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court, and
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.
9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) Bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,
- shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE IBESIT NUNG IKOT NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

RULE 3

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	7	6
Two-wheeled carriages, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licence taken out after the 30th June, one-half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority this 2nd day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority on 2nd day of December, 1952, in the presence of:—

J. A. EDIENE, *Secretary,*  
*(Witness to mark)*

WILLIAM UMO, *Chairman (H.R.T.I.)*  
 T. J. UDOAFFAH, *Member*

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority by the Senior Resident, Calabar Province, by authority dated 21st November, 1952.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 17th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NKANU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Nkanu Native Authority, Udi Division, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Nkanu Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Nkanu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Nkanu Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area under the jurisdiction of the Nkanu Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or such place as the Native Authority may from time to time appoint and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages, on the pole shaft; and in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of these rules for which a penalty is not expressly provided shall be liable on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence for which equivalent fee has been paid in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-law of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
- (c) bye-laws made by any Local Government Council, or
- (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE NKANU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Clerk to the Council, Nkanu Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or truck ... ..	10	0
Four-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Nkanu Native Authority, Udi Division, this 24th day of February, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Nkanu Native Authority, Udi Division, on 24th day of February, 1953, in the presence of:—

R. D. VACHA, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

D. O. NNAJI, *Chairman,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 17th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 101 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor to whom the Governor has delegated the power of approval.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Division (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of the authority of Ogoja Divisional Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 3s (three shillings) per year or such other sum as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ogoja Divisional Native Treasury at Ogoja or at such other collecting centre as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate shall be expended upon public services provided by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

7. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE this 17th day of October, 1952, under the Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:—

D. B. ODU, *Secretary*

M. T. MBU, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 14th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 102 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EGUP-IPA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority and shall come into effect immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority shall pay a local rate of twelve shillings per year or such other sum as the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Biase Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority in the presence of:—

D. O. UVABAH, *Secretary,*  
*Eguip-Ipa Native Authority*

I. O. ARAKPA, *President,*  
*Eguip-Ipa Native Authority*

SIGNED in accordance with the Eguip-Ipa Native Authority Standing Rules, dated 12th August, 1952.

APPROVED this 7th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## THE UGUAKUMA GROUP NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uguakuma Group Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uguakuma Group Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Uguakuma Group Native Authority and shall come into effect immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Uguakuma Group Native Authority shall pay a local rate of fourteen shillings per year or such other sum as the Uguakuma Group Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Biase Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Uguakuma Group Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uguakuma Group Native Authority in the presence of:—

S. N. NKAH, *Secretary,*  
*Uguakuma Group Native Authority*

ONOH NKAH, *President (H.R.T.I.)*  
*Uguakuma Group Native Authority*  
TORTY AGUMA, *Vice-President (H.R.T.I.)*  
*Uguakuma Group Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Uguakuma Group Native Authority Standing Rules, dated 28th April, 1952.

APPROVED this 7th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 105 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UMON GROUP NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Umon Group Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Umon Group Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Umon Group Native Authority and shall come into effect immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Umon Group Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one pound per year or such other sum as the Umon Group Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Biase Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Umon Group Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Umon Group Native Authority in the presence of:—

EKPENYONG ADAT, *Secretary,*  
*Umon Group Native Authority*

MBA EKPENYONG, *President (H.R.T.I.),*  
*Umon Group Native Authority*  
OKON BASSEY (H.R.T.I.) *Member*  
SOLOMON IBE (H.R.T.I.) *Member*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Umon Group Native Authority Standing Rules dated 23rd April, 1947.

APPROVED this 7th day of March, 1953.

By: His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 107 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EASTERN IBIBIO IKONO DISTRICT COUNCIL (VACCINATION)  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council (hereinafter called "the Council").

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council (Vaccination) Bye-laws, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council but also to all persons within its area and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (i) The Council or any person authorised by them for this purpose may direct that all adults shall attend and that all children shall be brought before the Public Vaccinator.

(ii) Such direction may be addressed to persons generally or individually or to specified classes or groups of persons.

3. Any person attending or any child brought before the Public Vaccinator in consequence of such direction shall be inspected, and shall be vaccinated unless it appears to the Public Vaccinator that he has been successfully vaccinated within the period of three years preceding the date of such inspection or has been attacked by smallpox.

4. Any person failing to comply with the provisions of any direction so given or refusing to be vaccinated when so required by the Public Vaccinator, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for one month.

5. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by resolution of the Council the 27th day of June, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

A. U. A. INYANG, *Secretary,*  
*Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council*

IKPEME AKPAN, *Chairman,*  
*Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 10th day of March, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 108 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**OGOJA DIVISIONAL COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)  
NOTICE, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region

1. This notice may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. The Ogoja Divisional Council shall be composed of thirty-three members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the First Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the said Schedule.

3. All persons who are at present members of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority representing the electoral units shown in the first column of the Second Schedule hereto shall cease to be members of the said Ogoja Divisional Native Authority on the date shown in the second column of the said Schedule, but may offer themselves for re-election.

**FIRST SCHEDULE**

	<i>Electoral Unit</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Aferike Clan ...	...	2
Akajuk Clan ...	...	2
Bekworra Clan	...	4
Irruan Clan ...	...	2
Mbube Clan ...	...	2
Nkim Clan ...	...	2
Nkum Clan ...	...	2
Osokum Clan...	...	2
North Ukelle Area	...	4
South Ukelle Area	...	2
Yachi-Gabu Clan	...	3
Eastern Yala Area	...	3
Western Yala Area	...	3

**SECOND SCHEDULE**

	<i>Election Unit</i>	<i>Date of Expiry of Office</i>
Aferike Clan ...	...	31st day of March, 1953
Bekworra Clan ...	...	do.
Nkim Clan ...	...	do.
Yachi-Gabu Clan	...	do.
Irruan Clan ...	...	31st day of March, 1954
Mbube Clan ...	...	do.
Osokum Clan ...	...	do.
South Ukelle Area	...	do.
Western Yala Area	...	do.
Akajuk Clan ...	...	31st day of March, 1955
Nkim Clan ...	...	do.
North Ukelle Area	...	do.
Eastern Yala Area	...	do.

GIVEN at Enugu this 23rd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

**J. G. MACKENZIE,**  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 109 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ORATTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (RIDING OF BICYCLES IN MARKETS) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xiii) (b) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Oratta Federal Native Authority, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oratta Federal Native Authority (Riding of Bicycles in Markets) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority whilst within the area of the Native Authority, but also to all persons whilst within the area, and shall come into force as from the date of publication in the *Gazette*.

Definition.

2. In these rules :—

“native authority” means the Oratta Federal Native Authority;

“authorised person” means any Police Officer, Court Messenger, Sanitary Overseer or Market Master in charge of the Owerri Town Market.

3. No person shall ride any bicycle in Owerri Town Market while the market is in session.

4. These rules shall be enforced by any authorised person.

Penalty.

5. Any person contravening the provisions of rule 3 shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on first conviction to a fine of five shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, and on each subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days.

Court imposing penalties.

6. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed :—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and

(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

MADE under the Seal of the Oratta Federal Native Authority this 20th day of January, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oratta Federal Native Authority on the 26th day of January, 1953, in the presence of :—

F. O. WIGWE, *Secretary,*  
*Oratta Federal Native Authority*

OKE NKWAZEMA, *President,*  
*Oratta Federal Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 27th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 110 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WESTERN AHOADA FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(LEPROSY) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority (Leprosy) Rules, 1952, and shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority;

“controlled area” means any area to which these rules have been made applicable under rule 3;

“leprosy clinic” means a clinic under the control of the Area Superintendent of the Nigeria Leprosy Control Service;

“child” means a person under 14 years of age;

“segregation village” means a place set aside with the approval of the Area Superintendent of the Nigeria Leprosy Service for the residence of persons suffering from leprosy;

“medical officer” means a medical officer of the Nigeria Leprosy Service.

3. (1) These rules shall only be applied by the Native Authority to an area which is approved by the Superintendent of the Nigeria Leprosy Service.

(2) Notice of such application shall be given by the Native Authority in the area concerned.

4. These rules shall apply to all persons resident in a controlled area.

5. (1) Every person suffering from leprosy or suspecting that he is so suffering shall, on becoming aware of his condition, immediately consult the medical officer in charge of the nearest leprosy clinic and shall place himself under such treatment at such place as the medical officer shall direct.

(2) Every person undergoing treatment for leprosy in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall, until free from leprosy in a communicable form, continue to submit himself to such treatment at such intervals as the medical officer in charge of the clinic may direct.

6. Every parent or guardian of a child who knows or has reason to believe that such child is suffering from leprosy shall immediately cause such child to be treated for leprosy at a leprosy clinic until such child is free from leprosy in a communicable form.

7. A medical officer in charge of a leprosy clinic may order any person suffering from leprosy in a communicable form to reside in the Leper Settlement or in a Segregation Village until such time as he no longer suffers from leprosy in a communicable form. Any order made under this rule shall be in writing in the form shown in Schedule hereto, and shall be handed to the person named therein by the medical officer, who shall keep a record of all such orders issued by him and shall endorse therein the revocation of all such orders.

8. When any person has been ordered under rule 7 to reside in a Segregation Village, it shall be the duty of his nearest relative to supply him with such necessaries of life as he is unable to provide for himself.

9. When an inmate of any house is suffering from leprosy, the head of the family or in his default the occupier or owner of the house shall, as soon as he becomes aware that such inmate is suffering from leprosy, give notice thereof orally or in writing to the medical officer in charge of the nearest leprosy clinic.

10. No person who is suffering from leprosy shall do any act or thing which tends to the spread of leprosy.

11. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provision of any of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of one pound or in default thereof to imprisonment for one month for the first offence, and to a fine of five pounds or in default thereof to imprisonment for three months for each subsequent offence.

SCHEDULE

..... also known as ..... of  
..... compound of the village of .....  
in the ..... clan is hereby ordered to reside in Leper Settlement:  
..... Segregation Village. This order must be complied  
with within twenty-eight days of the date hereof. (The person named herein shall not  
henceforth reside outside the Leper Settlement :  
Segregation Village without the written permission of a Medical Officer of the Nigeria  
Leprosy Service).

Failure to comply with this order within twenty-eight days renders the person named herein liable to a fine of one pound or one month's imprisonment in default for the first offence and five pounds or three months imprisonment for each subsequent offence.

.....  
*Medical Officer, Nigeria Leprosy Service*

Date.....19.....

MADE under the Seal of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority this 26th day of August, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :—

R. U. ISHIKE, *Council Secretary*

E. ASHIRIM-UNOSI, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 3rd day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. Mackenzie,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 4 of 1953

**ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 75)**

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Uwet-Odot Forest Reserve (Second Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.
2. The Uwet-Odot Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1953, is hereby revised and modified by revoking the second right in the Second Schedule thereto and by the substitution of the following second right in the Second Schedule therefor:— Revision and modification of Order E.R. No. 1 of 1953.
  2. Rights of way along water courses in so far as they pass through the Reserve.

MADE this 28th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 7 of 1953

**REGULATIONS made under THE BIRTHS, DEATHS  
AND BURIALS ORDINANCE (Cap. 20)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor in Council by section 48A of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Births, Deaths and Burials (Calabar Public Burial Grounds) Regulations, 1953. Short title and application.
2. In these regulations :— Definitions.
  - “council” means the Urban District Council of Calabar;
  - “grave” means a burial-place formed in the ground by excavation and without any internal wall or brick or stone work or any other artificial lining ;
  - “vault” shall include underground burial places of every description, other than graves as defined above.
3. There shall be kept in the office of the Council a plan of each burial-ground declared to be a public burial-ground in accordance with the provisions of section 36 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance and upon which plan every space used or intended to be used for a grave or vault shall be marked. Every such plan shall be open to inspection free of charge by all persons making application for grave spaces or vaults. Cemetery plans to be kept at the office of the Council.

Notice of interment to be given.

4. Notice of every intended burial shall be given to the Council and application for the purpose of grave spaces in perpetuity shall be made, at least twenty-four hours (or in the case of vault, forty-eight hours) previous to the burial, exclusive of Sundays:

Provided that this regulation shall not apply to cases where immediate burial has been ordered upon the certificate of the Medical Officer of Health.

Fees payable.

5. The fees and charges set out in the Schedule hereto shall be payable to the Council at the time when notices are given, in accordance with regulation 4, and the receipt for such fees and charges shall be produced at the time of burial. A table of such fees shall be kept and exhibited in the office of the Council:

Provided that for every interment at Mission Hill and Hawkins Road Cemeteries a conveyance fee of £1 6s 0d is payable in addition to other charges.

Children, not to be interred without production of certificate.

6. In every burial-ground a space or spaces shall be set apart for the burial of still-born children and no still-born child shall be buried without the production to the Council a certificate in accordance with section 30 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance.

Marking of grave spaces.

7. Every grave space shall be sufficiently designated on the ground, and shall have a number marked thereon corresponding to the number on the plan of the burial-ground.

Dimensions of grave spaces.

8. Every grave space set apart for a child under twelve years old shall be six feet long by three feet wide, and every other grave space shall be nine feet long by four feet wide.

Depth of grave.

9. The depth of every grave, whether the exclusive right of burial has been purchased in perpetuity or not, shall be subject to regulation by the Council, and no grave shall be deepened after the first burial therein.

Digging of grave and construction of vaults.

10. No grave or vault shall be dug out or excavated, nor any brick or stone work in any vault excavated, otherwise than by persons appointed or approved by the Council.

Vaults.

11. Every person who, in any part of any burial-ground within the Township and Urban District of Calabar, causes a vault to be built for use as a burial-place, shall cause such vault to be enclosed with walls constructed of good brick, stone, or other hard and suitable material, properly banded and solidly put together :

- (a) with good mortar compounded of good lime and clean sharp sand or other suitable material ;
- (b) with good cement ; or
- (c) with good cement mixed with clean sharp sand.

Vaults.

12. The side and arch of every vault shall be of brick or stone work at least nine inches thick and there shall be not less than eighteen inches earth between the top of the vaults and the ordinary surface of the ground.

Limitation of number of bodies.

13. No person shall, in any part of a burial-ground, cause or suffer more than one body to be buried at any one time in any grave in respect of which the exclusive right of burial has been granted:

Provided that this regulation shall not be deemed to prohibit the burial at any time in any such grave of the bodies of two or more persons, members of the same family.

14. (a) In every case where, in any part of any burial-ground, there has been buried in the grave in respect of which no exclusive right of burial has been granted the body of a person whose age at the time of death did not exceed twelve years, no person shall at any time within a period of eight years thereafter cause or suffer such grave to be opened for the purpose of burying therein the body of any person not a member of the family of which the person whose body has already been buried therein was a member.

Limitations in respect of opening a grave to bury other persons.

(b) In every grave where, in any part of any burial-ground, there has been buried in a grave in respect of which no exclusive right of burial has been granted, the body of a person whose age at the time of death exceeded twelve years, no person shall at any time within a period of fourteen years thereafter cause or suffer such grave to be opened for the purpose of burying therein the body of any person not a member of the family of which the person whose body has already been buried therein was a member.

15. No person shall, in any part of any burial-ground, cause or suffer the body of any person to be buried in a grave in such a manner as to require or allow any part of the coffin containing the body to be placed at a less depth than four feet below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining such grave.

No body to be buried at a less depth than four feet.

16. No person shall, in any part of any burial-ground, cause a body to be buried in a grave otherwise than in such a manner as to provide by means of a sufficient layer or layers of earth, closely rammed down throughout and not less than one foot in thickness, for the effectual separation of the coffin containing the body from any other coffin already in the grave.

Coffins to be separated by a distance of one foot.

17. Every person who, in any part of any burial-ground, has caused a body to be buried in a vault, shall within a period of twenty-four hours after the deposit in such vault of the coffin containing the body, cause the coffin to be wholly and permanently embedded in and covered with a layer or layers of good cement concrete, not less in any part than six inches in thickness, or to be wholly and permanently enclosed in a separate cell or receptacle constructed of slate or stone flagging not less than two inches in thickness, properly jointed in cement or of good brick-work in cement, and in such a manner as to prevent, as far as may be practicable, the escape of any noxious gas from the interior of such cell or receptacle.

Embedding of coffin when deposited in vaults.

18. Every person who, in any part of any burial-ground, causes a body to be buried in a grave in respect of which the exclusive right of burial has been granted, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the lapse of such a period as may reasonably suffice for the natural subsidence of the earth with which the grave has been filled up, cause the surface of the grave to be properly covered with fresh turf, or with such gravestone or monument as by virtue of any grant by the Council, may lawfully be erected or placed thereon, or shall cause the surface of such grave to be planted with shrubs or with other suitable vegetation.

Person causing a body to be buried in a grave to provide turf, etc.

19. (a) All applications for permission to erect any monumental or memorial work within any burial-ground shall be made at the office of the Council.

Applications for the erection of memorials.

(b) No monument, gravestone, tablet, kerb, or railing will be allowed over any grave in which the exclusive right of burial has not been purchased.

(c) A drawing indicating the dimensions of every monumental or memorial work and a copy of every inscription proposed to be placed thereon, shall be submitted to the Council for approval, and shall be filed in the office of the Council previous to its erection.

(d) Every kerb, railing or border shall be placed so that the outside measurement of the space to be covered shall be seven feet long by three feet wide, except in the case of graves set apart for children where the outside measurement shall be four feet long by two feet wide.

(e) Marble or other chips will be permitted only on graves having a kerb.

Erection of Memorials.

20. (a) Monuments, headstones, and other like works, shall be erected upon such foundation and of such materials as the Council shall from time to time approve.

(b) All monuments once commenced shall be proceeded with from day to day until completion.

(c) No memorial shall be erected, fixed, removed or re-erected except under the supervision of the officers of the Council.

(d) No hewing or dressing of stones will be permitted within any of the cemeteries or of the approaches thereto, and all materials for monuments or memorials shall be conveyed into cemeteries by hand, or in such a manner, under the direction of the Council, as will avoid the cutting up of the roads or walks ; planks, boards or canvas being used, as may be directed, to preserve the grass or roads from injury by such works.

Receptacles for flowers.

21. No article of pottery, glass or metal-ware, unless suitable for the purpose, shall be placed on any grave. A broken or damaged receptacle or ornament shall not be allowed to remain on any grave, and the Council shall be at liberty to remove the same if the owner fails to do so.

Maintenance of graves and memorials.

22. Every private grave, vault, monument or memorial shall be kept in repair at the expense of the owner. The Council will communicate with the owner when repairs are needed and, if such repairs are not made within six months after the service of such notice, the memorial may be repaired or removed by the Council. No grave or vault upon which any repairs have been executed by the Council shall be opened for burial until the charges thus incurred have been paid, and, if payment be not made within reasonable time after demand, the memorial may be removed and the exclusive right to the vault or grave shall be liable to forfeiture.

Bricked graves or vaults.

23. No underground brick or stone work shall be allowed in any grave in which the exclusive right of burial has not been purchased.

Burials not to take place within three feet of fences.

24. No burials shall be allowed within three feet of any boundary fence.

Hours of interments.

25. All interments shall take place on week-days between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. and on Sundays and Public Holidays between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

Provisions relating to conduct.

26. (a) No vehicles, other than a vehicle used for the conveyance of the corpse, bicycles or pambulators shall be admitted to any burial-ground unless with the permission of the Council.

(b) No child apparently under the age of twelve years shall be admitted to any burial-ground, except under the care of some responsible person.

(c) No animals shall be allowed within the cemeteries.

(d) No person shall be allowed to distribute business cards, or other advertisements, or to solicit orders within the cemeteries; and no person shall attempt to take photographs, or copy any memorial, or photograph any grave or flowers, without the owners' permission.

(e) No person shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall or fence belonging to any burial-ground, or destroy or injure any tree, plant or shrub therein, or shall mark or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tomb, headstone, tablet, inscription or gravestone, within any burial-ground, or do other wilful damage therein.

(f) No person shall play at any game, or sport, or (except at ceremonial or military funerals) discharge firearms in any burial-ground, or wilfully or unlawfully disturb any persons assembled therein.

27. (a) Any person desiring to reserve to himself the right to purchase the exclusive right of burial shall be entitled to select a grave-space in any section of a burial-ground, provided that such section has been laid out for burials, by order of the Council, but no enclosure thereof shall be allowed until at least one burial has been made therein. The fees as set out in the scale of fees and charge approved by the Council, shall be payable at the time of reservation.

Purchase of exclusive right of burial.

(b) No transfer of any purchased grave or grave-space, otherwise than by devise or inheritance, shall be made without the consent of the Council, and all transfers shall be registered by the Council at the expense of the applicant.

(c) The purchaser of exclusive right of burial in any grave-space or vault shall be furnished with a grant of such right, and the particulars thereof shall be entered in the register to be kept for the purpose. The registered owner of every purchased grave-space shall have the right of burial therein (i) member of his or her family, (ii) persons dying within the boundary of Calabar Township and Urban District, (iii) residents within the Calabar Township and Urban District, and (iv) rate-payers thereof.

(d) No vault or grave in which the exclusive right of burial has been purchased shall be re-opened without the production of the grant or deed belonging to such vault or grave, or, if such grant or deed cannot be produced by the reason of being lost or mislaid, of a statutory declaration or other evidence of such loss satisfactory to the Council.

28. Flowers and shrubs may be planted on any grave subject to the control and supervision of the Council.

Flowers and shrubs.

29. Any person contravening or failing to comply with any of the provisions of regulations 10 to 27 inclusive shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction, to a fine of ten pounds in respect of such offence, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of one pound for each day after written notice from the Council to desist therefrom.

General penalty.

30. The Births, Deaths and Burials (Calabar Public Burial-grounds) Regulations, 1950, as amended, are hereby revoked.

Revocation of Regulations No. 7 of 1950.

SCHEDULE

	£	s	d
1. For every grave-space in perpetuity ... ..	0	5	0
2. For every grave-space enclosed by a curb, rails and chains or any other form of enclosure, per square foot of grave-space	0	2	0
3. For every monument, headstone or other memorial on grave spaces not exceeding 32 square feet ... ..	3	4	0
For every additional square foot of grave-space ... ..	0	2	0
4. For every grave-space granted for the construction of a vault			
For every square foot of grave-space ... ..	0	2	0
5. For every interment of a person over twelve years of age ...	0	10	0
6. For every interment of a person under twelve years of age ...	0	5	0
7. For every interment of a person still-born infant ... ..	0	2	0
8. For the opening of any grave or vault ... ..	Actual		
		cost of	
		opening	
9. For constructing any brick or stone grave or vault ... ..	Actual		
		cost of	
		cons-	
		truction	
10. For digging graves deeper than the normal depth of nine feet : for every foot of extra depth ... ..	0	5	0
11. For hire of Township handcart : for every interment ...	0	2	0

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council at Enugu this 28th day of March, 1953.

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk of the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 111 of 1953*

*The Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance (Chapter 20)*

**THE UZO-UWANI NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) (REVOCATION) RULES, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 46 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority (Registration of Births and Deaths) (Revocation) Rules, 1953.

Revocation of E.R. Public Notice No. 105 of 1952.

2. The Uzo-Uwani Native Authority (Registration of Births and Deaths) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority this 31st day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority on the 18th day of February, 1953, in the presence of:—

BEN AARON O. IBEGBU, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

J. IFEANYA, *Chairman,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

APPROVED this 30th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 112 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ARO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Aro Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Aro Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Aro Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Aro Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated in Arochuku, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
 (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or  
 (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or  
 (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,  
 shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ARO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

Licence

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

Native Authority

N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

Rule 3

Fees for Vehicle Licences

	Per annum	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	5	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Area of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Aro Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Aro Native Authority this 4th day of February, 1953.  
 SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Aro Native Authority this 4th day of February, 1953, in the presence of :

K. OJI, K. OKEREKE, S. U. OKORAFOR, OKEREKE ABA (H.R.T.I.)  
 U. O. KANU (*Witness to Mark*)

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Aro Native Authority Standing Rules dated 7th July, 1948.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 27th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
 Civil Secretary Eastern Region

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 113 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UTUTU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ututu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ututu Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ututu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ututu Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated in Arochuku, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
 (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or  
 (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or  
 (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,  
 shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE UTUTU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use.....  
 .....until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Rule 3*

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	5	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Ututu Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Ututu Native Authority this 3rd day of February, 1953,  
 SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ututu Native Authority this 3rd day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

S. U. OKORAFOR, *Secretary*

EKE KALU OKWARA, *President (H.R.T.I.)*  
 U. O. KANU (*Witness to Mark*)

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Ututu Native Authority Standing Rules dated 14th March, 1947.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 27th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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E.R. Public Notice No. 114 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UKWA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ukwu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ukwu Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ukwu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ukwu Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated in Arochuku, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE UKWA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Rule 3*

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	5	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Ukwa Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Ukwa Native Authority this 4th day of February, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ukwa Native Authority this 4th day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

NYONG NYONG, *Secretary*

ASIDOK UDO, *President, (H.R.T.I.)*  
 U. O. KANU, *Witness to Mark*  
 KANU OKORE EKPE, *Senior Member,*  
*Mbiabong Ukwa*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Ukwa Native Authority Standing Rules dated 15th March, 1947.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 27th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 115 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isu Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Isu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isu Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated in Arochuku and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.



E.R. Public Notice No. 117 of 1953

Order MADE UNDER *The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 66 of the Townships Ordinance, the following order is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. The order may be cited as the Enugu Township (Declaration of Open Spaces) Order, 1953. Short title.
2. It is hereby ordered that the four parcels of land, the limits and situation of which are more particularly described in the Schedule hereto, shall constitute Open Spaces. Declaration of Open Spaces in Enugu.
3. Order No. 6 of 1939 is hereby revoked. Revocation of Order No. 6 of 1939.

SCHEDULE

Those four parcels of land situate in Enugu Township, Onitsha Province, the boundaries of which are as follows:—

PARCEL "A"

All that parcel of land known inclusively as plots 18, 19 and 20 of Block 51 in Asata Layout, Enugu, in the Udi Division of the Onitsha Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 1481.94 square yards the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PB. M1360 the co-ordinates of which are 3,595.81 feet north and 6,493.06 feet east of a concrete pillar marked TB. 20 the origin of Enugu Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBM. 1360	79° 45'	40.4 feet	PBM. 1394
PBM. 1394	79° 40'	119.8 "	PBM. 1352
PBM. 1352	124° 56'	42.4 "	PBM. 1385
PBM. 1385	169° 47'	20.0 "	PBM. 1387
PBM. 1387	260° 12'	99.8 "	CP. 30
CP. 30	169° 44'	49.0 "	PBM. 1358
PBM. 1358	279° 34'	130.4 "	PBM. 1305
PBM. 1305	354° 19'	28.0 "	PBM. 1303
PBM. 1303	38° 57'	39.7 "	PBM. 1360

(the starting point).

All property beacons and the cemetery type pillar are concrete pillars all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

PARCEL "B"

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBM. 1262 the co-ordinates of which are 3,964.25 feet north and 6,396.16 feet east of a concrete pillar marked TB. 20 the Initial Station of Enugu Cadastral Survey; thence bounded by straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBM. 1262	79° 46'	110.0 feet	PBM. 1291
PBM. 1291	103° 47'	122.5 "	PBM. 1285
PBM. 1285	175° 27'	20.2 "	PBM. 1297
PBM. 1297	214° 43'	42.4 "	PBM. 1298
PBM. 1298	259° 46'	80.0 "	PBM. 1295
PBM. 1295	259° 44'	80.1 "	PBM. 1284
PBM. 1284	304° 48'	42.4 "	PBM. 1253
PBM. 1253	349° 45'	70.0 "	PBM. 1262

(the starting point).

Bearings are referred to True North.

This parcel comprises plots 1, 2 and 23 in Block 57 of the Asata layout.

## PARCEL "C"

All that parcel of land known inclusively as plots 9-13 and 21-25 of Block 50 in Asata Layout, Enugu, in the Udi Division of the Onitsha Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 5856.94 square yards the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked CP. 42 which lies on a bearing of 214° 53' and at a distance of 100 feet from PBM. 757 the co-ordinates of which are 3,466.35 feet north and 6,390.44 feet east of a concrete pillar marked TB. 20 the origin of Enugu Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
CP. 42	214° 53'	250.0 feet	CP. 37
CP. 37	305° 09'	210.6 "	CP. 8
CP. 8	34° 46'	250.0 "	CP. 13
CP. 13	125° 02'	211.1 "	CP. 42

(the starting point).

All cemetery type pillars are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

## PARCEL "D"

All that parcel of land known as plot 18 of Block 44 in Asata Layout, Enugu, in the Udi Division of the Onitsha Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 2.202 acres the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBM.1149 the co-ordinates of which are 2,428.10 feet north and 5,739.94 feet east of a concrete pillar marked TB. 20 the origin of Enugu Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBM. 1149	124° 49'	247.6 feet	CP. 20
CP. 20	214° 51'	349.9 "	PBM. 1166
PBM. 1166	249° 10'	19.9 "	PBM. 1169
PBM. 1169	249° 25'	28.8 "	PBM. 1137
PBM. 1137	304° 53'	220.4 "	PBM. 1157
PBM. 1157	34° 53'	389.7 "	PBM. 1149

(the starting point).

All property beacons and the cemetery type pillar are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE at Enugu this 30th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region



*E.R. Public Notice No. 118 of 1953*

THE ORLU NATIVE AUTHORITY (BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 14) the following rules have been made by the Orlu Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Orlu Divisional Native Authority (Bicycle Licences) Rules, 1952, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Orlu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Orlu Divisional Native Authority;

“bicycle” means pedal cycle and does not include motor cycle or any similar vehicle mechanically propelled.

3. Every person who uses or permits any bicycle belonging to him to be used within the area of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto at the Central Office of the Native Authority.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his bicycle to the Central Office of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing the number of the licence shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork of the bicycle.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the bicycle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of these rules for which a penalty is not expressly provided, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a bicycle issued under:—

(a) the bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or

(b) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE  
THE ORLU NATIVE AUTHORITY (BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1952  
*Licences*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
a bicycle until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE  
*Fees to be paid under Rule 3*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	s	d
For an original licence and metal plate ... ..	5	0
For a licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ...	2	6

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rate (or full rate) will be charged but no half yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Orlu Native Authority this 25th day of October, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Orlu Native Authority on the 8th day of December, 1952, in the presence of :

E. O. EZIE, *Administrative Secretary,*  
*Orlu Native Authority*

G. AGBASIERE, *President,*  
*Orlu Native Authority*  
J. A. NWOSU, *Vice-President,*  
*Orlu Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Orlu Divisional Standing Rules, 1952.

APPROVED this 30th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 119 of 1953*

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

It is notified for general information that the Local Authority, Enugu, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, has made the following order :—

Short title.  
Speed limit  
imposed in  
Enugu.

1. This order may be cited as the Enugu (Speed Limit) Order, 1953.
2. No person shall drive any vehicle at a speed exceeding twenty-five miles an hour in the area set out in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

The area of Enugu Township bounded by the junctions set out hereunder:—

- (a) The junction, adjacent to the Enugu Water Reservoir, of the Onitsha Road with the Iva Valley Road.
- (b) The junction of Abakaliki Road with Garden Avenue and Hospital Avenue.
- (c) The junction of Obiagu Road with Ozoanichebe Street.
- (d) The junction of Agbani Road with the Colliery Road to Asata Valley.

MADE at Enugu this 27th day of March, 1953.

P. F. GRANT,  
*Local Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 120 of 1953*

THE NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL (BURNING OF GRASS)  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council :—

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Burning of Grass) Bye-laws, 1952, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Njikoka District Council whilst such persons are within the area of its jurisdiction, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (i) Save as hereunder provided, no person shall set fire to, or cause the destruction by fire of, any grass, tree or herbage on any land situate in an area to which this order applies between the 30th day of November and the 1st of June in any year.

(ii) Land required for farming may be cleared by fire provided that :

(a) the land is cleared by fire in the same farming season that it would be farmed.

(b) before fire is applied to such land, traces are cut around the land sufficient to prevent the fire from spreading to an area outside the area to be farmed.

3. No person being the owner or occupier of any land shall authorise or permit the doing of any act prohibited by these bye-laws upon such land and whenever an offence against the provisions of these bye-laws is committed by any person on such land the owner or occupier thereof in default of proof to the contrary (the onus of which shall be upon him) shall be deemed to have authorised or permitted the commission of such offence.

4. Any person committing a breach of these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding one month with hard labour for each subsequent offence.

MADE by resolution of the Council the 17th day of December, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of :—

AKWUOBI ESSELL, *Secretary Treasurer,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

H. E. N'WALUSI, *Vice-Chairman,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 4th day of April, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of May, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 121 of 1953*

RULES MADE UNDER THE MARKETS ORDINANCE (CAP. 127)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Okoyong Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province.

1. This notice may be cited as the Okoyong Native Authority (Akpap Market Rules) (Amendment No. 1) Notice, 1952.

2. The First Schedule to the Native Authority (Akpap Market) Rules, No. 6 of 1952, is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set forth in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto.

FIRST SCHEDULE

	s	d
For a temporary stall (Open) .. .. .	0	6 per month
For a permanent stall (Open) .. .. .	1	0 " "
For a cement stall .. .. .	1	6 " "
For permanent stall (Lock Up) .. .. .	3	6 " "

SECOND SCHEDULE

For a temporary stall (Open) .. .. .	0	6 " "
For a permanent stall (Open) .. .. .	1	0 " "
For a cement stall .. .. .	1	6 " "
For a permanent stall (Lock Up) .. .. .	3	6 " "
For selling any article within the Market Square .. .. .	0	1 per day

MADE by the Okoyong Native Authority by resolution and sealed with the Okoyong Native Authority Common Seal on the 10th day of March, 1953, in the presence of :—

O. E. OTU, *Secretary,*  
*Okoyong Native Authority*

ETUBOM ANYAMA EKPEYONG, *Chairman,*  
*Okoyong Native Authority*

Approved by me this 30th day of March, 1953.

O. J. F. JONES-LLOYD,  
*Acting Resident, Calabar Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 122 of 1953*

*The Leprosy Ordinance (Chapter 112)*

DECLARATION OF A PROCLAIMED DISTRICT

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 3 of the Leprosy Ordinance the following notice is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

- Short title. 1. This notice may be cited as the Enugu Urban District (Proclaimed District) Notice, 1953.
- Declaration of proclaimed district. 2. The area of the Enugu Urban District Council as set out in the First Schedule to Eastern Region Public Notice No. 11 of 1953 is hereby declared to be a proclaimed district for the purpose of the Leprosy Ordinance.
- Revocation of Eastern Regional Public Notice No. 22 of 1952. 3. Eastern Regional Public Notice No. 22 of 1952 is hereby revoked.
- MADE at Enugu this 10th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 123 of 1953**The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officers of the Kumba and Mamfe Divisions by section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, and by Public Notice No. 107 of 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that the following traffic regulations have been made:—

## KUMBA-MAMFE ROAD

## A.—Commercial Vehicles as defined by section 2 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947.

- (1) Commercial vehicles may pass in both directions at any time between Kumba and Milestone 40, and between the junction of the Kumba-Mamfe and the Bamenda-Mamfe roads (Milestone 108) and Mamfe.
- (2) Between Milestone 40 and Milestone 108 commercial vehicles may pass from:—
  - (a) Kumba to Mamfe on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
  - (b) Mamfe to Kumba on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
- (3) Commercial vehicles are prohibited from using the section of the road between Milestone 40 and Milestone 108 on Sundays.

## B.—Motor vehicles other than commercial vehicles.

- (1) Motor vehicles other than commercial vehicles may pass in both directions at any time between Kumba and Milestone 40 and between the junction of the Kumba-Mamfe and Bamenda-Mamfe roads (Milestone 108) and Mamfe.
- (2) Between Milestone 40 and Milestone 108 motor vehicles other than commercial vehicles may pass from Kumba to Mamfe on Tuesdays, Thursdays or Saturdays and from Mamfe to Kumba on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays between the hours of 5 o'clock a.m. and 7 o'clock p.m.
- (3) Between the hours of 7 o'clock p.m. and 5 o'clock a.m. motor vehicles other than commercial vehicles may pass in both directions over the whole length of the road.
- (4) From 5 o'clock a.m. to 7 o'clock p.m. on Sundays motor vehicles other than commercial vehicles may only pass from Kumba to Mamfe with the prior permission of the District Officer, Kumba, and from Mamfe to Kumba with the prior permission of the District Officer, Mamfe.

C.—Public Notice No. 94 of 1951 is hereby amended by deleting all the particulars contained therein under the heading "Kumba-Mamfe Road."

L. ROBERTS,  
District Officer, Mamfe Division  
N. MACKENZIE,  
District Officer, Kumba Division

*E.R. Public Notice No. 124 of 1953*THE UMUEZEAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Umuezeagu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region, to whom the Governor has delegated the power of approval.

1. These rules may be cited as the Umuezeagu Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Umuezeagu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

"rate-payer" means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with Rule 3;

"native authority" means the Umuezeagu Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay a local rate of two shillings per year or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Umuezeagu Native Treasury or at such other collecting centre as the Umuezeagu Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate shall be expended upon public services provided by the Native Authority.

7. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE this 28th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Umueziagu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of :—

J. U. OFODU, *Acting Secretary,*  
*Umuezeagu Native Authority*

C. O. EMEHEL, *Chairman,*  
*Umuezeagu Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 27th day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 125 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 2 and 4 of the Dogs Ordinance the following order is hereby made:—

Short title.

1. This order may be cited as the Dogs Ordinance (Njikoka District Council) Order, 1953.

Njikoka District Council to be the authority under Cap. 56.

2. The authority for the purposes of the Dogs Ordinance for the area of the jurisdiction of the Njikoka District Council is the Njikoka District Council.

Amends Public Notice No. 161 of 1949.

3. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance (Eastern Provinces) Order, 1949, the District Officer, Awka, shall cease to be the authority under the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance from the date of this order.

(2) The Second Schedule to the Dogs Ordinance (Eastern Provinces) Order, 1949, is hereby amended by the deletion of the following particulars appearing therein under the headings Division, Area, Authority, respectively:—

<i>Division</i>	<i>Area</i>	<i>Authority</i>
Awka ... ..	The Area within the Government station of Awka	District Officer, Awka.

MADE at Enugu this 31st day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by the Eastern Region Laws, the following laws have been made:

1. These laws shall be subject to the provisions of the Regional Council (Orders) Act, 1952, whilst within the Eastern Region.

2. In these laws

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3. (1) Every bye-law shall

(2) Every bye-law within thirty

(3) Subject to the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance, no person shall be liable to imprisonment

4. Application in the form of a petition shall be made to the District Officer, Awka, in the form of a petition and shall be accompanied by a fee of two shillings and sixpence.

5. In addition to the annual fee of two shillings and sixpence, a permit for the sale of dogs shall be issued by the District Officer, Awka, for a fee of two shillings and sixpence.

6. The Council shall

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Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 19 Vol. 2, dated 30th April, 1953—Part B

*E.R. Public Notice No. 126 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EASTERN IBIBIO IKONO DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the following Bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

- “club” means an osusu club, and is a society formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which pays a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount thus collected less a certain approved deduction; “club head” means a person who manages or conducts an osusu club; “contribution” means a fixed amount contributed by a member at a meeting of an osusu club; “council” means the Eastern Ibibio Ikono District Council; “hand” means the gross total of the amount collected by the contributors at one meeting; “member” means a person who contributes to an osusu club.

3. (1) Every club established after the date of commencement of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council.

Clubs to be registered.

(2) Every club established before the date of commencement of these bye-laws which continues to function after such date shall be registered within thirty days of such date of commencement with the Council.

(3) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, any person who shall operate, conduct or establish an osusu club which is not registered under the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be guilty of an offence, and upon conviction, shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or to one month's imprisonment.

4. Application for registration of a club shall be made to the Council in the form contained in the First Schedule by the club head. A fee of ten shillings and sixpence shall be paid for registration.

Applications for registration : fee.

5. In addition to the registration fee, the club head or heads shall pay an annual fee of ten shillings and sixpence to the Council and shall obtain a permit for such payment.

Annual fees to be collected by the Council.

6. The Council may refuse to register a club if:—

Council may refuse registration.

- (a) the Council is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to run a club by reason of his character or financial standing; or  
(b) the Council is not satisfied that the club in respect of which the application is made will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.

Registration to be effected annually : fee.

7. (1) Upon registration the Council shall issue a permit to operate a club in the form in the First Schedule.

(2) Registration shall be for the period of one year only. If a club has not determined within the period of one year it shall be re-registered. The fee for re-registration shall be seven shillings and sixpence.

Determination of club.

8. When the full number of contributions named in the rules of a club has been made the club shall, except for such action as may be necessary to wind up its affairs, be deemed to have determined: if the same club head wishes to start a new club with the same or different members, a fresh application shall be made for registration.

Offences by club head : penalty.

9. Any club head who—

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee of more than one shilling and sixpence; or
- (ii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member when his turn comes to receive it; or
- (iii) deducts any amount from the hand of his contributor; or
- (iv) leaves or disbands the club without ensuring that every contributor has received his hand, is guilty of an offence and liable, upon conviction, to a fine not exceeding three pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month.

Club secretary: offence and penalty.

10. (1) There shall be appointed to every club a secretary whose duty it shall be to maintain a correct register and such other records as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

(2) Any club secretary who neglects to make an entry in the records of the club as instructed by a meeting of that club, or who makes an entry in such records which is not authorised by any such meeting shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding three pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month.

Provisions of Second Schedule to be followed.

11. (1) The provisions of the Second Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of any club registered under the provisions of these bye-laws.

(2) The Council shall cancel the registration of any club which is not being conducted according to the provisions of the Second Schedule.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE EASTERN IBIBIO IKONO DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form of Registration of Osusu Club

- 1. The name of the Osusu Club..... :
- 2. Meeting place and time of meeting of club.....
- 3. Number of members.....
- 4. Number of contributions.....
- 5. Value of one share.....
- 6. Value of hand.....
- 7. Name of club head.....
- 8. Name of club secretary.....
- 9. Name of club treasurer.....

NOTE: The number of contributions may be greater than the number of members for a member may take out more than one share.

Permission is l to operate the from the..... d sions of the Ea 1953.

Fee paid..... Date.....

1. A meeting No meeting sha  
 2. At each m shall be nomin  
 3. Before a club two suret the members p member pays h  
 4. Where a 1 fails to produce present at the n be deducted fro handed to the sureties when s before he has p at the time of t  
 5. A membe a substitute wh Such substitute in the same pos benefit from the  
 6. (1) Where kin shall be infc of the deceased  
 (2) Where a liable for the pa  
 MADE by the 28th day of Au  
 The Commo affixed in the pr  
 A. U. A. INYAN  
 Eastern Ibil  
 District C  
 APPROVED by virtue of the F 107 (3) of the of May, 1953, come into opera



*E.R. Public Notice No. 127 of 1953*

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 49 of the Townships Ordinance the following rules are hereby made for the township of Abakaliki.

Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Abakaliki Township (Johnson's Ground Stadium) Rules, 1953.

Johnson's Ground declared to be an open space. 2. All that piece of enclosed land known as Johnson's Ground situate to the south side of the Enugu-Abakaliki road lying within the boundary of the Crown land at Abakaliki Township is hereby declared to be an open space.

Use of Johnson's Ground. 3. Johnson's Ground shall be used and occupied as a stadium for the purpose of organised sport and recreation.

Application for hire or use. 4. Application for the hire or use of the stadium shall be made to the District Officer, Abakaliki, who may refuse or accept applications for the use of the stadium as he thinks fit.

Permits. 5. Any person to whom a permit to use the stadium has been given by the District Officer shall have the exclusive right to use such stadium during the period of the validity of such permit and such person may charge fees for the admission of persons to the stadium and issue permits for the use of the stadium.

No entry without permits. 6. (1) No person shall enter into or use the stadium unless he is in possession of a valid permit from the District Officer or a valid permit from, or with the permission of, a person in possession of such a valid permit.

(2) Any permit issued by the holder of a valid permit from the District Officer may allow the entry into the stadium of spectators up to a number to be decided by such person with or without the payment of a fee.

Penalties. 7. (1) Any person other than a person referred to in rule 6 who enters into or uses the stadium shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding two pounds for the first offence and a fine not exceeding five pounds for each subsequent offence.

(2) The penalties may be imposed—

(a) if the offender is a person normally subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 31st day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 128 of 1953*

*Bye-Laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance,  
1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

**EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-Laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. (1) Any woman desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Eket District Council shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Eket District Council. Payment of fees.
  - (2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including anti-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the maternity ward, and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months.
- (3) Any woman, who is attended by a midwife in charge of Eket District Council maternity ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Eket District Council maternity ward shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by section 2 (1) above. Extra fee for domicilian treatment.
3. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose. Receipt record of treatment.
  - (2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.
  - (3) It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member or representative of the Eket District Council. Exemptions for pauper patients.

MADE by the Eket District Council this 28th day of February, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of :—

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary,*  
*Eket District Council*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman,*  
*Eket District Council*

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of May, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 129 of 1953*

THE NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1952

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council:—

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

(2) These bye-laws shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the District Council but also to all persons while within the area of the jurisdiction of the District Council.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“district council” means the Njikoka District Council;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the District Council shall take out a licence in the form set out in Schedule I hereto and pay for such licence the fee specified in Schedule II hereto.

4. (1) Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the District Council or to any licensing staff of the District Council who is on tour for the purpose of issuing licences.

(2) Every applicant for a licence shall on issue of the licence be given a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued to be fixed on the vehicle.

5. (1) Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be in the following positions:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

(2) Such metal plate shall be the property of the District Council and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the District Council for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

6. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

7. (1) Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for a period not more than two weeks, and in addition be ordered to pay the fee for such licence.

(2) Any person contravening or failing to comply with the provision of bye-law No. 5, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for a period not more than two weeks, such penalties to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

8. Any person who holds a licence in respect of vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-law of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
  - (c) the rules made by a Native Authority, or
  - (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township, or the bye-laws made by other Local Government Councils,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out further licence in respect of same vehicle.

9. Native Authority Public Notice No. 37 of 1948 is hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE I

NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL

*Licence and Receipt Form*

Vehicle Licence No.....

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use

.....until the.....day of.....19.....

Fees paid £.....:.....s.....d (.....pounds.....shillings.....pence)

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Signature of Payer*

.....  
*District Council*

*Note.—This licence expires on the 31st day of December, 19.....*

SCHEDULE II

*Fees to be paid under Bye-law 3*

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£ s d
(a) Bicycles, tricycles and other pedalled vehicles .. .. .	0 5 0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with two or three wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels or children's chairs and perambulators used for the carriage of goods .. .. .	0 10 0
(c) Rickshaws, go-carts or bath-chairs propelled by hand .. .. .	0 10 0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with two or three wheels (excluding children's chairs and perambulators referred to above) or animal-drawn vehicle intended for the carriage of goods with two or more wheels:	
(i) with rubber tyres on all wheels .. .. .	1 10 0
(ii) without rubber tyres on all wheels .. .. .	2 5 0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with two or three wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels .. .. .	0 15 0
(f) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with four or more wheels (excluding children's chairs and perambulators or animal-drawn vehicles with two or more wheels) over one ton carrying capacity:	
(i) with rubber tyres on all wheels .. .. .	2 0 0
(ii) without rubber tyres on all wheels .. .. .	3 0 0
For a new licence to take the place of one lost or stolen .. .. .	0 2 0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 17th day of December, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

AKWUOBI ESSELL, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

A. N. ONYIUIKE, *Chairman,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 28th day of March, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 130 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE UZO-UWANI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. These rules may be cited as the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) (Amendment) Rules, 1953.

2. The Uzo-Uwani Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1951, are hereby amended by deleting the words "31st March" in paragraph 7 and substituting therefor the words "31st December."

MADE under the Seal of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority this 25th day of February, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority this 25th day of February, 1953, in the presence of :—

BEN AARON O. IBEGBU,  
*Clerk of the Council,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

J. IFEANYA, *Chairman,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

APPROVED this 17th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

Public Notice No. 116 of 1951 published in *Nigeria Gazette* No. 56 of 1st November, 1951.

EASTERN ORDER

In exercise of section 12 of

1. This Order, 1953.

2. The Authority hereby amends following Fir

All that piece situated in the

Starting from the hand side of the road by the right bank of the south-westerly stream where the right bank from Onitsha downstream to the left bank of the stream is approximately 1 mile of the Anambra general north to Beacon No. 2,4 for a distance of 2,4 and PBD. 2,4 cut on a bearing of Nos. PBD. 2,4 a straight line through Beacon 2,006, 2,004, Forest Reserve

All bearings measured along the line to True North

MADE this 1

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 5 of 1953

ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 75)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Akpaka Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. The Akpaka Forest Reserve Order, 1929 (Order No. 17 of 1929) is hereby amended by deleting the First Schedule thereto and substituting the following First Schedule therefor:—

Revision  
and  
modifica-  
tion of  
the  
Akpaka  
Forest  
Reserve.  
Amend-  
ment to  
Order No.  
17 of 1929.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing one decimal three four square miles or thereabouts situated in the Onitsha Division of the Onitsha Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the right bank of Nkissi River where it is met by the left hand side of the motor road from Onitsha to Nkwelle and marked by Beacon No. FD. 1, by the right bank of the Nkissi River downstream in a general north-westerly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of about 1 mile 3,200 feet to Beacon No. FD. 2 where the right bank of the Nkissi River is met by the right hand side of the motor road from Onitsha to Akpaka; thence continuing by the right bank of the Nkissi River downstream to the point where it meets the left bank of the Niger River; thence by the left bank of the Niger River upstream in a general north-easterly direction for approximately 1 mile to the point where the left bank of the Niger River is met by the left bank of the Anambra River; thence by the left bank of the Anambra River upstream in a general north north-easterly direction for a distance of approximately 1 mile 2,400 feet to Beacon No. FD. 3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 124 degrees 30 minutes for a distance of 2,990 feet through Beacons Nos. PBQ. 351, 352, PBD. 2,399, PBQ. 354 and PBD. 2,400 to Beacon FD. 4 alongside Beacon PBQ. 355; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 169 degrees 30 minutes for a distance of 2,921 feet through Beacons Nos. PBD. 2,398, 2,397, 2,396, 2,395, 2,394 and 2,393 to Beacon No. FD. 5; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 199 degrees 45 minutes for a distance of 1 mile 1,440 feet through Beacons Nos. PBD. 2,016, 2,015, 2,014, 2,013, 2,102, 2,011, 2,010, 2,009, 2,008, 2,006, 2,004, 2,002, 2,001 and following the western boundary of the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve to the starting point.

All bearings and distances are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal. All bearings are referred to True North. All beacons are concrete pillars.

MADE this 16th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 6 of 1953

ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE (Cap. 75)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. Order No. 19 of 1937 is hereby amended by deleting the First and Second Schedules thereto and by substituting the following First and Second Schedules therefor:—

Revision and modification of the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve, Amendment to Order No. 19 of 1937.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing nought decimal four nought square miles or thereabouts situated in the Onitsha Division of the Onitsha Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the right bank of Nkissi River where it meets the left hand side of the motor road from Onitsha to Nkwelle and marked by beacon No. FD. 1 by a straight line on a bearing of 19 degrees 45 minutes for a distance of 1 mile 1,440 feet through beacons Nos. PBD. 2,001, 2,002, 2,004, 2,006, 2,008, 2,009, 2,010, 2,011, 2,012, 2,013, 2,014, 2,015, 2,016, and following the eastern boundary of the Akpaka Forest Reserve, to Beacon No. FD. 5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 169 degrees 30 minutes for a distance of 1 mile 1,995 feet through Beacons Nos. PBD. 2,392, 2,391, 2,390, 2,389, 2,388, 2,387, 2,386, 2,385, 2,384, 2,383, 2,382, 2,381, 2,380, 2,379, 2,378, 2,377, 2,376 to Beacon No. FD. 6 alongside Beacon PBD. 2,375 and on the right bank of the Nkissi River; thence by the right bank of Nkissi River downstream in a general north-easterly and then westerly direction for a distance of about 4,800 feet to the starting point.

All bearings and distances are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal. All bearings are referred to True North. All beacons are concrete pillars.

SECOND SCHEDULE

To the general public:—

The right of way along the Onitsha-Nkwelle motor road.

MADE this 16th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE, Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region

EASTERN REGION REGULATIONS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 8 of the Regulations Ordinance, the following regulations are hereby made:

1. These regulations shall be cited as the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve (Amendment) Regulations, 1953.

2. For the purposes of these regulations, the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve shall be deemed to include the land described in the First Schedule to these regulations.

3. For the purposes of these regulations, the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve shall be deemed to include the land described in the Second Schedule to these regulations.

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region, 1953.

J. R. VERNON, Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region

EASTERN REGION REGULATIONS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 8 of the Regulations Ordinance, the following regulations are hereby made:

1. These regulations shall be cited as the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve (Amendment) Regulations, 1953.

2. For the purposes of these regulations, the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve shall be deemed to include the land described in the First Schedule to these regulations.

3. For the purposes of these regulations, the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve shall be deemed to include the land described in the Second Schedule to these regulations.

4. For the purposes of these regulations, the Akpaka Extension Forest Reserve shall be deemed to include the land described in the Third Schedule to these regulations.

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region, 1953.

J. R. VERNON, Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 8 of 1953

## REGULATIONS made under THE PRODUCE INSPECTION ORDINANCE, 1950 (No. 24 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Produce Inspection Board by section 8 of the Produce Inspection Ordinance, 1950, the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Groundnuts (Inspection for Export) (Amendment) Regulations, 1953. Short title.
2. For the figure 9 where it occurs after the word "regulation" in sub-regulation (1) of regulation 3 of the Groundnuts (Inspection for Export) Regulations, 1951 (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) there shall be substituted the figure 10. Amendment of regulation 3 of the principal regulations
3. For the figure 15 in regulation 6 of the principal regulations there shall be substituted the figure 18. Amendment of regulation 6 of the principal regulations.

MADE by the Produce Inspection Board, at Lagos, this 2nd day of March, 1953.

J. R. VERNON, *Secretary*

A. H. YOUNG, *Chairman*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 9 of 1953

## REGULATIONS made under THE PRODUCE INSPECTION ORDINANCE, 1950 (No. 24 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Produce Inspection Board by section 8 of the Produce Inspection Ordinance, 1950, the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Produce Inspection (Amendment) Regulations, 1953. Short title.
2. For the figure 34 in the definition of "storekeeper" in regulation 2 of the Produce Inspection Regulations, 1951 (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations) there shall be substituted the figure 33. Amendment of regulations 26 of 1951.
3. For the amounts 5s 6d, 3s 9d, 3s 0d, and 2s 0d under the heading "For every hour or part thereof" in sub-regulation (1) of regulation 12 of the principal regulations, there shall be substituted the amounts of 7s 0d, 5s 3d, 3s 9d, and 3s 6d respectively. Amendment of regulation 12 of the principal regulations.
4. For the full stop after the word "regulations" where it first occurs in sub-regulation (1) of regulation 23 of the principal regulations there shall be substituted a comma and the following words :—  
"or as near thereto as circumstances permit in such manner as a Produce Officer may approve in writing." Amendment of regulation 23 of the principal regulations.

MADE by the Produce Inspection Board, at Lagos this 2nd day of March, 1953.

J. R. VERNON, *Secretary*

A. H. YOUNG, *Chairman*



## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 10 of 1953

## REGULATIONS made under THE PRODUCE INSPECTION ORDINANCE, 1950 (No. 24 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Produce Inspection Board by section 8 of the Produce Inspection Ordinance, 1950, the following Regulations are hereby made:—

Short title. 1. These regulations may be cited as the Rubber (Inspection for Export) (Amendment) Regulations, 1953.

Amendment of regulation 2 of Regulations 3+ of 1951. 2. Regulation 2 of the Rubber (Inspection for Export) Regulations, 1951, is hereby amended by the addition immediately after paragraph (b) thereof of the following new paragraph :—  
“(c) to paste rubber of all kinds.”

MADE by the Produce Inspection Board at Lagos this 2nd day of March, 1953.

J. R. VERNON, *Secretary*

A. H. YOUNG, *Chairman*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 131 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority (Johnson's Ground Stadium) (Revocation) Rules, 1953.

Revocation of E.R.P.N. No. 55 of 1952. 2. The Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority (Johnson's Ground Stadium) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority this 30th day of January, 1953.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority on the 30th day of January, 1953, in the presence of :—

J. M. O. IGBOJI,  
*Clerk of the Council,*  
*Abakaliki Divisional*  
*Native Authority*

NWAGBO OGAYI, *Chairman (H.R.T.I.),*  
*Abakaliki Divisional*  
*Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 31st day of March, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 132 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ORLU DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (TRAINING CENTRE RATE) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (1) (a) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Orlu Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. These rules may be cited as the Orlu Division (Training Centre Rate) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Orlu Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Orlu Divisional Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of Orlu Division, shall pay local a rate to the Native Authority of the amount of nine pence per year or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Orlu Divisional Native Treasury at Orlu or at such other collecting centre as the Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. The Native Authority shall issue a receipt for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended on the maintenance of the Orlu Divisional N. A. Training Centre.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for seven days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Orlu Divisional Native Authority this 10th day of March 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Orlu Divisional Native Authority on the 10th day of March, 1953, in the presence of :—

E. O. EZIE, *Administrative Secretary,*  
*Orlu Divisional Native Authority*

G. N. Agbasiere, *President,*  
J. A. Nwosu, *Vice-President,*  
*Orlu Divisional Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Orlu Divisional Native Authority Standing Rules, 1952.

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 133 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IMAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE)  
RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Iman Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Iman Native Authority (General Public Service) Rating Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Iman Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Iman Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of six shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Iman Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of the public services provided by and within the area of jurisdiction of the Iman Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the onus of proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Iman Native Authority this 9th day of January, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Iman Native Authority on 9th day of January,

1953, in the presence of:—

B. O. UDO, *Secretary,*  
*Iman Native Authority*

P. J. EFIG, *Chairman,*  
*Iman Native Authority*

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 134 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EASTERN NSIT NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE)  
RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (vi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Nsit Native Authority (General Public Service) Rating Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of four shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Eastern Nsit Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of the public services provided by and within the area of jurisdiction of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the onus of proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority this 27th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority on 27th day of December, 1952, in the presence of:—

J. A. INYANG, *Secretary,*  
*Eastern Nsit Native Authority*

J. UDO, *Chairman,*  
*Eastern Nsit Native Authority*

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 135 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBESIKPO-ASUTAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE) RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority (General Public Service) Rating Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one shilling and sixpence per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of the public services provided by and within the area of jurisdiction of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the onus of proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority this 29th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority on 29th day of December, 1952, in the presence of:—

E. E. OKON, *Secretary,*  
*Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority*

W. U. AKPAN, *Chairman,*  
*Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority*

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 136 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UYO FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE) RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uyo Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uyo Federated Native Authority (General Public Service) Rating Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Uyo Federated Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Uyo Federated Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of four shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Uyo Federated Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of the public services provided by and within the area of jurisdiction of the Uyo Federated Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the onus of proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Uyo Federated Native Authority this 27th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uyo Federated Native Authority on 27th day of December, 1952, in the presence of:—

P. E. ARCHIBONG, *Secretary,*  
*Uyo Federated Native Authority*

O. U. NTUK, *Chairman,*  
*Uyo Federated Native Authority*

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 137 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE URUAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE  
RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uruan Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uruan Native Authority (General Public Service) Rating Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Uruan Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Uruan Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of three shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Uruan Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of the public services provided by and within the area of jurisdiction of the Uruan Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the onus of proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Uruan Native Authority this 19th day of December, 1952

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uruan Native Authority on 19th day of December, 1952, in the presence of:—

A. W. UMO-EREN, *Secretary,*  
*Uruan Native Authority*

D. F. E. ESSESIEN, *Chairman,*  
*Uruan Native Authority*

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 138 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WESTERN NSIT NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE)  
RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 (i) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Nsit Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Nsit Native Authority (General Public Service) Rating Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Western Nsit Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Western Nsit Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of three shillings per year or such sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Western Nsit Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended to provide for the maintenance of the public services provided by and within the area of jurisdiction of the Western Nsit Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the onus of proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Western Nsit Native Authority this 9th day of January, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Western Nsit Native Authority on 9th day of January, 1953, in the presence of:—

E. WILLIAMS, *Secretary,*  
*Western Nsit Native Authority*

\*JOSHUA OKON, *Chairman,*  
*Western Nsit Native Authority*

APPROVED this 15th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 139 of 1953*

*Bye-Laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance,  
1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council with the approval of the Regional Authority :—

- Short title. 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Carrying of Weapons) Bye-laws, 1953.
- Definitions. 2. The expression "weapon" in these bye-laws includes firearms of all descriptions, spears, knives or matchets.
- Carrying of weapons prohibited in certain places. 3. Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws any person who carries any weapon into a court, market or at any public meeting or gathering, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five shillings or to imprisonment for seven days or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- Exception in the case of ceremonies. 4. The provisions of these bye-laws shall not apply with respect to any lawful and recognised ceremony of which the carriage of weapons forms an integral part by local customary laws.
- Exception in the case of trade in weapons. 5. The provisions of these bye-laws shall not apply with respect to carriage of weapons to or from a market for the purpose of selling or buying such weapons.

MADE by a Resolution of the Njikoka District Council the 17th day of December, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of :—

AKWUOBI ESSELL,  
*Secretary/Treasurer,  
Njikoka District Council*

H. E. NWALUSI,  
*Vice-Chairman,  
Njikoka District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 22nd day of April, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of June, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 22, Vol. 2, dated 14th May, 1953—Part B.

*E.R. Public Notice No. 140 of 1953*

Order MADE UNDER *The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)*

THE BAFUT-NGEMBA NATIVE AUTHORITY FOREST  
RESERVE (AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by sections 26 and 29 of the Forestry Ordinance, it is hereby ordered by the Bafut-Ngemba Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor as follows:—

1. This order may be cited as the Bafut-Ngemba Native Authority Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. The Bafut-Ngemba Native Authority Forest Reserve Order, 1937, is hereby amended by deleting the First and Second Schedules thereto and substituting the following First and Second Schedules therefor:—

Revision,  
modifications  
and partial  
de-reserva-  
tion of Bafut-  
Ngemba  
Native  
Authority  
Forest  
Reserve  
Amendment  
to Order No.  
29 of 1937.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing an area of twelve and a half square miles or thereabouts situated in the Bamenda Division of the Bamenda Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the left hand side of the path from Bamenda Station to Bambaluwe where it meets the left bank of the Sananga stream the approximate co-ordinates of which taken from the Nigeria Survey Map 1 : 500,000 Sheet 11 are latitude 5° 55' north, longitude 10° 7' east, marked by Beacon No. 1 built on a rocky outcrop and also marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face of the outcrop by the left bank of the Sananga stream upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 3,600 feet to Beacon No. 2 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 78° 30' for a distance of 2,380 feet to Beacon No. 3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 139° 30' for a distance of 1,550 feet to Beacon No. 4; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 118° for a distance of 2,000 feet to Beacon No. 5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 140° 30' for a distance of 930 feet to Beacon No. 6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 90° 30' for a distance of 830 feet to Beacon No. 7 on the right bank of an unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 43° for a distance of 1,130 feet to Beacon No. 8; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 113° for a distance of 900 feet to Beacon No. 9; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 76° 30' for a distance of 500 feet to Beacon No. 10; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 60° for a distance of 160 feet to Beacon No. 11; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 87° for a distance of 310 feet to Beacon No. 12 on the left bank of the Mubang River; thence by the left bank of the Mubang River upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 13 on the left bank of the Mubang River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 30° for a distance of 580 feet to Beacon No. 14 on a hunters' path entering the Reserve from Bamenda Nkwe; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

;

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
14	314° 30'	920 feet	15
15	340°	1,300 "	16
16	14° 30'	330 "	17
17	314° 30'	470 "	18
18	4° 30'	400 "	19
19	13° 30'	1,540 "	20
20	45° 30'	430 "	21
21	6°	300 "	22
22	78°	400 "	23
23	358° 30'	350 "	24
24	325°	470 "	25
25	4° 30'	340 "	26 on the left bank

of an unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 12° 30' for a distance of 2,030 feet to Beacon No. 27; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 12° 30' for a distance of 840 feet to Beacon No. 28; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 309° for a distance of 280 feet to Beacon No. 29; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 40° 30' for a distance of 400 feet to Beacon No. 30; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 41° for a distance of 240 feet to Beacon No. 31 by the side of a path entering the Reserve from Banja Village; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 77° for a distance of 300 feet to Beacon No. 32 on the left bank of an unnamed stream where it is met by a hunters' path entering the Reserve; thence by the left bank of this unnamed stream upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 33 on the left bank of this unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 10° for a distance of 260 feet to Beacon No. 34 by the side of a path entering the reserve from Banja Village; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 80° for a distance of 1,210 feet to Beacon No. 35; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 55° 30' for a distance of 1,810 feet to Beacon No. 36 on the left bank of an unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 95° 30' for a distance of 2,160 feet to Beacon No. 37; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 24° for a distance of 2,190 feet to Beacon No. 38 on the left bank of the Gwuekonki stream; thence by the left bank of the Gwuekonki stream upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,900 feet to Beacon No. 39 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 172° 30' for a distance of 1,850 feet to Beacon No. 40 on the main cattle trail from Bambili to milestone 12 on the road from Bamenda to Santa; thence following this main cattle trail by a series of straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Distance</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
40	234°	1,100 feet	41
41	211°	300 "	42
42	170°	680 "	43
43	144°	465 "	44
44	261° 30'	1,200 "	45
45	243°	900 "	46
46	246°	300 "	47
47	227°	175 "	48
48	237° 30'	350 "	49
49	245°	300 "	50
50	224°	250 "	51
51	199°	750 "	52
52	177° 30'	700 "	53
53	184° 30'	470 "	54
54	228°	2,180 "	55
55	222° 30'	1,000 "	56

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Distance</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
56	231° 30'	200 "	57
57	256°	787 "	58
58	235° 30'	600 "	59
59	146°	212 "	60 on the main

cattle trail where it is met by a path from Bamenda to Bambaluwe; thence continuing by this main cattle trail by a series of straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
60	162°	200 feet	61
61	121°	1,000 "	62
62	130°	936 "	63
63	109°	320 "	64
64	72° 30'	417 "	65
65	133° 30'	600 "	66
66	48° 30'	145 "	67
67	142° 30'	262 "	68
68	125° 30'	435 "	69
69	156° 30'	411 "	70
70	131° 30'	200 "	71
71	151°	228 "	72
72	180° 30'	944 "	73
73	141°	950 "	74 on the right

bank of the Tunelebe River; thence continuing by this main cattle trail by a series of straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
74	186° 30'	500 feet	75
75	196°	575 "	76
76	179° 30'	780 "	77
77	114°	500 "	78
78	221°	163 "	79
79	271°	1,600 "	80
80	250°	2,100 "	81
81	243° 30'	1,517 "	82
82	252° 30'	1,233 "	83
83	262° 30'	550 "	84 on the main

cattle trail where it is joined by the path from Bambaluwe to Bamenda Station; thence by the main cattle trail by a straight line on a bearing of 293° for a distance of 224 feet to Beacon No. 85 on the main cattle trail; thence continuing by this main cattle trail by a straight line on a bearing of 259° 30' for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 86 on the main cattle trail where the path from Bambaluwe to Bamenda Station leaves the main cattle trail; thence continuing by this same main cattle trail by a series of straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
86	224°	500 feet	87
87	203° 30'	1,250 "	88
88	189° 30'	450 "	89
89	153°	470 "	90
90	211° 30'	200 "	91
91	182°	747 "	92
92	213°	450 "	93
93	227° 30'	1,524 "	94
94	196°	333 "	95
95	152°	585 "	96
96	218°	1,063 "	97 on the main

cattle trail where it is met by the path from Bambaluwe to Bagangu; thence continuing by this same main cattle trail by a series of straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
97	201°	840 feet	98
98	211° 30'	1,100 "	99
99	196°	367 "	100
100	185°	860 "	101
101	175°	1,000 "	102
102	186°	425 "	103
103	236°	367 "	104
104	203°	553 "	105
105	251°	475 "	106
106	266°	666 "	107
107	264°	900 "	108
108	273° 30'	900 "	109
109	257°	680 "	110
110	244° 30'	240 "	111
111	276°	310 "	112
112	267° 30'	235 "	113
113	232° 30'	330 "	114
114	255°	800 "	115
115	260°	1,200 "	116
116	250°	775 "	117
117	268° 30'	1,150 "	118
118	235° 30'	700 "	119
119	245° 30'	425 "	120 on the main

cattle trail and also marked by two trenches indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 333° for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 121; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 313° for a distance of 2,330 feet to Beacon No. 122 on the left bank of the Nki Manga River; thence by the left bank of the Nki Manga River upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2,850 feet to Beacon No. 123; thence continuing by the left bank of the Nki Manga River upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 2,000 feet to Beacon No. 124 on the left bank of the Nki Manga River where it is met by a cattle trail and also marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock of the stream bed; thence continuing by the left bank of the Nki Manga River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 4,500 feet to Beacon No. 125 on the left bank of the Nki Manga River opposite the point where it is met on its right bank by the left bank of an unnamed tributary; thence continuing by the left bank of the Nki Manga River upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,000 feet to Beacon No. 126 at its source which is at the foot of a rocky outcrop also marked by broad arrows cut in the rock face; thence following the base of this rocky outcrop by a straight line on a bearing of 288° 30' for a distance of 1,090 feet to Beacon No. 127 on a small rocky outcrop marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 274° for a distance of 770 feet to Beacon No. 128 also marked by two trenches indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 223° for a distance of 800 feet to Beacon No. 129 also marked by two trenches indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 279° for a distance of 740 feet to Beacon No. 130 on a rocky outcrop by the edge of a cliff also marked by broad arrows cut in the rock face; thence by the top of this cliff in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,960 feet to Beacon No. 131 built close by a rocky outcrop marked by broad arrows cut in the rock face; thence continuing by this cliff top in a general westerly direction for a distance of 756 feet to

Beacon No. 132; thence continuing by this cliff top in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1,840 feet to Beacon No. 133; thence continuing by this cliff top in a general westerly direction for a distance of 900 feet to Beacon No. 134 also marked by a trench indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $251^{\circ}$  for a distance of 120 feet to Beacon No. 135; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $287^{\circ}$  for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon No. 136 built by a rocky outcrop also marked by broad arrows cut on its rock face; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $328^{\circ}$  for a distance of 950 feet to Beacon No. 137; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $350^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,300 feet to Beacon No. 138 on the left bank of the Nki Malo Abu stream where it is met by the right hand side of a farm path leading to Bagangu and also marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock of the stream bed; thence by the right hand side of this path in a general northerly direction for a distance of 900 feet to Beacon No. 139 on the rocky cutcrop of a cliff top where this farm path to Bagangu descends the cliff abruptly to Bagangu and also marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face; thence by this cliff top in a general westerly direction for a distance of 2,230 feet to Beacon No. 140; thence continuing by this cliff top by a straight line on a bearing of  $105^{\circ}$  for a distance of 990 feet to Beacon No. 141 also marked by a trench indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $78^{\circ}$  for a distance of 600 feet to Beacon No. 142 also marked by two trenches indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $98^{\circ}$  for a distance of 370 feet to Beacon No. 143 also marked by a trench indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
143	$78^{\circ}$	360 feet	144
144	$48^{\circ}$	315 "	145
145	$89^{\circ}$	410 "	146
146	$81^{\circ}$	300 "	147
147	$64^{\circ}$	370 "	148
148	$353^{\circ}$	295 "	149
149	$21^{\circ}$	415 "	150
150	$47^{\circ}$	300 "	151 on the left bank

of an unnamed stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $351^{\circ}$  for a distance of 10 feet to Beacon No. 152 on the right bank of this unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $351^{\circ}$  for a distance of 120 feet to Beacon No. 153; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $17^{\circ}$  for a distance of 865 feet to Beacon No. 154 on the right bank of an unnamed stream and also marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face of a small rocky waterfall; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $300^{\circ}$  for a distance of 480 feet to Beacon No. 155; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $27^{\circ}$  for a distance of 164 feet to Beacon No. 156 on the right bank of a small unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $43^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,057 feet to Beacon No. 157 at the source of a small unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $353^{\circ}$  for a distance of 638 feet to Beacon No. 158 on the right bank of a small unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $333^{\circ}$  for a distance of 480 feet to Beacon No. 159 on the right bank of a small unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $43^{\circ}$  for a distance of 400 feet to Beacon No. 160 which is an earth mound and is also marked by a deep pit; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $79^{\circ}$  for a distance of 200 feet to Beacon No. 161 which is an earth mound between two deep pits; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $28^{\circ}$  for a distance of 214 feet to Beacon No. 162 which is an earth mound; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $83^{\circ}$  for a distance of 458 feet to Beacon No. 163 on the right bank of an unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $13^{\circ}$  for a distance of 383 feet to Beacon No. 164; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $273^{\circ}$  for a distance of 632 feet to Beacon No. 165 built on a flat rocky outcrop marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $346^{\circ}$  for a distance of

216 feet to Beacon No. 166 at the side of the path from Bambaluwe to Bagangu and built nearby a rock which is marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face; thence by the right hand side of this path from Bambaluwe to Bagangu in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1,246 feet to Beacon No. 167 on a rocky outcrop by the right hand side of the path from Bambaluwe to Bagangu and at the point where this path descends a ridge into Bagangu; thence by the top of this ridge by a straight line on a bearing of  $304^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,700 feet to Beacon No. 168 also marked by two trenches indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence continuing by the top of this ridge by a straight line on a bearing of  $357^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,500 feet to Beacon No. 169 also marked by a trench indicating the general direction of the boundary; thence continuing by the top of this ridge by a straight line on a bearing of  $50^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 900 feet to Beacon No. 170 by a rock outcrop marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $46^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,950 feet to Beacon No. 171 by a rocky outcrop marked by a broad arrow cut in the rock face; thence continuing by the top of this ridge by a straight line on a bearing of  $49^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 2,020 feet to Beacon No. 172 on the top of the ridge which has now become a cliff top; thence continuing by the cliff top in a general north easterly direction for a distance of 970 feet to Beacon No. 173 on the right bank of the Nki Manga stream also marked by a broad arrow cut in the rocky bed of the stream; thence continuing by this same cliff top in a general northerly direction for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon No. 174 on the right bank of the Nki Ibamichi stream; thence continuing by this cliff top by a straight line on a bearing of  $353^{\circ}$  for a distance of 450 feet to Beacon No. 175; thence continuing by this cliff top by a straight line on a bearing of  $4^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,070 feet to Beacon No. 176; thence continuing by this cliff top by a straight line on a bearing of  $351^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,123 feet to Beacon No. 177; thence continuing by this cliff top by a straight line on a bearing of  $6^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,084 feet to Beacon No. 178; thence continuing by this cliff top by a straight line on a bearing of  $329^{\circ}$  for a distance of 450 feet to Beacon No. 179 on the left bank of the Sananga stream where it flows over the cliff edge; thence by the left bank of the Sananga stream upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 120 feet to the starting point.

All Beacons are stone cairns unless otherwise stated.

All bearings are referred to True North and are adjusted from Magnetic Bearings observed during the periods July, 1947, to October, 1948, and May to July, 1950.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

### *Rights within the Reserve—*

#### 1. Rights of way:—

To the general public:—

The right of way along the following existing paths within the reserve :

The path from Bagangu to Bambuluwe.

The path from Bamenda-Nkwe to Bambuluwe passing Cairn No. 14.

The path from Bamenda-Nkwe to Bambuluwe passing Cairn No. 1.

#### 2. Other rights:—

Subject to any restrictions lawfully imposed by the Native Authority to the inhabitants of the villages of Bamenda-Nkwe, Bagangu and Bambuluwe:—

(i) The right to hunt and fish within the reserve.

(ii) The right to collect within the reserve tortoises, land crabs, bees wax, honey and other food materials.

(iii) The right to cut bamboos for domestic purposes and not for sale or barter.

(iv) The right to collect within the reserve strictly for domestic use within the villages named and not for sale or barter, fuel from dead trees together with

;

building poles not exceeding fifteen inches in girth from trees other than those planted or established by the Forest Department or Native Administration, and provided always that no damage to living forest growth is occasioned thereby.

MADE this 9th day of January, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Eastern Federation of Native Authorities in the presence of :

V. T. LAINJO, *Secretary,*  
*Bamenda South Eastern Federation*

SEHM ATAR, (H.R.T.I.), *President,*  
*Bamenda South Eastern Federation*  
ACHIRIMBI  
GHOGHOMO (H.R.T.I.)  
M. T. MONJU

on behalf of the Bamenda South Eastern Federation of Native Authorities, signified in accordance with the Bamenda South Eastern Federation of Native Authorities Standing Rules 1949, dated the 5th of September, 1949.

MADE this 2nd day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Western Federation of Native Authorities in the presence of :

P. M. ANGU, *Secretary,*  
*Bamenda South Western Federation*

G. T. T. MBA II, *President,*  
*Bamenda South Western Federation*

on behalf of the Bamenda South Western Federation of Native Authorities, signified in accordance with the Bamenda South Western Federation of Native Authorities Standing Rules, 1949, dated the 12th of October, 1949.

APPROVED this 16th day of April, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 141 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

THE UMUAHIA-IBEKU MARKET RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Local Authority of the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku with the approval of the Senior Resident, Owerri Province :—

1. These rules may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Market Rules, 1953. Short title.
2. The market shall be open daily from 6 a.m. until 6.30 p.m. except on such days or during such hours as shall be specified by the Local Authority. Hours of opening.
3. The following rents and fees shall be paid in advance to the Local Authority by all persons selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market :— Rents and fees payable in advance.



	£	s	d	
(a) Rents (i) for every open stall .. ..	1	4	0	per annum.
(ii) for every plot .. ..	0	12	0	„ „
(iii) for every plot for carpenter's shed .. .. .	1	5	0	„ „
(iv) for every plot for timber shed .. .. .	3	0	0	„ „
(v) for every plot for sticks or pottery .. .. .	0	10	0	„ „
(b) Fees : Market hawker's fees .. ..	0	0	1	per day.

Allocation of stalls, etc. 4. (1) All stalls and plots in the market shall be allocated by the Local Authority.

(2) The Local Authority may set aside any part of the market for the sale or storage of specific foodstuffs, stores, merchandise or other articles.

Alienation of stalls, etc. 5. No person shall occupy any stall or plot without the permission of the Local Authority and no person shall sublet, mortgage or otherwise alienate any stall or plot without the permission of the Local Authority in writing.

In addition to any other penalty imposed under these rules, any person committing a breach of this rule shall forfeit the stall or plot forthwith and shall receive no refund of rent or compensation therefor.

Removal of buildings or plots, etc. 6. Any occupier of a stall or plot may be required at the expiry of the period for which he has rented the stall or plot, to remove any building erected by him, without compensation. If the occupier fails to remove any such building at the expiry of such period the Local Authority may, after giving seven days notice of his intention in writing, himself remove such building and dispose of the materials in any manner without compensation to the owner.

Regulations of materials and construction of stalls. 7. Any person to whom the Local Authority has allocated a plot for the construction of a stall, shall build such stall of such construction and of such materials as shall be approved by the Local Authority. The Local Authority may demolish any stall or structure which does not accord with his requirements and dispose of the materials in any manner without compensation to the owner.

Offences. 8. Any person who :—

- uses any stall or plot in the market for the purposes of selling any article or carrying on his trade or calling in the market, and who shall not have paid the prescribed rent therefor; or
- erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure within the market without the permission of the Local Authority; or
- allows a stall or plot which has been allocated to him to become insanitary, or fails to keep such stall or plot clean; or
- cooks food in any part of the market other than that which has been set aside for that purpose by the Local Authority; or
- drives a motor vehicle within the market; or
- rides a bicycle within the market while the market is open for the transaction of business; or
- being other than a duly authorised watchman or labourer, shall be in the market at a time other than when the market is open for the transaction of business; or

- (h) exposes for sale in the market produce, merchandise or any goods except in a stall or plot which has been set aside by the Local Authority for the sale of such wares; or
- (i) slaughters or butchers any animal in the market at any place other than the market slaughter slab; or
- (j) sells or exposes for sale any meat other than on a clean suitable concrete slab; or
- (k) sublets, mortgages or otherwise alienates any stall or plot which has been allocated to him without the permission of the Local Authority in writing; or
- (l) places any obstruction in any alley or passage-way of the market; or
- (m) commits a nuisance in the market; or
- (n) deposits any refuse in a place other than in a receptacle provided for the purpose,

shall be guilty of an offence against these rules and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine of one pound or to seven days imprisonment.

9. The Umuahia Market Rules No. 7 of 1941 and No. 3 of 1943, are hereby revoked.

Revocation  
of Rules 7 of  
1941 and 3  
of 1943.

MADE this 2nd day of April, 1953.

DOUGLAS J. BROWN,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED this 16th day of April, 1953.

J. S. SMITH,  
*Senior Resident, Owerri Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 142 of 1953*

*The Waterworks Ordinance (Chapter 227)*

THE WATERWORKS (PORT HARCOURT) REGULATIONS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the appropriate officer by section 16 of the Waterworks Ordinance, the following regulations are hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Waterworks (Port Harcourt) Regulations, 1953, and shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of April, 1953. Short title and date of commencement.
2. In these regulations the expression "private consumer" means an owner or occupier who is supplied with water by means of a private service to his tenement. Definition.
3. (1) Where a private consumer pays general water rate, he shall without further payment receive an allowance of water estimated to be equal in quantity to the amount of water which the sum paid by him for general water rate would purchase at a price of 1s 6d per 1,000 gallons. Supply to private consumers.
- (2) Where water is supplied to a private consumer in excess of the amount allowed by sub-regulation (1), such excess shall be paid for at the price of 1s 6d per 1,000 gallons.

Supply to the Nigerian Railway for its own use.

4. The Nigerian Railway Administration shall pay for water supplied for its own use from the Railway bulk metered supply at the rate of 1s 6d per 1,000 gallons.

Other supplies to the Nigerian Railway.

5. In addition to any payment for water made under the provisions of regulation 4, the Nigerian Railway Administration shall pay—

- (a) 2s 6d per 1,000 gallons supplied by the Nigerian Railway Administration to Government vessels;
- (b) 8s 4d per 1,000 gallons supplied by the Nigerian Railway Administration to non-Government vessels at the wharf; and
- (c) 8s 4d per ton supplied by the Nigerian Railway Administration to non-Government vessels by the Marine Lighter.

Time of payment.

6. The payment to be made under these regulations shall be due and payable at the office of the prescribed authority on the first day of occupation during each half year commencing on the 1st day of the months of October and April in each year.

Revocation of Regulations 80 of 1941.

7. The Waterworks (Port Harcourt) Regulations are hereby revoked.

MADE at Enugu this 2nd day of May, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 143 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948  
(No. 38 of 1948)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Port Harcourt Town Council by section 44 of the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the following order is hereby made with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Provinces, to whom the Governor has delegated his powers of approval :—

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt Township (Half-yearly) Rate (No. 1) Order, 1953.

2. A Township rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements in the Township for the period of six months commencing on the 1st day of April, 1953, and ending on the 30th September, 1953.

3. The said rate shall be one shilling and three pence in the pound of the annual value of the tenements in respect of the period.

4. The payment of the said rate shall become due and payable at the office of the Town Clerk within thirty days from the publication of this order in the *Gazette*.

5. The following tenements shall be exempt from the payment of the said rate :—

- (a) Cemeteries.
- (b) Tenements used exclusively for the purpose of public worship.
- (c) Public Recreation Grounds.

- (d) Tenements occupied by Government Schools, Teacher Training Institutions or any School or Teacher Training Institution which is in receipt of a grant-in-aid under the provisions of the Education Ordinance, 1948, in so far as such tenements are used for educational purposes.

MADE at Port Harcourt this 8th day of April, 1953, by the Port Harcourt Town Council.

D. E. IWARIMIE JAJA,  
*Acting Town Clerk*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 8th day of May, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 144 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

#### FUNCTIONS OF COUNCILS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 99 (82) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, His Honour hereby gives his sanction to the declaration by Instrument by the Regional Authority that, subject to such limitations and conditions as the Regional Authority may impose, a council either shall or may, in addition to the performance of any or all of the functions described in subsections (1) to (81) of section 99 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, provide for the building, equipping or maintenance of rural Postal Agencies and rural postal services which have been approved by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

EASTERN REGION E.R. No. 11 of 1953  
 REGULATIONS made under THE PRODUCE  
 INSPECTION ORDINANCE, 1950 (No. 24 of 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Produce Inspection Board by section 8 of the Produce Inspection Ordinance, 1950, the following regulations are hereby made:

1. These regulations may be cited as the Fruit (Inspection for Export) Regulations, 1953. Short title.

2. In these regulations:—

Definitions.

“adulteration” of fruit means the admixture or combination together of a quantity of fruit which is of such quality that it can be passed for export as provided in these regulations, with any one or more of the following:—

- (a) a quantity of fruit which is of such quality that it cannot be passed for export in accordance with these regulations, or which having once been passed has deteriorated in quality to such an extent that it no longer conforms to the prescribed standards;
- (b) a quantity of fruit consisting of a different type, whether such type can be passed for export or not;
- (c) any substance, matter or thing, whether deleterious or not, solid or liquid or partly solid or partly liquid, which is, as regards the fruit concerned, foreign or superfluous;

“defective fruit” means fruit damaged by any bruise, fungus disease or pest, and includes fruit which is excessively blemished in appearance, over mature or immature, or having insects, soil or foreign matter adhering to it;

“fruit” means the types of fresh fruit in their natural state prescribed in the First Schedule to these regulations;

First  
Schedule.

“standard case” means a case constructed of wood of the size and to the dimensions prescribed in the Second Schedule to these regulations;

Second  
Schedule.

“standard pack” means the system of packing fruit for export according to the size and weight of such fruit as prescribed in the Second Schedule to these regulations;

“type” as applied to fruit means a recognised botanical species of fruit;

“variety” as applied to fruit means an authenticated and named variety of a particular botanical species of fruit.

3. No fruit other than the types and varieties and of the juice content prescribed in the First Schedule to these regulations shall be exported, and no such fruit shall be exported unless the same shall have been packed in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule to the regulations, and inspected and passed by an examiner.

Restriction  
on export.

4. No fruit shall be exported unless—

(a) all the fruit in a standard pack is of the same type and variety, graded according to size and weight, and

Conditions  
of export.

- (b) all the fruit is packed according to size and weight in standard cases of the specified dimensions for that particular size and weight, and
- (c) each case containing fruit is clearly marked as laid down in the Second Schedule to these regulations, and
- (d) all the fruit is free from adulteration and of good quality, in sound condition, fully developed, not too ripe or too unripe, free from disease and pests, bruises, cuts and from injuries due to brushing or to other methods employed in cleaning the fruit, and is of the shape and internal condition characteristic of its variety, and
- (e) all the fruit and the cases containing such fruit have been examined and passed by an examiner.

Inspection of fruit.

5. (1) The inspection of fruit for export shall be performed by the Produce Inspection Service of the Government.

(2) No fruit shall be examined or inspected for export except at a fruit packing station gazetted as such in accordance with the provisions of these regulations.

(3) The Director of Marketing and Exports may by notice published in the *Gazette*, declare any Produce Inspection Station gazetted as such under regulation 5 of the Produce Inspection Regulations, 1951, to be a fruit packing station for the purposes of these regulations.

Regulations 26 of 1951.

(4) The inspection of fruit shall be undertaken under conditions prescribed by regulation 6 of the Produce Inspection Regulations, 1951.

(5) The inspection of fruit shall be made both before and after the fruit is packed for export. The inspection before packing shall be known as the "first inspection," and the inspection after packing shall be known as the "second inspection."

First inspection. Regulations 26 of 1951.

6. (1) For the purposes of "first inspection" fruit shall be carefully spread out in a registered produce store as defined in the Produce Inspection Regulations, 1951, on a clean tarpaulin or clean cemented or wooden floor, but not on the ground, in not more than two layers so that representative samples may be taken without difficulty.

(2) An examiner shall examine the fruit and if in the course of first inspection any defective fruits are detected the parcel shall be rejected.

(3) An examiner may order that any defective fruit shall be removed from the parcel and taken away forthwith from the registered produce store. If the owner fails to comply with such an order the examiner may order that the whole parcel shall be removed from the registered produce store, declaring such parcel to be rejected entirely.

(4) Where any parcel has been cleaned by the removal of defective fruit, the owner thereof may apply to an examiner to repeat the first inspection.

(5) If as a result of such first inspection any defective fruit is found, the parcel shall be finally rejected and shall be removed from the store. No further inspection shall be made on such parcel and it shall not be returned to the store where it was first inspected.

Method of testing.

7. (1) On first inspection, an examiner shall take indiscriminately from any parcel to be examined, a representative sample approximating to ten *per centum* of the number of fruits in the parcel and in any case not fewer

that twenty-five fruits. The examiner shall then examine the sample and if he finds any defective fruit therein he shall reject such parcel of fruit.

(2) An examiner may cut any fruit in a sample for the purpose only of verifying the type or variety and of confirming whether such fruit is defective. After examination, any fruit so cut shall be returned to the exporter.

8. Fruit shall be graded by size and weight and packed in accordance with the conditions prescribed both in regulation 4 and in the Second Schedule to these regulations, in the presence of and to the satisfaction of an examiner.

Grading  
and packing.

9. (1) Where for any reason the grading and packing of fruit under the provisions of regulation 8 of these regulations cannot be completed during normal working hours or during any hours of overtime granted under regulation 11 of the Produce Inspection Regulations, 1951, it shall be the duty of the exporter to provide adequate secure storage and to allow an examiner to place a seal on any store or room in such store where the grading and packing is left uncompleted.

Storage  
where  
grading  
and packing  
uncompleted.  
Regulations  
26 of 1951.

(2) The examiner who seals such store or room as provided in sub-regulation (1) of this regulation, or in the event of the absence of such examiner, any examiner, shall visit the store at the resumption of normal working hours, when grading and packing shall be continued and completed in his presence.

(3) If the examiner finds that the seal placed on the store or room has been tampered with, or that the twine fastening such seal has been cut or interfered with in any way, or that the standard cases, fruit, or packing materials have been in any way disturbed or disarranged he may refuse to pass the parcel for export, and may declare the parcel rejected. The examiner shall forthwith report any such rejection to a produce officer or assistant produce officer, stating the reason therefor.

10. (1) The second inspection shall take place immediately after the grading and packing of the fruit has been completed and before the lids of the standard cases are nailed down.

Second  
inspection.

(2) The examiner shall select at random a number of standard cases equal to ten *per centum* of the total number of standard cases in the parcel and in any case not less than ten standard cases, and if any standard case so selected fails to comply with the conditions laid down in the Second Schedule to these regulations, he shall thereupon examine each and every case in the parcel.

(3) If as a result of such examination the examiner finds that any standard case does not conform to the conditions laid down in the Second Schedule he shall reject each and every such case and may order that the fruit be regraded and repacked.

(4) After the second inspection, every standard case which has been passed by the examiner shall be securely nailed down and fastened to his satisfaction.

11. Re-inspection on the application of an exporter, of any parcel rejected at either the first inspection or the second inspection shall be permitted once only.

Re-inspec-  
tion.

12. The inspection of fruit for export shall be completed not later than four days after the harvesting of such fruit and not earlier than two days prior to the export of such fruit,

Time of  
inspection.

- Storage. 13. (1) Standard cases of fruit which have been passed for export by an examiner in accordance with regulation 10 of these regulations, shall be carefully handled and stored in such manner as an examiner may direct, so that no damage may occur to such cases or the fruit contained therein.
- (2) It shall be the duty of the exporter—
- (a) to provide adequate and secure storage for any cases of fruit awaiting shipment, and
- (b) to arrange for the transport of such cases of fruit without undue delay to the vessel on which the fruit is being exported.
- Registers. 14. Every exporter of fruit shall maintain a register in the manner prescribed by regulation 23 of the Produce Inspection Regulations, 1951, and the duties therein laid on a storekeeper shall apply to every exporter of fruit as if he were a storekeeper. The register shall be maintained in the form set out in the Third Schedule to these regulations or as near thereto as circumstances permit.
- Regulations 26 of 1951.
- Shipment under cold storage compulsory. 15. The shipment of fruit except under adequate conditions of cold storage is prohibited.
- Proof of cold storage. 16. It shall be the duty of every exporter of fruit, prior to the export of any fruit, to produce to a produce officer or assistant produce officer satisfactory proof from the shipping company concerned that adequate arrangements have been made to carry the fruit in cold storage in accordance with the requirements of the Fourth Schedule to these regulations.
- Certificate of inspection. 17. (1) Where an exporter of fruit has complied with the provisions of regulation 16 of these regulations, a produce officer or assistant produce officer shall issue to such exporter a certificate to the effect that fruit of such type, quantity, and description as prescribed by the certificate, has been inspected and passed for export. Such certificate shall state whether any fees have been paid by the exporter for the inspection of the fruit, and shall be signed by the produce officer or assistant produce officer who issued it.
- (2) Upon the export of the fruit, the exporter shall hand the certificate to the Department of Customs and Excise at the port of exportation.
- Export of sub-standard fruit. 18. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, where for any reason the export of any parcel of fruit is prohibited, the Director of Marketing and Exports may, if satisfied that the export of such parcel of fruit is justified for any purpose, grant a special permit authorising the export of such fruit upon such conditions and for such reasons as may be specified in the permit.
- (2) Upon the export of such fruit the exporter shall hand the special permit to the Department of Customs and Excise at the port of exportation.
- Inspection fees. 19. (1) An inspection fee of three pence per case shall be paid by the exporter to the produce officer or assistant produce officer at the time of the issue of the certificate of inspection, for each and every standard case examined:
- Provided that the Director of Marketing and Exports may in his discretion waive the payment of any such fee.
- (2) All fees so collected shall be paid into General Revenue,
- Exemptions. 20. These regulations shall not apply to the export of any quantity of fruit of not more than one full standard case, provided that such fruit when exported is accompanied by the owner thereof.



21. Any person who exports or attempts to export or ships or attempts to ship any fruit to which these regulations apply in contravention of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of one hundred pounds or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Offences and penalty.

22. The Pineapple Export Regulations, the Orange Export Regulations, the Fruit Products Export Regulations, and the Grapefruit Export Regulations are hereby revoked.

Revocation of Regulations 3 of 1932, 20 of 1935, 27 of 1939, 28 of 1939.

(Regulations 2 and 3)

### FIRST SCHEDULE

TYPES, VARIETIES AND JUICE CONTENT OF FRUIT TO WHICH THESE REGULATIONS APPLY

Type	Variety	Juice Content
Grapefruit	Seedless varieties only.	38 per cent by weight of juice.
Oranges	All varieties.	42 per cent by weight of juice.
Pineapples	Smooth Cayenne variety only.	No percentage prescribed.

(Regulations 3 and 4)

### SECOND SCHEDULE

METHODS OF PACKING AND GRADING FRUIT

#### A.—STANDARD CASES

- Only new and clean cases shall be used by exporters.
- The fruit shall be packed in wooden cases, the size of which shall be:—
  - for Oranges and Grapefruit.*—The outside measurements of each case shall be 26" long by 12" wide by 12" high (with centre piece) composed of pieces of wood as follows:—
    - Ends and centre piece (three pieces), 11½" wide by 11½" high by 11/16" thick.
    - Top, bottom and sides (eight pieces), 26" long by 5½" wide by ¼" thick.
    - Cleats (two pieces), either 11" long by ¾" wide by ¾" thick or 11" long by 1" wide by ½" thick.
 The ends of the cases shall be firmly fastened together with nails. No ends or centre pieces shall be made of two or more pieces.
 

All cases shall have cleats on the lids. Each case after it has been nailed down shall be banded with two bands of suitable wire or metal strapping which shall be fastened not more than ¼" from all overlapping cut ends.

 Each separate fruit shall be wrapped in fruit packing paper of a size and kind approved by a produce officer.
 Wrapping paper and standard cases shall be supplied by the exporter.
  - for Pineapples.*—The outside measurements of each case shall be 40" long by 17¼" wide by 8¼" high (with centre piece) composed of pieces of wood as follows:—
    - Ends and centre piece (three pieces), 16" wide by 7½" high by ½" thick.

Top, bottom and sides (six pieces), 40" long by 7½" wide by ¾" thick.  
 Cleats (two pieces), either 16½" long by ¾" wide by ¾" thick or 16½" long by 1" thick.

The ends of the cases shall be firmly fastened together with nails. No ends or centre pieces shall be made of two or more pieces.

All cases shall have cleats on the lids.

Each case after it has been nailed down shall be banded with two bands of suitable wire or metal strapping which shall be fastened not more than ¼" from all overlapping cut ends.

Pineapples shall be packed only in wood wool.

The crowns of pineapples shall not be removed, and each crown shall be straight grown, and single.

The stalks of pineapples shall be trimmed to a length of approximately one inch.

B.—COUNTS AND SIZES

ORANGES

3. The counts and sizes of oranges shall be as follows:—

<i>Count per case</i>	<i>Average Diameter</i>
80	3 1/8"
96	3 3/8"
100	3 5/16"
112	3 1/4"
126	3 1/8"
150	3"
176	2 7/8"
200	2 3/4"
216	2 5/8"
226	2 9/16"

4. The minimum weight of cases of counts 80 to 126 shall be not less than 74 lb. count 150 not less than 75 lb. and all longer counts shall weigh not less than 77 lb. per packed case; the net weight of the fruit shall be not less than 64 lb., 65 lb. and 67 lb. respectively.

GRAPEFRUIT

5. The counts and sizes of grapefruit shall be as follows:—

<i>Count per case</i>	<i>Average Diameter</i>
54	4 1/8"
64	3 15/16"
70	3 13/16"
80	3 3/8"
96	3 7/16"

6. The minimum weight shall be not less than 63 lb. for a count of 54, not less than 64 lb. for counts 64 and 70, not less than 66 lb. for count 80 and not less than 67 lb. per packed case for all longer counts; the net weight of fruit shall be not less than 53 lb., 54 lb., 56 lb. and 57 lb. respectively.

PINEAPPLES

7. The counts and weight of pineapples shall be as follows:—

<i>Count per case</i>	<i>Weight of Fruit</i>
6	6 to 7 lb.
8	5 to 6 "
10	4 to 5 "
12	3 to 4 "
14	2 to 3 "



(Regulation 16)

FOURTH SCHEDULE

COLD STORAGE TEMPERATURES

The following are the required temperatures at which fruit shall be stored on board ship:—

<i>Fruit</i>	<i>Storage Temperature</i>
Oranges and Grapefruit ... ..	40° to 45° Fahrenheit or 4.4° to 7.2° Centigrade.
Pineapples ... ..	48° to 52° Fahrenheit or 8.8° to 11.1° Centigrade.

MADE by the The Produce Inspection Board, at Lagos, this 2nd day of March, 1953.

J. R. VERNON, *Secretary*

A. H. YOUNG, *Chairman*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 145 of 1953*

*The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

THE UMUAHIA-IBEKU (LAMPS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Authorities of second class townships by section 47 of the Townships Ordinance, the following bye-laws are hereby made by the Local Authority of the township of Umuahia-Ibeku with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor:—

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| Short title.  | 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku (Lamps) Bye-laws, 1953.   |
| Lights to be carried in the township between 9 p.m. and 5 a.m. Offence and penalty. | 2. Every person shall either by himself or some other person accompanying him carry a lighted lamp whenever moving beyond the precincts of his tenement between the hours of 9 p.m. and 5 a.m. within the boundaries of the township of Umuahia-Ibeku.  |
| Revocation of Rules No. 7 of 1951.  | 3. Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of bye-law 2 shall be guilty of an offence and liable, upon conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or to seven days imprisonment for a first offence, and to a fine of one pound or to fourteen days imprisonment for any subsequent offence. |
|   | 4. The Third Class Townships (Umuahia-Ibeku Lamps) Rules, 1951, are hereby revoked.   |

MADE by the Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku this 10th day of April, 1953.

DOUGLAS J. BROWN,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED this 13th day of May, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Publi*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 146 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(LIQUOR LICENSING) BYE-LAWS, 1950

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Calabar Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Calabar Urban District Council (Liquor Licensing) Bye-laws, 1950, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.
  
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “council” means the Calabar Urban District Council;
  - “liquor” means palm wine and any kind or description of fermented liquor usually made by the natives of Nigeria or in the adjacent territories;”
  - “court” means a Magistrate’s Court.
  
3. No person shall sell liquor within the area of the authority of the Council without a licence issued in accordance with these bye-laws or otherwise than on or from the premises specified in such licence. Licence for sale of liquor.
  
4. (1) Licences of the descriptions hereinafter prescribed authorising the sale of liquor subject to the provisions of these bye-laws may be issued by the Council. Types of licences.
  - (a) “Liquor ‘on’ licence” as in Form A in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor for consumption on the licensed premises; Form A.
  - (b) “liquor ‘off’ licence” as in Form B in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor to be consumed off the licensed premises; Form B.
  - (c) “occasional liquor licence” as in Form C in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor on special occasion on such days, during such hours and at such place (not being a place otherwise licensed under these bye-laws) as the Council may approve. Form C.

(2) An “occasional liquor licence” shall only be granted to the holder of a licence to sell liquor and shall not be granted for any period exceeding three days. The Council shall notify the senior police officer in the area of the issue of the licence and the particulars thereof.
  
5. Except in the case of an occasional liquor licence every licence issued under these bye-laws shall permit the sale of liquor as follows:— Hours of sale.
  - (a) on Christmas Day, Good Friday or Sunday, between the hours of 12.30 p.m. and 2 p.m. and 5 p.m. and 8 p.m.; and
  - (b) on any other day between 6 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.;

Provided that on application being made to it the Council may, after hearing the applicant and the senior police officer in the area, extend the hours during which liquor may be sold on licensed premises on any special occasion.

Licences to expire on 31st. December.

6. (1) Every licence other than an occasional licence shall expire on the 31st December in the year in which it is issued.

Fees. Second Schedule.

(2) The fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall be payable to the Council for licences.

(3) When any licence other than an occasional liquor licence is issued on or after the 1st July in any year, one-half of the above-mentioned licence fees shall be payable.

Application for licence. Forms D, E and F.

7. (1) Applications for licences shall be made to the Council as in Forms D and E in the First Schedule as the case may be.

(2) Applications for the renewal of licences shall be made as in Form F in the First Schedule and shall be submitted to the Council not later than the 15th December in any year, and applications submitted after that date will not be considered without payment of the late fee specified in the Second Schedule:

Provided that on the first coming into operation of these bye-laws, applications for the renewal of licence formerly held may be made up to the 31st day of May, 1953, without the late fee becoming payable.

Conditions of issue and transfer.

8. (1) The Council shall not issue a licence or approve the transfer of a licence as hereinafter provided until it has satisfied itself as to the fitness of the applicant to hold the licence and as to the suitability of the premises both as regards structure and locality.

(2) The Council may in its discretion restrict the number of licences either generally or of any particular class to be issued in respect of its area or any part thereof.

Objections.

9. (1) Any person residing in the district or place in respect of which a licence or renewal is applied for may lodge with the Council his objections to the grant or issue thereof.

(2) In any case in which an objection is so lodged, the Council shall before issuing or refusing to issue any such licence or renewal hold an inquiry and hear both the applicant and objector.

Powers of Council to impose conditions, etc or revoke licences.

10. The Council may, in its discretion, but subject to the provisions of these bye-laws—

(a) impose and endorse on licences any special condition or restriction which it may consider necessary or advisable;

(b) revoke any licence, if it shall consider that such revocation is necessary or advisable:

Provided that save when a licence is revoked by reason of the licence holder having been convicted of an offence under these bye-laws, or under any other law, a refund of a proportional part of the fee paid for the licence in respect of each complete month of the unexpired period of its currency shall be made.

Transfer of licences.

11. (1) Applications for the transfer of a licence from one person to another or from one address to another may be approved by the Council and all such applications shall be made in writing to the Council.

Second Schedule.

(2) on the approval of any such transfer by the Council, the fee specified in the Second Schedule shall be payable and the licence shall be altered accordingly by the Council.

12. (1) Every holder of a licence, other than a temporary licence, authorising the sale of liquor shall suspend or affix and maintain over the entrance to the licensed premises a board of not less dimensions than two feet long by eight inches high on which is displayed in legible characters in English the name of the licensee and the class of licence of which he is the holder.

Board to be affixed on licensed premises.

(2) A person who is not licensed under these bye-laws shall not display any board or notice of any kind on his premises suggesting that he is so licensed, and no person being the holder of a licence shall display on his premises any board or notice of any kind suggesting that he is licensed in any other way than that in which he is so duly licensed.

13. Any person being the holder of a licence who—

Offences.

- (a) permits drunkenness or any riotous or quarrelsome conduct on his premises; or
- (b) sells liquor to any person already in a state of intoxication or by any means encourages or excites any person to drink liquor; or
- (c) sells liquor to any child under fourteen years of age; or
- (d) sells or supplies liquor to any soldier, police officer or railway servant in uniform and on duty or knowingly harbours or suffers to remain on his premises any such soldier, police officer or railway servant, unless, in the case of a police officer, for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or in the execution of his duty; or
- (e) permits his premises to be used as a brothel or to be the habitual resort or place of meeting of prostitutes, or allows any such person to remain on his licensed premises longer than is necessary for the consumption of any liquor purchased; or
- (f) keeps his premises open for the sale of liquor during any time when he is not authorised by his licence to sell liquor or allows liquor to be consumed on such premises during any such time; or
- (g) permits any person to consume liquor on his premises when he does not hold a liquor "on" licence or sells liquor for consumption off his premises when he does not hold a liquor "off" licence; or
- (h) permits gaming or any unlawful game to be played on the licensed premises; or
- (i) sells liquor for any valuable consideration other than a cash payment in current coin; or
- (j) refuses to produce his licence when so required by a police officer; or
- (k) adds to liquor any other alcoholic liquor with a view to increasing the alcoholic content of the former,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction, to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for six months.

14. Any person being the holder of a licence or his agent or servant shall refuse to admit to and shall eject from his licensed premises, by force if necessary, any person who is drunken, violent, quarrelsome or disorderly, or any person whose presence on his premises would subject him to a penalty under these bye-laws and any such person who, on being required by such licensed person or his agent or servant or by a police officer to quit such

Disorderly person on licensed premises.

premises, refuses or fails to do so shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds, and all police officers are required on demand of such licensed person, or his agent or servant, to expel or assist in expelling such person from such premises.

Drinking on premises during prohibited hours.

15. Any person who—

- (a) not being the occupier or a servant or member of the family of the occupier consumes liquor on licensed premises during the hours when the sale of liquor is prohibited; or
- (b) being found on licensed premises during the hours during which the sale of liquor is prohibited refuses his name and address when demanded by a police officer; or
- (c) knowingly purchases liquor from a person who is not duly licensed to sell the same, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds.

Powers of authorised persons.

16. Any police officer and any person duly authorised in writing by the Council may—

- (a) enter any licensed premises at any time for the purpose of detecting or preventing any breach of the provisions of these bye-laws; and
- (b) at any time require the production of a licence; and
- (c) having reasonable grounds for believing that liquor is being sold by any person not being duly licensed in that behalf, enter and inspect any premises occupied by such person and seize and detain any liquor, together with the receptacles containing same, found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of any person not being duly licensed whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting of having sold liquor:

Forfeiture of liquor.

Provided that every such seizure and detention shall be forthwith reported to a court having jurisdiction in the area in which such seizure is made.

17. A court may order the forfeiture of any liquor and of the receptacles containing the same, which may be found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of, any person who is convicted of selling liquor in contravention of these bye-laws.

Transactions in the nature of sales.

18. In any proceedings relating to any offence under these bye-laws, it shall not be necessary to show that any money actually passed if the court hearing the case be satisfied that a transaction in the nature of a sale actually took place.

Responsibility for acts of servants and agents.

19. If any person being the manager for, or the servant of, or authorised to act for, a person being the holder of a licence, does any act or thing or is guilty of any omission which if done or omitted by the licence holder would constitute an offence by the licence holder, both such person and the licence holder shall be guilty of that offence and, on conviction therefore, liable to the penalties prescribed by these bye-laws for such offence, whether such act, thing or omission was done or made with or without the knowledge or consent of the licence holder.

Endorsement of licence.

20. (1) Every conviction under these bye-laws of a licence holder shall be endorsed on his licence by the court and the licence holder shall produce his licence to the court for such purpose.



(2) Whenever a licence holder is convicted of an offence the court may in addition to any other penalty, cancel his licence.

(3) Every applicant for the renewal of a licence shall, if so required by the Council, produce that licence for inspection.

(4) In the case of a renewal of a licence, all convictions endorsed on such licence in respect of offences during the two years preceding such renewal shall be transferred to the renewed licence.

(5) Any person who—

(a) fails, refuses or neglects to produce his licence as required by these bye-laws; or

(b) without proper authority obliterates or alters a licence or any endorsement thereon;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of fifty pounds or imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

21. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws or any conditions endorsed on a licence shall be guilty of an offence, and where no special penalty is provided therefore he shall be liable, on conviction by the court, to a fine of twenty pounds or imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

General penalty.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Form A

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 4.

Liquor "On" Licence

.....of.....is hereby licensed to sell liquor on the premises known as.....to be consumed on the said premises.

The licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws and to the following special conditions:—

- 1. ....
- 2. ....
- 3. ....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Calabar Urban District Council*

Fee: £2.

Form B

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 4.

Liquor "Off" Licence

.....of.....is hereby licensed to sell liquor on the premises known as.....to be consumed elsewhere than on the said premises.

This licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Liquor (Sales) By-laws and to the following conditions:—

1. ....
  2. ....
  3. ....
- DATED this ..... day of ..... 19.....

.....  
*Calabar Urban District Council*

Fee: £1.

Bye-law 4.

*Form C*

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Occasional Liquor Licence*

- .....of.....being the holder of a
- (1) Description. (1).....licence to sell liquor is hereby licensed, subject to the provisions of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws, to sell liquor at.....between the hours of.....
- (2) State days (not to exceed three) and.....on the (2).....subject to the special restrictions and conditions endorsed on the back hereof.
- DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Calabar Urban District Council*

Fee: 2s 6d.

*Form D*

Bye-law 7.

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Application for Licence (other than an Occasional Licence)*

1. Name of applicant (If company or firm, state full title). ... ..
  2. Age of applicant ... ..
  3. Address of applicant ... ..
  4. Class of licence required... ..
  5. Description and situation of the premises in respect of which the licence is required ... ..
  6. Whether the applicant has previously held any licence authorising the sale of liquor ... ..
- (State address of premises, class of licence and year in which licence held).
- DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Signature of applicant*

*Form E*

Bye-law 7.

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Application for an Occasional Liquor Licence*

1. Name and address of applicant and address of premises ... ..
2. Class of licence held by applicant and address of premises ... ..

3. Details of temporary licence re-  
quired—  
(a) Place and date... ..  
(b) Occasion ... ..  
DATED this..... day of..... 19.....

Signature of Applicant

Form F

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 7.

Application for the Renewal of Licence

1. Name and address of holder of licence .....
  2. Class and number of licence held ... ..
  3. Description and situation of the pre-  
mises licensed ... ..
  4. Was licence transferred from one  
person to another or from one  
address to another during its  
currency? If so give particulars .....
  5. Whether any conviction had been  
endorsed on the current licence  
since it was issued, and if so, the  
particulars of each endorsement ... ..
- DATED this..... day of..... 19.....

Signature of Applicant

NOTE.—All applications for renewals must be submitted to the Council on or before the 15th December in any year. Late fee, 5s.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Fees Payable in respect of Licences

	£	s	d	
1. Liquor "On" Licence ... ..	2	0	0	per annum.
2. Liquor "Off" Licence... ..	1	0	0	per annum.
3. Liquor Occasional Licence ... ..	0	2	6	per diem or part thereof.
4. For the transfer or a licence from one person to another or one address to another ... ..	0	5	0	
5. Late fee in respect of applications for renewals... ..	0	5	0	

MADE by resolution of the Council this 3rd day of February, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed the 5th day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

P. U. MBA, *Secretary*

B. I. EKALUO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 28th day of April, 1953. By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 15th day of May, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 147 of 1953*

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance  
(No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils under section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Central Anang District Council.

2. These bye-laws may be cited as the Central Anang District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1952, and shall apply within the area of the Central Anang District Council Authority, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title,  
application  
and  
commence  
ment.

3. In these bye-laws :—

Definition.

“the council” means the Central Anang District Council;

“area” means the area of the Central Anang District Council authority;

“traditional societies” means the Ekpo, Ekong, Obon and Offiong Societies;

“societies” shall have the same meaning as “traditional societies;”

“weapon” includes machets, bows and arrows, cudgels and instruments normally capable of inflicting bodily harm.

4. The head of every traditional society which exists within the area of the jurisdiction of the Central Anang District Council shall register such society with the District Council by giving the name of the society, its name and village and the names and villages of all members of the society to the said District Council.

Registration  
of societies.

5. The head of each society shall, upon registering the society, pay to the Council the fees set forth in column two of the First Schedule hereto shown opposite the society set forth in column one of the Schedule.

Registration  
fee to be  
paid.

6. No member of any society shall stage or take part in any play or ceremony or procession performed or made in connection with the society unless a permit for such play, ceremony or procession has first been obtained from the Council.

Permits to  
be obtained.

7. No person taking part in any play or ceremony or procession performed or made in accordance with the provisions of bye-laws herof shall carry a weapon.

Weapons  
not to be  
carried.

8. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of rules 4, 5, 6 and 7 shall be guilty of an offence, and shall on conviction, be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalty.

(2) The penalties prescribed in paragraph 8 (1) shall be imposed: (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Registration Fees

Nos.	Name of Society	Fees
1.	Ekpo	21s
2.	Ekong	21s
3.	Obon	21s
4.	Ofliong	21s

SECOND SCHEDULE

Permits

Nos.	Name of Society	Fees
1.	Ekpo	21s
2.	Ekong	21s
3.	Obon	21s
4.	Ofliong	21s

THIRD SCHEDULE

Form of Permit

THE CENTRAL ANANG DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF TRADITIONAL SOCIETIES) BYE-LAWS, 1952.

Permit .

Permit is hereby granted to.....of the village of .....(head of the.....Society of the village of.....to stage the.....traditional play at the said village for the.....play season of the year April, 19....., to March, 19....., subject to the provisions laid down in the Central Anang District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1952.

Dated this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
Secretary/Treasurer for and  
on behalf of the Central Anang District Council

APPROVED and made by the Central Anang District Council by resolution dated the 20th day of September, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of:—  
J. U. A. UKPE, Secretary I. U. AKPABIO, Chairman

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 7th day of May, 1953.

By virtue of powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of June, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 148 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ARO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Aro Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Aro Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Aro Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Gazette*.

2. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Aro Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of twenty-four shillings per year or such other sum as the Aro Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Aro Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Aro Native Authority this 3rd day of October, 1952. Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Aro Native Authority on the 3rd day of October, 1952, in the presence of:

K. OKORO, *Secretary,*  
*Aro Native Authority*

K. OJI, *President,*  
*Aro Native Authority*  
K. OKEREKE, *Vice-President,*  
*Aro Native Authority*  
S. U. OKAFOR, *Vice-President,*  
*Aro Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Aro Native Authority Standing Rules dated 17th July, 1948.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 18th day of May, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 149 of 1953

*The Vaccination Ordinance (Chapter 224)*

THE NDOKI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VACCINATION) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 6 (2) of the Vaccination Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Ndoki Native Authority for the Ndoki Clan Area in Aba Division of the Owerri Province

Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Ndoki Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ndoki Native Authority, but to all persons whilst within its area.

Vaccination of adults. 2. Every adult who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the preceding two years, nor attacked by smallpox, shall present himself for vaccination if and when so directed either generally or individually by the Native Authority or any person duly authorised by the Native Authority to do so.

Children to be brought for vaccination. 3. Every parent of a child who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the previous period of two years, nor attacked by smallpox, shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination as prescribed in rule 2 thereof:

Provided that in case of an infant child, the parent shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination within six months from the date of birth.

4. Any person contravenes these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction, to a fine not exceeding forty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.

Court imposing penalties.

5. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed :—  
(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and  
(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

MADE this 27th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ndoki Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

J. W. NWACHI,  
*Clerk of Council*

AUGUSTUS E. SHEBBS,  
*President*

D. E. S. JUMBO }  
REV. OGBONNA } *Members*  
T. M. O. ERUBA }

SIGNED in accordance with the Ndoki Native Authority Standing Rules (Amendment), 1952.

APPROVED this 18th day of April, 1953.

J. S. Smith,  
*Senior Resident, Owerri Province*

E.R. Public Notice No. 150 of 1953

The Vaccination Ordinance (Chapter 224)

THE ETCHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VACCINATION) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 6 (2) of the Vaccination Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Etche Native Authority for the Etche Clan Area in Aba Division of the Owerri Province.

1. These rules may be cited as the Etche Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Etche Native Authority, but to all persons whilst within its area. Short title.

2. Every adult who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the preceding two years, nor attacked by smallpox, shall present himself for vaccination if and when so directed either generally or individually by the Native Authority or any person duly authorised by the Native Authority to do so. Vaccination of adults.

3. Every parent of a child who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the previous period of two years, nor attacked by smallpox, shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination as prescribed in rule 2 thereof: Children to be brought for vaccination.

Provided that in the case of an infant child, the parent shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination within six months from the date of birth.

4. Any person contravening these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction, to a fine not exceeding forty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.

5. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed :--

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate. Court imposing penalties.

MADE this 27th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Etche Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

J. W. NWACHI, Clerk of Council

R. N. NWACHUE, President

D. W. WANKWO } Members
I. I. ONYEZONWU }

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Etche Native Authority Standing Rules (Amendment), 1952.

APPROVED this 18th day of April, 1953.

J. S. Smith, Senior Resident, Owerri Province



E.R. Public Notice No. 151 of 1953

The Vaccination Ordinance (Chapter 224)

THE ASA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VACCINATION) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 6 (2) of the Vaccination Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Asa Native Authority for the Asa Clan Area in Aba Division of the Owerri Province.

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Asa Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Asa Native Authority, but to all persons whilst within its area.
- Vaccination of adults. 2. Every adult who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the preceding two years, nor attacked by smallpox, shall present himself for vaccination if and when so directed either generally or individually by the Native Authority or any person duly authorised by the Native Authority to do so.
- Children to be brought for vaccination. 3. Every parent of a child who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the previous period of two years, nor attacked by smallpox, shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination as prescribed in rule 2 thereof:  
Provided that in the case of an infant child, the parent shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination within six months from the date of birth.
- Court imposing penalties. 4. Any person contravening these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction, to a fine not exceeding forty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.
- 5. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed :—
  - (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
  - (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

MADE this 27th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Asa Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

J. W. NWACHI,  
Clerk of Council

RAYMOND A. WOLOZIRI,  
President

A. W. WAGBARA }  
G. W. MGBO } Members  
H. D. EKWULUO }

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Asa Native Authority Standing Rules (Amendment), 1952.

APPROVED this 18th day of April, 1953.

J. S. Smith,  
Senior Resident, Owerri Province

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E.R. Public Notice No. 152 of 1953

Order MADE UNDER *The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)*

THE MBONGE NATIVE AUTHORITY FOREST RESERVE  
(MEME RIVER FOREST) ORDER, 1953

WHEREAS the necessary steps have been taken in accordance with the provisions of section 23 of the Forestry Ordinance, Chapter 75.

NOW THEREFORE in exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the said Ordinance, it is hereby ordered by the Mbonge Native Authority, with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province, to whom the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region, has delegated his powers under the said section as follows:—

1. This order may be cited as the Mbonge Native Authority Forest Reserve (Meme River Forest) Order, 1953, and shall take effect from the 11th day of May, 1953.

2. All that piece of land, the situation and limits of which are set forth in the First Schedule hereto, subject to the rights set forth in the Second Schedule hereto, shall be, and is hereby constituted a Native Authority Forest Reserve within the meaning of the said Ordinance.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing twenty square miles or thereabouts situated in the Mbonge Clan of the Kumba Division of the Cameroons Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point the co-ordinates of which taken from the Nigeria Survey Map 1:500,000, sheet 15 revised and reprinted 1945, are approximately latitude  $4^{\circ}37'$  north and longitude  $9^{\circ}13'$  East on the right bank of the Meme River where the right bank of the Mgbe stream joins the right bank of the Meme River, and marked by Beacon No. KNA. 1, by the right bank of the Meme River downstream in a general south-easterly then westerly direction for a distance of 14 miles 594 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 2 at the point where the left bank of the Kumba stream joins the right bank of the Meme River; thence by the left bank of the Kumba stream upstream in a general westerly then north-westerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 3,438 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 3; thence on a bearing of  $219^{\circ}$  for a distance of 80 feet across the Kumba stream to Beacon No. KNA. 4 on the right bank of the Kumba stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4,760 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 5 at the Maringi stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $14^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 113 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 6 on the right bank of the Tumbi stream; thence on a bearing of  $14^{\circ}$  for a distance of 43 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 7 on the left bank of the Tumbi stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $14^{\circ}$  for a distance of 524 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 8 on the right bank of the Meka stream at the point where the right bank of the Meka stream is met by the hunters' path from Bekondo farm settlement to the Meme River; thence on a bearing of  $40^{\circ}30'$  for a distance of 29 feet across the Meka stream to Beacon No. KNA. 9 on the left bank of the Meka stream; thence by the left bank of the Meka stream upstream in a general direction for a distance of 2,480 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 10; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $88^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 280 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 11 on the right bank of the Kumba stream; thence on a bearing of  $88^{\circ}$  for a distance of 40 feet across the Kumba stream to Beacon No. KNA. 12 on the left bank of the Kumba stream; thence by the left bank of the Kumba stream upstream in a general north-easterly then north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,570 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 13; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $52^{\circ}$  for a distance of 570 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 14 on the right hand side of the path from the Meme River to Bekondo; thence by the right hand side of the path from the Meme River to Bekondo in a general north-westerly

direction for a distance of 1,550 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 15; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $336^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 4,213 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 16 on the right hand side of the main path from Bekondo to Dienye; thence by the right hand side of the main path from Bekondo to Dienye in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3,395 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 17; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $67^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 18; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $100^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,550 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 19 on the left bank of the Beboka stream; thence across the Beboka stream on a bearing of  $66^{\circ}$  for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 20 on the right bank of the Beboka stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $60^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,550 feet to beacon No. KNA. 21; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $132^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,550 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 22; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $27^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,470 feet to Beacon No. KNA. 23 on the right bank of the Mgbe stream; thence by the right bank of the Mgbe stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,300 feet to the starting point.

All paths referred to in this description are those existing in 1951.

All bearings and distances are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

All bearings are referred to True North and are adjusted from magnetic bearings observed during the months of November, 1950, and January, 1951.

Beacons used are stone cairns and wooden posts.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

The undermentioned rights have been allowed within the reserve to members of the Mbonge Clan of the Fumba Division.

*Fishing*.—The right to fish in all rivers and streams.

*Hunting*.—The right to hunt within the reserve.

*Collection of Forest Produce*.—The right to collect edible fruits, honey, nuts, snails, *Adiantum* canes and the leaves and midribs of the raphia palm (*Raphia vinifera*). The right to tap the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) and the raphia palm (*Raphia vinifera*).

2. The undermentioned rights of way have been allowed within the reserve to the general public:—

- (a) The right of way along the 1951 path leading from Tekondo to the Meme River.
- (b) The right of way along the 1951 paths leading from Nganjo Bolende to the Kumba stream and the Meme River.
- (c) The right of way along the 1951 path leading from Bekondo Farm Settlement to the Tumbi stream.
- (d) The right of way along the 1951 paths leading from Bekondo to the Kumba stream.

MADE this 10th day of June, 1952.

J. OSONG, Clerk,  
Mbonge Native Authority

J. B. MOKAMBE, Chairman,  
Mbonge Native Authority

APPROVED this 12th day of July, 1952.

J. G. C. ALLEN,  
Resident, Cameroons Province

E.R. Public Notice No. 153 of 1953

*Bye-laws* MADE UNDER *The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

UMUAHIA-IBEKU TOWNSHIP (HAWKERS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred on Local Authorities of Second Class Townships by section 47 of the Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216) the following bye-laws have been made by the Local Authority of the Umuahia-Ibeku Township with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Township (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku and shall come into operation on the 1st day of June, 1953.   | Short title and application.                               |
| 2. No person shall hawk goods or food or set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space except the Umuahia-Ibeku Market without a written permit from the Local Authority ; provided that nothing in this bye-law shall restrict or affect the sale or display of goods or food in any shop or premises.   | Prohibition of hawking without permit.                     |
| 3 (1) A permit for the purposes set out in bye-law 2 shall be known as a Street Hawkers' Permit and the charge for such permit, which shall expire at the end of the half-year of issue shall be five shillings, payable in advance.<br>(2) All applicants for Street Hawkers' Permits shall produce two full face bust photographs one of which shall be affixed to the permit and the other retained by the Local Authority for record. | Permits and fees.  |
| 4. No Street Hawkers' Permit shall be issued to any person who appears to the Local Authority to be under ten years of age, or to any female who appears to be under seventeen years of age.  | Age limit for hawkers.                                     |
| 5. The Local Authority shall specify, in every Street Hawkers' Permit issued by him, the area or locality in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display or sale of goods or food.   | Specification of area or locality in permits.              |
| 6. No permit holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food in any locality other than that specified in the permit.  | Prohibition of hawking without permit.                     |
| 7. Any person who contravenes the provision of bye-law 2 or 6, shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings for every day or part of a day on which a contravention takes place.  | Penalty.   |
| 8. A permit issued in accordance with these bye-laws shall not be transferable and shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it is issued when engaged in hawking, and shall be produced for inspection on demand by the Local Authority or any person authorised by him, or to any Police Officer in uniform.  | Permits non-transferable and to be carried at all times.   |
| 9. Any person in respect of whom a permit has been issued by the Local Authority in accordance with these bye-laws who permits the same to be used or carried by any person, shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction thereof, be liable to a fine of one pound.   | Penalty for permitting other person to use or carry permit |

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Penalty for employing or allowing person under age to hawk.

10. Any person who employs, or any parent or guardian who allows any child who appears to be under ten or any female who appears to be under seventeen years of age to hawk, contrary to the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Cancellation of permit upon conviction.

11. The Local Authority may, upon the conviction of any permit holder of a breach of these bye-laws, or of any disorderly act or conduct, cancel the permit, and any fees paid shall not be recoverable.

MADE this 15th day of April, 1953.

DOUGLAS J. BROWN,  
Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku

APPROVED this 8th day of May, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R. Public Notice No. 154 of 1953*

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council.

Short title and application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to the persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Njikoka District Council but also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws :—

“the council” means the Njikoka District Council;

“animal” shall include cows, sheep, goats and pigs;

“impound” with its grammatical variations means take and confine within any area or place appointed by the Njikoka District Council to be a pound;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Njikoka District Council to have charge of a pound.

Prohibition of keeping of animal within specified area.

3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young set out in the First Schedule to these rules to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Njikoka District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried.

Animals to be properly confined.

4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water.

Impounding.

5. Any animal or the young of any animal set out in the First Schedule to these rules if found straying within the area of the District Council may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the District Council.

6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto. Claim and conditional release.

7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding rule any impounded animal which is unclaimed, seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the Council's Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed by and paid over to the owner after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under rule 6 of these rules: Sale of unclaimed impounded animals.

Provided that no claim for payment shall be entertained after three months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.

8. Any person contravening the provisions of rules 3 and 4 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of three pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for one month. Penalties.

9. The penalties and expenses under these rules shall be imposed or ordered :— Legal.

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

**FIRST SCHEDULE**  
Cows, Sheep, Goats, Pigs.

**SECOND SCHEDULE**

For every head of cow impounded	...	...	...	s	d
For every other animal impounded	...	...	...	5	0
				1	6

*Expenses of Keep*

For every head of cow impounded each day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	2	6
For every other animal impounded for a day or portion of a day	...	...	...	...	1	0

MADE by resolution of the Council this 17th day of December, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of :—

AKWUOBI ESSELL, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

H. E. NVALUSI, *Vice-Chairman,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 9th day of May, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Government Ordinance, the 1st day of June, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 155 of 1953*

*Assessment Ordinance (Chapter 16)*

APPLICATION OF THE ASSESSMENT ORDINANCE TO  
UMUAHIA-IBEKU TOWNSHIP

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 3 of the Assessment Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Assessment (Umuahia-Ibeku Township Application) Notice, 1953.
2. The provisions of the Assessment Ordinance shall apply with effect from the 1st of April, 1953, to the place set out in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE •

The Township of Umuahia-Ibeku as defined in the Umuahia-Ibeku Township Order, E.R. No. 14 of 1952.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

Enugu,  
22nd May, 1953.

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 156 of 1953*

THE NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council :—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Njikoka District Council shall pay a fee of 7s 6d (seven shillings and sixpence) to the Midwife in charge of any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Njikoka District Council.

(2) Such fees shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding two months before confinement, delivery at the maternity ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding four months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Njikoka District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a District Council maternity ward when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the District Council maternity ward shall pay a fee of 5s (five shillings) which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by Rule 2 (i.e., 7s 6d plus 5s).

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

Receipt record of treatment.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon the request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fee in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by the Secretary of the District Council.

Exemptions for pauper patients.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 15th day of April, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of :—

AKWUOBI ESSELL, *Secretary,  
Njikoka District Council*

A. N. ONYIUKE, *Chairman  
Njikoka District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 7th day of May, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 15th day of May, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 157 of 1953*

THE UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Ubium District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ubium District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to the persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ubium District Council but also to all persons whilst within its area and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.
  
2. In these bye-laws:— Definition.
  - “impound” with its grammatical variations means take and confine within any area or place appointed by the Ubium District Council to be a pound;
  - “council” means the Ubium District Council;
  - “poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Ubium District Council to have charge of a pound.
  
3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Ubium District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried. Prohibition of keeping of animals within specified area.
  
4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not enough adequate space, shade and water. Animal to be properly confined.
  
5. Any animal or the young of any animal set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws if found straying within the area of the Ubium District Council may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the Ubium District Council. Impounding.
  
6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the Poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto. Claim and conditional release.
  
7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding bye-laws any impounded animal which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding shall be sold by auction by the Poundmaster, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the Ubium District Council Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed by and paid over to the owner after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under paragraph 6 of these bye-laws: Sale of unclaimed impound animals.

Provided that no further payment shall be entertained after three months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.
  
8. Any person contravening the provisions of sections 3 and 4 of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of three pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for one month. Penalties.

Legal.

9. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by the Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Goats, Pigs, Dogs, Cattle, Sheep.

SECOND SCHEDULE

	s	d
For every head of goat impounded ... ..	5	0
For every head of pig impounded ... ..	5	0
For every head of other animal impounded ... ..	3	0

*Expenses to Keep*

For every head of goat impounded, each day or portion of a day ... ..	2	6
For every head of pig impounded each day or portion of a day ... ..	2	6
For every head of other animal impounded each day or portion of a day ... ..	1	6

MADE by Resolution of the Ubium District Council this 28th day of March, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ubium District Council was affixed in the presence of:

H. U. E. EDELDUOK, *Secretary*

E. U. OKORO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 26th day of May, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of June, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 138 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBIBIO NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 (i) of Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibibio Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibibio Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ibibio Native Authority.

2. The rules shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region Gazette*.

3. In these rules :—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 4.

4. Every male person residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ibibio Native Authority, who is liable to pay tax under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, or who is over the age of sixteen years, shall pay a rate of three shillings per annum, provided that the Native Authority may exempt wholly or in part, any rate-payer, who it is considered is unable to pay the rate, from payment of such rate.

5. The rate shall be paid to the Ibibio Native Treasury, or any person appointed by the Native Authority to collect such rate at such time and in such manner as the Native Authority shall direct.

6. A receipt shall be issued to each payer at the time of payment.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of roads, bridges or culverts in the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or cause, the proof whereof shall lie on the person concerned, shall refuse, or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment.

MADE at Ikot Akan this 20th day of April, 1953.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Ibibio Native Authority dated 25th day of November, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibibio Native Authority this 20th day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

M. P. UDOH, *Secretary*

NTUEN IBOK, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 8th day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 159 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Cap. 127)*

THE BOTA MARKET RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Victoria Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Bota Market Rules, 1953, and shall apply to the Bota Market.

2. Two markets shall be held in the Bota Market, the Daily Permanent Market and the Two-day Market.

3. (1) The Daily Permanent Market shall be a public market open to all for the marketing of foodstuffs from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily.

(2) The Two-day Market shall be a public market open to all for the marketing of foodstuffs on Sundays from 6 a.m. to 5 p.m. and on Wednesdays from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

(3) The Two-day Market shall be held in addition to the Daily Permanent Market.

4. (1) Any person who sells any merchandise other than foodstuffs in the Bota Market is guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who sells any foodstuffs or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the Bota Market when the Market is not open is guilty of an offence.

5. (1) The following fees shall be paid in advance to the Market Master appointed by the Victoria Federated Native Authority by persons using the stalls for the sale of food in the Market :—

(a) Stalls for the Daily Permanent Market—5s per month per stall.

(b) Stalls for the Two-day Market—1d per day per stall.

(2) Such fees shall be paid by the Market Master into the Native Authority Treasury at Victoria.

(3) Any person who occupies a stall without having paid the appropriate fee therefor is guilty of an offence.

6. Any person who occupies more than one stall at a time or who sublets his stall is guilty of an offence.

7. Any person who uses his stall as a dwelling house or who erects any shed or other building or erection in the market, or who alters or adds to any stall in the market without permission of the Victoria Federated Native Authority on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health is guilty of an offence.

8. Any person who commits a nuisance in the market or who obstructs any alley in the market with any box, case, receptacle or in any other way is guilty of an offence.

9. Any person who uses the market who disobeys a reasonable order of the Market Master or other person appointed by the Victoria Federated Native Authority for the purpose of preserving order and cleanliness in the market is guilty of an offence.

10. Any person who is guilty of an offence under the provisions of these rules shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

MADE by the Victoria Federated Native Authority this 18th day of February, 1953. The Common Seal of the Victoria Federated Native Authority was affixed on the 19th day of February, 1953, in the presence of :

E. MUIA,  
*for Clerk of the Native Authority*

J. M. WILLIAMS,  
*President of the Native Authority*

In accordance with the Victoria Federated Native Authority Standing Rules, 1945, dated the 13th day of April, 1945.

APPROVED this 13th day of March, 1953.

D. A. F. SHUTE,  
*Senior Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 160 of 1953*

*By-Laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council:--

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Eket Market) Bye-laws, 1952, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.</p>  | <p>Short title and date of commencement.</p>                                      |
| <p>2. In these bye-laws:—<br/> “council” means the Eket District Council;<br/> “market” means the Eket Market;<br/> “market master” means a person appointed by the Council to be in charge of the market and to enforce the observance of these bye-laws.</p>  | <p>Definitions.</p>   |
| <p>3. Except as otherwise ordered by the Council, the market shall be open daily from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m.</p>  | <p>Hours of opening.</p>  |
| <p>4. Any person who sells food or merchandise or who carries on his trade or calling in the market when the market is not open shall be guilty of an offence.</p>  | <p>Market not to be used except when open.</p>                                    |
| <p>5. Any person who opens or maintains any market without the permission of the Council shall be guilty of an offence.</p>   | <p>No market to open without Council's permission.</p>                            |
| <p>6. Every person making use of a market stall or the market for the purpose of selling merchandise of any kind or for carrying on their trade or calling, shall obtain a licence in the form contained in the First Schedule and shall pay in advance to the Market Master or any representative appointed by the Council the fees set out in the Second Schedule.</p>  | <p>Licence to sell.<br/>Market fees.<br/>First Schedule.<br/>Second Schedule.</p> |
| <p>7. Applications for a licence to sell in the market shall be made to the Council.</p>  | <p>Applications for licences.</p>   |
| <p>8. It shall be lawful for the Council to vary the fees in the First Schedule by giving at least one month's notice either verbally or in writing by pasting a notice in the market.</p>  | <p>Fees may be varied by Council.</p>   |
| <p>9. Any person who —</p> <p>(a) makes use of any stall without first paying the appropriate fee;</p> <p>(b) sells any merchandise or exposes any merchandise for sale without being in possession of a valid licence to sell; or</p> <p>(c) occupies more than one stall at any one time; or</p> <p>(d) sublets any stall to another; or</p> <p>(e) uses a stall as a dwelling-place or sleeping-place;</p> <p>(f) erects within the market except with a written permission of the Council any stall, shed, building, fence or enclosure; or</p> <p>(g) makes or builds any addition, alteration or erection to any stall; or</p> <p>(h) commits any nuisance in the market; or</p> <p>(i) rides a bicycle in the market; or</p> | <p>Offences.</p>  |

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- (j) allows a stall for which he has paid the fee to become insanitary or allows water to remain therein; or
- (k) places any basket, box, case, receptacle or other obstruction in the avenues or passages in the market; or
- (l) sells any merchandise other than fish or meat at any stall expressly set aside for the sale of meat or fish; shall be guilty of an offence.

10. Any person who is guilty of an offence under these bye-laws shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month for a first offence, and to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for two months for any subsequent offence.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*The Eket District Council Market Licence No.....*

THE EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL (EKET MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1952

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....to use stall No.....in the shed No.....of the.....from the .....day of.....to the.....day of .....subject to the provisions of the Eket District Council Bye-Laws, 1952.

Fees paid.....

Date.....19.....

*Eket District Council*

SECOND SCHEDULE

	s	d
(a) For each permanent stall ... ..	3	6 per month.
(b) For each temporary stall ... ..	2	0 per month.
(c) For each temporary gari stall ... ..	0	1 per day.
(d) For each temporary animal stall ... ..	0	3 per day per animal.
(e) For each temporary native liquor stall ... ..	0	1 per day.
(f) For each permanent lock-up stall ... ..	10	0 per month.
(g) For each temporary fish stall ... ..	0	3 per day.

MADE by the Eket District Council this 21st day of October, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of:

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 26th day of May, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of July, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 161 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Ubium District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ubium District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. In these bye-laws:—
  - “council” means the Ubium District Council;
  - “market” means Ikot Eyo Market or Ikot Ubo Market;
  - “markets” mean Ikot Eyo and Ikot Ubo Markets.Definition.
3. No person shall erect any buildings, shed or shelters or add to any buildings erected by the Council without the permission of the Council or its agent or agents. The occupant of every shed or stall shall keep affixed to his or her stall in an easily visible position the number allotted to him or her. Additional buildings to be permitted.
4. The markets shall be open from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. on such days as set out in the First Schedule. Hours of opening.
5. The Council may set aside any parts of the markets for storage of specified foodstuffs, stores, merchandise or any other articles of trade. Council may set aside part of market for sale of specified articles.
6. The Council shall appoint a suitable person or persons to be Market Master or Market Masters for the supervision of the markets and for the collection of and accounting for all fees and stallages payable in respect of the use of the markets. Appointment of a market master.
7. These bye-laws shall apply to the markets set out in the First Schedule hereto. The stallages set out in the Second Schedule hereto and fees set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall be paid by all persons selling or exposing for sale, food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market. Stallage fees to be paid.
8. Stallages and fees shall be paid monthly in advance to the Market Master or Market Masters. When stallages and fees are to be paid.
9. Any person who:—
  - (i) uses or exposes his wares for sale in any stall without first paying the prescribed stallage fee thereof;
  - (ii) uses or causes to be used any building in the markets as dwelling or sleeping place;
  - (iii) erects a stall, shed, building, fence or enclosure within the markets without first obtaining the permission in writing of the Council or its agent or agents;Offences and penalty.

- (iv) allows a stall for which he has paid fees to become insanitary or to allow any litter therein;
- (v) cooks food in any stall without the permission in writing of the Council;
- (vi) rides a bicycle in the market;
- (vii) is found within the area of the markets without reasonable excuse between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m. being a person other than a watchman or labourer authorised by the Council;
- (viii) exposes for sale or sells or stores any produce, merchandise, or other articles in any part of the market which is not set aside for the exclusive use of such purposes;
- (ix) slaughters or butchers any animal in the market at a place other than the market slaughter slab;
- (x) sells or exposes for sale any meat from cows, goats, pigs, sheep or any other domestic animal other than wild games or bush meat which has not been slaughtered in the market slaughter house;
- (xi) sublets a stall without permission in writing of the Council or the Market Master or Market Masters;
- (xii) causes any obstruction in the market or in any of the road-ways or paths or gutters, approaches or passages thereof, or commits a nuisance in the market;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or three months imprisonment.

FIRST SCHEDULE

UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1953

No.	Name of Market	Market Site	Days on which market is held
1.	Ikot Eyo (Urua Ndueso)	Ikot Eyo	On every Urua Ukat and Obo day of every week.
2.	Ikot Ubo (Urua Ntakrok)	Ikot Ubo	On every Fionetok and Fionaran day of every week.

SECOND SCHEDULE

	s	d	
For a permanent stall (open) ... ..	3	0	per month.
For a bush shed (open) ... ..	1	6	per month.
For casual traders or persons carrying on selling ... ..	0	1	per head per day.

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SIGNIFIED  
Rules, 1945,

APPROVED



## THIRD SCHEDULE

	s	d
For each head of cattle ... ..	5	0
For each head of sheep or swine ... ..	1	0
For each head of goat ... ..	1	0
For each head of dog ... ..	0	6

MADE by resolution of the Ubium District Council this 24th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ubium District Council was affixed in the presence of:

H. U. E. EDELDUOK, *Secretary*

E. U. OKOKO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of May, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of July, 1953, is hereby fixed as the day of which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 162 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Markets Ordinance, the Victoria Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province, has declared as follows :—

That area of land measuring approximately half an acre covered by market sheds and stalls and situate on the west side of the road from Bota Middle Farm to Bonjongo, in the vicinity of the Cameroons Development Corporation Labour Housing Site at Bota Middle Farm, is established as a public foodstuffs market to be known as the Bota Market.

MADE under the seal of the Victoria Federated Native Authority this 4th day of May, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Victoria Federated Native Authority on 4th day of May, 1953, in the presence of:

E. MUIA,  
*for Clerk to the Native Authority*

J. M. WILLIAMS,  
*President, Federated Council,*  
*for Victoria Federated Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Victoria Federated Native Authority Standing Rules, 1945, dated the 13th day of April, 1945.

APPROVED this 17th day of May, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 163 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xiii) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Bicycle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally resident within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these rules:—

“authorised person” means any police officer while in uniform and any person holding a written authorisation as in the Form B in the schedule hereto;

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

Bicycles to be licenced. Offence.

3. Any person who uses or permits any bicycle belonging to him to be used within the area of the Native Authority for which he is not in possession of a valid licence as in Form A set out in the schedule hereto shall be guilty of an offence against these rules.

Application for and use of licences.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his bicycle to the office of the Native Authority, or to such other place as the Native Authority shall decide, to be licenced, and on payment of the prescribed fee shall there be issued with a licence.

Licences to expire on 31st. December.

5. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st day of December next following.

Fees.

6. The fee for every licence issued under the provisions of these rules shall be five shillings.

Licences to be carried.

7. Licences shall be carried by the users of bicycles when using the bicycles at all times and shall be produced on demand to any authorised person.

Saving. (No. 16 of 1950, No. 38 of 1948, Cap. 216, Cap. 140).

8. Any person who is in possession of a valid licence in respect of a bicycle issued under the provisions of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the Townships Ordinance or the Native Authority Ordinance shall not be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same bicycle.

Penalty.

9. (1) Any person who commits an offence against these rules shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of one pound, such fine to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

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SCHEDULE

Form A (Rule 3)

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

Licence

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....to use a bicycle with frame numbered....., until 31st December, 19..... DATED this.....day of.....1953. Fee 5s paid.

..... Treasurer, The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority

Form B (Rule 2)

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

Mr.....is hereby appointed an authorised person for the above mentioned rules. DATED this.....day of.....1953.

..... Secretary, on behalf of The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority

MADE the 19th day of May, 1953, under the Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ogoja Native Authority on the 19th day of May, 1953, in the presence of:

D. B. ODU, Secretary, Ogoja Divisional Native Authority M. T. MBU, President Ogoja Divisional Native Authority

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 8th day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE, Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

THE EASTERN REGION SURVEY REGULATIONS, 1953

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## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 12 of 1953

REGULATIONS made under THE SURVEY  
ORDINANCE (No. 29 of 1952)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 38 of the Survey Ordinance, 1952, the Lieutenant-Governor after consultation with the Executive Council has been pleased to make the following regulations:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Eastern Region Survey Short title. Regulations, 1953.

## PART I — DEFINITIONS

2. In these regulations:—

“beacon” means a permanent mark of any kind made of concrete, iron or stone, and includes a pillar or boundary post of such material;

“country lands” means all lands other than plots of less than 10 acres inside or within one mile of the boundaries of a township, urban district, Government station, town or country planning area, Native Authority settlement area or Local Government Council settlement area;

“demarcation” means the marking of lines by beacons or blazed trees;

“director” means the Director of Surveys, the Eastern Region;

“survey” means any survey made in connexion with any plan prepared under the Ordinance for any registrable instrument or judgment or order of court;

“the ordinance” means the Survey Ordinance, 1952;

“town lands” include all lands other than country lands.

## PART II — FIELD SURVEY METHODS

3. Subject to such modifications as may be authorised by the Director for any particular survey, the survey of the boundaries of any parcel of land shall be effected by methods defining the boundary to an accuracy equivalent to that of a surround traverse with a closing error of 1/3,000 controlled in direction by connexion to Government survey framework beacons or by astronomical observations for azimuth.

4. (i) Surveys shall wherever possible be connected by closed traverse or triangulation to a Government survey beacon or beacons. Connexions shall be made to the accuracy laid down under regulation 3, and need not be by traverse if the length of the connexion exceeds a mile. Where it is not possible to close the traverse the lengths shall be double chained and, if exceeding twenty stations, a check azimuth shall be observed to control the bearings.

(ii) When there are no available Government survey beacons, a local origin shall be established by a permanent beacon described by reference to neighbouring identifiable landmarks, to which local origin the survey of the parcel of land shall be connected.

5. Subject to such modifications as the Director may authorise for any particular survey the following shall be observed for survey measurements, and for their recording and reduction:—

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 12 of 1953

REGULATIONS made under THE SURVEY  
ORDINANCE (No. 29 of 1952)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 38 of the Survey Ordinance, 1952, the Lieutenant-Governor after consultation with the Executive Council has been pleased to make the following regulations:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Eastern Region Survey Short title. Regulations, 1953.

## PART I — DEFINITIONS

2. In these regulations:—

“beacon” means a permanent mark of any kind made of concrete, iron or stone, and includes a pillar or boundary post of such material;

“country lands” means all lands other than plots of less than 10 acres inside or within one mile of the boundaries of a township, urban district, Government station, town or country planning area, Native Authority settlement area or Local Government Council settlement area;

“demarcation” means the marking of lines by beacons or blazed trees;

“director” means the Director of Surveys, the Eastern Region;

“survey” means any survey made in connexion with any plan prepared under the Ordinance for any registrable instrument or judgment or order of court;

“the ordinance” means the Survey Ordinance, 1952;

“town lands” include all lands other than country lands.

## PART II — FIELD SURVEY METHODS

3. Subject to such modifications as may be authorised by the Director for any particular survey, the survey of the boundaries of any parcel of land shall be effected by methods defining the boundary to an accuracy equivalent to that of a surround traverse with a closing error of 1/3,000 controlled in direction by connexion to Government survey framework beacons or by astronomical observations for azimuth.

4. (i) Surveys shall wherever possible be connected by closed traverse or triangulation to a Government survey beacon or beacons. Connexions shall be made to the accuracy laid down under regulation 3, and need not be by traverse if the length of the connexion exceeds a mile. Where it is not possible to close the traverse the lengths shall be double chained and, if exceeding twenty stations, a check azimuth shall be observed to control the bearings.

(ii) When there are no available Government survey beacons, a local origin shall be established by a permanent beacon described by reference to neighbouring identifiable landmarks, to which local origin the survey of the parcel of land shall be connected.

5. Subject to such modifications as the Director may authorise for any particular survey the following shall be observed for survey measurements, and for their recording and reduction:—

- (a) Theodolite Stations.
- (i) Readings each station: 1 face right, 1 face left.
  - (ii) Maximum number of stations "N" for closure of bearings: 30.
  - (iii) Maximum misclosure in bearings:  $30'' \times \sqrt{N}$ .
- (b) Azimuth.
- (i) Readings each station: three separate sun or star observations; unless the latitude is certain within one minute of arc it shall be necessary to pair observations east and west of the meridian.
  - (ii) Maximum range in the 3 azimuths:  $30''$ .
- (c) Linear Measurements.
- (i) Readings: to the nearest hundredth of a foot for theodolite traverse.
  - (ii) Method of taping: along the ground where the nature of the ground and the required standards of accuracy warrant such procedure, otherwise in catenary.
  - (iii) Corrections to measurements: to the nearest 1/100th of a foot for standard, slope, and, where necessary, temperature and sag, in the case of theodolite traverses.
- (d) Field Books.
- (i) All necessary measurements shall be entered in ink as they are made.
  - (ii) No erasures shall be made or pages torn out.
  - (iii) The contents shall include: surveyor's name, title of survey, location, identity of instruments used, error of field tape and date of its last standardisation, index and dates of observations, explanatory diagrams accompanying the observations wherever necessary, measurements to permanent features shown on or alongside the boundaries.
- (e) Computations.
- (i) Bearings: surveys by theodolite traverse shall be computed on True bearings, or on Colony bearings where connected to points of the main framework of Nigeria, reduced to the nearest  $30''$ .
  - (ii) Lengths: corrected lengths shall be reduced to the nearest tenth of a foot preparatory to the computation of co-ordinates.
  - (iii) Co-ordinates: they shall be computed to the nearest tenth of a foot either by logarithms of not less than five figures or by calculating machine.
  - (iv) Areas: the area of a piece of land bounded by straight lines shall be computed arithmetically from the co-ordinates of the corners. The area enclosed between any irregular boundary and adjacent traverse line shall be computed as a series of trapezoids.
  - (v) Forms: all routine computations shall be made on forms approved by the Director or on good quality foolscap paper similarly ruled.

6. Where surveys begin or end on marks of old surveys the accuracy of the datum shall be assured by angular and linear measurements. On long lines of framework or primary traverse the linear measurement may be dispensed with, but the accuracy of the position of the marks must be checked by angular measurement. When the old marks are found to be out of position, a full report shall be made to the Inspector-General of Surveys so that inquiry may be made and steps taken if necessary and possible to

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correct their positions. A new datum from unmoved marks shall then be selected or astronomical observations taken to establish a correct bearing.

7. Where a boundary side of a new survey is conterminous with a longer boundary side of a previously surveyed area, the boundary mark or marks of the new survey shall be placed exactly on line between the boundary marks of the old area so that the old area is not affected by the new survey.

8. Boundaries shall be laid out and surveyed with as few angular points as local conditions and the requirements of the survey necessitate.

9. Where a boundary such as that caused by a stream is irregular, traverse lines shall follow approximately the course of the boundary and offsets shall be taken at suitable points along the traverse to determine the position of the boundary.

### PART III — DEMARCATION

10. (i) Subject to the provisions of regulation 11 and subject to such modifications as the Director may authorise in special cases, survey boundary marks shall be constructed as follows:—

- (a) At every change of direction: by concrete pillars (property beacons) measuring seven inches square in section with three inches above ground and two feet three inches below, and having a metal pin or spike in the centre of the surface. The broad arrow symbol, the letters P.B. and an identification letter and number shall be stamped on pillars emplaced by an officer of the Survey Department. Two identification letters and a number shall be stamped on pillars emplaced by a licensed surveyor, and when such pillars are incorporated in a survey made by an officer of the Survey Department, the broad arrow symbol shall be added.
- (b) At intermediate corners in layouts: by concrete pillars (cemetery-type) measuring four inches square in section with three inches above ground and one foot three inches below and having a metal pin or spike in the centre of the surface.
- (c) Inside a building: an "X" with identification number shall be cut or painted on the outside of the building at points it is intersected by the boundary. Officers of the Survey Department will use a double arrow.
- (d) At an obstacle: if the beacon cannot be placed in the true position, an iron pin shall be set in concrete in the obstacle and the identification number stamped near the pin; if the obstacle is of such material that a pin cannot be sunk nor the number cut or stamped, a dot may be marked thereon along with the identification marks. The position of the pin or dot relative to the true position of the beacon shall be clearly shown in the field book.

(ii) This regulation shall not apply to areas the subject of applications under the Minerals Ordinance.

11. For large country surveys, other than surveys of areas the subject of applications under the Minerals Ordinance, which require a large number of beacons, demarcation may, subject to the agreement of the person for whom the survey is undertaken, be made by hardwood pegs, angle irons, etc., capped with a circular pat of cement of at least 6" diameter bearing the identification marks described in regulation 10 (i) (a). Such marks shall, after the necessary measurements have been made, be covered by a mound



of earth or stones at least 2 feet high. Where azimuths are observed, or connexions made to Government survey beacons or to another survey, three consecutive stations shall however be marked by concrete pillars as described in regulation 10 (i) (a).

12. For areas the subject of applications under the Minerals Ordinance the surveyed boundaries shall be demarcated by mushroom-shaped pillars constructed of concrete. The underground portion shall be undercut and at least six inches in diameter at the base, and be sunk to a depth of eight inches; the upper portion shall have a diameter of ten inches and project six inches above the ground. The upper surface shall be smooth and have a hole about a quarter of an inch in diameter at the centre. The relevant letters E.P.L., M.L., or M.R., together with the allotted number shall be marked on the top of the beacon in characters and figures not less than one inch in height on the side adjacent to the land in question, with direction arrows drawn to indicate the course of the boundary.

13. Concrete prepared for the purposes of regulations 10 to 12 shall comprise not more than five parts of sand, or sand and rubble, to one of cement.

When the survey is to be undertaken by the Survey Department, the applicant shall inform the Director whether he intends to provide all beacons or materials or whether he wishes them to be supplied by the Director.

14. The Inspector-General shall allot the distinctive letters prefixing the consecutive numbers stamped on all property beacons emplaced by licensed surveyors, who shall forward to the Inspector-General each month a list of all the numbered beacons used by them the previous month; if no beacons have been used a "nil" return shall be made.

15. The demarcation of all boundaries shall be done prior to or simultaneously with the measurements determining their positions.

16. Beacons shall be placed at the intersections of a boundary with important roads and streams; on long straight lines intermediate beacons shall be so emplaced that consecutive beacons are intervisible and not more than a quarter-mile apart.

17. When a beacon is placed in accordance with computed data or in line with two beacons, proof must be shown by actual measurements recorded in the field book and by any necessary computations that the beacon has been placed in accordance with the required conditions; except the direct lining-in of cemetery-type beacons in regular layouts.

18. Where, owing to interference with traffic or for any other reason, a beacon cannot be placed at a corner, a beacon shall be placed on each of the lines intersecting at the corner and as close to it as possible. No beacon shall be placed where it would interfere with, or be inconvenient to, traffic.

19. In forest or scrub country, boundary lines shall be cleared of undergrowth and trees of no economic value only, to a width of four feet.

20. Trees within two feet of the line, provided their economic value is not impaired thereby, shall be blazed on both sides in the direction of the line, and those through which the line passes shall be double blazed on each side in the direction of the line.

21. (i) When a railway reserve forms a boundary of a property being surveyed, the position of all tangent points shall be beacons as accurately

as possible by inspection on the ground, and the radii of the curves and the lengths of the chords shall be recorded.

(ii) When a road forms a boundary, beacons shall be placed at all turning points of the road, and the boundary will be defined by the chords joining such beacons, which shall be placed to conform with existing regulations and bye-laws defining the width of roads.

(iii) When a river constitutes a boundary, beacons shall only be placed at points between which such river is the boundary. These beacons must be placed on the river bank above flood level and the distances from the beacons to the river bank shown on the plan.

22. Wherever possible the adoption of curved boundaries shall be avoided, straight lines from point to point being used as boundaries in lieu of curves.

23. Where objection is made by the owner of the adjoining land to the position of a boundary as pointed out by the person for whom a survey is being made, or as located by the surveyor from the documents of title under which the land is claimed, the surveyor shall survey the position of this boundary and show the same on his plan, but may decline to demarcate that portion to which objection has been made. In such case the survey and demarcation shall not be regarded as incomplete, so far as the surveyor is concerned.

24. For areas the subject of applications under the Minerals Ordinance—

(a) the surveyed boundaries shall conform as closely as possible to the positions indicated by the applicant's beacons;

(b) the surveyor's ruling as to the positions of the beacons shall be final;

(c) the surveyor shall have entire discretion to alter the positions of the beacons to bring the area within the limit allowed under the Minerals Ordinance if the area on survey is found to exceed the said limit by not more than twenty per cent;

(d) the surveyor shall report to the Inspector-General if the area on survey is found to exceed by 20 per cent the maximum allowed under the Minerals Ordinance, or if the area cannot be identified on the ground from the applicant's plan and beacons;

(e) if, in respect of an Exclusive Prospecting Licence granted on a survey made by the applicant or his agent, the area as beaconed is found to be at variance with the plan furnished by the applicant or his agent, the Inspector-General may require the area to be surveyed by an officer of the Survey Department, and all charges for the survey shall be borne by the holder of the Exclusive Prospecting Licence.

25. Where practicable, notices in accordance with Form 1 in the Schedule shall be served upon the owners or occupiers of any land the boundaries of which have been defined by boundary marks under the Ordinance, and notices in accordance with Form 2 in the Schedule shall be served upon Local Government Councils, Native Authorities and chiefs within the local limits of whose jurisdiction any trigonometrical station, survey beacon, mark or pole or boundary mark is situated.

Forms  
1 and 2.

26. The removal, obliteration or defacement of any survey mark which comes to the notice of a surveyor shall be reported by him in writing to the Director.

27. In the resurvey of land unless the original beacons have obviously been disturbed the principle shall be observed that those beacons on the ground indicate the true boundary, even though the data obtained on resurvey disagrees with the data recorded on the original plan.

28. When the surveyor discovers any such disagreement in data or any damage to or loss or displacement of Government beacons he shall make careful search and enquiry and shall forward a full report thereon to the Inspector-General accompanied by

- (a) a record of the accurate positions of the beacons as determined by the surveyor, accompanied by explanatory diagrams;
- (b) descriptions of the beacons;
- (c) particulars of development in the neighbourhood of the beacons and of any other evidence bearing on the matter.

29. A Government survey shall only be amended, and Government beacons removed or re-sited, on the instructions of the Director and the surveyor shall report in writing when such instructions have been carried out.

#### PART IV — SURVEY PLANS, RECORDS AND INFORMATION

30. The original plan of a survey shall be drawn in waterproof ink on mounted drawing paper or on other material approved by the Director. The size of the plan shall not be less than 12 inches by 8 inches.

31. The original plan of a survey shall shew the following information:—

- (a) title of survey, description of land, locality, the name of the person or body for whom the survey is made, the signature and designation of the surveyor and the date;
- (b) a grid in blue based on and defining either True North or Colony North for the local origin of the survey; all co-ordinated points of the survey shall be plotted by rectangular co-ordinates on this grid system. True North or Colony North, as the case may be, shall be written along a north and south line of the grid;
- (c) the magnetic variation from True North, when the survey is made on Magnetic North;
- (d) a description of the origin of co-ordinates;
- (e) (i) demarcated boundaries: firm red lines where they do not follow lines of existing detail, and all round pink verge internal of the enclosed area. Different colours may be used for verges where it is necessary to distinguish conflicting claims or overlapping areas on the same plan.
- (ii) other traverse lines, connexions (inset, if necessary): blue lines.
- (iii) offsets: black figures between arrows; bearings to the nearest minute and distances to the nearest tenth of a foot in appropriate colours for the above; the initial bearing adopted for the survey to be marked "I.B.;" bearings and distances deduced from the computations, not from direct measurements, to be marked "Cal.;" bearings and distances adopted from a previous survey to be marked "P.O." (per original); astronomical determinations to be marked "Az." (Azimuth);

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- (iv) building lines: firm blue lines marked "Building Line;";
- (f) topographical and other detail occurring on any line run by the surveyor; also any detail required by the Director or the person for whom the survey is made, along or within the boundaries of the parcel of land;
- (g) the position and nature of all beacons and boundary marks whether permanent or temporary, including all Government survey beacons to which connexion has been made or the co-ordinates and description of some point shewn on the plan which is tied to such beacons, also any measurements to permanent features which will assist in locating the marks on the ground;
- (h) adjacent lot names or numbers, if available;
- (i) the scale of the plan with a graphic representation in feet; subject to such modifications as the Director may authorise in particular cases, scales of plans shewing property boundaries shall ordinarily be as follows:—
  - (i) exclusive prospecting licences ... 1/25,000
  - (ii) mining leases and rights ... 1/5,000
  - (iii) other plans ... 1/240, 1/480, 1/1,200, 1/2,400, 1/4,800, 1/6,250, 1/12,500, 1/25,000;
- (j) the area of each plot, to the following accuracy:—
  - (i) building lots, and plots under 2 acres in square yards to the 2nd decimal
  - (ii) plots from 2 to 10 acres ... in acres to the 3rd decimal
  - (iii) over 10 acres, to 100 acres ... in acres to the 2nd decimal
  - (iv) over 100 acres, to 1,000 acres ... in acres to the 1st decimal
  - (v) over 1,000 acres ... to the nearest acre.

Conventional signs and symbols published by the Survey Department shall be used for the representation of detail and beacons unless otherwise directed.

32. (1) A licensed surveyor making a survey of the boundaries of land for any registrable instrument or grant under section 23 of the Ordinance shall send two complete copies, on tracing cloth, of the original plan of his survey to the Director for countersignature by the latter. The Director shall retain one copy and return the other to the licensed surveyor.

(2) A licensed surveyor preparing a plan which implements any judgment or order of court shall send two copies on tracing cloth to the Director, together with a certified copy of the judgment or order of court.

(3) The cost of the plans and documents supplied under this regulation shall be borne by the persons for whom the surveys are made.

33. Plans prepared from the original for attachment to any registrable instrument or grant under section 23 of the Ordinance are required to shew only the following information taken from the original, save as the Director may otherwise require in particular cases—title of survey, the name of the

person or body for whom it is made, connexion to Government survey beacon or co-ordinates of a point referred to the local origin, the linear dimensions, area, location and lot number (if any) of the parcel of land, the scale of the plan and the indication of the north point, the signature and countersignature required under section 23.

34. A licensed surveyor may be required by the Director to submit for inspection the field books, computations and any other records or information in connexion with a survey undertaken by the licensed surveyor. The Director may make any investigation or check he deems desirable on any survey.

35. Copies of survey plans kept in the Survey Department may, at the discretion of the Director, be inspected by the public on payment of the fee prescribed by regulations made by the Governor from time to time but no information shall be copied without the permission of the Director.

36. Copies of plans of surveys made by the Survey Department may at the discretion of the Director, be purchased by the public on payment of the charges prescribed by regulations made by the Governor from time to time.

37. Copies of plans submitted by licensed surveyors under regulation 3 shall be available for purchase only to the surveyors who lodged the particular plans and to the persons for whom the surveys were made or their legal representatives at the rates prescribed by regulations made by the Governor from time to time.

38. (1) When certified true copies of plans made by officers of the Survey Department or licensed surveyors are supplied by the Director or by licensed surveyor they shall bear the following certificate:—

Certified true copy of plan made by.....  
of the Survey Department/Licensed Surveyor on.....19.....

*Director of Surveys/Licensed Surveyor*

Date....., 19.....

(2) Copies of plans of surveys made by officers of the Survey Department shall not be certified as true copies by licensed surveyors, and shall only be prepared and sold to the public by the Director.

39. Any licensed surveyor may demand from the Director and shall be given, without payment, any information filed in the office of the Director which he may reasonably require, to enable him to connect a survey with Government survey beacons where such beacons exist in the neighbourhood of the land about to be surveyed.

40. The Director may decline to give such information as he considers unnecessary for the survey, and his decision shall be final.

PART V -- PRIVATE APPLICATIONS FOR SURVEY TO THE DIRECTOR

Form 3.

41. (1) Applications to the Director for the survey of a parcel of land shall be accompanied by particulars of the locality, ownership, area and sketch plan of the parcel, together with the nature of the work required.

(2) For applications to the Director to investigate alleged inconsistencies in an existing survey, the complainant shall, in addition to the above information, supply full details of the alleged inconsistencies and such other information as the Director may require.

42. (1) The Director may in his discretion refuse to undertake any survey or investigations.

(2) The Director may investigate or undertake any survey when he considers it in the public interest to do so, whether or not any application has been made to him to carry out the investigation or survey.

43. (1) If the Director accepts an application for survey he shall assess the charges for the work and call on the applicant to deposit the amount in the nearest Treasury.

(2) If the application is withdrawn after the survey has been arranged, but prior to its completion, the Director may in his discretion arrange for the preliminary fee prescribed by regulations made by the Governor from time to time, together with other charges incurred, to be paid to revenue.

44. In any case in which the Director accepts application or directs that the survey shall be undertaken by the Survey Department, the applicant may be required in accordance with Form 4 to attend personally or by agent for the purpose of indicating the boundaries of the land, and shall state his intention regarding supply of beacons or the materials. Form 4.

45. For surveys by licensed surveyors which involve services by the Survey Department such as checking the work or supplying title deed plans, the Director shall assess the necessary charges, which shall be paid to revenue by the applicant except in respect of checking carried out under the provisions of any regulations made by the Governor from time to time which shall be paid for by the licensed surveyor.

46. For investigations undertaken under regulation 41 (2), the complainant shall bear the cost of any investigations undertaken if the complaint is proved to be unfounded. If the original survey is found to be at fault the charges for the investigations shall be paid by the person for whom the original survey was made or by the licensed surveyor in the case of checking carried out under the provisions of regulation 34.

PART VI — MISCELLANEOUS

47. Notice of a surveyor's intention to enter upon occupied land shall, where practicable, be given. Such notice may be in accordance with Form 5 in the Schedule. Form 5.

48. If for the purpose of any survey, it is necessary or desirable for the surveyor to uncover a buried Government beacon, the surveyor shall apply to the Director for authority, which shall be issued in accordance with Form 6 of the Schedule. Full directions for the restoration of the covering shall also be issued to the surveyor on the form, a copy of which shall be filed in the office of the Director. Form 6.

49. No excavations to bury or uncover a beacon shall be made in any street or road unless a red flag by day and a red lamp by night is provided and displayed to warn approaching traffic.

50. Licensed surveyors shall arrange for their steel tapes to be standardised by the Survey Department at least once a year and shall pay the fee prescribed by regulations made by the Governor from time to time and obtain a certificate signed by the Director in respect of such standardisation. Tapes shall also be standardised afresh each time they have been repaired, and the prescribed fee paid by the surveyor if the re-standardisation is done by the Survey Department.

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51. Forms set out in the Schedule to the Survey Regulations may be modified at the discretion of the Director as special circumstances require

52. The Survey Regulations shall be observed by all surveyors save when their application is specially limited either to the Survey Department or to licensed surveyors.

MADE at Enugu this 16th day of April, 1953.

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

SCHEDULE

FORM 1

Reg. 25.

*The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953*

NOTICE TO AN OWNER OR OCCUPIER

Take notice that you are hereby required to maintain in position and repair all boundary marks erected to define the boundaries of the land situated at..... and described as follows:—

You are also required to give notice to the Director of Surveys or to the District Officer of your district if any of the said marks are injured, destroyed or removed.

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

*Surveyor/District Officer*

To.....  
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FORM 2

Reg. 25.

*The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953*

NOTICE TO A LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCIL,  
NATIVE AUTHORITY OR A CHIEF

Take notice that you are required to prevent the obliteration, removal or injury of the trigonometrical stations, survey beacons, marks, poles or boundary marks on, or on the boundaries of, the land situated at....., and described as follows:—

You are also required to report to the Director of Surveys or to the District Officer of your district if any of the said stations, beacons, marks, poles or boundary marks are obliterated, removed or injured.

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

*Surveyor/District Officer*

To.....  
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FORM 3

The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953

APPLICATION FOR SURVEY OR DEMARCATION TO BE UNDERTAKEN BY THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT

Reg. 41.

1. Name of Applicant.....
  2. Address.....
  3. Situation and description of land to be surveyed or demarcated.....
  4. Name of owner.....
  5. Approximate area.....
  6. Position of applicant in regard to land, whether owner or his representative, lessee, tenant or mortgagee.....
  7. Nature of work required.....
  8. Number of plans required.....
- DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

Applicant

To THE DIRECTOR OF SURVEYS.

N.B.—A sketch plan of the land must accompany this form.

FORM 4

The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953

Reg. 44.

You are hereby required to attend personally or by agent duly authorised by you in writing in the form set out below at..... on the..... day of....., 19..... for the purpose of indicating to the officer of the Survey Department—

- (a) the boundaries of the parcel of land on your application for survey,
- (b) your corner and direction beacons upon your application for a Mining Lease, a Mining Right, an Exclusive Prospecting Licence..... acres/square miles near.....

You or your agent may be required to remain with the surveyor until the area is finally beacons and marked.

Should the position of any boundary beacon as determined by the surveyor be in dispute, a written protest should be made to the surveyor who will forward it together with his report to the Director of Surveys.

You are requested to state whether it is your intention to supply all boundary beacons or materials, or that the Survey Department should provide beacons.

Signed.....  
Office.....

Date....., 19.....

FORM OF AUTHORISATION  
(If attending by Agent)

On behalf of (a).....

I hereby authorise (b)..... to accompany

the officer of the Survey Department during the survey of (c).....

and, unless written protest is made by him to the surveyor at the time of survey, hereby accept the position of all boundary marks as determined by the surveyor.

- (a) Name of company or individual.
- (b) Name of person authorised.
- (c) Description of area.

Regulations may be in certain circumstances require by all surveyors save the Survey Department

G. SAVILLE, Council, Eastern Region

1953

CUPIER

tain in position and ies of the land situated ascribed as follows:—

of Surveys or to th are injured, destroyed

....., 19.....

ict Officer

1953

COUNCIL, IEF

teration, removal or s, marks, poles or : land situated at : rided as follows:—

ys or to the District ns, marks, poles or

....., 19.....

t Officer

I will/will not supply boundary beacons or material for same.  
 For and on behalf of (d).....  
 (d) Name of company or individual.  
 DATED this..... day of....., 19.....  
 Signature

Reg. 47.

FORM 5  
*The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953*  
 NOTICE TO OCCUPIER BEFORE ENTRY FOR SURVEY PURPOSES

Take notice that I shall attend on..... the....., 19..... between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. upon your land situate at.....  
 for survey purposes connected with:  
 the property occupied by you;  
 adjoining property;  
 a public survey.  
 DATED this..... day of....., 19.....  
 Surveyor

To.....

Reg. 48.

FORM 6  
*The Eastern Region Survey Regulations, 1953*  
 PERMISSION TO UNCOVER BEACON

You are hereby given permission to uncover Government Survey Beacon No..... at.....  
 In order to comply with subsection (2) of section 31 of the Survey Ordinance, it will be necessary for you to observe the following directions in restoring the covering:—

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....  
 Director of Surveys

To.....

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## THE EASTERN REGION SURVEY REGULATIONS, 1953

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E.R. Public Notice No. 164 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE KEMBONG NATIVE AUTHORITY (OSSING AND TALANGAYE VILLAGES) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Kembong Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Kembong Native Authority (Ossing and Talangaye Villages) (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons residing in the ten quarters of Ossing Village and the two quarters of Talangaye Village and subject to the Kembong Native Authority.

2. In these rules: —

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of the ten quarters of Ossing Village and the two quarters of Talangaye Village under the jurisdiction of the Kembong Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of 10 (ten shillings) per year or such other sum as the Kembong Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Kembong Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of the ten quarters of Ossing Village and the two quarters of Talangaye Village and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Kembong Native Authority this 2nd day of April, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Kembong Native Authority was affixed in the presence of: —

R. E. MAKUMBA, *Secretary,*  
*Kembong Native Authority*

J. A. TATAW, *President,*  
*Kembong Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Kembong Native Authority Standing Rules dated 2nd day of March, 1953.

APPROVED this 5th day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,  
J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 165 of 1953*

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officers of the Bamenda and Mamfe Divisions by section 2 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, and by Public Notice No. 107 of 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that the following traffic regulations have been made and shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1953, and shall remain in force until the 31st day of October, 1953.

**MAMFE-BAMENDA ROAD**

A. Commercial vehicles as defined by section 2 of the Road Traffic Ordinance.

(1) Commercial vehicles may pass in both directions at any time between Mamfe and Akagbe (mile 12) and between milestone 64 and Bamenda.

(2) Between milestone 18 and milestone 64 commercial vehicles may pass from:—

(a) Mamfe to Bamenda on Mondays and Wednesdays.

(b) Bamenda to Mamfe on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

(3) Commercial vehicles are prohibited from using the section of the road between milestone 18 and milestone 64 on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays.

B. Other Motor Vehicles.

(1) Other motor vehicles may pass in both directions at any time between Mamfe and Akagbe (mile 12) and between milestone 64 and Bamenda.

(2) Between milestone 18 and milestone 64 and between 5 a.m. and 7 p.m. other motor vehicles may pass from:—

(a) Mamfe to Bamenda on Mondays and Wednesdays.

(b) Bamenda to Mamfe on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

(3) Between 7 p.m. and 5 a.m. other motor vehicles may pass in both directions over the whole length of the road on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays.

(4) From 5 a.m. to 7 p.m. on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays other motor vehicles may pass from Mamfe to Bamenda with the prior permission of the District Officer, Mamfe and from Bamenda to Mamfe with prior permission of the District Officer, Bamenda. Such permission except in the case of mail vehicles, will only be granted, in the gravest emergency.

Public Notice 94 of 1952, Mamfe-Bamenda Road is suspended from the period this notice is in force.

L. ROBERTS,  
*District Officer,  
Mamfe Division*

A. B. WESTMACOTT,  
*Senior District Officer,  
Bamenda Division*

TALANGAYE  
1953

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TATAW, *President,  
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. MACKENZIE,  
*ary, Eastern Region*

**EASTERN REGION**

**E.R. No. 7 of 1953**

**ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 75)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following Order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Akpaka Forest Reserve (Amendment No. 2) Order, 1953. Short title.
2. The Akpaka Forest Reserve (Amendment Order), 1953, is hereby amended by the deletion of the figure 2102 where it occurs in line 20 of the First Schedule thereof and by the substitution of the figure 2012 therefor. Amends Order 5 of 1953.

MADE this 18th day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

K. C. SHADDOCK,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 166 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**ABAKALIKI DIVISIONAL COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Abakaliki Divisional Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1953. Short title and commencement.
2. The Abakaliki Divisional Council shall be composed of thirty-one members elected from the areas set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto, elected in such manner as the Resident in charge of the Ogoja Province may decide. Composition of Council.
3. The members on the 1st day of July, 1953, shall be those declared elected in elections recently held in accordance with the Schedule hereto. Membership on 1st July, 1953.
4. Subject to the provisions of the Native Authority Ordinance, the members of the Council shall serve for a term of three years from the 1st day of July, 1953, at the end of which they shall retire and shall be replaced by newly elected members. Term of office. Cap. 140.
5. Any vacancies which may occur during the term of office of the members shall be filled by bye-elections held in the areas concerned in such manner and at such time as the Resident in charge of the Ogoja Province may decide. Filling of vacancies.



## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column Clan</i>	<i>Second Column Area</i>	<i>Third Column Representation</i>
Izi	Abia, Amagu, Nkaliki and Achara ... ..	1
	Edda, Nyegba and Okpuitumo ... ..	1
	Amachi ... ..	1
	Igbeagu ... ..	1
	Inyimagu Ezza ... ..	1
	Inyimagu Mgbalukwu ... ..	1
	Inyimagu Ndieze ... ..	1
	Agbaja... ..	1
Ishieke... ..	1	
Ezza	Amana, Amaezekwe, Amagu, Nsokara, Amudo and Okoffia... ..	1
	Idembia, Achara and Ezzama ... ..	1
	Ameka, Amuzu and Oriuzo ... ..	1
	Umuoghara and Umuezoka ... ..	1
	Umuezokohu and Amuda ... ..	1
	Nkumoro Ndiagu Azu, Ogboji Ndiagu Azu, Nyere and Ekka ... ..	1
	Nkumoro Ezzagu and Ogboji Ezzagu ... ..	1
Ikwo	Alike and Achara ... ..	1
	Amagu and Igbudu ... ..	1
	Okpuitumo and Umuaka ... ..	1
	Inyimagu and Akpanwudele ... ..	1
Ngbo	Ezangbo ... ..	1
	Umuezeaka, Amoffia, Omposi Echi and Ukwuogba Ekwasi, Umuogudu Oshia, Umuogudu Akpu and Okposi Ehak ... ..	1
		1
Ishielu	Urnuhuale, Nkalaha, Amezu and Obeagu ... ..	1
	Nkalagu, Iyono and Ezillo ... ..	1
Effium	Natives of Effium Clan ... ..	1
	Strangers ... ..	1
Orri	Orri Clan area ... ..	1
Agba	Agba Clan area ... ..	1
Abakaliki Urban Area	Abakpa Layout, Kpirikpiri and Ndiagu ... ..	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R. Public Notice No. 167 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BENDE DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (xvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bende Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region: --

1. These rules may be cited as the Bende Divisional Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Bende Divisional Native Authority. Short title and application.
2. In these rules: — Definitions.
  - “native authority” means the Bende Divisional Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means an adult persons liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.
3. Every male person who resides or carries on business within the area of the Bende Divisional Native Authority, who pays tax under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, shall pay an annual general rate of two shillings and sixpence or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct. General rate imposed.
4. The said rate shall be paid to the Bende Divisional Native Treasury at Bende or at such other collecting centre as the Bende Divisional Native Authority shall direct. Payment of rate.
5. A receipt shall be issued to each rate-payer for the amount of rates paid. Receipt.
6. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the said rate. Exemptions.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers in excess of the said rate, and a Native Authority Treasury receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid. Voluntary payments.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of the said rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 7, shall be expended upon public services provided by the Bende Divisional Native Authority for the benefit of the Bende Division in accordance with an annual expenditure programme approved by the Native Authority. Rate to be spent on public services.
9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound, or to imprisonment for seven days, or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence. Offence and penalty.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Bende Divisional Native Authority.

MADE at Bende this 19th day of December, 1952.

I. K. UKA, *Acting Secretary*

A. O. CHIKWENDU, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 22nd day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

Third Column  
Representation

KENZIE,  
*Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 168 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In accordance with the provisions of section 91D of the Native Authority Ordinance it is hereby notified for general information that the Bangwa Native Authority and the Mundani Native Authority, all of the Mamfe Division, have jointly and severally by an Instrument dated the 29th of September, 1952, established a Joint Committee with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province.

GIVEN this 30th day of May, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 169 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In accordance with the provisions of section 91D of the Native Authority Ordinance it is hereby notified for general information that the Assumbo Native Authority, Mankpa Native Authority, Menka Native Authority, Takamanda Native Authority and Mankpa Native Authority, all of the Mamfe Division, have jointly and severally, by an Instrument dated the 23rd of September, 1952, established a Joint Committee with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province.

GIVEN this 30th day of May, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 170 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In accordance with the provisions of section 91D of the Native Authority Ordinance it is hereby notified for general information that the Banyang Native Authority, Mamfe Native Authority and Mamfe Town Native Authority, all of the Mamfe Division, have jointly and severally, by an Instrument dated the 10th of February, 1953, established a Joint Committee with the approval of the Senior Resident, Cameroons Province.

GIVEN this 30th day of May, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 171 of 1953*

*Assessment Ordinance (Chapter 16)*

FIRST GENERAL ASSESSMENT—UMUAHIA-IBEKU TOWNSHIP

In exercise of the powers vested in the Lieutenant-Governor by section 9 (1) of the Assessment Ordinance, it is hereby directed that a general assessment be made in respect of all tenements within the township of Umuahia-Ibeku.

It is hereby further directed that the general assessment shall be the annual valuation of all such tenements.

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,  
J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Province*

E.R. Public Notice No. 172 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BENDE DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Bende Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bende Divisional Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Bende Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Bende Divisional Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the nearest Treasury office or Sub-Treasury office of the Bende Divisional Native Authority and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as herein before provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

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A. HARDING,  
*Cameroons Province*

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A. HARDING,  
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*Cameroons Province*

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F. MACKENZIE,  
etary, Eastern Region

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of vehicle issued under: —

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township, or other Native Authority or Local Government Council, shall not whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE BENDE DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....until the.....day of.....19.....  
 DATED this.....day of.....19.....

N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle .....	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow .....	10	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart .....	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Area of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Bende Divisional Native Authority

MADE under the Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 13th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority on 13th day of March, 1953, in the presence of:

I. K. UKA, *Ag. Secretary,*  
*Bende Divisional Native Authority*

J. N. IGWE, *President,*  
*Bende Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 22nd day of June, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 173 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (DISPENSARY  
CARD FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aguata Rural District Council.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

(2) These bye-laws shall apply to all persons while obtaining medical treatment from the dispensaries owned, maintained or supervised by the Council.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“district council” means the Aguata Rural District Council;

“infectious disease” means an infectious disease as defined in the Public Health Ordinance;

“card” means the serially numbered card, in two parts, which is to be used as a record of the case and of the treatment given, and as a receipt for the payment made.

3. (1) Any person desiring to obtain medical treatment from any dispensary built, owned, maintained or supervised by the Council shall, before such treatment commences, pay a fee of three pence to the Dispensary Attendant in charge.

Provided that no fees shall be collected from patients suffering from infectious diseases, or from school children who are identified in writing by the principal teacher of their school.

(2) On receipt of the fee, or on proof that relief from the payment of the fee is justified under the proviso to paragraph (1) above, the Dispensary Attendant shall make out a card for the patient.

(3) Part A of the card, which shall be serially numbered and shall bear the name of the Council, shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address, the date of issue and the fee paid, or if the card is issued free, the reason for free issue; and it shall be detached and handed to the patient.

(4) Part B of the card, which shall be serially numbered with the same number as Part A, and shall bear the name of the Council, shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address, the date of issue and the fee paid, or if the card is issued free, the reason for free issue; and it shall be retained by the Dispensary Attendant and shall form the record of the diagnosis and the treatment given, and shall form part of the records of the dispensary.

(5) A card so issued shall continue in force for a full calendar month from the date on which it was issued, and shall, if the patient continues to receive treatment for the same ailment, beyond this period, be replaced at the beginning of the following calendar month by a new card, on payment by the patient of another fee of three pence.

Provided that where the free issue of a card was justified in the first instance, the continued free issue of a card may be made.

4. (1) The patient shall produce his Part A of the card whenever he attends for treatment.

(2) If a patient loses his part A of the card during the period of its validity, he may be issued, on proof of identity to the satisfaction of the Dispensary Attendant, with an identity paper to replace it valid for the same period of validity; or on payment of a further fee of three pence he may be issued with a new card.

(3) A card issued to a patient from one dispensary owned, maintained or supervised by the Council may be transferred to another dispensary owned, maintained or supervised by the Council within the period of its validity, on notice being given by the patient of his intention to transfer to another dispensary.

(4) On notice being given by a patient, the Dispensary Attendant shall transmit the Part B of the card to the Dispensary Attendant at the other dispensary named by the patient, but shall not hand the Part B to the patient to be taken by him to the other dispensary.

5. A Dispensary Attendant in charge shall not be required to issue any other receipt for fees paid other than the Part A of the card, but he shall be required to operate a cash book in which shall be made a single daily record of the cards issued by him to the patients, and of the amount of money collected during that day. This record shall be checked against the number of cards which shall from time to time be issued to him from the office of the Council.

MADE by Resolution of the Council this 18th day of March, 1953.

J. O. ADIMORA, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

N. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 20th day of June, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of August, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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E.R. Public Notice No. 174 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL

(DISPENSARY FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Dispensary Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing himself of the dispensary services provided by the Onitsha Northern District Council shall pay a fee of 3d to the Dispensary Attendant in charge of any of the dispensaries established and maintained by the Onitsha Northern District Council, provided that all school children and patients suffering from infectious diseases, should be treated free of charge.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to a treatment at the dispensary at the time that the payment is made, and during subsequent attendances at the dispensary within one month from the date upon which payment was made.

(3) The Dispensary Attendant in charge of a dispensary established and maintained by the Onitsha Northern District Council shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to him together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(4) The Dispensary Attendant in charge of a dispensary shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(5) It shall be in the discretion of the Dispensary Attendant to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be counter-signed by the Secretary of the Onitsha Northern District Council.

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Northern District Council the 24th day of April, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMIENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 4th day of July, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of August, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



E.R. Public Notice No. 175 of 1953

THE ABAJA-NGWO NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140), the following rules have been made by the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region, to whom the Governor has delegated the power of approval.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 1s per year or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Abaja-Ngwo Native Treasury or at such other collecting centre as the Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate shall be expended upon public services provided by the Native Authority.

7. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE this 3rd day of March, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

G. P. U. EKWUEME, *Secretary,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

J. E. EKWUEME, *Chairman,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 3rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 176 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 148)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (NTONG VILLAGE AREA)  
EDUCATION RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Ntong Village Area) Education Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Ntong Village Area, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Ntong Village Area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 2s (two shillings) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Ntong Village Area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment, for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of April, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

Chief W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 3rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 177 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 148)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (AKWAJA VILLAGE AREA)  
EDUCATION RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Akwaja Village Area) Education Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Akwaja Village area, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Akwaja Village Area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 2s (two shillings) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Akwaja Village Area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment, for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 27th day of February, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 27th day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

Chief W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 3rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 178 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 148)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (NKOT VILLAGE AREA)  
EDUCATION RATING RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Nkot Village Area) Education Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Nkot Village Area, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Nkot Village Area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 2s (two shillings) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Nkot Village Area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment, for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of April, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

Chief W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 3rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 179 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(CATTLE KRAAL) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council (Cattle Kraal) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these rules:—

“cattle” means cows, bulls, oxen together with their young and includes horses;

“council” means the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council.

Cattle  
Kraals  
established.

3. All those parcels of land the description of which is contained in the First Schedule shall be used and known as Cattle Kraals.

Council to  
appoint  
Cattle  
Kraal  
Attendants.

4. The Council shall appoint suitable persons to be attendants at such Cattle Kraals whose duty it shall be to manage and control such Cattle Kraals.

Fees:  
Second  
Schedule.

5. (1) Any person who leaves cattle in a Cattle Kraal shall pay the appropriate fee therefore as laid down in the Second Schedule to the attendant in charge of the Cattle Kraal.

(2) The attendant in charge of the Cattle Kraal shall give a written receipt for any fee received by him.

Prohibition  
against  
leaving  
cattle  
elsewhere.

6. Any person who parks, leaves, stops or grazes within the area of the jurisdiction of the Council any cattle intended for slaughter or sale in any place other than within a Cattle Kraal is guilty of an offence.

Offences.

7. Any person who—

(a) fails or omits to pay the appropriate fee for cattle left in a Cattle Kraal;

(b) fails to obey the attendant in charge of a Cattle Kraal within that Kraal;

(c) fails or omits to obey any written directions as to the entering and leaving of a Cattle Kraal

is guilty of an offence.

Penalties.

8. Any person who is guilty of an offence under the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding two pounds or to imprisonment for one month for a first offence and to a fine of five pounds or one month's imprisonment or to both such fine and imprisonment for a subsequent offence.

Jurisdiction.

9. The penalties under bye-law 8 shall be imposed—

(i) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court; and

(ii) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land situated at Ikot Ekpene approximately 400 feet by 800 feet delineated by four concrete pillars and bounded on the North by Uruk Uso Village on the south by Ikot Ekpene-Itu road and on the west by Uruk Uso Village.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

1. For the first seven days the fee shall be two shillings per day or part of a day per head of cattle.
2. After the first seven days the fee shall be sixpence per day or part of a day per head of cattle.

MADE by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council this 27th day of February, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. INYANG, *Secretary*

U. U. OKURE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 29th day of June, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of July, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 180 of 1953*

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER the Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

UMUAHIA-IBEKU TOWNSHIP PUBLIC HEALTH  
(CONSERVANCY) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred on Local Authorities of Second Class Townships by section 42 (b) of the Public Health Ordinance, Cap. 183, the following bye-laws have been made by the Local Authority of Umuahia-Ibeku Township with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Township Public Health (Conservancy) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the township of Umuahia-Ibeku and shall come into operation on the 1st day of August, 1953.

Short title  
and  
application

2. In these bye-laws:—

“local authority” means the Local Authority for the township of Umuahia-Ibeku.

Definitions

“owner” includes the lessee of any premises and in the case of an absentee, his local agent for the collection of rents.

- Registration of contractor. 3. No person shall contract to carry out conservancy in Umuahia-Ibeku Township unless he is registered for that purpose with the Local Authority who may in his discretion, with the advice of the Medical Officer of Health, refuse any application for registration or revoke any registration previously made.
- Hours of clearing. 4. Night-soil shall not be removed from any building or carried along any public street at any other time than between the hours of 9 p.m. and 6 a.m. unless by permission of the Medical Officer of Health.
- Disposal. 5. Any bucket or other receptacle containing night-soil shall not be emptied into any drain or sewer or public latrine or elsewhere, save in accordance with the directions either general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health.
- Bucket to be provided with absorbents. 6. Before removal of any pail from any premises the owner shall ensure that it shall contain a sufficient quantity of dry earth, sawdust, ashes or other suitable substance to act as absorbent and deodorant.
- Public Latrine. 7. No person shall void any excrement or urine upon the floor of any public latrine or upon any portion of the latrine other than in the receptacle furnished for that purpose.
- Owner of premises to provide latrine accommodation. 8. (1) The owner of any premises shall, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, provide and maintain adequate latrine accommodation containing a suitable bucket or buckets for the use of the persons residing on such premises.  
 (2) Where the premises are designed to accommodate or do in fact accommodate more than twelve residents the owner shall provide an additional bucket for each multiple of twelve persons or part thereof.  
 (3) The owner, or where all the premises are let to a single tenant such tenant, shall cause all such buckets or receptacles to be removed and emptied daily in accordance with the provision of these bye-laws.
9. (a) The sitting or squatting arrangements in a latrine shall be of a type approved by the Medical Officer of Health.  
 (b) It shall be the responsibility of the person or persons residing in the premises to maintain the latrine therein in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.
- Penalty. 10. Any person contravening or failing to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction to a fine of ten pounds in respect of such offence.

MADE by the Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku, this 12th day of May, 1953.

DOUGLAS J. BROWN,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED this 3rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 31, Vol. 2, dated 16th July, 1953—Part B

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 8 of 1953

ORDER made under THE DOGS ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 56)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 2 and 4 of the Dogs Ordinance, the following order is hereby made :—

1. This order may be cited as the Dogs Ordinance (Aba Urban District Council) Order, 1953.

2. The authority for the purpose of the Dogs Ordinance for the area of the jurisdiction of the Aba Urban District Council is the Aba Urban District Council.

3. The provisions of Part II of the Dogs Ordinance are hereby applied to the area of the jurisdiction of the Aba Urban District Council.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 (b) of the Dogs Ordinance (Cap. 56) the Local Authority, Aba, shall cease to be the authority under the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance from the 1st day of April, 1953.

MADE at Enugu this 10th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 181 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

WHEREAS by an Instrument dated the 8th December, 1952, the Aba Urban District Council was established and the boundaries of the nine wards in the area of the said Aba Urban District Council were defined in the Second Schedule to the Instrument; but certain errors appeared in the definitions.

NOW THEREFORE by this Instrument the Second Schedule to the Instrument establishing the said Aba Urban District Council is amended as follows:—

*Definition of Ward A*—Ninth line, delete “pillars K.2002, 2348” and substitute therefor “pillars K.3002, 2848”;

*Definition of Ward E*.—Sixth line, delete “G.269” and substitute therefor “G.629”.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 9th day of July, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 182 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL, (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Southern Ngwa District Council.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| Short title and application.                             | 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Southern Ngwa District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council but also to all persons within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.  |
| Definitions.   | 2. In these bye-laws:—<br>“council” means the Southern Ngwa District Council;<br>“impound” with its grammatical variations means, take and confine in an area or place appointed by the Southern Ngwa District Council to be a pound;<br>“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Southern Ngwa District Council to have charge of a pound.  |
| Prohibition of keeping of animals within specified area. | 3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young, set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Southern Ngwa District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried.   |
| Animals to be properly confined.                         | 4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water.  |
| Impounding of animals by authorised persons.             | 5. Any cattle, ram, ewe, wether, goat, pig, duck or drake, or their young if found straying within the area of jurisdiction of the Southern Ngwa District Council, may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the District Council.  |
| Claim and release.                                       | 6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto.  |
| Sale of unclaimed animals.                               | 7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding rule any impounded animal which is unclaimed within seven days after the date of impounding shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster at the local Council Headquarters, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the District Council Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under rule 6 of these bye-laws. |
|  | Provided that no claim for payment shall be entertained after six months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.   |
|  | 8. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for two weeks.   |
|  | 9. These bye-laws shall apply only during the periods set out in the Third Schedule hereto.  |

10. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court; and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate.

11. The Ngwa Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1949, are hereby revoked within the area of the authority of the Council. Revocation.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle	Wethers
Rams	Goats
Ewe	Pigs
Ducks	Drakes

#### SECOND SCHEDULE — PENALTIES

	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded .. .. .	10	0
<del>For every duck or drake impounded .. .. .</del>	1	0
For every other animal impounded .. .. .	5	0

#### EXPENSES OF KEEP

For every head of cattle impounded for each day or portion of a day .. .. .	2	0
For every duck or drake impounded for each day or portion of a day .. .. .	0	6
For every other animal impounded for each day or portion of a day .. .. .	1	0

#### THIRD SCHEDULE

The period of application of these bye-laws shall be:

- (i) In respect of cattle and pigs—Throughout the year.
- (ii) In respect of other animals—From 1st March to 1st December, inclusive.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of May, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Southern Ngwa District Council was affixed the 26th day of May, 1953, in the presence of:

B. N. ENEOGWE, *Secretary*

M. W. UBANI, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 10th day of July, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of August, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGBIA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogbia Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogbia Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ogbia Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ogbia Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every persons who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Oloibiri and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rearfork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days. Such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or a Magistrates' Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OGBIA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1953

*Licences*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
 .....number.....until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>per annum</i>
	s    d
Bicycle or tricycle .. .. .	5    0
Hand-cart or barrow .. .. .	5    0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart .. .. .	5    0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley .. .. .	7    6

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Ogbia Native Authority.

MADE this 16th day of May, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ogbia Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

D. W. MOSES, *Secretary*

M. D. INENGITE, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 11th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 184 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xiii) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of jurisdiction of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority.

Definition.

2. In these rules:—

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, bicycle, rickshaw or other conveyance whatever, but does not include any motor vehicle.

“native authority” means the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority.

Vehicles to be licensed.

3. Any person who keeps or owns any vehicle within the Native Authority area and uses or permits the same to be used within the said Native Authority area shall take out a licence in the form set out in the Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence a fee of five shillings.

Application for and use of licences.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority or such other place or places as may be appointed by the Native Authority for licensing of vehicles, and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the year of issue and a consecutive number shall be fixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard, if any, projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on the hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and two-wheeled carriages, on the pole or shaft; and on four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Licence to expire on 31st December,

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of issue until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to obtain a licence as hereinbefore provided, or any person who shall commit a breach of these rules, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds for each offence, or, in default of payment, to imprisonment not exceeding three months for each offence. - Penalty.

9. Any person who is in possession of a valid licence in respect of a vehicle issued under the provisions of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the Townships Ordinance or the Native Authority Ordinance shall not be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle. Saving. (No. 16 of 1950 ; No. 38 of 1948 ; Cap. 216 ; Cap. 140.

SCHEDULE

AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....to keep and use one.....until the.....day of.....19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

No. (if any) of vehicle.....

No. of plate issued.....

Fee paid £.....:.....:.....

.....  
*Signature of Issuing Officer*

.....  
*Rank of Issuing Officer*

*N.B.—This Licence expires on the 31st December, 19.....*

MADE the 21st day of February, 1953, under the Common Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority on the 21st day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

J. O. MBREY, *Secretary,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

R. O. ANOKE, *Chairman,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 6th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 185 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NATIVE AUTHORITY (MATERNITY FEES) RULES, 1952

Cap. 140.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bende Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bende Divisional Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1952, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

Payment of fee.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Bende Divisional Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Bende Divisional Native Authority.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the maternity ward, and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Bende Divisional Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2.

Receipt record of treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

Exemptions for pauper patients.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority.

MADE this 19th day of November, 1952.

The Common Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

N. A. NDU, *Secretary*

A. O. CHIKWENDU, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 11th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 186 of 1953

*Rules MADE UNDER The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Obudu District Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obudu District (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Obudu District Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Obudu District Native Authority shall pay a local rate of seven shillings and six-pence per year or such other sum as the Obudu District Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Obudu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon primary education within Obudu District.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. The Obudu District (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority this 14th day of May, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority in the presence of:

A. B. ENYONG, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Obudu District Native Authority*

ABADUM ALIA, *President,*  
*Obudu District Native Authority*

APPROVED this 8th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 187 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENTS OF  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCILS**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Rural District Councils set out in the Schedule hereto are hereby amended by conferring upon them the power to provide for the building, equipping or maintenance of or to grant sums of money for the building, equipping or maintenance of rural Postal Agencies and rural postal services which have been approved by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs, under the provisions of Eastern Regional Public Notice No. 144 of 1953.

**SCHEDULE**

Otoro Rural District Council.  
Central Annang Rural District Council.  
Eastern Ibibio-Ikono Rural District Council.  
Okobo-Oron Rural District Council.  
Eket Rural District Council.  
Oniong Nung-Ndem Awa Rural District Council.  
Ubium Rural District Council.  
Onitsha Northern Rural District Council.  
Onitsha Southern Rural District Council.  
Njikoka Rural District Council.  
Aguata Rural District Council.  
Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
Calabar Western Rural District Council.  
Odukpani Road Rural District Council.  
Akpabuyo Rural District Council.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 9th day of July, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

**EASTERN REGION**

**E.R. No. 9 of 1953**

**ORDER made under THE DOGS ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 56)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 2 and 4 of the Dogs Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Dogs Ordinance (Onitsha Northern District Council) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. The authority for the purpose of the Dogs Ordinance for the area of the jurisdiction of the Onitsha Northern District Council is the Onitsha Northern District Council. Onitsha Northern District Council to be the authority under Cap. 56.

3. The provisions of Part II of the Dogs Ordinance are hereby applied to the area of the jurisdiction of the Onitsha Northern District Council. Part II of Cap. 56 applied to Onitsha Northern District Council area.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance (Eastern Provinces) Order, 1949, the District Officer in charge of Onitsha Division shall cease to be the authority under the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance for that part of the division under the jurisdiction of the Onitsha Northern District Council. The Council was established on 1st April, 1952. Amends Public Notice No. 161 of 1949.

MADE at Enugu this 10th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 188 of 1953*

**DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 37 OF THE BIRTHS, DEATHS AND BURIALS ORDINANCE (CAP. 20)**

Under section 37 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the Public burial ground specified in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be under the control and management of the Authority set opposite its name in the second column of the Schedule hereto.

**SCHEDULE**

Owerri Province ...	Public Cemetery, Umuahia-Ibeku	The Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku.
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MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor at Enugu this 16th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 189 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)* :

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE  
AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3, 5 and 10 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given:—

Short title.

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 2) Notice, 1953.

Schedule to  
Native  
Authorities  
(Establish-  
ment and  
Appoint-  
ment) Notice,  
(Public  
Notice No.  
95 of 1945).

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto.

FIRST SCHEDULE

DELETIONS

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Onitsha	Onitsha	Onitsha Town	—	Onitsha Town Council	Onitsha Town.

SECOND SCHEDULE

ADDITIONS

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Onitsha	Onitsha	Onitsha Town	—	Okosi II, Obi of Onitsha Chuba Ikpeazu P. H. Okolo, M.B.E. Dr L. O. Uwaechia M. O. Balonwu I. A. Mbanefo, M.B.E. B. C. I. Obanye M. O. Ajegbo C. C. Mojekwu G. C. Onyiluke D. O. Anekwe B. A. Ofili G. A. Ejike Chief Umeru	Onitsha Town.

GIVEN at Enugu this 21st day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command, :

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 190 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NEMBE NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon a Native Authority by section 25 (*xxvi*) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Nembe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Nembe Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Nembe Native Authority. Short title.
2. In these rules:— Definition.  
 "rate-payer" means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of the Nembe Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one pound five shillings per year or such other sum as the Nembe Native Authority shall from time to time direct. Application.
4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Nembe Native Treasury at Nembe or at such other collecting centre as the Nembe Native Authority shall direct. Method of payment.
5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate. Exemption from rate.
6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid. Voluntary payments.
7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon education purpose. Expenditure of rate.
8. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence. Offence and penalty.

MADE under the Seal of the Nembe Native Authority this 24th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Nembe Native Authority on 24th day of March, 1953, in the presence of.

A. F. A. NYANANYO, *Secretary,*  
*Nembe Native Authority*

OLALI OCKIYA, *President,*  
*Nembe Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of July, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 191 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGBIA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon a Native Authority by section 25 (xxvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Ogbia Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Ogbia Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ogbia Native Authority.
- Definition. 2. In these rules:—  
“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.
- Application. 3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of the Ogbia Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one pound ten shillings per year or such other sum as the Ogbia Native Authority shall from time to time direct.
- Method of payment. 4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ogbia Native Treasury at Oloibiri or at such other collecting centre as the Ogbia Native Authority shall direct.
- Exemption from rate. 5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.
- Voluntary payments. 6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
- Expenditure of rate. 7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon education purpose.
- Offence and penalty. 8. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Ogbia Native Authority this 25th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ogbia Native Authority on 25th day of March, 1953, in the presence of:

MAC N. H. DANGOSU, *Secretary,*  
*Ogbia Native Authority*

M. D. INENGITE, *President,*  
*Ogbia Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of July, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor*

;

*E.R. Public Notice No. 192 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EASTERN IJO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon a Native Authority by section 25 (xxvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Eastern Ijo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

- |                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Short title.         | 1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Ijo Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Eastern Ijo Native Authority.   |
| Definition.          | 2. In these rules:—<br>“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.  |
| Application.         | 3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of the Eastern Ijo Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one pound five shillings per year or such other sum as the Eastern Ijo Native Authority shall from time to time direct.   |
| Method of payment.   | 4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Eastern Ijo Native Treasury at Oporoma or at such other collecting centre as the Eastern Ijo Native Authority shall direct.   |
| Exemption from rate. | 5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.   |
| Voluntary payments.  | 6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.  |
| Expenditure of rate. | 7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon education purpose.  |
| Offence and penalty. | 8. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence. |

MADE under the Seal of the Eastern Ijo Native Authority this 27th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Eastern Ijo Native Authority on 27th day of March, 1953, in the presence of:

R. C. LELEI, *Secretary,*  
*Eastern Ijo Native Authority*

N. B. YEBRIFA, *President,*  
*Eastern Ijo Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of July, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 193 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EPIE-ATISSA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon a Native Authority by section 25 (xxxv) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Epie-Atissa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Epie-Atissa Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Epie-Atissa Native Authority.
- Definition. 2. In these rules:—  
“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.
- Application. 3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of the Epie-Atissa Native Authority shall pay a local rate of one pound five shillings per year or such other sum as the Epie-Atissa Native Authority shall from time to time direct.
- Method of payment. 4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Epie-Atissa Native Treasury at Onopa or at such other collecting centre as the Epie-Atissa Native Authority shall direct.
- Exemption from rate. 5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.
- Voluntary payments. 6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
- Expenditure of rate. 7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon education purpose.
- Offence and penalty. 8. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Epie-Atissa Native Authority this 7th day of April, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Epie-Atissa Native Authority on 7th day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

S. J. OGBARAS, *Secretary,*  
*Epie-Atissa Native Authority*

EDWARD OGBARA, *President,*  
*Epie-Atissa Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of July, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 194 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OBUDU DISTRICT NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Obudu District Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor to whom the Governor has delegated the power of approval.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obudu District (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Obudu District Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of Obudu District shall pay a local rate of 3s (three shillings) per year or such other sum as the Obudu District Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Obudu District Native Treasury at Obudu or at such other collecting centre as the Obudu District Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Obudu District Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate shall be expended upon public services provided by the Obudu District Native Authority.

7. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE this 28th day of February, 1953, under the Common Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

B. N. EWORO, *Secretary*

ABADUM ALIA, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 17th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



**EASTERN REGION** **E.R. No. 10 of 1953**  
**ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE**  
**(Cap. 75)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Buea Forest Order, 1953. Short title.
2. All that piece of land the situation and limits of which are set out in the Schedule hereto shall constitute a Government Forest Reserve which shall be known as "The Buea Forest Reserve." Constitution of Buea Forest Reserve.

**SCHEDULE**

All that piece of land containing 278 acres or thereabouts situated at Buea in the Victoria Division of the Cameroons Province the boundaries of which are as follows:—

*South (westwards).*—Starting from a point 1,500 feet south-west of Buea Post Office situated on the right hand side of the 1949 motor road from Buea Post Office to Membia Village and marked by a cairn, by the right hand side of the 1949 motor road from Buea Post Office to Membia Village in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,800 feet to a cairn on the right hand side of the 1949 motor road from Buea Post Office to Membia Village at the point where the northern boundary of the Molive Estate meets the 1949 motor road from Buea Post Office to Membia Village; thence by the northern boundary of the Molive Estate which is a straight line cut on a bearing of  $299^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 370 feet to a cairn; thence continuing by the northern boundary of the Molive Estate which is a straight line cut on a bearing of  $208^{\circ}$  for a distance of 390 feet to a cairn situated on the left bank of the Namonge stream; thence by the left bank of the Namonge stream upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 500 feet to a cairn situated on the left bank of the Namonge stream; thence

*North (eastwards).*—By a straight line cut on a bearing of  $70^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3,750 feet to a cairn situated on the right bank of the Mosole stream (Meonge) and situated on a bearing of  $212^{\circ}$  and at a distance of 70 feet from a cement pillar PBG.109 on the Buea Upper Farm boundary; thence

*East (southwards).*—By the right bank of the Mosole stream (Meonge) downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,700 feet to a cairn situated on the right bank of the Mosole stream (Meonge); thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $224^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 320 feet to a cairn situated on the left hand side of the 1949 path from the Residency to Buea Reservoir; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $155^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,290 feet to a cairn; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $133^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 340 feet to a cairn; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $85^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 170 feet to a cairn situated on the right hand side of the 1949 motor road from the Residency to the Buea Post Office; thence by the right hand side of the 1949 motor road from the Residency to Buea Post Office in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 460 feet to a cairn; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $102^{\circ}$  for a distance 200 feet to the starting point.

All bearings are referred to True North and adjusted from magnetic bearings observed during the month of April, 1949.

All distances and bearings are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

No rights exist within the Forest Reserve.

MADE this 23rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,  
 K. C. SHADDOCK,  
 Clerk to the Executive Council,  
 Eastern Region

*E.R. Public Notice No. 195 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (LEPROSY SERVICE RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Chapter 140, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Leprosy Service Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority who are normally resident within the areas set out in column one of the Schedule hereto and shall come into force on 1st day of April, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

“rate-payer” means an adult person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of eighteen years residing or carrying on business in the areas of application as defined shall pay an annual local rate of the amount shown in column two of the Schedule hereto or such other sum as the Native Authority may from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid to the officer appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate and a Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 6 shall be expended upon services for the relief of leprosy in the area of application from which the money was raised or contributed.

8. Any person who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for seven days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
<i>Areas of Application</i>	<i>Amount of Rate</i>
Mbube Clan Area ... ..	2s (Two shillings).
North Ukelle Clan Area ... ..	1s (One shilling).

MADE this 6th day of March, 1953, under the Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

D. B. ODU, *Secretary*

D. U. INYAMBE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 23rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 196 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL (DISPENSARY FEES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Dispensary Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing himself of the dispensary services provided by the Njikoka District Council shall pay a fee of 3d to the Dispensary Attendant in charge of any of the dispensaries established and maintained by the Njikoka District Council, provided that all school children, District Council employees and their families, and patients suffering from infectious diseases, should be treated free of charge.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to a treatment at the dispensary at the time that the payment is made, and during subsequent attendances at the dispensary within two months from the date upon which payment was made.

(3) The Dispensary Attendant in charge of a dispensary established and maintained by the Njikoka District Council shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to him together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(4) The Dispensary Attendant in charge of a dispensary shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(5) It shall be in the discretion of the Dispensary Attendant to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be counter-signed by the Secretary of the Njikoka District Council.

(6) If a patient during the validity of his fee expresses the desire to transfer to another dispensary, he shall present his receipt to the Dispensary Attendant, who shall endorse it for treatment at the dispensary to which the patient wishes to transfer, and shall make up and transmit to the Dispensary Attendant in charge of the other dispensary but shall not hand to the patient a record of the diagnosis and treatment given.

MADE by Resolution of the Council this 15th day of April, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of:

AKWUOBI ESSELL, *Secretary,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

A. N. ONYIUIKE, *Chairman,*  
*Njikoka District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 21st day of July, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 15th day of August, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

Regulations MADE UNDER *The Waterworks Ordinance (Chapter 227)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the appropriate officer by section 16 of the Waterworks Ordinance, the following regulations are hereby made:—

Short title, application and date of commencement.

1. (1) These regulations may be cited as the Waterworks (Abakaliki) Regulations, 1953, and shall apply to the prescribed areas.

Definition.

(2) These regulations shall be deemed to have come into force on the first day of February, 1953.

2. In these regulations:—

“prescribed areas” means those areas of land more particularly delineated and described in the documents the particulars of which are set out on the Schedule hereto,

“room” means any living room, bedroom or parlour but shall not include any verandah, hall, kitchen, bathroom, lavatory, store or outhouse.

Rate when premises metered.

3. Where water is supplied by means of a private service to any tenement which is metered, the owner or occupier shall pay for consumption at the rate of 3s 6d per 1,000 gallons.

Rate when premises not metered.

4. Where water is supplied by means of a private service to any tenement and the quantity of water is not measured by a meter, the owner or occupier shall pay for the water supplied at the rate of £7 per annum for the first tap, £2 10s 0d for the second tap and £1 for each additional tap.

Rate for Government premises.

5. Water supplied to any tenement occupied by a Government Department (other than Government quarters), a Native Authority, a Local Government Council or the Electricity Corporation of Nigeria shall be paid for at the rate of 3s 6d per 1,000 gallons. Water supplied to Government quarters shall be paid for in accordance with the rates set out below:—

Type of Tenement	Annual Rate		
	£	s	d
A2 .. .. .	16	0	0
A3 .. .. .	12	15	0
A4 .. .. .	11	4	0
Semi-Permanent A3..	12	15	0
Semi-Permanent A4..	11	4	0
Catering Rest House ..	64	0	0

Occupier's rate where water supplied by means of public stand pipes.

6. Subject to the provisions of regulation 5 where water supplied by means of public stand pipes to occupiers of tenements in the prescribed area the occupier of a tenement comprising a dwelling house or dwelling houses—

- (a) of one room shall pay £1 per annum;
- (b) of two rooms shall pay £2 11s 0d per annum;
- (c) of three rooms shall pay £3 17s 0d per annum;
- (d) of four rooms or over shall pay £4 16s 0d per annum.

7. The following shall be exempted from the payment of water rate: Exemptions.
- (a) cemeteries;
  - (b) places of worship;
  - (c) public recreation grounds.

8. The payment to be made under these regulations, with the exception of those under regulations 4 and 6 which shall be paid annually shall be due and payable at the office of the prescribed authority on the last day of occupation during each month. Manner of payment.

SCHEDULE

(1) Agreement between Chiefs Egbe, Okuta, Oduma and the Government of Nigeria registered as No. 24 in Volume 99 of the Land Registry, Lagos, now kept at Enugu.

(2) Certificate of title dated 16th November, 1949, filed as No. 5 Volume 1 of the Land Registry, Enugu.

(3) Certificate of title dated 18th February, 1948, filed as No. 27 Volume 5 of the Land Registry, Lagos.

(4) Certificate of title dated 16th November, 1949, filed as No. 6 Volume 1 of the Land Registry, Enugu.

MADE at Enugu this 23rd day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

K. C. SHADDOCK,  
Clerk to the Executive Council,  
Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 198 of 1953

*The Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

PUBLIC HEALTH (EASTERN REGION NATIVE AUTHORITIES) RULES, 1953

It is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 41 and 42 of the Public Health Ordinance and by the Public Health (Native Authorities Enabling) Order in Council, 1940, the following Native Authorities in the Udi Division, i.e., Abaja-Ngwo, Umuezeagu and Nkanu, have with effect from the 10th day of October, 1952, made rules the text of which was published in Native Authority Public Notice No. 71 of 1943 and the schedule to that notice is accordingly amended by the insertion of the following items therein: —

Province and Division	Native Authority	Area
Onitsha Province, Udi Division	Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority	Area of the authority of Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority.
	Umuezeagu Native Authority	Area of the authority of Umuezeagu Native Authority excluding Olo and Oha.
	Nkanu Native Authority	Area of the jurisdiction of Nkanu Native Authority.

APPROVED this 17th day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 199 of 1953

The Road Traffic Ordinance (No. 43 of 1947)

THE ORATTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF TRAFFIC IN OWERRI) ORDER, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Oratta Federal Native Authority by Public Notice No. 7 of 1953, and section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, the following order is hereby made by the Oratta Federal Native Authority: —

Short title and date of commencement.

1. This order may be cited as the Oratta Federal Native Authority (Control of Traffic in Owerri) Order, 1953.

Application.

2. This order shall apply to the area known as Owerri Native Town, hereinafter referred to as "the area".

Traffic signs to be obeyed: Offence.

3. Any person driving or in charge of a vehicle on a highway within the area who disregards any traffic sign erected by the Oratta Federal Native Authority shall be guilty of an offence.

Speed limits: Offences.

4. (1) Any person who drives a commercial vehicle on a highway within the area at a speed greater than fifteen miles per hour shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who drives a vehicle other than a commercial vehicle on a highway within the area at a speed greater than thirty miles per hour shall be guilty of an offence.

Motor Car Park to be used: Offence.

5. Any driver of a stage carriage who shall stop for the purpose of taking up or setting down passengers anywhere upon any highway within the area other than at the Owerri Motor Car Park shall be guilty of an offence.

Penalty.

6. Any person who commits an offence under the provisions of sections 3, 4 or 5 of this order shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of fifty pounds or to six months imprisonment.

MADE under the Seal of the Oratta Federal Native Authority this 20th day of April, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oratta Federal Native Authority on the 20th day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

F. O. WIGWE, *Secretary*

FRANCIS NWAGINIGA, *Chairman*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 200 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NDOKI NATIVE AUTHORITY (LEPROSY RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Ndoki Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ndoki Native Authority (Leprosy Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ndoki Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ndoki Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay a leprosy rate of sixpence per year or such other sum as the Native Authority may from time to time direct.

4. The rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ukwa Native Treasury at Asa.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provisions of rule 6, shall be expended upon the maintenance of the Asa, Akwete and Umuagbai Leprosy Clinics and the welfare of the inmates thereof and upon no other purpose.

8. Any person who without lawful justification or excuse, proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ndoki Native Authority this 30th day of March, 1953, in the presence of:

P. W. OBONNA, *Councillor*

Z. T. UNACTO, *Councillor*

A. E. SHEBBS, *Chairman,*  
*Medical and Health Committee*

APPROVED this 31st day of July, 1953

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 201 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ASA NATIVE AUTHORITY (LEPROSY RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Asa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Asa Native Authority (Leprosy Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Asa Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Asa Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay a leprosy rate of sixpence per year or such other sum as the Native Authority may from time to time direct.

4. The rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ukwa Native Treasury at Asa.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provisions of rule 6, shall be expended upon the maintenance of the Asa, Akwete and Umuagbai Leprosy Clinics and the welfare of the inmates thereof and upon no other purpose.

8. Any person who without lawful justification or excuse, proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Asa Native Authority this 30th day of March, 1953, in the presence of:

R. A. WOLOZIRI, *Councillor*  
G. W. MGBO, *Councillor*

W. W. OBINYA, *Chairman,*  
*Clan Council*

APPROVED this 31st day of July, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 202 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (ISUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa District Council (hereinafter called "the Council").

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons within the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

"club" means an isusu club, and is a society formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which pays a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount thus collected less certain approved deductions;

"club head" means a person who manages an isusu club and also a person who receives contributions from members;

"commission" means the amount which is deducted from each share or "hand" and which is paid to the club head for his services;

"contribution" means a fixed sum contributed by a member at a meeting of an isusu club;

"hand" means the arithmetical product of the amount of the contribution multiplied by the number of contributions, which amount is paid out, less approved deductions, at a meeting to the member whose turn it is to receive it;

"meeting" means a meeting of the members of an isusu club as provided for in the rules of the club;

"member" means a person who contributes to an isusu club;

"minute book" means the Minute Book of an isusu club containing the rules of the club and the record of events at each meeting;

"records" means the Minute Book of an isusu club and the register of the club;

"register of the club" means the record of payments made by each member at each meeting;

"registration" with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions means the registration of a club by the council in accordance with these bye-laws;

"rules of the club" means the rules of an isusu club as stated in the Minute Book;

"secretary" means a person employed by an isusu club to keep the records of the club.

3. The Council may draw up and from time to time amend model rules for the conduct of isusu clubs.

Model Rules.

4. All clubs shall be registered by the Council, and it shall be an offence to conduct an unregistered club:

Registration of clubs.

Provided that a club formerly registered with the Ngwa Native Authority under the Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, shall be deemed to be a registered club subject to the terms of bye-law 8,

Proviso.

Application for registration.

5. Application for registration shall be made by the club head in the following manner:—

- (i) by paying a fee of two pounds into the Northern Ngwa District Council Treasury;
- (ii) by informing the Council of the intention to apply for registration and producing the Northern Ngwa District Council Treasury Receipt for the fee; whereupon the Council shall appoint a day for the application to be considered;
- (iii) by producing before the Council on the day appointed the records of the club, and providing all such information concerning the club as the Council shall require.

Examination of records and rules.

6. The Council shall examine the records of the club, and particularly the rules of the club and the register of the club, and shall inquire into the character and financial standing of the club head or heads, and may then:—

- (i) if it is satisfied that the records are in order, that the rules of the club do not differ in any important respect from the model rules approved by the Council under bye-law 3, that the register of the club has been properly kept and that the club head or heads are persons of good character and satisfactory financial standing, approve registration, or
- (ii) if it is not satisfied in any of these respects, may adjourn consideration of the application for registration of the application for registration for a stated time, and in particular—
  - (a) if it is not satisfied with the rules of the club, in that they differ in some important respect from the model rules approved by the Council under bye-law 3, shall point out in what respect the rules of the club are unsatisfactory and ask the club head to amend the rules of the club, or
  - (b) if it is not satisfied that the register of the club has been properly kept, shall point out in what respect it is not satisfactory, and ask the club head to see that it is corrected as necessary, or
  - (c) if it is not satisfied concerning the club head or heads, may require any or all of them to provide guarantors acceptable to the Council for the whole amount of the liability of such club head or heads, or
- (iii) may refuse to approve registration:

Proviso.

Provided that any person dissatisfied with the decision of the Council to register or to refuse to register a club may take action in any Native Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Council against the Council to show cause why such club should be registered or should not be registered, and in hearing such action the Native Court may make such order as justice may demand in accordance with these bye-laws, subject to the right of redress by review or appeal provided by the Native Courts Ordinance.

Duties of Council after approval of registration.

7. If the Council approves the registration of a club, it shall enter in a registration book to be kept for the purpose:—

- (i) the name of the club;
- (ii) the name of the club head or club heads;
- (iii) the name of the secretary;
- (iv) the number of members and the number of contributions;
- (v) the amount of contribution;
- (vi) the value of the hand;
- (vii) the name of the member to receive the first hand;
- (viii) the place and time of meetings;

Revocation.

13. The Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, are hereby revoked and replaced within the area of the authority of the Council.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of May, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council was affixed the 26th day of May, 1953, in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary,*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 28th day of July, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 11 of 1953

ORDER made under THE TOWNSHIPS ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 216)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 3 of the Townships Ordinance, the following order is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region:—

1. This order may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Township (Amendment) Order, 1953.
2. The Umuahia-Ibeku Township Order, 1952 (E.R. No. 14 of 1952), is hereby amended by deleting the Schedule thereto and substituting the following Schedule therefor:—

## SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Umuahia-Ibeku in the Bende Division of the Owerri Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 1,502 acres the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked P.B.F 503 the co-ordinates of which are 4847.19 feet south and 78.33 feet east of a concrete pillar marked C.F.I. 333 the origin of Umuahia-Ibeku Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
P.B.F 503	294° 16'	900.5 feet	P.B.O 2717
P.B.O 2717	294° 18'	2779.8 "	P.B.A 908
P.B.A 908	294° 17'	644.2 "	P.B.O 2718
P.B.O 2718	294° 18'	676.4 "	P.B.O 2650
P.B.O 2650	294° 19'	673.7 "	P.B.O 2719
P.B.O 2719	294° 22'	390.9 "	P.B.A 909
P.B.A 909	26° 09'	130.0 "	P.B.O 2720
P.B.O 2720	26° 25'	90.2 "	P.B.O 2721
P.B.O 2721	26° 12'	1010.4 "	P.B.A 910
P.B.A 910	25° 58'	466.5 "	P.B.O 2722
P.B.O 2722	26° 11'	1104.5 "	P.B.A 570
P.B.A 570	26° 06'	2004.6 "	P.B.O 4190
P.B.O 4190	26° 07'	100.6 "	P.B.A 586
P.B.A 586	62° 25'	1007.2 "	P.B.O 2735
P.B.O 2735	62° 24'	462.1 "	P.B.O 3683
P.B.O 3683	24° 05'	1297.9 "	P.B.O 3685
P.B.O 3685	24° 12'	1303.5 "	P.B.O 3687
P.B.O 3687	24° 08'	651.3 "	P.B.O 3688
P.B.O 3688	24° 06'	1268.2 "	P.B.O 3690
P.B.O 3690	24° 05'	408.1 "	P.B.O 3691
P.B.O 3691	14° 31'	551.2 "	P.B.O 3692
P.B.O 3692	14° 28'	801.6 "	P.B.O 3977
P.B.O 3977	75° 34'	400.1 "	P.B.O 4181
P.B.O 4181	119° 20'	660.0 "	P.B.O 3981
P.B.O 3981	119° 15'	413.1 "	P.B.O 3982
P.B.O 3982	128° 22'	956.2 "	P.B.O 3984
P.B.O 3984	128° 19'	564.5 "	P.B.O 3985
P.B.O 3985	181° 15'	423.6 "	P.B.O 3986
P.B.O 3986	179° 34'	1979.3 "	P.B.O 3989

SCHEDULE—*continued*

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PB.O 3989	179° 33'	2638.4 feet	PB.O 3993
PB.O 3993	179° 34'	659.8 "	PB.O 3994
PB.O 3994	179° 33'	1319.4 "	PB.O 3996
PB.O 3996	179° 34'	659.6 "	PB.O 3997
PB.O 3997	179° 33'	659.6 "	PB.O 3998
PB.O 3998	194° 03'	620.5 "	PB.O 3999
PB.O 3999	194° 01'	1215.3 "	PB.O 4871
PB.O 4871	215° 58'	632.3 "	PB.O 4870
PB.O 4870	215° 56'	86.2 "	PB.O 4001
PB.O 4001	307° 44'	422.5 "	PB.O 4002
PB.O 4002	308° 06'	359.8 "	PB.O 4003
PB.O 4003	312° 04'	608.8 "	PB.O 4004
PB.O 4004	202° 38'	786.1 "	PB.O 2715
PB.O 2715	202° 53'	391.0 "	PB.O 4859
PB.O 4859	202° 37'	450.4 "	PB.O 2716
PB.O 2716	202° 36'	763.7 "	PB.F 503

(the starting point).

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to Colony North.

MADE at Enugu this 4th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 203 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE ABA-NGWA COUNTY COUNCIL

WHEREAS by an Instrument dated the 16th day of February, 1953, the Aba-Ngwa County Council was established;

AND WHEREAS the said Aba-Ngwa County Council has requested that the Instrument establishing the Council be amended to provide for the Local Council of Mgboko Umuanunu to be represented by two members on the said Aba-Ngwa County Council;

NOW THEREFORE in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the Instrument establishing the Aba-Ngwa County Council is hereby amended as follows:—

- (i) by deleting the words "forty eight" appearing in paragraph 4 thereof and substituting the words "forty-nine" therefor;
- (ii) by deleting the words "thirty-six" appearing in paragraph 6 (i) thereof and substituting the words "thirty-seven" therefor;
- (iii) by deleting the figure "1" shown against the Local Council of Mgboko Umuanunu in paragraph 6 (i) thereof and substituting the figure "2" therefor.

MADE by the Regional Authority this 5th day of August, 1953.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 204 of 1953

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

ITAM BEACH MARKET RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Itam Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, for the market of Itam Beach:

1. These rules may be cited as the Itam Beach Market Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of October, 1953. Short title and application.
  
2. The market shall be opened on such days as the Native Authority shall appoint. Market Days.
  
3. The following rents shall be paid in advance to the Market Master appointed by the Itam Native Authority by all persons selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market:— Market Stalls Rents.
  - (a) For every permanent stall ... .. 2s 6d per month.
  - (b) For every temporary stall ... .. 1s 6d per month.
  - (c) For hawking or squatting in a vacant space set aside for casual traders ... .. 1d per day.
  
4. The Native Authority may set aside any part of the market for the sale or storage of specific foodstuffs, stores, merchandise or other articles. Separation of Goods.
  
5. Any person who:— Offences.
  - (a) uses any plot or store or stall in the market for the purpose of selling any article or carrying on his trade or calling in the market, and who shall not have paid the prescribed rent therefor; or
  - (b) erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure within the market boundary without the consent of the Native Authority; or
  - (c) allows a plot or stall which he has hired to become insanitary or fails to keep it clean; or
  - (d) cooks food in any part of the market other than that set aside by the Native Authority for the purpose; or
  - (e) rides a bicycle within the market when the market is in session; or
  - (f) being other than a duly authorised watchman or labourer shall be in any portion of the market between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m.; or
  - (g) exposes for sale in the market produce, merchandise or any goods except on a plot or in a stall or store which has been set aside by the Native Authority for the sale of such wares; or
  - (h) slaughters or butchers any animal in the market at any place other than the market slaughter slab; or
  - (i) sells or exposes for sale any meat which has not been slaughtered at the market slaughter slab until such meat has been examined and found fit for sale by a Sanitary Overseer or the Market Master; or
  - (j) sublets a market stall which he has hired without the approval of the Native Authority; or
  - (k) places any obstruction in the alleys or passages of the market or;

- (l) commits a nuisance in the market; or
- (m) not being a butcher or an edat trader brings into the market any matchet unless such matchet is intended for sale; or
- (n) stages or organises a traditional play or ceremony in the market without obtaining the prior approval in writing of the Native Authority; or
- (o) creates any disturbance during the staging of any duly authorised traditional play or ceremony

shall be guilty of an offence against these rules and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine of five shillings or to three days' imprisonment for the first offence and to a fine of ten shillings or to six days' imprisonment for any subsequent offence.

6. Any person other than the Market Master or other person duly appointed by the Native Authority who collects or attempts to collect within the market area any stallages or rents shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction, be liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

MADE under the Seal of the Itam Native Authority this 9th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Itam Native Authority on the 9th day of July, 1953, in the presence of:

G. O. EDET, *Secretary,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

T. U. NSUK, *Chairman,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

APPROVED by me this 21st day of July, 1953.

O. J. F. JONES-LLOYD,  
*Ag. Resident, Calabar Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No 205 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

THE ITAM BEACH MARKET

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 3 of the Markets Ordinance the following market to be known as the Itam Beach Market is, with the approval of the Resident, to whom the power has been delegated, hereby established by the Itam Native Authority of the Enyong Division of the Calabar Province:—

All that area of land at Itam Beach measuring approximately 300 feet in depth and extending approximately 400 feet northwards along the left bank of the Ikpa River from the old site of Itam bridge.

GIVEN this 9th day of July, 1953.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Itam Native Authority dated the 17th day of June, 1947.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Itam Native Authority in the presence of:

G. O. EDET, *Secretary,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

T. U. NSUK, *Chairman,*  
*Itam Native Authority*

APPROVED by me this 21st day of July, 1953.

O. J. F. JONES-LLOYD,  
*Ag. Resident, Calabar Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 206 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (ISUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Southern Ngwa District Council (hereinafter called "the Council").

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Southern Ngwa District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons within the area of the authority of the council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.

"club" means an Isusu Club, and is a society formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which pays a fixed sum at meetings, held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount thus collected less certain approved deductions;

"commission" means the amount which is deducted from each share or "Hand" and which is paid to the Club Head for his services;

"club head" means a person who manages an Isusu Club and also a person who receives contributions from members;

"contribution" means a fixed sum contributed by a member at a meeting of an Isusu Club;

"hand" means the arithmetical product of the amount of the contribution multiplied by the number of contributions, which amount is paid out, less approved deductions, at a meeting to the member whose turn it is to receive it;

"meeting" means a meeting of the members of an Isusu Club as provided for in the rules of the club;

"member" means a person who contributes to an Isusu Club;

"minute book" means the Minute Book of an Isusu Club containing the rules of the club and the record of events at each meeting;

"records" means the Minute Book of an Isusu Club and the Register of the club;

"register of the club" means the record of payments made by each member and at each meeting;

"registration" with its grammatical variations, and cognate expressions means the registration of a club by the Council in accordance with these bye-laws;

"rules of the club" means the rules of an Isusu Club as stated in the Minute Book;

"secretary" means a person employed by an Isusu Club to keep the records of the club.

3. All clubs shall be registered by the Council, and it shall be an offence to conduct an unregistered club. Registration of clubs.

Provided that a club formerly registered with the Ngwa Native Authority under the Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, shall be deemed to be a registered club subject to the terms of bye-law 7.



Application for registration.

4. Application for registration of a club shall be made by the club head in the form contained in the First Schedule and in the following manner:—

- (i) by paying a fee of ten shillings into the Southern Ngwa District Council Treasury;
- (ii) by informing the Council of the intention to apply for registration and producing the Southern Ngwa District Council Treasury Receipt for the fee; whereupon the Council shall appoint a day for the application to be considered;
- (iii) by producing before the Council on the day appointed the records of the club, and providing all such information concerning the club as the Council shall require.

Examination of records and rules.

5. The Council shall examine the records of the club, and particularly the rules of the club and the register of the club, and shall inquire into the character and financial standing of the club head or heads, and may then:—

- (i) if it is satisfied that the records are in order, that the rules of the club do not differ in any important respect from those set out in the Second Schedule, that the register of the club has been properly kept and that the club head or heads are persons of good character and satisfactory financial standing, approve registration, or
- (ii) if it is not satisfied that the register of the club has been properly kept, shall point out in what respect it is not satisfactory, and ask the club head to see that it is corrected as necessary, or
- (iii) if it is not satisfied concerning the club head or heads, may require any or all of them to provide guarantors acceptable to the Council for the whole amount of the liability of such club head or heads or
- (iv) may refuse to approve registration.

Right of dissatisfied club parties.

6. Any person dissatisfied with the decision of the Council to register or to refuse to register a club may take action in any Native Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Council against the Council to show cause why such club should be registered or should not be registered, and in hearing such action the Native Court may make such order as justice may demand in accordance with these bye-laws, subject to the right of redress by review of appeal provided by the Native Courts Ordinance.

Registration and Issue of Permit. Fee.

7. If the Council approves the registration of a club, it shall issue a permit to operate a club in the form in the First Schedule, upon payment by the club head of one pound.

Determination of a club.

8. When the full number of contributions named in the rules of a club, whether registered under these bye-laws or formerly registered with the Ngwa Native Authority under the Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, has been made, the club shall except for such action as may be necessary to wind up its affairs be deemed to have determined. If the same club head wishes to start a new club with the same or different members a fresh application for registration shall be made.

Offences by club head.

9. A club head shall be guilty of an offence who:—

- (a) demands or accepts a commission in excess of that specified in the rules of the club;
- (b) demands or accepts a fee in excess of that specified in the rules of the club for accepting liability for a member's debt;
- (c) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member when his turn comes to receive it;

- (d) deducts from the hand any sum other than that provided in the rules of the club for
  - (i) commission, or
  - (ii) fee for accepting liability for the member's debt, or
  - (iii) in the event of a member providing a substitute in accordance with the rules of the club, the correct portion of the hand for the member or his substitute, or
  - (iv) penalties as provided for in the rules of the club;
- (e) leaves or disbans a club without repaying the hands received by the members for whom he is responsible.

10. A secretary shall be guilty of an offence who:

- (a) wilfully neglects to make an entry in the records of the club as instructed by the meeting; Offences by secretary.
- (b) makes an entry in the records of the club which is not authorised by a meeting.

11. (1) The provisions of the Second Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of any club registered under the provisions of these bye-laws. Provisions of Second Schedule to be followed.

(2) The Council shall cancel the registration of any club which is not being conducted according to the provisions of the Second Schedule.

12. (1) Any offence specified in these bye-laws shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding £10 or in default to imprisonment not exceeding three months. Penalties.

(2) These penalties shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

13. Nothing in these bye-laws shall be construed as debarring a member of an unregistered club from proceeding against the head of such unregistered club to recover from him any amount which may be due to him from such unregistered club. Proceedings against un-registered club head.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (ISUSU CLUB)

#### BYE-LAWS, 1953

#### *Form of Registration of Isusu Club*

1. The name of the Isusu Club.....
2. Meeting place and time of meeting of club.....
3. Number of members.....
4. Number of contributions.....
5. Value of one share.....
6. Value of hand.....
7. Name of club head or heads.....
8. Name of secretary.....
9. Name of club treasurer.....

*NOTE.—The number of contributions may be greater than the number of members for a member may take out more than one share.*

FIRST SCHEDULE—*continued*  
 THE SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (ISUSU CLUB)  
 BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Permit to operate the Isusu Club*

Permission is hereby granted to.....of.....  
 to operate the.....Isusu Club at.....  
 from the.....day of.....19.....to the.....  
 19.....subject to the provisions of the  
 Southern Ngwa District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-Laws, 1953.  
 (Sgd.).....

*On behalf of the Southern Ngwa  
 District Council*

Fee paid.....  
 Date.....19.....

*NOTE.—The probable period which the club is expected to last before deter-  
 mination must be shown on the permit.*

SECOND SCHEDULE

1. A meeting of a club may be held on any day. No meeting shall take place at night.

2. No act of the club shall be valid unless it is done at the regular meeting of the club, by the majority of the members present, and is recorded in the Minute Book of the club by the secretary.

3. A member shall pay his contribution on the day of the club meeting, or if he is unable to be present, he may pay it to the club head before the time of the meeting.

4. (a) At each meeting the member whose turn it shall be to receive a hand shall be nominated by the majority of the members present at the meeting, and recorded by the secretary.

(b) When a member receives his hand, he shall sign a receipt in the club Minute Book for the actual cash that he receives which will represent the value of the hand less deductions as authorised by these rules.

5. At each meeting each contribution shall be recorded by the secretary.

6. A member defaults who fails to pay his contribution at or before the meeting.

7. (a) A member who defaults before he has received a hand may be liable to a penalty not exceeding half the value of his contributions outstanding in respect of that hand.

(b) A member who defaults after he has received a hand may be liable to a penalty equivalent to double the value of his outstanding contributions in respect of that hand; provided that no member shall be deemed to have defaulted if he is prevented from making payment of his contribution by circumstances over which he has no control, the burden of proof of which shall be on him, and provided that he subsequently pays as directed by the meeting the contributions which he has failed to pay or arranges for a substitute to do so.

8. A member who defaults on four successive contributions may be deemed to have left the club, and shall, if so deemed not be entitled to recover any proportion of his past contributions.

SECOND SCHEDULE—*continued*

9. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall in all respects be a member of the club and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member for whom he is substitute.

10. (1) Where a member who has not received a hand dies, his next of kin shall be informed in writing that he can either continue the contribution of the deceased member or provide some other substitute.

(2) Where a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

11. The estate of a deceased member or substitute who has received a hand shall be given notice in writing to choose within four weeks, whether to pay off the liability of the deceased in a lump sum, or to pay the contributions which have been missed and then continue the contributions to the end. Provided that where this choice is made within four weeks, and thereafter all that is necessary fulfilled, no penalty shall be incurred.

12. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at the meeting. The sureties shall ensure that such a member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.

13. Where a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand fails to produce two acceptable sureties, an amount equal to the sum he has contributed shall be deducted from the hand and given to him; provided that with the approval of the majority of the members present at the meeting, where the member is capable of producing acceptable sureties at a determinable future his turn may be deferred to such a time as the member shall produce sureties.

14. Where a club head leaves or disbands a club when all the members have not had their turns, he shall be liable, in addition to the penalties prescribed in rule 9 (e) of these bye-laws, to repay to each member who did not receive a hand, an amount equivalent to double the value of contributions made by each of such members for whom he is responsible.

15. The commission payable to a club head from any hand due to a member or a substitute shall not exceed three shillings in the pound calculated on the gross amount of the hand before deductions.

16. The club may with the approval of the majority of the members present at a meeting accept responsibility for payment of a member's debt. The debtor member shall produce his creditor before the meeting, and the amount to be paid to the creditor, not exceeding the amount of the hand less deductions, shall be stated and recorded in the Minute Book. The club head and the secretary shall name a date on or before which the amount shall be paid to the creditor, and this shall be recorded by the secretary in the Minute Book.

17. The fee which may be charged by the club head for accepting liability on behalf of the club for a member's debt shall not exceed two shillings in the pound calculated on the amount for which liability is accepted.

18. When a member whose debt has been paid by the club receives his hand, the amount of the debt shall be deducted from this hand and the balance shall be paid to the member and a record to this effect shall be made in the Minute Book by the secretary.

B 438

Revocation. 14. The Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, are hereby evoked and replaced within the area of the authority of the Council.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of May, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Southern Ngwa District Council was affixed the 26th day of May, 1953.

B. N. ENEOGWE, *Secretary*

M. W. UBANI, *Chairman*

Approved by the Regional Authority this 28th day of July, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107(3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 35, Vol. 2, dated 20th August, 1953—Part B  
E.R. Public Notice No. 207 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*  
THE EASTERN NSIT NATIVE AUTHORITY (MATERNITY  
FEES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor. Cap. 140.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Nsit Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*. Short title and date of commencement.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority. Payment of fee.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Eastern Nsit Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2. Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose. Receipt record of treatment.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority. Exemptions for pauper patients.

MADE under the Seal of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority this 13th day of June, 1953.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Eastern Nsit Native Authority on 13th day of June, 1953, in the presence of:

O. N. BASSEY, *Secretary,*  
*Eastern Nsit Native Authority*

T. U. AKPAN, *Chairman,*  
*Eastern Nsit Native Authority*

APPROVED this 13th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 208 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WESTERN NSIT NATIVE AUTHORITY (MATERNITY FEES) RULES, 1953

Cap. 140. In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Western Nsit Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Nsit Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

Payment of fee.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Western Nsit Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Western Native Authority.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Western Nsit Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivery a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2.

Receipt record of treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give and official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

Exemptions for pauper patients.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Western Nsit Native Authority this 5th day of June, 1953.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Western Nsit Native Authority on 5th day of June, 1953, in the presence of:

E. WILLIAMS, *Secretary,*  
*Western Nsit Native Authority*

J. H. ESIET, *Chairman,*  
*Western Nsit Native Authority*

APPROVED this 13th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 209 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE URUAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (MATERNITY FEES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Uruan Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Cap. 140.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uruan Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Uruan Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Uruan Native Authority.

Payment of fee.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Uruan Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2.

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

Receipt record of treatment.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority.

Exemptions for pauper patients.

MADE under the Seal of the Uruan Native Authority this 5th day of June, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uruan Native Authority on 5th day of June, 1953, in the presence of:

A. W. UMOREN, *Secretary,*  
*Uruan Native Authority*

D. F. E. ESSESIEN, *Chairman*  
*Uruan Native Authority*

APPROVED this 13th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



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*E.R. Public Notice No. 210 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

FUNCTIONS OF COUNCILS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 99 (82) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, His Honour hereby gives his sanction to the declaration by instrument by the Regional Authority that, subject to such limitations and conditions as the Regional Authority may impose, a council either shall or may, in addition to the performance of any or all of the functions described in subsections (1) to (8) of section 99 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, provide for the control and registration of bake-houses, dairies, aerated water manufactories, food preparing or food preserving establishments, laundries and wash-houses.

GIVEN at Enugu this 10th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 211 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Ubium District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ubium District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“club head” means a person who arranges or conducts an Osusu Club;

“commission” means “drink money,” or the approved deduction not to exceed  $1\frac{1}{4}$  per cent of a hand, payable to the Club Head, other officers and members of an Osusu Club for their responsibilities in collecting and distributing;

“contribution” means a fixed amount contributed by a member at a meeting of an Osusu Club;

“council” means the Ubium District Council;

“hand” means the gross total of the amount collected by the contributor at any one meeting;

“osusu club” means an association of persons formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which contributes a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount collected less certain approved deductions.

3. (1) Every Osusu Club established within the area of the authority of the Council after the date of the coming into operation of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council.

Osusu Clubs to be registered.

(2) Every Osusu Club established and functioning within the area of the authority of the Council at the date of the coming into operation of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council within thirty days of such date.

(3) Every registration shall be renewed annually.

4. Any person who shall operate, conduct or establish an Osusu Club which is not registered in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Offence and penalty.

5. (1) An application for the registration of an Osusu Club shall be made in each year by the proposed club head in the form contained in the First Schedule and shall be accompanied by the appropriate registration fee as laid down in the Fourth Schedule.

Application for registration. First Schedule. Fourth Schedule.

(2) Every application for registration of a new Osusu Club shall be considered by the Council within thirty days of its receipt by the secretary to the Council.

Council may refuse registration.

6. The Council may refuse to register an Osusu Club if it is not satisfied that—

- (a) the applicant is a fit and proper person to run an Osusu Club by reason of his character or financial standing; or
- (b) the Osusu Club which it is desired to register will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.

Permit to operate. Second Schedule.

7. Upon registration of an Osusu Club the Council shall issue a permit to operate in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Cancellation of registration.

8. The Council may cancel the registration of an Osusu Club if it appears to it that such club is not being conducted in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws.

Secretary to Osusu Clubs.

9. (1) There shall be appointed to an Osusu Club a secretary whose duty it shall be to keep accurately all such records and accounts as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

Offence and penalty.

(2) Any secretary to a club who—

- (a) fails, neglects or refuses to make all necessary entries in the records or accounts of the club; or
- (b) makes any false or unauthorised entry in the records or accounts of the club

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Conduct and proceedings of clubs. Third Schedule.

10. The provisions of the Third Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of an Osusu Club registered under these bye-laws.

Club to keep records.

11. The records of an Osusu Club shall be maintained at the headquarters of such club and shall be open to inspection at all reasonable hours by every member of the club or by any officer of the Council.

Determination of Osusu Clubs.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, every Osusu Club shall determine within three years from the date of its first registration.

(2) These bye-law shall not apply to an Osusu Club which existed before and was functioning at the date of coming into operation of these bye-laws.

Osusu Club may wind up its affairs.

13. An Osusu Club may wind up its affairs at any time upon a decision of the majority of its members being reached to the effect at a general meeting of the Club, the quorum of which shall not be less than three-quarters of the total number of members.

Club head may start second club.

14. The club head of an Osusu Club which has wound up its affairs may apply to act as the head of another Osusu Club with the same or different members subject to the provisions of these bye-laws.

Officers of the club. Offences and penalty.

15. Any club head or other officer or any member of an Osusu Club acting in such capacity who—

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee to the club of more than one shilling; or
- (ii) demands or accepts any commission, money or gift in any form of more than  $1\frac{1}{4}$  per cent of any one hand; or
- (iii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member whose turn it is to receive it; or
- (iv) relinquishes his office without just cause; or
- (v) disbands the club before every contributor has received his hand

is guilty of an offence and is liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form of Registration

1. Name of the Osusu Club.....
2. Headquarters of the Club.....
3. The regular meeting place of the Club.....
4. Number of members.....
5. Total number of shares.....
6. Value of one share.....
7. Value of one hand.....
8. Total value of all hands.....
9. Name of Club Head.....
10. Name of Club Secretary.....
11. Name of Club Treasurer.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

THE UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Permit to operate an Osusu Club

Permission is hereby granted to Mr.....of.....  
 to operate the.....Osusu Club at.....  
 from the.....day of.....19.....to the.....day  
 of....., 19..... subject to the provisions of the Ubi-  
 um District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953.

(Sgd.).....  
*On behalf of Ubi-um District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

1. An Osusu Club shall not hold a meeting during the hours of darkness nor on any Sunday.
2. Every contributor shall receive his hand or hands by the casting of lots.
3. Those entitled to draws of hands covering a period of six months shall be decided by the casting of lots at a general meeting of the club.
4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 by the consent of the majority of the members present at a general meeting any member may be allowed to draw his hand or one hand if he has more than one hand in the club.
5. Every hand shall be paid to the member whose turn it is to receive a hand at the meeting of the club as soon as the collection is completed.
6. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at that meeting of the club. The sureties shall ensure that the member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.
7. When a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand is unable or fails to produce two sureties, an amount equal to the sum he has contributed may be deducted from the hand and given to him with the approval of the majority of the members of the club present at the meeting. The balance shall then be handed to the treasurer.

THIRD SCHEDULE—*continued*

of the club until such time as the member shall produce sureties when such amount shall be handed over to him. If the club determines before he has produced sureties then the club treasurer shall hand over such sum to him at the date of the determination.

8. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall be a member of the club in all respects and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member whose place he has taken.

9. When a member who has not received a hand dies, the secretary of the club shall inform his next-of-kin in writing that he can either act as substitute to the deceased member himself or, with the approval of the majority of the members of the club produce another person as a substitute. The provisions of paragraph 8 shall apply to such substitutes in either case.

10. Any amount contributed by a deceased member shall at the determination of the club be paid to his next-of-kin.

11. When a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, registration fee shall be...	0	5	0
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10 but not exceeding £20, registration fee shall be ...	0	10	0
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, registration fee shall be...	0	15	0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, registration fee shall be...	1	0	0
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, registration fee shall be...	1	5	0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £60, registration fee shall be...	1	10	0
7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £60 but not exceeding £70, registration fee shall be...	1	15	0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £70 but not exceeding £80, registration fee shall be ...	2	0	0
9. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £80 but not exceeding £90, registration fee shall be...	2	5	0
10. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £90 but not exceeding £100, registration fee shall be...	2	10	0
11. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100 registration fee shall be £2 10s for the first £100 and 2s 6d for every additional £10 or part thereof.			

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

*Fee for renewal of Registration*

*Per annum*

	£	s	d
1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, fee for renewal of registration shall be ...	0	2	6
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10 but not exceeding £20, fee for renewal of registration shall be ...	0	5	0

FIFTH SCHEDULE—*continued*

- |  |   |    |   |
|--|---|----|---|
| 3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 0 | 7  | 6 |
| 4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| 5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 0 | 12 | 6 |
| 6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £60, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| 7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £60 but not exceeding £70, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 0 | 17 | 6 |
| 8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £70 but not exceeding £80, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 1 | 0  | 0 |
| 9. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £80 but not exceeding £90, fee for renewal of registration shall be...  | 1 | 2  | 6 |
| 10. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £90 but not exceeding £100, fee for renewal of registration shall be   | 1 | 5  | 0 |
| 11. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100, fee for renewal of registration for the first £100 shall be £1 5s and 1s for every additional £10 per annum. |   |    |   |

MADE by resolution of the Ubium District Council the 25th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ubium District Council was affixed in the presence of:

H. U. E. EDELDUOK, *Secretary*

E. U. OKORO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 12th day of August, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 212 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL (HAWKERS)  
(AMAWBIA) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Hawkers) (Amawbia) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the area of the authority of the Amawbia Local Council, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title,  
application  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definition.

“child” means any person under the age of fourteen years;

“local council” means the Amawbia Local Council;

“young female” means a female who has attained the age of fourteen years but has not attained the age of seventeen years.

Hawking of goods, etc. Offence.

3. Any person who hawks goods or food or who sets up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or who otherwise displays goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space other than in a shop or other premises without being in possession of a valid permit granted under the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence.

Hawkers' Permits.

4. (1) A permit granted for any of the purposes referred to in bye-law 3 shall be known as a Hawker's Permit and shall expire at the end of the half year in which it is issued.

(2) Every Hawker's Permit shall bear a photograph of the person to whom it is issued and shall specify thereon the area in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods as the case may be.

(3) No Hawker's Permit shall be issued to a child or young female.

Application for Hawker's Permit.

5. Application for a Hawker's Permit shall be made to the Local Council and the charge therefor shall be five shillings.

Restriction on hawking. Offence.

6. Any person who hawks goods or food or who sets up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food in any area other than that specified on his Hawker's Permit shall be guilty of an offence.

Transfers of Hawker's Permits prohibited.

7. Any person to whom a Hawker's Permit has been issued who permits it to be used by any other person shall be guilty of an offence.

Children not allowed to hawk. Penalty.

8. Any parent or other person who permits or employs a child or young female to hawk goods or food shall be guilty of an offence.

9. (1) Any person who is convicted of an offence against these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine of one pound.

(2) If the holder of a Hawker's Permit is convicted of an offence against these bye-laws his permit may be cancelled and the amount charged therefor shall not be recoverable.

MAED by resolution of the Council this 21st day of February, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of:

AKWUOBI ESSELL,  
Secretary,  
Njikoka District Council

A. N. ONYIUKE, M.H.R.,  
The Hon. The Ovelle of Nimo,  
Chairman, Njikoka District Council

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 20th day of August, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
Regional Authority

E.R. Public 1 447

1953

Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)

## THE WIMBU

AUTHORITY (MFUMTE NATIVE COURT  
EDUCATION) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the  
power conferred by  
section 25 of the  
Wimbu Native  
Authority Ordinance,  
the following rules  
have been made  
with the approval  
of the Lieutenant-  
Governor of the  
Eastern Region.

conferred upon Native  
Authorities by paragraph  
(xxxi) of the  
Wimbu Native  
Authority Ordinance,  
the following rules  
have been made  
with the approval  
of the Lieutenant-  
Governor of the  
Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Mfumte Native Court Area) Education Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Mfumte Native Court Area.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

“Mfumte Native Court Area” means the villages of (1) Lus, (2) Koffa, (3) Kom, (4) Adere, (5) Bitui, (6) Mbat, (7) Manang, (8) Mbejji, (9) Kwaja, (10) Bang, (11) Bui, (12) Mbala, (13) Ncha.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Mfumte Native Court Area of the Wimbu Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 1s (one shilling) per year or such other sum as the Wimbu Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Wimbu Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the Mfumte Native Court Area and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment, for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of April, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of April, 1953 in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

Chief W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 214 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WESTERN NSIT NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATE)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph 25 of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Nsit Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Nsit Native Authority (Education Rate) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Western Nsit Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Western Nsit Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to collect rates in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business in the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of two shillings per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of family or any householder or any person who is liable to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, any suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all ratable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive as and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed, the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate or part thereof on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for the amount so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provisions of rule 7, shall be expended upon assistance to Primary Education within the jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4, who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Western Nsit Native Treasury any sum or money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Western Nsit Native Authority the 10th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Western Nsit Native Authority in the presence of:

E. WILLIAMS, *Secretary*

J. H. ESIET, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 20th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 215 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ANDONI NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Andoni Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Andoni Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Andoni Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Andoni Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Andoni Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of roads, bridges or culverts in the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4, who shall neglect or refuse to give such information, or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate collector or individual member of a rate collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Andoni Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate collector, proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11, and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Andoni Native Authority the 23rd day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Andoni Native Authority in the presence of:

S. J. MBABA, *Secretary*

J. D. HORSFAL, *on behalf  
himself and others of Ando  
Native Authority.*

APPROVED this 26th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 216 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAK MIDIM NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Abak Midim Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abak Midim Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Abak Midim Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abak Midim Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of roads, bridges or culverts in the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and upon no other purpose.

E.R. Public Notice No. 217 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (BINKA VILLAGE AREA)  
(EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Binka Village Area) (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing within the Binka Village Area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Wimbu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Binka Village area of Nkambe Division shall pay an annual rate of 2s (two shillings) per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority, as and when directed by the Native Authority, a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 7, shall be expended upon education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4, who shall neglect or refuse to give such information, or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate collector or individual member of a rate collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Wimbu Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate collector, proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed, unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Wimbu Native Authority the 29th day of January, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 27th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 218 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OBUDU DISTRICT NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(SLEEPING SICKNESS) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (ix) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Obudu District Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Obudu District Native Authority (Sleeping Sickness) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Obudu District Native Authority but also to all persons while within its area. Short title and application.
2. In these rules:—
  - “examining officer” means any medical officer, sleeping sickness dispensary attendant or other officer appointed to carry out the provisions of these rules and includes any person whom such officer authorises to carry out any such duties;
  - “sleeping sickness” means any form of human *trypanosomiasis*. Definitions.
3. Any examining officer may require any person whom he knows or suspects to be infected with sleeping sickness to submit himself for medical examination at such place and time as the examining officer may prescribe, and any person when so required who neglects or refuses so to submit himself shall be guilty of an offence. Compulsory examination of person infected or suspected to be infected with sleeping sickness. Offence.
4. Any examining officer may require any person who is in his opinion infected with or exposed to infection with sleeping sickness to submit himself for treatment whether prophylactic or remedial at such times and place as the examining officer may prescribe, and any person when requested to do so who neglects or refuses so to submit himself shall be guilty of an offence. Compulsory treatment of person infected with sleeping sickness. Offence.
5. Any person who is guilty of an offence against the provisions of rule 3 or 4 shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month for each such offence. Penalty.

MADE under the Common Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority this 28th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:—

A. B. ENYONG, *Secretary*

ABADOM ALIA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region, this 25th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R. Public Notice No. 219 of 1953

The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(SLEEPING SICKNESS) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (ix) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Sleeping Sickness) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority but also to all persons while within its area.

Definitions.

2. In these rules:—

“examining officer” means any medical officer, sleeping sickness dispensary attendant or other officer appointed to carry out the provisions of these rules and includes any person whom such officer authorises to carry out any such duties;

“sleeping sickness” means any form of human *trypanosomiasis*.

Compulsory examination of person infected or suspected to be infected with sleeping sickness. Offence.

3. Any examining officer may require any person whom he knows or suspects to be infected with sleeping sickness to submit himself for medical examination at such place and time as the examining officer may prescribe and any person when so required who neglects or refuses so to submit himself shall be guilty of an offence.

Compulsory treatment of person infected with sleeping sickness. Offence.

4. Any examining officer may require any person who is in his opinion infected with or exposed to infection with sleeping sickness to submit himself for treatment whether prophylactic or remedial at such times and place as the examining officer may prescribe, and any person when requested to do so who neglects or refuses so to submit himself shall be guilty of an offence.

Penalty.

5. Any person who is guilty of an offence against the provisions of rule 3 or 4 shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month for each such offence.

MADE under the Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority this 17th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:—

D. B. ODU, Secretary,  
Ogoja Divisional Native Authority

M. T. MBU, President,  
Ogoja Divisional Native Authority

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 25 day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R. Public Notice No. 200 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (DISPENSARY CARD FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa District Council.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

(2) These bye-laws shall apply to all persons while obtaining medical treatment from the dispensaries owned, maintained or supervised by the Council.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“district council” means the Northern Ngwa District Council;

“infectious disease” means an infectious disease as defined in the Public Health Ordinance;

“card” means the serially numbered card, in two parts, which is to be used as a record of the case and of the treatment given, and as a receipt for the payment made.

3. (1) Any person desiring to obtain medical treatment from any dispensary built, owned, maintained or supervised by the Council shall, before such treatment commences, pay a fee of sixpence to the Dispensary Attendant in charge.

Provided that no fees shall be collected from patients suffering from infectious diseases, or from school children who are identified in writing by the principal teacher of their school.

(2) On receipt of the fee, or on proof that relief from the payment of the fee is justified under the proviso to paragraph (1) above, the Dispensary Attendant shall make out a card for the patient.

(3) Part A of the card, which shall be serially numbered and shall bear the name of the Council, shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address, the date of issue and the fee paid, or if the card is issued free, the reason for free issue; and it shall be detached and handed to the patient.

(4) Part B of the Card, which shall be serially numbered with the same number as Part A, and shall bear the name of the Council, shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address, the date of issue and the fee paid, or if the card is issued free, the reason for free issue; and it shall be retained by the Dispensary Attendant and shall form the record of the diagnosis and the treatment given, and shall form part of the records of the dispensary.

(5) A card so issued shall continue in force for a full calendar month from the date on which it was issued, and shall, if the patient continues to receive treatment for the same ailment, beyond this period, be placed at the beginning of the following calendar month by a new card, on payment by the patient of another fee of sixpence.

Provided that where the free issue of a card was justified in the first instance, the continued issue of a card may be made.

4. (1) The patient shall produce his Part A of the card whenever he attends for treatment.

(2) If a patient loses his Part A of the card during the period of its validity, he may be issued, on proof of identity to the satisfaction of the Dispensary Attendant, with an identity paper to replace it valid for the same period of validity; or on payment of a further fee of sixpence he may be issued with a new card.

(3) A card issued to a patient from one dispensary owned, maintained or supervised by the Council may be transferred to another dispensary owned, maintained or supervised by the Council within the period of its validity, on notice being given by the patient of his intention to transfer to another dispensary.

(4) On notice being given by a patient, the Dispensary Attendant shall transmit the Part B of the card to the Dispensary Attendant at the other dispensary named by the patient, but shall not hand the Part B to the patient to be taken by him to the other dispensary.

5. A Dispensary Attendant in charge shall not be required to issue any other receipt for fee paid other than the Part A of the card, but he shall be required to operate a cash book in which shall be made a single daily record of the cards issued by him to the patients, and of the amount of money collected during that day. This record shall be checked against the number of cards which shall from time to time be issued to him from the office of the Council.

MADE by Resolution of the Council this 28th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 25th day of August, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 14th day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 221 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE OTORO DISTRICT COUNCIL (SLAUGHTER)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Otoro District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Otoro District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council, and also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“animal” includes sheep, goats, pigs and cattle;

“market” means those markets set out in the First Schedule hereto;

“council” means the Otoro District Council;

“slaughter” means killing of animals intended for the food of man but does not include the killing of sheep, goats, or cattle if the meat thereof is not to be exposed for sale or sold;

“public slaughter slab” means a slaughter slab established by or with the consent of the Otoro District Council.

3. No animal shall be slaughtered except at a public slaughter slab.

4. No meat of any animal slaughtered at a public slaughter slab may be exposed for sale or sold in any place other than a market.

5. (i) No person may slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a person duly authorised by the Otoro District Council in that behalf.

(ii) Such permit, which shall be in the form of the Second Schedule hereto, shall be issued upon the following conditions:—

(a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Otoro District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of health and passed by such person as fit for human food, and

(b) that the fees prescribed in the Third Schedule to these rules have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.

6. (i) No person shall remove the meat of any animal slaughtered at a public slaughter slab until such meat has been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Otoro District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food.

(ii) Any meat which a person so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health shall direct.

7. Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter slab shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of in such manner as directed all blood, offal and rubbish of any description, and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter slab.

Shor  
and  
tion.

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

8. Any person who shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five shillings or imprisonment not exceeding seven days for the first offence, or to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one year for each subsequent offence.

9. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered by a Magistrate Court:
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court or a Magistrate Court; and
  - (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>	<i>Market</i>
Ikot Ekpen Local Council ... ..	Urua Edet Obo (Urua)
Amanyam-Obot Akara Local Council ... ..	Urua Obo.
Ikot Abia Local Council... ..	Urua Ofion Eto.
Nto Edino Local Council ... ..	Urua Mbakara.

SECOND SCHEDULE

PERMIT TO SLAUGHTER

Permission is hereby granted to ..... of ..... to slaughter the following animals today the ..... of ..... 19.....

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Animal</i>	<i>Prescribed fee</i>
Cattle per head... ..	s d 3 0
Sheep, goats and pigs per head ... ..	2 0

MADE by resolution of the Otoro District Council this 25th day of July, 1953, in the presence of:

J. E. EBE, *Secretary,*  
*Otoro District Council*

Umo Ubo,  
*Otoro Dist.*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 1st day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority under section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J.  
*Region.*

E.R. Public Notice No. 222 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

THE EASTERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ngwa District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ngwa District Council (control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council, but also to all persons within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“impound” with its grammatical variations means, take and confine in an area or place appointed by the Eastern Ngwa District Council to be a pound;

Definitions.

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Eastern Ngwa District Council to have charge of a pound.

3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young, set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws, to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Eastern Ngwa District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried.

Prohibition of keeping of animals within specified area.

4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water.

Animals to be properly confined.

5. Any cattle, ram, ewe, wether, goat, pig, duck or drake, or their young, if found straying within the area of jurisdiction of the Eastern Ngwa District Council, may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the District Council.

Impounding of animals by authorised persons.

6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

Claims and release.

7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding rule, any impounded animal which is unclaimed, seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster, at the Local Council headquarters, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the District Council Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under 6 of these bye-laws.

Sales of unclaimed animals.

Provided that no claim for payment shall be entertained after six months have lapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.

8. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for two weeks.

any of the provisions of... five shillings or to... first offence, or to a fine... not exceeding one month

imposed or ordered:

... of a Native Court, ... and

... of a Magistrate Court,

Market

... Obo (Urua Ubon).

... Obo.

... Diñon Eto.

... Mbakara.

... the following animals, ... 19.

Prescribed fee

s	d
3	0
2	0

... this 25th day of July, 1953.

... District Council this 25th

UMO UDO, Chairman,  
Otoro District Council

... day of September, 1953.

... Regional Authority by section ... Ordinance, the 1st day of ... on which these bye-laws shall

C. J. MAYNE,  
Regional Authority

Revocation.

9. These bye-laws shall apply only during the periods set out in the Third Schedule hereto.
10. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:—
  - (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and
  - (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.
11. The Ngwa Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1949, are hereby revoked within the area of the authority of the Council.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle, rams, ewe, ducks, wether, goats, pigs, drakes.

SECOND SCHEDULE—PENALTIES

	£	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded	0	5	0
For every duck or drake impounded	0	1	0
For every other animal impounded	0	2	0

*Note.*—The penalties form part of the revenue of the Eastern Ngwa District Council.

*Expenses of keep*

For every head of cattle impounded for each day or portion of a day	0	2	0
For every duck or drake impounded for each day or portion of a day	0	0	6
For every other animal impounded for each day or portion of a day	0	1	0

THIRD SCHEDULE

- The period of application of these bye-laws shall be:
- (i) in respect of cattle and pigs—throughout the year;
  - (ii) in respect of other animals—from 1st March to 30th November, inclusive.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of June, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ngwa District Council was affixed the 26th day of June, 1953, in the presence of:—

J. N. OMENIHO, *Secretary*

J. E. DINNEYA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 25th day of August, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 14th day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 223 of 1953

The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)

THE IBESIKPO-ASUTAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (MATERNITY FEES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Cap. 140.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the Regional Gazette.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority.

Payment of fee.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2.

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

Receipt record of treatment.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority.

Exemptions for pauper patients.

MADE under the Seal of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority, this 18th day of July, 1953.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority on 18th day of July, 1953, in the presence of:—

E. E. OKON, Secretary, Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority

N. AKPAN, Chairman, Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority

APPROVED this 27th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE, Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

During the periods set out in the these bye-laws shall be imposed the jurisdiction of a Native Court, the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, the authority of the Council.

DUKE goats, pigs, drakes.

PENALTIES

	£	s	d
...	0	5	0
...	0	1	0
...	0	2	0

revenue of the Eastern Ngwa

each day or	0	2	0
each day or	0	0	6
each day or	0	1	0

LE shall be: about the year; t March to 30th November,

26th day of June, 1953. District Council was affixed

J. E. DINNEYA, Chairman day of August, 1953.

gional Authority by section t Ordinance, the 14th day on which these bye-laws

C. J. MAYNE, Regional Authority



*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE URUAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uruan Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uruan Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Uruan Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Uruan Native Authority.

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority, shall pay an annual rate of twenty shillings per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority, as and when directed by the Native Authority, a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive as and when directed by the Native Authority, from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed, the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 7, shall be expended upon assistance to primary education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4, who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate collector or individual member of a rate collector who:—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Uruan Native Treasury any sum or money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons collectively appointed to be a rate collector, proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Uruan Native Authority the 24th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uruan Native Authority in the presence of:

A. W. UMO-EREN, *Secretary*

D. F. E. ESSESIEN, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IMAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxii) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Iman Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Iman Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Iman Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Iman Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of twenty-five shillings per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority, a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive as and when directed by the Native Authority, from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed, the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7, shall be expended upon assistance to Primary Education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.
9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.
10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4, who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate collector or their agents, on any matter connected with the collection of the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.
11. Any rate collector or individual member of a rate collector who—
- fails to deposit in the Iman Native Treasury any sum or money collected by him as rates;
  - demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate collector,
- shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.
12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate collector, proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such a group, every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.
13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate collector as the case may be—
- if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
  - if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Iman Native Authority the 24th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Iman Native Authority in the presence of:

B. O. UDOH, *Secretary*

H. N. UDOH, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 227 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT OF LOCAL  
COUNCILS ESTABLISHED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE  
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF ONITSHA**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Local Councils within the administrative division of Onitsha, and published as Eastern Region Public Notice No. 44 of 1952, is hereby amended by deleting paragraph 14 thereof and substituting the following therefor :—

“14 (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :

“Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Councils shall be subject to their jurisdiction.

“(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province as being of a communal nature.”

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 5th day of September, 1953.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 228 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT OF LOCAL  
COUNCILS ESTABLISHED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE  
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF AWKA**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Local Councils within the administrative division of Awka, and published as Eastern Region Public Notice No. 45 of 1952 is hereby amended by deleting paragraph thereof and substituting the following thereof :—

“15 (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraph (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance :

“Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Councils shall be subject to their jurisdiction.

“(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province as being of a communal nature.”

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 5th day of September, 1953.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 299 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENTS OF  
RURAL AND URBAN DISTRICT COUNCILS**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Rural and Urban District Councils set out in the Schedule hereto are hereby amended by conferring upon them in accordance with Eastern Region Public Notice No. 210 of 1953, the power to provide for the control and registration of bakehouses, dairies, aerated water manufactories, food preparing or food preserving establishments, laundries and wash-houses.

**SCHEDULE**

Otoro Rural District Council.  
 Central Annang Rural District Council.  
 Eastern Ibiobio-Ikono Rural District Council.  
 Okobo-Oron Rural District Council.  
 Eket Rural District Council.  
 Oniong Nung-Ndem Awa Rural District Council.  
 Ubium Rural District Council.  
 Onitsha Northern Rural District Council.  
 Onitsha Southern Rural District Council.  
 Njikoka Rural District Council.  
 Aguata Rural District Council.  
 Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
 Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
 Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
 Calabar Western Rural District Council.  
 Odukpani Road Rural District Council.  
 Akpabuyo Rural District Council.  
 Enugu Urban District Council.  
 Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council.  
 Aba Urban District Council.  
 Calabar Urban District Council.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 5th day of September, 1953.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 230 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council (Registration of Births and Deaths) Bye-Laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on the day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. In these bye-laws:—
  - “council” means the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council; • Definitions.
  - “particulars required to be furnished” means with reference to a birth, the particulars comprised in Form A, and with reference to a death, the particulars comprised in Form B, in the Schedule;
  - “registrar” means a person appointed by the Council to be a Registrar for births and deaths for the purpose of these bye-laws.
3. Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws all births and deaths occurring after the coming into operation of these bye-laws within the area of the Council shall be registered. Births and deaths to be registered.
4. When a birth occurs, the parents of the child born, or the persons having charge of such child by local customary law, or the occupier of the house in which such birth occurs, or the head of any compound in which such birth occurs shall, within twenty-one days of such birth, register such birth. Persons responsible for registration of births.
5. The registration of the birth of a child shall be made at the offices of the Council or at the nearest Registrar's office to the place where the birth occurred. Place of registration of births.
6. The Registrar upon registering any birth shall deliver to the person registering the same on payment of a fee of five shillings, a certificate in the Form C in the Schedule. Birth certificates, fee.
7. (1) Where a death occurs the next of kin to the person dying, the occupier of the house in which such death occurs, or the head of any compound in which such death occurs, shall register such death within forty-eight hours. Registration of deaths.

(2) Where a death occurs other than in a house or compound and where there is no next of kin, any person present at the death or any person who finds or takes charge of the body shall register such death within forty-eight hours.
8. The registration of the death shall be made at the offices of the Council or at the nearest Registrar's office to the place where the death occurred or the body was found. Place of registration of deaths.

Death certificate.

9. The Registrar upon registering any death shall deliver to the person registering the same without the payment of any fee, a certificate in the Form B in the Schedule.

Procedure where a coroner's inquest is held.

10. Where an inquest of a coroner is held on any dead body, no person shall, with respect to such death be liable to register such death or to answer any summons sent by the Registrar in respect of such death under the provisions of bye-law 13.

Correction or errors in registers.

11. Whenever it is found that a birth or death has been registered at the wrong registry, the Registrar of the registry where such erroneous entry has been made shall correct the same by an entry in the margin, stating the circumstances under which the alteration was made and the date thereof. The entry shall be signed by the persons if any, by whom the information is supplied and also by the Registrar. The Registrar shall then rule one clear line through the erroneous entry.

Searches and extracts from register.

12. (1) Every person shall be entitled at all reasonable hours to inspect any entry in any register and to have a certified copy of any entry on payment of a fee of two shillings.

(2) Every such certified copy shall be an exact copy of the entry in the register with a certificate at the foot in the Form E in the Schedule and shall be signed by the Registrar.

Power of Registrar to summon person responsible for registration of birth and death.

13. Where a birth or death registrable under the provisions of these bye-laws has not been so registered, the Registrar may by notice in the Form D in the Schedule, summon any person required by bye-law 4 and bye-law 7 to register such birth or death, to attend personally at the registry within such time as may be specified in such summons and register the birth or death as the case may be:

Provided that the time specified in such summons shall not be less than two days after its receipt by the person to whom it is addressed; and provided further that such summons shall not be sent more than twelve months after the date of the birth or the death or the finding of the body as the case may be.

Offence.

14. (1) Any person who is responsible for the registration of a birth under the provisions of bye-law 4, who fails to register such birth in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 4, shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who is responsible for the registration of a death under the provisions of bye-law 7, who fails to register such death in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 7, shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with the terms of a summons of the Registrar issued under the provisions of bye-law 13, shall be guilty of an offence.

(4) Any person who wilfully refuses to answer any question relative to the particulars required to be registered, put to him by the Registrar, shall be guilty of an offence.

15. Any person who is guilty of an offence under the provisions of the bye-laws, shall be liable upon conviction, to a fine of five pounds or default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

Provided that no prosecution shall be commenced against any person who is responsible for the registration of a birth or death where such birth or death has already been lawfully registered under the provisions of the bye-laws.



SCHEDULE

Form A

SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Register of Births

1. Date of Birth ... ..
2. Place of Birth ... ..
3. Sex of child ... ..
4. Full name of child ... ..
5. Full name and tribe of Father. ....
6. Full maiden name and tribe of mother. ....
7. Occupation of father and mother. ....
8. Signature, description and address of informant. ....
9. Date of registration ... ..
10. Signature of Registrar ... ..
11. Name of child if added after date of registration. ....

Form B

SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Register of Deaths

1. Date of death ... ..
2. Place of death ... ..
3. Full name of deceased ... ..
4. Sex ... ..
5. Age ... ..
6. Occupation ... ..
7. Abode or address ... ..
8. Cause of death ... ..
9. Name of certifying Medical Practitioner. ....
10. Duration of illness ... ..
11. Place of burial ... ..
12. Signature and description and address of informant. ....
13. Date of registration ... ..
14. Signature of Registrar ... ..

Form C

SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Birth Certificate

I, \_\_\_\_\_, Registrar of Births and Deaths at \_\_\_\_\_ in Aba Division, do hereby certify that I have this day registered the birth of \_\_\_\_\_ born at \_\_\_\_\_ the child of \_\_\_\_\_ witness my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Registrar

Form D

SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Summons of Registrar of Births and Deaths to Appear and Testify

To \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ You are hereby required to appear before me, the undersigned Registrar of Births and Deaths, at \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ then and there to testify of your knowledge concerning the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ Herein fail not; in default you will be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 or in default to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

Registrar

Form E

SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Certificate of correctness of copy of entry in Registry (Copy of Entry)

CERTIFIED to be a true copy of an entry in the Register of Births and Deaths at \_\_\_\_\_ in Aba Division.

GIVEN at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_

Registrar

MADE by resolution of the Council dated 24th day of July, 1953. The Common Seal of the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council was affixed in the presence of: B. N. ENEOGWE, Secretary M. W. UBANI, Chairman

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 5th day of September, 1953.

BY virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE, Regional Authority

E.R. Public Notice No. 231 of 1953

Order MADE UNDER *The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)*

KEMBONG NATIVE AUTHORITY FOREST RESERVE  
(AMENDMENT) ORDER, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by sections 26 and 29 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order has been made by the Kembong Native Authority with the approval of the Officer Administering the Government of the Eastern Region as follows:—

1. This order may be cited as the Kembong Native Authority Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.

2. Order No. 12 of 1934 as amended by Order No. 65 of 1936 and by Native Authority Public Notice No. 49 of 1942 and by Native Authority Public Notice No. 42 of 1946 is hereby revised and modified by revoking the First and Second Schedules thereto and substituting the following First and Second Schedules therefor:—

Revision and  
modification  
of Order No.  
12 of 1934,  
No. 65 of  
1936, Public  
Notice No.  
49 of 1942  
and 42 of  
1946.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing two hundred and eighty-nine square miles or thereabouts situated in the south-western part of the Mamfe Division of the Cameroons Province from which are excluded those pieces of land hereinafter described respectively as Area No. 1 (Araru and Mbabon Enclave) and Area No. 2 (Oguran, Babi and Mbiofong Enclave) and bounded as follows:—

A.—EXTERNAL BOUNDARIES

Starting from a point the approximate co-ordinates of which taken from the Nigeria Survey Map 1:500,000 Sheet 15 are longitude 9° 4' East, latitude 5° 47' North where the right hand side of the Ikom to Mamfe motor road meets the left bank of the Munaiya River marked by Beacon K.1 by the left bank of the Munaiya River upstream in a general north-westerly then southerly and then westerly direction for a distance of 6 miles to Beacon K. 2 on the left bank of the Munaiya River where it is joined by the left bank of the Akarem River; thence by the left bank of the Akarem River upstream in a general south-westerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,600 feet to Beacon K. 3 on the left bank of the Akarem River where it is joined by the left bank of the Bafon River; thence by the left bank of the Bafon River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 700 feet to Beacon K. 4 at the source of the Bafon River on the right hand side of the path from Mbenyan to Ndebaiya; thence by the right hand side of the path from Mbenyan to Ndebaiya in a general northerly direction for a distance of 2,000 feet to Beacon K. 5 on the right hand side of the path from Mbenyan to Ndebaiya where it meets the left bank of the Aruk River; thence by the left bank of the Aruk River upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,500 feet to Beacon K. 6 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 220° for a distance of 1,320 feet to Beacon K. 7 on a cleared hunter's path; thence by this cleared hunter's path in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon K. 8 at the source of the Asik River; thence continuing by this same cleared hunter's path in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,800 feet to Beacon K. 9 at the source of Abangabang River; thence by the right bank of the Abangabang River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 3 miles to Beacon K. 10 on the right bank of the Abangabang River where it joins the left bank of the Akobe River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 183° for a distance of 37

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feet to Beacon K. 11 on the right bank of the Akobe River; thence by the right bank of the Akobe River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 800 feet to Beacon K. 12 on the right bank of the Akobe River where it joins the left bank of the Akam River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $85^{\circ}$  for a distance of 103 feet to Beacon K. 13 on the right bank of the Akam River; thence by the right bank of the Akam River downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 5,100 feet to Beacon K. 14 on the right bank of the Akam River where it is joined by the left bank of the Beeching stream; thence by the left bank of the Beeching stream upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1,600 feet to Beacon K. 15 at its source which is also the source of the Etantimobo stream; thence by the right bank of the Etantimobo stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon K. 16 on the right bank of the Etantimobo stream where it is met by the path from Mbenyan to Aiyoke; thence continuing by the right bank of the Etantimobo stream downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 4,600 feet to Beacon K. 17 on the right bank of the Etantimobo stream where it joins the left bank of the Akarem River; thence by the left bank of the Akarem River upstream in a general south-westerly and then southerly direction for a distance of 6 miles 3,700 feet to Beacon K. 18 on the left bank of the Akarem River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Nkone River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $108^{\circ}$  for a distance of 138 feet to Beacon K. 19 on the left bank of the Nkone River; thence by the left bank of the Nkone River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,400 feet to Beacon K. 20 on the left bank of the Nkone River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Mun Nkone River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $15^{\circ}$  for a distance of 54 feet to Beacon K. 21 on the left bank of the Mun Nkone River; thence by the left bank of the Mun Nkone River upstream in a general north-easterly and then easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,600 feet to Beacon K. 22 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $64^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4,429 feet to Beacon K. 23 at the source of the Akuhum River; thence by the right bank of the Akuhum River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 6 miles to Beacon K. 24 on the right bank of the Akuhum River where it is met by the path from Mbakang to Eyen; thence continuing by the right bank of the Akuhum River which from this point onward is known as the Ndebaiyip River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles to Beacon K. 25 on the right bank of the Ndebaiyip (Akuhum) River where the path from Mbaakem to Onaku meets the right bank of the Ndebaiyip River; thence continuing by the right bank of the Ndebaiyip River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 3,000 feet to Beacon K. 26 on the right bank of the Ndebaiyip River where it joins the left bank of the Muna River; thence by the left bank of the Munaiya River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 31 miles 2,600 feet to Beacon K. 27 on the left bank of the Munaiya River where it is joined by the left bank of the Baleme River; thence by the left bank of the Baleme River upstream in a general south-westerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of 2,800 feet to Beacon K. 28 on the left bank of the Baleme River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Basu to Ekog; thence by the right hand side of the path from Basu to Ekogati in a general northerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,000 feet to Beacon K. 29 at the source of the Ekang River; thence by the right bank of the Ekang River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 3,000 feet to Beacon K. 30 on the right bank of the Ekang River opposite the point where it is joined on its left bank by the left bank of the Mun Ekang stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $201^{\circ}$  for a distance of 80 feet to Beacon K. 31 on the left bank of the Mun Ekang stream; thence by the left bank of the Mun Ekang stream upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 3,700 feet to Beacon K. 32 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $247^{\circ}$  for a distance of 334 feet to Beacon K. 33 on the right bank of the Otang stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $231^{\circ}$  for a distance

of 50 feet to Beacon K. 34 on the left bank of the Otang stream; thence by the left bank of the Otang stream upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon K. 35 on the left bank of the Otang stream where it is joined by the left bank of an unnamed tributary, thence by the left bank of this unnamed tributary upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,800 feet to Beacon K. 36 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $323^{\circ}$  for a distance of 560 feet to Beacon K. 37 at the source of the Mun Bakep stream; thence by the right bank of the Mun Bakep stream downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,200 feet to Beacon K. 38 on the right bank of the Mun Bakep stream where it joins the right bank of the Bakep River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $160^{\circ}$  for a distance of 108 feet to Beacon K. 39 on the left bank of the Bakep River; thence by the left bank of the Bakep River upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,600 feet to Beacon K. 40 on the left bank of the Bakep River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Bakep Mfuandep stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $153^{\circ}$  for a distance of 72 feet to Beacon K. 41 on the left bank of the Bakep Mfuandep stream; thence by the left bank of the Bakep Mfuandep stream upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 2,000 feet to Beacon K. 42 on the left bank of the Bakep Mfuandep stream where it is met by the path from Eswutan to Ekogati; thence continuing by the left bank of the Bakep Mfuandep stream upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,300 feet to Beacon K. 43 at its source which is also the source of an unnamed tributary to the Mun Baleme stream; thence by the right bank of this unnamed tributary downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 3,100 feet to Beacon K. 44 on the right bank of the unnamed tributary where it joins the left bank of the Mun Baleme stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $140^{\circ}$  for a distance of 43 feet to Beacon K. 45 on the right bank of the Mun Baleme stream; thence by the right bank of the Mun Baleme stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,500 feet to Beacon K. 46 on the right bank of the Mun Baleme stream where it joins the left bank of the Baleme River; thence by the left bank of the Baleme River upstream in a general southerly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of approximately  $3\frac{1}{2}$  miles to the point where the Divisional Boundary of the Mamfe Division of the Cameroons Province as described in Public Notice No. 77 of 1951 published in *Nigeria Gazette* No. 23 of 3-5-51 meets the left bank of the Baleme River; thence by this Divisional Boundary of the Mamfe Division of the Cameroons Province to the point where the Mamfe Division Boundary meets the right bank of the Batum River; thence by the right bank of the Batum River downstream in a general north-westerly and westerly direction for a distance of approximately  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles to Beacon K. 47 on the right bank of the Batum River where it joins the left bank of the Mefin River; thence by the left bank of the Mefin River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1,008 feet to Beacon K. 48 on the left bank of the Mefin River where it is met by the path from Akwa to Abakpa; thence continuing by the left bank of the Mefin River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1,828 feet to Beacon K. 49 on the left bank of the Mefin River where it is again met by the path from Akwa to Abakpa; thence continuing by the left bank of the Mefin River upstream in a general north-easterly and then northerly direction for a distance of 5,083 feet to Beacon K. 50 at its source which is also the source of the Kana stream; thence by the right bank of the Kana stream downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 4,824 feet to Beacon K. 51 on the right bank of the Kana stream where it meets the left bank of the Men River; thence by the left bank of the Men River upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 585 feet to Beacon K. 52 on the left bank of the Men River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of an unnamed tributary to the Men River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $343^{\circ}$  for a distance of 41 feet to Beacon K. 53 on the left bank of the unnamed tributary; thence by the left bank of this unnamed tributary upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3,900 feet to Beacon K. 54 at its source; thence

by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $351^\circ$  for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon K. 55 at the source of the Makrikiti stream; thence by the right bank of the Makrikiti stream downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,900 feet to Beacon K. 56 on the right bank of the Makrikiti stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $266^\circ$  for a distance of 950 feet to Beacon K. 57 at the source of the Bitankop stream; thence by the right bank of the Bitankop stream downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 5,100 feet to Beacon K. 58 on the right bank of the Bitankop stream where it joins the right bank of the Men River; thence by the right bank of the Men River downstream in a general north-westerly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,800 feet to Beacon K. 59 on the right bank of the Men River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Abakpa to Ajaman; thence by the right hand side of the path from Abakpa to Ajaman in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 400 feet to Beacon K. 60; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $321^\circ$  for a distance of 1,100 feet to Beacon K. 61 at the source of the Meket River; thence by the right bank of the Meket River downstream in a general northerly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,700 feet to Beacon K. 62 on the right bank of the Meket River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ajaman to Okuri; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ajaman to Okuri in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of one mile to Beacon K. 63 on the right bank of the Befia River; where it is met by the path from Ajaman to Okuri; thence by the right bank of the Befia River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 700 feet to Beacon K. 64 on the right bank of the Befia River where it is met by the left bank of the Mbok Eron River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $202^\circ$  for a distance of 80 feet to Beacon K. 65 on the right bank of the Mbok Eron River; thence by the right bank of the Mbok Eron River in a southerly and then south-easterly direction for a distance of 3 miles 500 feet to Beacon K. 66 on the right bank of the Mbok Eron River where it is met by a cleared hunter's path; thence by this cleared hunter's path in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,417 feet to Beacon K. 67; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $118^\circ$  for a distance of 2,177 feet to Beacon K. 68 at the source of the Ajabesa stream; thence by the right bank of the Ajabesa stream downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 4,614 feet to Beacon K. 69 on the right bank of the Ajabesa stream where it joins the right bank of the Men River; thence by the right bank of the Men River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,424 feet to Beacon K. 70 on the right bank of the Men River opposite the point where it is met on its left bank by the right bank of the Mefin River and where it is met by the Divisional Boundary of the Mamfe Division of the Cameroons Province as described in Public Notice No. 77 of 1951 published in *Nigeria Gazette* No. 23 of 3-5-51; thence by this boundary of the Mamfe Division to Beacon K. 71 at the source of the Awa River; thence by the right bank of the Awa River downstream in a general westerly and then northerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,298 feet to Beacon K. 72 on the right bank of the Awa River where it is joined by the left bank of the Amet Abijue stream; thence by the left bank of the Amet Abijue stream upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon K. 73 on the left bank of the Amet Abijue stream at a point where three unnamed tributaries join together to form the Amet Abijue stream, thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $79^\circ$  for a distance of 95 feet to Beacon K. 74 on the left bank of the most northerly of these three unnamed tributaries; thence by the left bank of this unnamed tributary upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,800 feet to Beacon K. 75 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $75^\circ$  for a distance of 3,546 feet to Beacon K. 76 on the right bank of the Nkparanya stream; thence by the right bank of the Nkparanya stream downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 57 feet to Beacon K. 77 on the right bank of the Nkparanya stream where it joins the left bank of the Agbagem River; thence by the left bank of the Agbagem River upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2,600 feet to Beacon K. 78 where the left bank of the Agbagem River is met by the path from Ajaman to Okuri; thence continuing by the left bank of the

Agbagem River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,683 feet to Beacon K. 79 on the left bank of the Agbagem River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Njoghaya stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $38^{\circ}$  for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon K. 80 on the left bank of the Njoghaya stream; thence by the left bank of the Njoghaya stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 4,192 feet to Beacon K. 81 at its source where it is met by a cleared hunter's path; thence by this cleared hunter's path in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 936 feet to Beacon K. 82; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $61^{\circ}$  for a distance of 476 feet to Beacon K. 83 on the right bank of the Oru Ako River; thence by the right bank of the Oru Ako River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,200 feet to Beacon K. 84 on the right bank of the Oru Ako River where it is joined by the left bank of a tributary to the Oru Ako River which is also called Oru Ako; thence by the left bank of this tributary called Oru Ako upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2,500 feet to Beacon K. 85 at its source which is also the source of the Aribe I River; thence by the right bank of the Aribe I River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,170 feet to Beacon K. 86 on the right bank of the Aribe I River where it is joined by the left bank of the Ekobim River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $80^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,450 feet to Beacon K. 87 on the left bank of the Aribe II River; thence by the left bank of the Aribe II River upstream in a general south-easterly and then north-easterly direction for a distance of 2,544 feet to Beacon K. 88 at its source which is also the source of Ifim River; thence by the right bank of the Ifim River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,200 feet to Beacon K. 89 on the right bank of the Ifim River at the point where it joins the left bank of the Akegam River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $75^{\circ}$  for a distance of 128 feet to Beacon K. 90 on the right bank of the Akegam River; thence by the right bank of the Akegam River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 4,700 feet to Beacon K. 91 on the right bank of the Akegam River opposite the point where it is joined on its left bank by the left bank of the Taban River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $290^{\circ}$  for a distance of 73 feet to Beacon K. 92 on the left bank of the Taban River; thence by the left bank of the Taban River upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,700 feet to Beacon K. 93 at its source which is also the source of the Echake stream; thence by the right bank of the Echake stream downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,200 feet to Beacon K. 94 on the right bank of the Echake stream where it joins the right bank of the Awa River; thence by the right bank of the Awa River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 11 miles 1,200 feet to Beacon K. 95 on the right bank of the Awa River where it is joined by the left bank of the Ake Nta stream; thence by the left bank of the Ake Nta stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,100 feet to Beacon K. 96 on the left bank of the Ake Nta stream where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Mbinda to Ekoneman-Awa; thence by the right hand side of the path from Mbinda to Ekoneman-Awa in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,000 feet to Beacon K. 97 where the right hand side of the Mbinda to Ekoneman-Awa path meets the right bank of the Nkawkaw Obi stream; thence by the right bank of the Nkawkaw Obi stream downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,600 feet to Beacon K. 98 on the right bank of the Nkawkaw Obi stream where it joins the left bank of the Akegam River; thence by the left bank of the Akegam River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,200 feet to Beacon K. 99 on the left bank of the Akegam River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Nkawkaw Nkong stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $31^{\circ}$  for a distance of 87 feet to Beacon K. 100 on the left bank of the Nkawkaw Nkong stream; thence by the left bank of the Nkawkaw Nkong stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 2,400 feet to Beacon K. 101 at its source which is also the source of the Nkem stream; thence by the right bank of the Nkem stream downstream in a general

north-easterly direction for a distance of 4,000 feet to Beacon K. 102 on the right bank of the Nkem stream where it joins the left bank of the Akok River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $104^{\circ}$  for a distance of 46 feet to Beacon K. 103 on the right bank of the Akok River; thence by the right bank of the Akok River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 400 feet to Beacon K. 104 on the right bank of the Akok River where it joins the right bank of the Akegam River; thence by the right bank of the Akegam River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 385 feet to Beacon K. 105 on the right bank of the Akegam River opposite the point where it is joined on its left bank by the left bank of the Akpe River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $312^{\circ}$  for a distance of 88 feet to Beacon K. 106 on the left bank of the Akpe River; thence by the left bank of the Akpe River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 2,107 feet to Beacon K. 107 on the left bank of the Akpe River where it is met by the path from Ekoneman-Awa to Aiyoke; thence continuing by the left bank of the Akpe River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 4,330 feet to Beacon K. 108 on the left bank of the Akpe River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $263^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4,066 feet to Beacon K. 109 on the left bank of the same Akpe River; thence by the left bank of the Akpe River upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 42 feet to Beacon K. 110 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 260 feet to Beacon K. 111 at the source of the Afo I River; thence by the right bank of the Afo I River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 4,258 feet to Beacon K. 112 on the right bank of the Afo I River where it is met by the path from Itu to Ekoneman-Awa; thence continuing by the right bank of the Afo I River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,993 feet to Beacon K. 113 on the right bank of the Afo I River where it joins the left bank of the Afo II River; thence by the left bank of the Afo II River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 700 feet to Beacon K. 114 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $265^{\circ}$  for a distance of 550 feet to Beacon K. 115 at the source of the Atokpo Ogok River; thence by the right bank of the Atokpo Ogok River downstream in a north-westerly and then southerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 800 feet to Beacon K. 116 on the right bank of the Atokpo Ogok River where it joins the right bank of the Awa River; thence by the right bank of the Awa River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,855 feet to Beacon K. 117 on the right bank of the Awa River where it is joined by the left bank of the Egwo stream; thence by the left bank of the Egwo stream upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 3,863 feet to Beacon K. 118 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $106^{\circ}$  for a distance of 200 feet to Beacon K. 119 at the source of the Oka Mfon Eta stream; thence by the right bank of the Oka Mfon Eta stream downstream in a general northerly and then easterly direction for a distance of 4,175 feet to Beacon K. 120 on the right bank of the Oka Mfon Eta stream where it joins the left bank of the Awi River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $352^{\circ}$  for a distance of 24 feet to Beacon K. 121 on the right bank of the Awi River; thence by the right bank of the Awi River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,874 feet to Beacon K. 122 on the right bank of the Awi River where it is joined by the left bank of the Akwi River; thence by the left bank of the Akwi River upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,600 feet to Beacon K. 123 at its source, on the right hand side of the path from Itu to Ekoneman Awa; thence by the right hand side of the path from Itu to Ekoneman Awa; in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,500 feet to Beacon K. 124 on the right bank of the Akihim River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Itu to Ekoneman-Awa; thence by the right bank of the Akihim River downstream in a general easterly and then northerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 440 feet to Beacon K. 125 on the right bank of the Akihim River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Itu to Aiyoke; thence by the right hand side of the path from Itu to Aiyoke in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,000 feet to Beacon K. 126 on the right bank



of the Nkam River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Itu to Aiyoke; thence by the right bank of the Nkam River downstream in a general northerly and then south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 100 feet to Beacon K. 127 on the right bank of the Nkam River where it joins the left bank of the Akegam River; thence by the left bank of the Akegam River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,300 feet to Beacon K. 128 on the left bank of the Akegam River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Echake stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $84^{\circ}$  for a distance of 109 feet to Beacon K. 129 on the left bank of the Echake stream; thence by the left bank of the Echake stream upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 4,400 feet to Beacon K. 130 at its source which is also the source of the Mbokwi stream; thence by the right bank of the Mbokwi stream downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,300 feet to Beacon K. 131 on the right bank of the Mbokwi stream where it joins the left bank of the Akam River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $37^{\circ}$  for a distance of 60 feet to Beacon K. 132 on the right bank of the Akam River; thence by the right bank of the Akam River downstream in a general north-easterly direction to Beacon K. 133 on the right bank of the Akam River where it is met by the path from Inokun to Aiyoke; thence continuing by the right bank of the Akam River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3 miles to Beacon K. 134 on the right bank of the Akam River opposite the point where it is joined on its left bank by the left bank of the Arop River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $324^{\circ}$  for a distance of 178 feet to Beacon K. 135 on the left bank of the Arop River; thence by the left bank of the Arop River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 4 miles to Beacon K. 136 on the left bank of the Arop River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Mun Arop stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $200^{\circ}$  for a distance of 53 feet to Beacon K. 137 on the left bank of the Mun Arop stream; thence by the left bank of the Mun Arop stream upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon K. 138 on the left bank of the Mun Arop stream where it is met by the path from Aiyomojok to Aiyoke; thence continuing by the left bank of the Mun Arop stream upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,900 feet to Beacon K. 139 at its source which is also the source of the Berun River; thence by the right bank of the Berun River downstream in a general north-westerly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,500 feet to Beacon K. 140 on the right bank of the Berun River where it is met by the path from Ekok to Aiyoke; thence continuing by the right bank of the Berun River downstream in a general south-westerly and then westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,500 feet to Beacon K. 141 on the right bank of the Berun River where it joins the right bank of the Akegam River; thence by the right bank of the Akegam River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 5 miles 2,500 feet to Beacon K. 142 on the right bank of the Akegam River where it is joined by the left bank of the Ajuk River; thence by the left bank of the Ajuk River upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 200 feet to Beacon K. 143 on the left bank of the Ajuk River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Okurinsinsi stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $2^{\circ}$  for a distance of 56 feet to Beacon K. 144 on the left bank of the Okurinsinsi stream; thence by the left bank of the Okurinsinsi stream upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 3,500 feet to Beacon K. 145 at its source on the right hand side of the road from Calabar to Mamfe; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $321^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 2,804 feet to Beacon K. 146 at the source of the Aiyem River; thence by the right bank of the Aiyem River downstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,700 feet to Beacon K. 147 on the right bank of the Aiyem River where it is met by the path from Ekok to Otu; thence continuing by the right bank of the Aiyem River in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,600 feet to Beacon K. 148 on the right bank of the Aiyem River where it joins the right bank of the Awa River; thence by the right bank of the Awa River downstream in a

general northerly direction for a distance of 4 miles 4,200 feet to Beacon K. 149 on the right bank of the Awa River where it is joined by the left bank of the Mun Aiya River; thence by the left bank of the Mun Aiya River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,700 feet to Beacon K. 150 on the left bank of the Mun Aiya River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the Anya stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $38^\circ$  for a distance of 29 feet to Beacon K. 151 on the left bank of the Anya stream; thence by the left bank of the Anya stream upstream in a general north-easterly and then easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile to Beacon K. 152 at its source which is also the source of the Efu River; thence by the right bank of the Efu River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,400 feet to Beacon K. 153 on the right bank of the Efu River where it is joined by the left bank of the Mun Efu stream; thence by the left bank of the Mun Efu stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3,500 feet to Beacon K. 154 on the left bank of the Mun Efu stream where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ekok to Nsanarati; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ekok to Nsanarati in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,900 feet to Beacon K. 155 on the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  miles to Beacon K. 156 on the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $51^\circ$  for a distance of 41 feet to Beacon K. 157 on the left hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $28^\circ$  for a distance of 1 mile 3,758 feet to Beacon K. 158 on the right hand side of the path from Nsanarati to Aiyomojok; thence by the right hand side of this path from Nsanarati to Aiyomojok in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,500 feet to Beacon K. 159 on the right hand side of the path from Nsanarati to Aiyomojok opposite the point where it is met by the path from Nsanakang to Aiyomojok; thence continuing by the right hand side of the path from Nsanarati to Aiyomojok in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,650 feet to Beacon K. 160 on the left bank of the Atum River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Nsanarati to Aiyomojok; thence by the left bank of the Atum River upstream in a general southerly and then easterly direction for a distance of 3 miles 5,100 feet to Beacon K. 161 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $66^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 250 feet to Beacon K. 162 on the right hand side of the path from Aiyomojok to Aiyoke; thence by the right hand side of the path from Aiyomojok to Aiyoke in a general southerly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 300 feet to Beacon K. 163 on the right hand of the path from Aiyomojok to Aiyoke where it joins the left hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $238^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 41 feet to Beacon K. 164 on the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe in a general easterly direction for a distance of 3 miles 500 feet to Beacon K. 165 on the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $162^\circ$  for a distance of 752 feet to Beacon K. 166 on the right bank of the Amalafu River; thence by the right bank of the Amalafu River downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1,535 feet to Beacon K. 167 on the right bank of the Amalafu River where it is met by the path from Mbenyan to Ndebaiya; thence continuing by the right bank of the Amalafu River downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 2,627 feet to Beacon K. 168 on the right bank of the Amalafu River where it is met by the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe; thence by the right hand side of the road from Ikom to Mamfe in a general south-easterly then westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,600 feet to the starting point.

B.—INTERNAL BOUNDARIES

Area No. 1 (*Araru and Mbabon Enclave*)

That portion of land containing eight decimal five two square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point where the right bank of the Esogasam stream joins the right bank of the Akwem River the co-ordinates of which taken from Nigeria Survey Map 1:500,000 Sheet 15 are  $5^{\circ} 36' 30''$  N and  $8^{\circ} 59' 30''$  E marked by Beacon K. 169 by the right bank of the Esogasam stream upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,000 feet to Beacon K. 170 at its source on the right hand side of the path from Okulikang to Araru; thence by the path from Okulikang to Araru in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1,100 feet to Beacon K. 171 on the left hand side of the path from Okulikang to Araru at the source of the Mkpé Abo stream; thence by the left bank of the Mkpé Abo stream downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,900 feet to Beacon K. 172 on the left bank of the Mkpé Abo stream where it joins the right bank of the Bafin River; thence by the right bank of the Bafin River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 4,600 feet to Beacon K. 173 at its source which is also the source of the Tantonge River; thence by the left bank of the Tantonge River downstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon K. 174 on the left bank of the Tantonge River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Araru to Mbabon; thence by the left hand side of the path from Araru to Mbabon in a general easterly and south-easterly direction for a distance of 3,900 feet to Beacon K. 175 on the left bank of the Atunishe I River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Araru to Mbabon; thence by the left bank of the Atunishe I River downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1,050 feet to Beacon K. 176 on the left bank of the Atunishe I River where it is joined by the right bank of the Atunishe II River; thence by the right bank of the Atunishe II River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 4,405 feet to Beacon K. 177 on the right bank of the Atunishe II River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $43^{\circ}$  for a distance of 381 feet to Beacon K. 178 at the source of the Asan stream; thence by the left bank of the Asan stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,574 feet to Beacon K. 179 on the left bank of the Asan stream where it joins the left bank of the Ma River; thence by the left bank of the Ma River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,798 feet to Beacon K. 180 on the left bank of the Ma River at the point opposite where it is joined on its right bank by the right bank of the Oyumayawa River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $69^{\circ}$  for a distance of 58 feet to Beacon K. 181 on the right bank of the Oyumayawa River; thence by the right bank of the Oyumayawa River upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 540 feet to Beacon K. 182 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $241^{\circ}$  for a distance of 350 feet to Beacon K. 183 at the source of the Mkpabeye stream; thence by the left bank of the Mkpabeye stream downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 4,300 feet to Beacon K. 184 on the left bank of the Mkpabeye stream where it joins the right bank of the Ma River; thence by the right bank of the Ma River upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 2,922 feet to Beacon K. 185 on the right bank of the Ma River where it is joined by the right bank of an unnamed tributary; thence by the right bank of this unnamed tributary upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,580 feet to Beacon K. 186 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $258^{\circ}$  for a distance of 520 feet to Beacon K. 187 at the source of an unnamed tributary of the Akwerem River; thence by the left bank of this unnamed tributary downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 467 feet to Beacon K. 188 on the left bank of this unnamed tributary where it joins the right bank of the Akwerem River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $26^{\circ}$  for a distance of 33 feet to Beacon K. 189 on the left bank of the Akwerem River; thence by the left bank of the Akwerem River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,957 feet to Beacon K. 190 on the left bank of the Akwerem River where it is met by the path from Aguran to Mbabon; thence continuing by the left bank of the Akwerem River downstream in a general westerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,000 feet to Beacon K. 191 on the left bank of the Akwerem River where it is joined by the right bank of the Ese

stream; thence by the right bank of the Ese stream upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,700 feet to Beacon K. 192 at its source which is also the source of the Mun Baga stream; thence by the left bank of the Mun Baga stream downstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,000 feet to Beacon K. 193 on the left bank of the Mun Baga stream where it joins the right bank of the Baga River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $225^{\circ}$  for a distance of 87 feet to Beacon K. 194 on the left bank of the Baga River; thence by the left bank of the Baga River downstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 3,300 feet to Beacon K. 195 on the left bank of the Baga River where it joins the right bank of the Akarem River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $5^{\circ}$  for a distance of 200 feet to Beacon K. 196 on the left bank of the Akarem River; thence by the left bank of the Akarem River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,100 feet to Beacon K. 197 on the left bank of the Akarem River where it is met by the path from Ekoneman-Awa to Araru; thence continuing by the left bank of the Akarem River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,100 feet to Beacon K. 198 on the left bank of the Akarem River at the point opposite where it is joined on its right bank by the right bank of the Esogasam stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $85^{\circ}$  for a distance of 133 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 2 (Oguran, Babi and Mbiofong Enclave).*

That portion of land containing eight decimal six one square miles or thereabouts and bounded as follows: —

Starting from a point where the right bank of the Bariba River joins the right bank of the Akarem River the co-ordinates of which taken from the Nigeria Survey map 1:500,000 Sheet 15 are latitude  $5^{\circ} 30' 30''$  N longitude  $8^{\circ} 57'$  E marked by Beacon K. 199 by the right bank of the Bariba River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,688 feet to Beacon K. 200 on the right bank of the Bariba River where it is met by the path from Mbabon to Oguran; thence continuing by the right bank of the Bariba River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,520 feet to Beacon K. 201 on the right bank of the Bariba River opposite the point where it is joined on its left bank by the right bank of the Makpache stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $176^{\circ}$  for a distance of 50 feet to Beacon K. 202 on the right bank of the Makpache stream; thence by the right bank of the Makpache stream upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 5,100 feet to Beacon K. 203 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $187^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,210 feet to Beacon K. 204 at the source of the Ate Anyak stream thence by the left bank of the Ate Anyak stream downstream in a general south-westerly and then westerly direction for a distance of 4,600 feet to Beacon K. 205 on the left bank of the Ate Anyak stream where it joins the right bank of the Bakep River; thence by the right bank of the Bakep River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 287 feet to Beacon K. 206 on the right bank of the Bakep River where it is joined by the left bank of a large unnamed tributary; thence continuing by the right bank of the Bakep River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 5,251 feet to Beacon K. 207 on the right bank of the Bakep River opposite the point where it is joined on its left bank by the right bank of the Mgbage stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $233^{\circ}$  for a distance of 40 feet to Beacon K. 208 on the right bank of the Mgbage stream thence by the right bank of the Mgbage stream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 2,460 feet to Beacon K. 209 at its source which is also the source of the Aiya Mba stream; thence by the left bank of the Aiya Mba stream downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 3,283 feet to Beacon K. 210 on the left bank of the Aiya Mba stream where it joins the right bank of the Kokot River and opposite the point where the Kokot River itself is joined on its left bank by the right bank of the Owu stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $227^{\circ}$  for a distance of 53 feet across the Kokot River to Beacon K. 211 on the right bank of the Owu stream where it joins the left bank of the Kokot

River; thence by the right bank of the Owu stream upstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,800 feet to Beacon K. 212 at its source; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $216^{\circ}$  for a distance of 150 feet to Beacon K. 213 at the source of the Nyangabare stream; thence by the left bank of the Nyangabare stream downstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 4,013 feet to Beacon K. 214 on the left bank of the Nyangabare stream where it is met by the path from Abakpa to Mbiofong; thence continuing by the left bank of the Nyangabare stream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 87 feet to Beacon K. 215 on the left bank of the Nyangabare stream where it joins the right bank of the Akarem River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $290^{\circ}$  for a distance of 62 feet to Beacon K. 216 on the left bank of the Akarem River; thence by the left bank of the Akarem River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 4 miles 4,818 feet to Beacon K. 217 on the left bank of the Akarem River where it is met by the path from Mbinda to Babi; thence continuing by the left bank of the Akarem River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 4 miles 2,020 feet to Beacon K. 218 on the left bank of the Akarem River opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the right bank of the Bariba River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $94^{\circ}$  for a distance of 118 feet to the starting point.

All beacons except where otherwise described are stone cairns. All bearings are referred to True North and are adjusted from magnetic bearings observed during the months of January to December, 1949, and the months of January to December, 1951. All distances and bearings are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

The following rights are admitted within the Reserve:

1. Rights of way. To the general public the rights of way by the following paths:—

- (a) The path from Ndebaiya to Mbenyan, Inokun, Okulikang, Araru, Mbabon, Oguran, Babi Mbiofong, Abakpa, Akwa and Ekoneman Ojong.
- (b) The path from Ekoneman Ojong to Okuri, Mbinda Ekoneman Awa, Aiyoke Aiyomojok and Nsanarati.
- (c) The path from Nsanarati to Ekok, Otu, Itu and Ekoneman Awa.
- (d) The path from Aiyoke to Mbenyan.
- (e) The path from Aiyoke to Inokun.
- (f) The path from Inokun to Onaku and Mbaakem.
- (g) The path from Onaku to Eyeng and Mbakang.
- (h) The path from Aiyoke to Ekok.
- (i) The path from Aiyoke to Itu.
- (j) The path from Araru to Ekoneman Awa.
- (k) The path from Araru to Mbabon and thence to Kembong.
- (l) The path from Ekogati to Bakut.
- (m) The path from Ekogati to Basu.
- (n) The path from Ekogati to Eswutan.
- (o) The path from Eabi to Eswutan.
- (p) The path from Ajaman to Abakpa.
- (q) The path from Mbinda to Babi.
- (r) The road from Ikom to Mamfe.
- (s) The road from Mamfe to Calabar.

To the village communities of Akwun, Ndebaiya, Aiyomojok, Nsanarati, Ekok, Otu, Itu, Ekoneman Awa, Nfunum, Mbinda, Ajaman, Ekoneman Ojong, Akwa, Abakpa, Mbiofong, Babi, Oguran, Mbabon, Ekogati, Araru, Okulikang, Inokun, Ndebaiyip, Eyeng Amanga, Aiyoke, Mbenyan, Mbakang, Mbakem, Nkawkaw, Bakut.

2. The rights to hunt and fish.

3. The right to collect snails, tortoises, land crabs, bees-wax, honey and other food materials subject to any regulation or restriction which may be made by the Native Authority with the approval of the Resident.

4. The right to collect the produce of the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) and the wine palm (*Raphia spp.*) except from such palms as may be planted by the Native Authority or the Forest Department acting for the Native Authority.

5. The right to collect fuel, building poles and minor forest produce for domestic use within the villages named and not for sale or barter outside subject to any regulations or restrictions that may be made by the Native Authority with the approval of the Resident.

SIGNIFIED by the Kembong Native Authority in accordance with Standing Rules dated 7th day of May, 1946.

R. E. MAKUMBA, *Secretary,  
Kembong Native Authority*

J. A. JATAW, *Presiding Member,  
Kembong Native Authority*

APPROVED this 29th day of August, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

K. C. SHADDOCK,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council,  
Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 232 of 1953*

*Regulations MADE UNDER The Waterworks Ordinance (Chapter 227)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the appropriate officer by section 16 of the Waterworks Ordinance, the following regulations are hereby made:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. (1) These regulations may be cited as the Waterworks (Abakaliki) (Amendment) Regulations, 1953.

(2) These regulations shall be deemed to have come into force on the first day of February, 1953.

Amends  
regulation  
8 of E.R.  
P.N. 197 of  
1953.

2. The Waterworks (Abakaliki) Regulations, 1953, are hereby amended by:—

(a) deleting the words "regulations 4 and 6" where they appear in regulation 8 thereof; and

(b) by substituting the words "regulation 4" therefor.

MADE at Enugu this 10th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

K. C. SHADDOCK,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 233 of 1953.

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD SERVICES  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Road Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority residing or carrying on business within the area of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“the native authority” means the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of 3s each year or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time, direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid on or before the 30th day of September, in each year to the person or persons appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Afikpo Divisional Native Treasury at Afikpo or at such other collecting centre as the Native Authority shall direct.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. The Native Authority shall issue a receipt for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon the construction and maintenance of roads situated within the area of the Native Authority.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered;

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court; and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority this 21st day of February, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Authority on the 21st day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

J. O. MBREY, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

S. E. IMOKE, *Chairman,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 11th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region.*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 234 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority and shall come into effect immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rules 3;

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of eighteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of fourteen shillings per year or such other sum as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ogoja Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of the local rates.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate, or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within Ogoja Division.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 (five pounds) or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of Ogoja Divisional Native Authority this 17th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:—

D. B. ODU, *Secretary,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

M. T. MBU, *President,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 2nd day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R. Public Notice No. 235 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISUOCHI NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isuochi Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuochi Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Isuochi Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isuochi Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay the following annual rates:—

(a) Primary education rate: five shillings.

(b) Secondary education rate: two shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rates.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rates payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Northern Confederacy Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rates on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rates. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended in the following manner:—

(a) revenue from the primary education rate shall be expended upon primary educational facilities within the area of jurisdiction of the Isuochi Native Authority and upon no other purpose;

(b) revenue from the secondary education rate shall be expended upon the establishment and maintenance of the Okigwi National Grammar School and upon no other purpose.

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9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rates, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Northern Confederacy Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rates or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isuochi Native Authority the 25th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Isuochi Native Authority in the presence of:

H. I. A. UGWU, *Secretary*

J. O. CHUKUMEREIJE, *President*

Moses CHUKU  
OKORIE UDE  
ONYENEKE EJIM, *His R.T.I.*

} *Members*

*Witness to mark:* H. I. A. UGWU

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 7th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 236 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKIGWI AREA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Okigwi Area Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Okigwi Area Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Okigwi Area Native Authority.
2. In these rules:—
  - “native authority” means the Okigwi Area Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
  - “rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay the following annual rates:—
  - (a) Primary education rate: five shillings.
  - (b) Secondary education rate: two shillings.
4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rates.
5. (i) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.
  - (2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—
    - (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
    - (b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rates payable by each person;
    - (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Northern Confederacy Native Treasury; and
    - (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.
6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rates on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rates. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended in the following manner:—
  - (a) revenue from the primary education rate shall be expended upon primary educational facilities within the area of jurisdiction of the Okigwi Area Native Authority and upon no other purpose;
  - (d) revenue from the secondary education rate shall be expended upon the establishment and maintenance of the Okigwi National Grammar School and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rates, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Northern Confederacy Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rates or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Okigwi Area Native Authority the 23rd day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Okigwi Area Native Authority in the presence of:

E. E. EKEJUBA, *Secretary*

W. I. OSUORJI, *President*

GEORGE OBI  
 A. O. ONWUCHEKWE  
 EDWARD UDENKWO } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 7th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 237 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE MBANO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Mbanda Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mbanda Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Mbanda Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Mbanda Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay the following annual rates:—

(a) Primary education rate: eight shillings.

(b) Secondary education rate: two shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rates.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rates payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Mbanda Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rates on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rates. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended in the following manner:—

(a) revenue from the primary education rate shall be expended upon primary educational facilities within the area of jurisdiction of the Mbanda Native Authority and upon no other purpose;

(b) revenue from the secondary education rate shall be expended upon the establishment and maintenance of the Okigwi National Grammar School and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rates, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Mbaso Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rates or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Mbaso Native Authority the 25th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Mbaso Native Authority in the presence of:

P. C. NDUBUISI, *Secretary*

O. OKEREKE, *President*

NATHANIEL OKEKE  
D. A. EGWIM  
MBAKWE AMADIOHA } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 7th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 238 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ETITI NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Etití Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Etití Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Etití Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Etití Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay the following annual rates:—

(a) Primary education rate: six shillings.

(b) Secondary education rate: two shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rates.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rates payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Mbasá Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rates on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended in the following manner:—

(a) revenue from the primary education rate shall be expended upon primary educational facilities within the area of jurisdiction of the Etití Native Authority and upon no other purpose;

(b) revenue from the secondary education rate shall be expended upon the establishment and maintenance of the Okigwi National Grammar School and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rates, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Mbasá Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing or the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group, every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Etiti Native Authority the 31st day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Etiti Native Authority in the presence of:

E. N. OKAFOR, *Secretary*

JAMES ONWUNALI, *President*

NWANKWO ANOWI  
ABRAHAM OSIGWE  
DAVID OSUJI, *His R.T.I.* } *Members*

*Witness to mark:* E. N. OKAFOR (*Sec.*)

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 7th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 239 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISUIKWUATO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isuikwuato Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuikwuato Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Isuikwuato Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isuikwuato Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay the following annual rates:—

(a) Primary education rate: five shillings.

(b) Secondary education rate: two shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rates.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rates payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Northern Confederacy Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rates on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended in the following manner:—

(a) revenue from the primary education rate shall be expended upon primary educational facilities within the area of jurisdiction of the Isuikwuato Native Authority and upon no other purpose;

(b) revenue from the secondary education rate shall be expended upon the establishment and maintenance of the Okigwi National Grammar School and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rates, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Northern Confederacy Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rates or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isuikwuato Native Authority the 24th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Isuikwuato Native Authority in the presence of:

A. E. ONYENEKE, *Secretary*

O. EBEBE, *President*

*Witness to mark:* A. E. ONYENEKE

ONUOHA IREGBU, *His R.T.I.*

AMOS IGWE

J. E. KELECHUKU

} *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 7th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 240 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EASTERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (COMMUNITY HOSPITAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Eastern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Annang Native Authority (Community Hospital Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Eastern Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Eastern Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eighteen shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Eastern Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon construction, maintenance and equipping Community Hospital within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Eastern Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Eastern Annang Native Authority the 6th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Eastern Annang Native Authority in the presence of:

D. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council*

UDO EKONG, *President*

APPROVED this 11th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region.*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 241 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE SOUTHERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (COMMUNITY  
HOSPITAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Southern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Southern Annang Native Authority (Community Hospital Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Southern Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Southern Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eighteen shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Southern Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon construction, maintenance and equipping Community Hospital within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Southern Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority of a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Southern Annang Native Authority the 6th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Southern Annang Native Authority in the presence of:

E. ESHIETT,  
*Secretary to the Council*

IWOK ETOK, *President*

APPROVED this 11th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 242 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NORTHERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (COMMUNITY HOSPITAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Northern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Northern Annang Native Authority (Community Hospital Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Northern Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Northern Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of sixteen shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Northern Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon construction, maintenance and equipping Community Hospital within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Northern Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rates or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Northern Annang Native Authority the 6th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Northern Annang Native Authority in the presence of:

S. A. ESSIEN,  
*Secretary to the Council*

J. A. IBANGHA, *President*

APPROVED this 11th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 243 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WESTERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (COMMUNITY  
HOSPITAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Annang Native Authority (Community Hospital Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Western Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Western Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of sixteen shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Western Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rates or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon construction, maintenance and equipping Community Hospital within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Western Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority of a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Western Annang Native Authority the 6th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority in the presence of:

E. A. UDOM,  
*Secretary to the Council*

J. O. IBUOT, *President*

APPROVED this 11th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 244 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

AN INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE IKOT EKPENE COUNTY COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the Instrument establishing the Ikot Ekpene County Council is hereby amended by the addition of the following new paragraph immediately below paragraph 17 of the aforesaid Instrument:—

“18. The Council may make a special precept for assistance to primary education before the 15th of October, 1953, in respect of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1954.”

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 22nd day of September, 1953.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 245 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKIGWI AREA NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Okigwi Area Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Okigwi Area Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Okigwi Area Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Okigwi Area Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

- 11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
  - (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Okigwi Area Native Authority the 23rd day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Okigwi Area Native Authority in the presence of:  
E. E. EKEJUBA, *Secretary*

W. I. OSUORJI, *President*

GEORGE OBI  
A. O. ONWUCHEKWE } *Members*  
EDWARD UDENKWO }

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 246 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ETITI NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Etitu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Etitu Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Etitu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Etitu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Mbasa Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Mbase Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Etití Native Authority the 29th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Etití Native Authority in the presence of:

V. E. N. OKAFOR, *Secretary*

JAMES ONWUNALI, *President*

NWANKWO ANOWI  
ABRAHAM OSIGWE } *Members*

*Witness to mark:* V. E. N. OKAFOR (*Sec.*) DAVID OSUJI (*R.T.I.*)

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 247 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISUOCHI NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1953.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isuochi Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuochi Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Isuochi Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isuochi Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

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9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isuochi Native Authority the 25th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Isuochi Native Authority in the presence of:

H. I. A. UGWU, *Secretary*

J. O. CHUKUMEREIJE, *President*

MOSES CHUKU  
OKORIE UDE  
ONYENEKE EJIM, (R.T.I.) } *Members*

*Witness to mark:* H. I. A. UGWU

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 248 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISUIKWUATO NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isuikwuato Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuikwuato Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Isuikwuato Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isuikwuato Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isuikwuato Native Authority the 22nd day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Isuikwuato Native Authority in the presence of:

A. E. ONYENEKE, *Secretary*

O. EBEBE, *President*

*Witness to mark:* A. E. ONYENEKE

ONUOHA IREGBU (R.T.I.),

AMOS IGWE

J. E. KELECHUKU

} *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 249 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE MBANO NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Mbanda Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mbanda Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Mbanda Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Mbanda Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Mbanda Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Mbaso Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Mbano Native Authority the 25th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Mbano Native Authority in the presence of:

P. C. NDUBUISI, *Secretary*

AGBUGBA OKEREKE, *President*

NATHANIEL OKEKE  
DANIEL A. EGWIM  
MBAKWĒ AMADIOHA } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 5th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 250 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NDOKI NATIVE AUTHORITY (MEDICAL RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ndoki Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ndoki Native Authority (*Medical Rating*) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ndoki Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ndoki Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the equipment and maintenance of the lying-in-wards and dispensaries within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Ukwa Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,
- shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ndoki Native Authority the 27th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ndoki Native Authority in the presence of:

A. P. NKWONTA, *Clerk of Council*

A. E. SHEBBS, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 9th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 251 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ASA NATIVE AUTHORITY (MEDICAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Asa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Asa Native Authority (Medical Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Asa Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Asa Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of two shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the equipment and maintenance of the lying-in-wards and dispensaries within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.



9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ukwa Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Asa Native Authority the 27th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Asa Native Authority in the presence of:

A. P. NKWONAA, *Clerk of Council*

J. E. ADIELE, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 9th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 252 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBESIKPO-ASUTAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of twenty-five shillings per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed, the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon assistance to primary education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Treasury any sum or money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority the 15th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Native Authority in the presence of:

E. E. OKON, *Secretary*

N. AKPAN, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 7th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 253 of 1953*

*The Land and Native Rights Ordinance (Chapter 105)*  
**CONTROL OF SETTLEMENTS REGULATIONS**  
 (NO. 1 OF 1950)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by regulation 3 (1) of the Native Authority (Control of Settlements) Regulations, 1949, the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority, with the approval of the Resident, Bamenda Province, hereby declares the portion of land described in the Schedule hereto to be a settlement area. Regs. No. 1 of 1950.

**SCHEDULE**

All that piece of land at Babungo, in the Bamenda Division of the Bantenda Province, British Cameroons, containing an area of approximately 176.0 acres, the boundaries of which are described below:—

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBM. 4055 the co-ordinates of which are 2361.31 feet south and 1252.64 feet east of a concrete pillar marked PBM 4040 the origin of Babungo Cadastral Surveys, the boundary runs in a straight line on a bearing of 128° 34' for an approximate distance of 45 feet to the right bank of Chemunia stream, thence downstream along the right bank of Chemunia stream for an approximate distance of 4,370 feet to a point which is approximately 79 feet on a bearing of 169° 08' from PBM. 4054, thence on a bearing of 349° 08' for an approximate distance of 79 feet to PBM. 4054, thence the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBM. 4054	349° 08'	834.6 Feet	PBM. 4053
PBM. 4053	52° 19'	247.5 "	PBM. 4052
PBM. 4052	09° 34'	543.2 "	PBM. 4051
PBM. 4051	22° 48'	319.4 "	PBM. 4050
PBM. 4050	359° 26'	481.4 "	PBM. 4049
PBM. 4049	344° 37'	578.6 "	PBM. 4048
PBM. 4048	315° 53'	332.8 "	PBM. 4047
PBM. 4047	39° 56'	137.4 "	PBM. 4046
PBM. 4046	115° 08'	129.7 "	PBM. 4045
PBM. 4045	72° 30'	286.8 "	PBM. 4044
PBM. 4044	343° 40'	216.0 "	PBM. 4043
PBM. 4043	92° 25'	615.2 "	PBM. 4042
PBM. 4042	91° 10'	747.6 "	PBM. 4041
PBM. 4041	92° 19'	1016.9 "	PBM. 4040
PBM. 4040	168° 15'	652.2 "	PBM. 4057
PBM. 4057	160° 10'	1238.5 "	PBM. 4056
PBM. 4056	128° 34'	894.7 "	PBM. 4055

(the starting point).

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE under the Seal of the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority this 1st day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority this 1st day of September, 1953, in the presence of:

V. P. LAINJO, *Secretary,*  
*South Eastern Native Authority*

SEHM ATAR, FON OF BANSO, *President,*  
*South Eastern Native Authority*

APPROVED this 8th day of September, 1953.

A. B. WESTMACOTT,  
*Acting Resident, Bamenda Province*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 12 of 1953

ORDER made under THE DOGS ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 56)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 2 and 4 of the Dogs Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Dogs Ordinance (Enugu Urban District Council) Order, 1953. Short title.
2. The authority for the purpose of the Dogs Ordinance for the area of the jurisdiction of the Enugu Urban District Council is the Enugu Urban District Council. Enugu Urban District Council to be authority under Cap. 56.
3. The provisions of Part II of the Dogs Ordinance are hereby applied to the area of the jurisdiction of the Enugu Urban District Council. Part II of Cap. 56 applied to Enugu Urban District Council Area.
4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 (b) of the Dogs Ordinance (Cap. 56) the Local Authority, Enugu, shall cease to be the authority under the provisions of the Dogs Ordinance from the 1st day of April, 1953. Amends Public Notice No. 161 of 1949.

MADE at Enugu this 21st day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 254 of 1953*

*The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 16 of the Dogs Ordinance which powers have been delegated to Residents in charge of Provinces the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Ogoja Province) Revocation Order, 1953.
2. The Rabies (Obubra District) Declaration and Prohibition Order, 1949, is hereby revoked.
3. The Rabies (Afikpo Division) Declaration and Prohibition Order, 1950, is hereby revoked.
4. Public Notices Nos. 152 of 1949 and 5 of 1951 are hereby revoked accordingly.

MADE at Ogoja this 21st day of September, 1953.

G. R. OSBORN,  
*Resident, Ogoja Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 255 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE CENTRAL ANANG (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the following bye-laws have been made by the Central Anang District Council.

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Central Anang District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Central Anang District Council whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definition.

2. In these bye-laws:—

- “club” means an osusu club, and is a society formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which pays a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount thus collected less a certain approved deduction;
- “club head” means a person who manages or conducts an osusu club;
- “contribution” means a fixed amount contributed by a member at a meeting of an osusu club;
- “council” means the Central Anang District Council;
- “hand” means the gross total of the amount collected by the contributors at one meeting;
- “member” means a person who contributes to an osusu club;
- “capitation fund” means a token deduction from the hand of the contributor an amount held by the club for common expenses incurred by the Osusu Club.

Club to be registered.

3. (1) Every club established after the date of the commencement of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council.

(2) Every club established within the area of the Council before the date of the commencement of these bye-laws which continues to function after such date shall be registered within thirty days of such date of commencement.

(3) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, any person who shall operate, conduct or establish an osusu club which is not registered under the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or to one month's imprisonment.

Application for registration: fee.

4. Application for registration of a club shall be made to the Council in the form contained in the First Schedule by the club head. A fee of one pound one shilling shall be paid for registration.

Renewal fees to be collected by the Council.

5. In addition to the registration fee, the club head or heads shall pay an annual renewal fee of ten shillings and sixpence to the Council and shall obtain a permit for such payment.

Council may refuse registration.

6. The Council may refuse to register a club if:—

- (a) the Council is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to run a club by reason of his character or financial standing; or
- (b) the Council is not satisfied that the club in respect of which the application is made will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.

7. When the full number of contributions named in the rules of a club has been made the club shall, except for such action as may be necessary to wind up its affairs, be deemed to have determined: If the same club head wishes to start a new club with the same or different members, afresh application shall be made for registration.

Determination of club.

8. Any club head who—

Offence by club head.

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee of more than one shilling and sixpence; or
- (ii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member when his turn comes to receive it; or
- (iii) deducts any amount from the hand of his contributor more than three pence in the pound capitation fund; or
- (iv) leaves or disbands the club without ensuring that every contributor has received his hand, is guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month.

9. (1) There shall be appointed to every club a secretary whose duty it shall be to maintain a correct register and such other records as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

Club Secretary: offence and penalty.

(2) Any club secretary who neglects to make an entry in the records of the club as instructed by a meeting of that club, or who makes an entry in such records which is not authorised by any such meeting shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month.

10. (1) The provisions of the Second Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of any club registered under the provisions of these bye-laws.

Provisions of Second Schedule to be followed.

(2) The Council shall cancel the registration of any club which is not being conducted according to the provisions of the Second Schedule.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE CENTRAL ANANG DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form of Registration of Osusu Club

- 1. The name of the Osusu Club.....
- 2. Meeting place and time of meeting of club.....
- 3. Number of members.....
- 4. Number of contributions.....
- 5. Value of one share.....
- 6. Value of hand.....
- 7. Name of club head or heads.....
- 8. Name of club secretary.....
- 9. Name of club treasurer.....

NOTE: The number of contributions may be greater than the number of members for a member may take out more than one share.

PERMIT TO OPERATE THE OSUSU CLUB: BYE-LAWS, 1953

Permission is hereby granted to..... of..... to operate the..... Osusu Club at..... from the..... day of..... 19..... to the..... day of..... 19..... subject to the provision of the Central Anang District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953.

(Sgd.).....

Secretary-Treasurer on behalf of the Central Anang District Council

Fee paid..... Date..... 19.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

1. A meeting of a club may be held on any day except on a Sunday. No meeting shall take place at night.

2. At each meeting the member whose turn it shall be to receive a hand shall be nominated by the majority of the members present at the meeting.

3. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at the meeting. The sureties shall ensure that such a member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.

4. Where a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand is unable to or fails to produce two sureties, with the approval of the majority of the members present at the meeting an amount equal to the sum he has contributed shall be deducted from the hand and given to him. The balance shall then be handed to the treasurer until such a time as the member shall produce sureties such amount shall be handed over to him. If the club determines before he has produced sureties then such sum shall be handed over to him at the time of the determination by the club treasurer.

5. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall in all respects be a member of the club and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member for whom he is substituted. The account of the outgoing member must be balanced in his presence and the agreed amount of hand standing in the club to the member's credit made known to him in the meeting. A record of such decision must be properly taken by the Secretary.

6. (1) Where a member who has not received a hand dies, his next of kin shall be informed in writing that he can either continue the contribution of the deceased member or provide some other substitute.

(2) Where a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

MADE by the resolution of the Central Anang District Council the 20th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Central Anang District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

J. U. A. UKPE, *Secretary-Treasurer*

I. U. AKPABIO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 8th day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 256 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*  
**THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR  
 LICENSING) BYE-LAWS, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Liquor Licensing) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.

“council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;

“liquor” means palm wine and any kind or description of fermented liquor usually made by the natives of Nigeria or in the adjacent territories;

“court” means a Magistrate’s Court.

3. Any person who shall sell liquor within the area of the authority of the Council without a licence issued in accordance with these bye-laws or otherwise than on or from the premises specified in such licence shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or imprisonment for six months: Licence for sale of liquor.

Provided that native producers may sell from depots maintained by the Council without licence.

4. (1) Licences of the descriptions hereinafter prescribed authorising the sale of liquor subject to the provisions of these bye-laws may be issued by the Council. Types of licences.

(a) “liquor on licence” as in Form A in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor for consumption on the licensed premises; Form A.

(b) “liquor off licence” as in Form B in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor to be consumed off the licensed premises; Form B.

(c) “occasional liquor licence” as in Form C in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor on special occasion on such days, during such hours and at such place (not being a place otherwise licensed under these bye-laws) as the Council may approve. Form C.

(2) An “occasional liquor licence” shall only be granted to the holder of a licence to sell liquor and shall not be granted for any period exceeding three days. The Council shall notify the Senior Police Officer in the area of the issue of the licence and the particulars thereof.

5. Except in the case of an occasional liquor licence every licence issued under these bye-laws shall permit the sale of liquor as follows:— Hours of sale.

(a) On Christmas Day, Good Friday or Sunday, between the hours of 12.30 p.m. and 5 p.m. and 8 p.m.; and

(b) on any other day between 6 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.:

Provided that on application being made to it the Council may after hearing the applicant and the Senior Police Officer in the area, extend the hours during which liquor may be sold on licensed premises on any special occasion.

Licences to expire on 31st December.

Fees: Second Schedule.

Application for licence. Forms D, E and H.

Conditions of issue and transfer.

Objections.

Powers of Council to impose conditions, etc., or revoke licences.

Transfer of licences.

Second Schedule.

6. (1) Every licence other than an occasional liquor licence shall expire on the 31st December in the year in which it is issued.

(2) The fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall be payable to the Council for licences.

(3) When any licence other than an occasional liquor licence is issued on or after the 1st July in any year, one-half of the above-mentioned licence fees shall be payable.

7. (1) Applications for licences shall be made to the Council as in Forms D, E, and H in the First Schedule as the case may be, obtainable from the Council's Office on payment of a fee of 3d per form.

(2) Applications for the renewal of licences shall be made as in Form F in the First Schedule and shall be submitted to the Council not later than the 15th December in any year, and applications submitted after that date will not be considered without payment of the late fee specified in the Second Schedule:

Provided that on the first coming into operation of these bye-laws, applications for the renewal of licence formerly held may be made up to the 31st day of May, 1954, without the payment of any fee.

8. (1) The Council shall not issue a licence or approve the transfer of a licence as hereinafter provided until it has satisfied itself as to the fitness of the applicant to hold the licence and as to the suitability of the premises both as regards structure and locality.

(2) The Council may in its discretion restrict the number of licences either generally or of any particular class to be issued in respect of its area or any part thereof.

9. (1) Any person residing in the district or place in respect of which a licence or renewal is applied for may lodge with the Council his objections to the grant or issue thereof.

(2) In any case in which an objection is so lodged, the Council shall before issuing or refusing to issue any such licence or renewal hold an inquiry and hear both the applicant and objector.

10. The Council may, in its discretion, but subject to the provisions of these bye-laws—

(a) impose and endorse on licences any special condition or restriction which it may consider necessary or advisable;

(b) revoke any licence, if it shall consider that such revocation is necessary or advisable:

Provided that save when a licence is revoked by reason of the licence holder having been convicted of an offence under these bye-laws, or under any other law, a refund of a proportional part of the fee paid for the licence in respect of each complete month of the unexpired period of its currency shall be made.

11. (1) Applications for the transfer of a licence from one person to another or from one address to another may be approved by the Council and all such applications shall be made in writing to the Council.

(2) On the approval of any such transfer by the Council, the fees specified in the Second Schedule shall be payable and the licence shall be altered accordingly by the Council.

12. (1) Every holder of a liquor on or a liquor off licence shall suspend or affix and maintain over the entrance to the licensed premises a board of not less dimensions than two feet long by eight inches high on which is displayed in legible characters in English the name of the licensee and the class of licence of which he is the holder.

Board to be affixed on premises.

(2) A person who is not licensed under these bye-laws shall not display any board or notice of any kind on his premises suggesting that he is so licensed, and no person being the holder of a licence shall display on his premises any board or notice of any kind suggesting that he is licensed in any other way than that in which he is so duly licensed.

13. Any person being the holder of a licence who—

Offences

- (a) permits drunkenness of any riotous or quarrelsome conduct on his premises; or
- (b) sells liquor to any person already in a state of intoxication or by any means encourages or excites any person to drink liquor; or
- (c) sells liquor to any child under fourteen years of age in an "on" premises; or
- (d) sells or supplies liquor to any soldier, police officer or railway servant in uniform and on duty or knowingly harbours or suffers to remain on his premises any such soldier, police officer or railway servant, unless, in the case of a police officer, for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or in the execution of his duty; or
- (e) permits his premises to be used as brothel or to be the habitual resort or place of meeting of prostitutes, or allows any such person to remain on his licensed premises longer than is necessary for the consumption of any liquor purchased; or
- (f) keeps his premises open for the sale of liquor during any time when he is not authorised by his licence to sell liquor or allows liquor to be consumed on such premises during any such time; or
- (g) permits any person to consume liquor on his premises when he does not hold a liquor on licence or sells liquor for consumption off his premises when he does not hold a liquor off licence; or
- (h) permits gaming or any unlawful game to be played on the licensed premises; or
- (i) refuses to produce his licence when so required by a police officer; or any person authorised by the council; or
- (j) adds to liquor any other alcoholic liquor with a view to increasing the alcoholic content of the former;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction, to a fine of twenty-five pounds or imprisonment for six months.

14. Any person being the holder of a licence or his agent or servant shall refuse to admit to and shall eject from his licensed premises, by force if necessary, any person who is drunken, violent, quarrelsome or disorderly, or any person whose presence on his premises would subject him to a penalty under these bye-laws and any such person who, on being required by such licensed person or his agent or servant or by a police officer to quit such premises, refuses or fails to do so shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds.

Disorderly person on licensed premises.

15. Any person who—

- (a) not being the occupier or a servant or members of the family of the occupier consumes liquor on licensed premises during the hours when the sale of liquor is prohibited; or

Drinking on premises during prohibited hours.

(b) being found on licensed premises during the hours during which the sale liquor is prohibited refuses his name and address when demanded by a police officer; or

(c) knowingly purchases liquor from a person who is not duly licensed to sell the same,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds.

Powers of authorised persons.

16. Any police officer or any person duly authorised in writing by the Council may—

(a) enter any licensed premises at any time for the purpose of detecting or preventing any breach of the provisions of these bye-laws; and

(b) at any time require the production of a licence; and

(c) having reasonable grounds for believing that liquor is being sold by any person not being duly licensed in that behalf, enter and inspect any premises occupied by such person and seize and detain any liquor, together with the receptacles containing same, found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of, any person not being duly licensed whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting of having sold liquor:

Provided that every such seizure and detention shall be forthwith reported to a court having jurisdiction in the area in which such seizure is made.

Forfeiture of liquor.

17. A court may order the forfeiture of any liquor and of the receptacles containing the same, which may be found either on the premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of, any person who is convicted of selling liquor in contravention of these bye-laws.

Responsibility for acts of servants and agents.

18. If any person being the manager for, or the servant of, or authorised to act for, a person being the holder of a licence, does any act of thing or is guilty of any omission which if done or omitted by the licence-holder, both such person and the licence-holder shall be guilty of that offence and, on conviction therefore, liable to the penalties prescribed by these bye-laws for such offence, whether such act, thing or omission was done or made with or without the knowledge or consent of the licence-holder.

Endorsement of licence.

19. (1) Every conviction under these bye-laws of a licence-holder shall be endorsed on his licence by the court and the licence-holder shall produce his licence to the court for such purpose.

(2) Whenever a licence-holder is convicted of an offence the court may in addition to any other penalty, cancel his licence.

(3) Every applicant for the renewal of a licence shall, if so required by the Council, produce that licence for inspection.

(4) In the case of a renewal of a licence, all convictions endorsed on such licence in respect of offences during the two years preceding such renewal shall be transferred to the renewed licence.

(5) Any person who—

(a) fails, refuses or neglects to produce his licence as required by these bye-laws; or

(b) without proper authority obliterates or alters a licence or any endorsement thereon;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or imprisonment for six months.

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM A

The Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws  
LIQUOR ON LICENCE

Bye-law 4.

.....of.....is hereby  
licensed to sell liquor on the premises known as.....  
.....to be consumed on the said premises.

This licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Liquor Bye-laws and to the following special conditions:—

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

Enugu Urban District Council

Fee: £2 0s 0d.

FORM B

The Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws  
LIQUOR OFF LICENCE

Bye-law 4.

.....of.....is hereby licensed  
to sell liquor on the premises known as.....  
.....to be consumed elsewhere than on the said premises.

This licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws and to the following conditions:

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

Enugu Urban District Council

Fee: £1 0s 0d.

FORM C

The Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws  
OCCASIONAL LIQUOR LICENCE

Bye-law 4.

.....of.....being the holder  
of a (1).....licence to sell liquor is hereby licensed subject to  
the provision of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws to sell liquor at.....  
.....between the hours of.....and  
.....on the.....

Description.

(2).....subject to the special restrictions and  
conditions endorsed on the back hereof.

State days  
(not to  
exceed three).

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

Enugu Urban District Council

Fee: 2s 6d.

FORM D

Bye-law 7.

*The Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws*

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE (OTHER THAN OCCASIONAL LICENCE)

1. Name of applicant (if company or firm, state full title) ... ..	
2. Age of applicant ... ..	
3. Address of applicant ... ..	
4. Class of licence required ... ..	
5. Description and situation of the premises in respect of which the licence is required ... ..	
6. Where the applicant has previously held any licence authorising the sale of liquor ... .. (State address of premises, class of licence and year in which licence held) ... ..	

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Signature of Applicant*

FORM E

Bye-law 7.

*The Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws*

APPLICATION FOR AN OCCASIONAL LIQUOR LICENCE

1. Name and address of applicant ... ..	
2. Class of licence held by applicant and address of premises ... ..	
3. Details of temporary licence required:—	
(a) Place and date ... ..	
(b) Hours ... ..	
(c) Occasion ... ..	

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Signature of Applicant*

## FORM F

*The Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws*

Bye-law 7.

## APPLICATION FOR THE RENEWAL OF LICENCE

1. Name and address of holder of licence ... ..	
2. Class and number of licence held ... ..	
3. Description and situation of the premises licensed	
4. Was licence transferred from one person to another or from one address to another during its currency? If so give particulars ... ..	
5. Whether any conviction had been endorsed on the current licence since it was issued, and if so, the particulars of each endorsement ... ..	

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Signature of Applicant*

*Note.*—All applications for renewals must be submitted to the Council on or before the 15th December in any year, late fee: 5s

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## FEES PAYABLE IN RESPECT OF LICENCE

	£	s	d	
1. Liquor On Licence ... ..	2	0	0	<i>per annum.</i>
2. Liquor Off Licence ... ..	1	0	0	<i>per annum.</i>
3. Occasional Liquor Licence ... ..	0	2	6	<i>per diem or part thereof.</i>
4. For the transfer of a licence from one person to another or one address to another ... ..	0	5	0.	
5. Late fee in respect of applications for renewals ... ..	0	5	0.	

MADE by resolution of the Council this 29th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed the      day of August, 1953.

L. ATKINSON, *Secretary*W. EBRENYIN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 19th day of September, 1953

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 257 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(SLAUGHTER) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils, by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council:—

Short title  
and appli-  
cation.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council, and also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“animals” includes sheep, goats and cattle;

“market” means those markets set out in the First Schedule hereto.

“council” means the Onitsha Northern District Council;

“slaughter” means killing of animals intended for the food of man but does not include the killing of sheep, goats, or cattle if the meat thereof is not to be exposed for sale or sold.

“slaughter house” means a slaughter house established by or with consent of the Onitsha Northern District Council for the slaughter of animals and shall include a public slaughter slab.

3. No animal shall be slaughtered except in a public slaughter house.

4. No meat of any animal slaughtered in a slaughter house may be exposed for sale or sold in any place other than a market.

5. (1) No person may slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a person duly authorised by the Onitsha Northern District Council in that behalf.

(2) Such permit, which shall be in the form of the Second Schedule hereto, shall issue upon the following conditions:—

(a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Onitsha Northern District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food and

(b) that the fees prescribed in the Third Schedule to these rules have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.

6 (1) No person shall remove the meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house until such meat has been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Onitsha Northern District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food.

(2) Any meat which a person so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Onitsha Northern District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health shall direct.

7. Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter house shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of in such manner as directed all blood, offal, and rubbish of any description and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter house.



8. Any person who shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding seven days for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding a month for each subsequent offence.

9. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered,
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court; and
  - (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court, by a Magistrate Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Area	Market
Umudioka Local Council ... ..	Afor-Igwe, Umudioka.
Umunachi Local Council ... ..	Afor-Igwe, Umudioka.
Otuocha Local Council... ..	Otuocha Market.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Permit to Slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to ..... of .....  
to slaughter the following animals, today the ..... of ..... 19.....

.....  
*Onitsha Northern District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

Animal	Prescribed Fee
	s    d
Cattle per head ... ..	3    0
Sheep and goats per head ... ..	0    6
Swine per head ... ..	1    0

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Northern District Council this 31st day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council this 31st day of July, 1953, in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 8th day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 258 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(WEAPONS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following Bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council.

Short title and application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Weapons) Bye-laws, 1953. These bye-laws shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Onitsha Northern District Council and to all persons while within the area of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definition.

2. In these bye-laws, "weapons" include fire-arms of all descriptions, spears, knives, matchets and other weapons of offence.

Carrying of weapons prohibited in certain places.

3. Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, any person who carries any weapon into a court, market or public meeting or gathering of any kind shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction for a first offence, to a fine not exceeding five shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding ten days, and for subsequent offences to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment not exceeding one month.

Exemptions.

4. The provisions of section 3 of these bye-laws shall not apply in respect to any lawful and recognised ceremonies wherein by the native law and custom the carriage and use of weapons forms an integral part of the ceremony or in respect of carriage of weapon or weapons to and from markets for the purpose of buying or selling such weapon or weapons therein.

5. Nothing in these bye-laws shall be deemed to render it unlawful for a person to carry a weapon while proceeding along a recognised road or path.

MADE by the resolution of the Onitsha Northern District Council, the 31st day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 13th day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1953, is fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 259 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (CARRYING OF LAMPS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Carrying of Lamps) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title.

2. Every person shall either by himself or by a servant or other person accompanying him, carry a lighted lamp whenever moving within the area of the authority of the Urban District Council beyond the precincts of his tenement between the hours of 11.30 p.m. and 5.30 a.m. Lights to be carried between 11.30 p.m. and 5.30 a.m.

Provided that where street lighting is provided and the street lamps are lit, no lighted lamp need be carried as hereinbefore provided.

3. Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of bye-law 2 shall be guilty of an offence and liable, upon summary conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or seven days imprisonment for the first offence, and to a fine of one pound or fourteen days imprisonment for any subsequent offence. Offence and penalty.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 26th day of August, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

L. ATKINSON, Secretary, Enugu Urban District Council

W. EBRENEYIN, Chairman, Enugu Urban District Council

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 15th day of September, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE, Regional Authority

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 44, Vol. 2, dated 15th Oct., 1953—Part B  
E.R. Public Notice No. 260 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR  
LICENSING) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Liquor Licensing) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aba Urban District Council;

“liquor” means palm wine and any kind of description of fermented liquor usually made by the natives of Nigeria or in the adjacent territories;

“court” means a Magistrate’s Court. Definitions

3. Any person who shall sell liquor within the area of the authority of the Council without a licence issued in accordance with these bye-laws or otherwise than on or from the premises specified in such licence shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or imprisonment for six months. Licence for sale of liquor.

4. (1) Licences of the descriptions hereinafter prescribed authorising the sale of liquor subject to the provisions of these bye-laws may be issued by the Council. Types of licences.

(a) “liquor ‘ON’ licence” as in Form A in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor for consumption on the licensed premises; Form A.

(b) “liquor ‘OF’ licence” as in Form B in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor to be consumed off the licensed premises; Form B.

(c) “occasional liquor licence” as in Form C in the First Schedule authorising the sale of liquor on special occasion on such days, during such hours and at such place (not being a place otherwise licensed under these bye-laws) as the Council may approve; Form C.

(d) “permit” as in Form G means an authority empowering the holder to hawk native liquor in licensed premises or in the Council’s approved depot.

(2) An “occasional liquor licence” shall only be granted to the holder of a licence to sell liquor and shall not be granted for any period exceeding three days. The Council shall notify the Senior Police Officer in the area of the issue of the licence and the particulars thereof.

5. Except in the case of an occasional liquor licence every licence issued under these bye-laws shall permit the sale of liquor as follows:— Hours of sale.

(a) On Christmas Day, Good Friday or Sunday, between the hours of 12.30 p.m. and 2 p.m. and 5 p.m. and 8 p.m.; and

(b) on any other day between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m.:

Provided that on application being made to it the Council may after hearing the applicant and the Senior Police Officer in the area, extend the hours during which liquor may be sold on licensed premises on any special occasion.

Licences to expire on 31st December.

Fees: Second Schedule.

Application for Licence. Forms D, E and H.

Conditions of issue and transfer.

Objections.

Powers of Council to impose conditions, etc., or revoke licences.

Transfer of licences.

Second Schedule.

6. (1) Every licence other than an occasional liquor licence shall expire on the 31st December in the year in which it is issued.

(2) The fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall be payable to the Council for licences.

(3) When any licence other than an occasional liquor licence is issued on or after the 1st July in any year, one-half of the above-mentioned licence fees shall be payable.

7. (1) Applications for licences shall be made to the Council as in Forms D, E and H in the First Schedule as the case may be, obtainable from the Council's Office on payment of a fee of 3d per form.

(2) Applications for the renewal of licences shall be made as in Form F in the First Schedule and shall be submitted to the Council not later than the 15th December in any year, and applications submitted after that date will not be considered without payment of a late fee specified in the Second Schedule:

Provided that on the first coming into operation of these bye-laws, applications for the renewal of licences formerly held may be made up to the 31st day of May, 1954, without the payment of any fee.

8. (1) The Council shall not issue a licence or approve the transfer of a licence as hereinafter provided until it has satisfied itself as to the fitness of the applicant to hold the licence and as to the suitability of the premises both as regards structure and locality.

(2) The Council may in its discretion restrict the number of licences either generally or of any particular class to be issued in respect of its area or any part thereof.

9. (1) Any person residing in the district or place in respect of which a licence or renewal is applied for may lodge with the Council his objections to the grant or issue thereof.

(2) In any case in which an objection is so lodged, the Council shall before issuing or refusing to issue any such licence or renewal hold an inquiry and hear both the applicant and objector.

10. The Council may, in its discretion, but subject to the provisions of these bye-laws—

(a) impose and endorse on licences any special condition or restriction which it may consider necessary or advisable;

(b) revoke any licence, if it shall consider that such revocation is necessary or advisable:

Provided that save when a licence is revoked by reason of the licence holder having been convicted of an offence under these bye-laws, or under any other law, a refund of a proportional part of the fee paid for the licence in respect of each complete month of the unexpired period of its currency shall be made.

11. (1) Applications for the transfer of a licence from one person to another or from one address to another may be approved by the Council and all such applications shall be made in writing to the Council.

(2) On the approval of any such transfer by the Council, the fees specified in the Second Schedule shall be payable and the licence shall be altered accordingly by the Council.

12. (1) Every holder of a liquor "ON" or a liquor "OFF" licence shall suspend or affix and maintain over the entrance to the licensed premises a board of not less dimensions than two feet long by eight inches high on which is displayed in legible characters in English the name of the licensee and the class of licence of which he is the holder.

Board to be affixed on licensed premises.

(2) A person who is not licensed under these bye-laws shall not display any board or notice of any kind on his premises suggesting that he is so licensed, and no person being the holder of a licence shall display on his premises any board or notice of any kind suggesting that he is licensed in any other way than that in which he is so duly licensed.

13. Any person being the holder of a licence who—

Offences.

- (a) permits drunkenness or any riotous or quarrelsome conduct on his premises; or
- (b) sells liquor to any person already in a state of intoxication or by any means encourages or excites any person to drink liquor; or
- (c) sells liquor to any child under fourteen years of age in an "on" premises; or
- (d) sells or supplies liquor to any soldier, police officer or railway servant in uniform and on duty or knowingly harbours or suffers to remain on his premises any such soldier, police officer or railway servant, unless, in the case of a police officer, for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or in the execution of his duty; or
- (e) permits his premises to be used as a brothel or to be the habitual resort or place of meeting of prostitutes, or allows any such person to remain on his licensed premises longer than is necessary for the consumption of any liquor purchased; or
- (f) keeps his premises open for the sale of liquor during any time when he is not authorised by his licence to sell liquor or allows liquor to be consumed on such premises during any such time; or
- (g) permits any person to consume liquor on his premises when he does not hold a liquor "ON" licence or sells liquor for consumption off his premises when he does not hold a liquor "OFF" licence; or
- (h) permits gaming or any unlawful game to be played on the licensed premises; or
- (i) refuses to produce his licence when so required by a police officer; or any person authorised by the council; or
- (j) adds to liquor any other alcoholic liquor with a view to increasing the alcoholic content of the former;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction, to a fine of twenty-five pounds or imprisonment for six months.

14. Any person being the holder of a licence or his agent or servant shall refuse to admit to and shall eject from his licensed premises, by force if necessary, any person who is drunken, violent, quarrelsome or disorderly, or any person whose presence on his premises would subject him to a penalty under these bye-laws and any such person who, on being required by such licensed person or his agent or servant or by a police officer to quit such premises, refuses or fails to do so shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds.

Disorderly person on licensed premises.

Drinking on premises during prohibited hours.

15. Any person who—

- (a) not being the occupier or a servant or member of the family of the occupier consumes liquor on licensed premises during the hours when the sale of liquor is prohibited; or
- (b) being found on licensed premises during the hours during which the sale of liquor is prohibited refuses his name and address when demanded by a police officer; or
- (c) knowingly purchases liquor from a person who is not duly licensed to sell the same;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds.

Powers of authorised persons.

16. Any police officer or any person duly authorised in writing by the Council may—

- (a) enter any licensed premises at any time for the purpose of detecting or preventing any breach of the provisions of these bye-laws; and
- (b) at any time require the production of a licence; and
- (c) having reasonable grounds for believing that liquor is being sold by any person not being duly licensed in that behalf, enter and inspect any premises occupied by such person and seize and detain any liquor, together with the receptacle containing same, found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of, any person not being duly licensed whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting of having sold liquor:

Provided that every such seizure and detention shall be forthwith reported to a court having jurisdiction in the area in which such seizure is made.

Forfeiture of liquor.

17. A court may order the forfeiture of any liquor and of the receptacles containing the same, which may be found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of, any person who is convicted of selling liquor in contravention of these bye-laws.

Responsibility of acts of servants and agents.

18. If any person being the manager for, or the servant of, or authorised to act for, a person being the holder of a licence, does any act or thing or is guilty of any omission which if done or omitted by the licence-holder, both such person and the licence-holder shall be guilty of that offence and, on conviction therefore, liable to the penalties prescribed by these bye-laws for such offence, whether such act, thing or omission was done or made with or without the knowledge or consent of the licence-holder.

Endorsement of licence.

19. (1) Every conviction under these bye-laws of a licence-holder shall be endorsed on his licence by the court and the licence-holder shall produce his licence to the court for such purpose.

(2) Whenever a licence-holder is convicted of an offence the court may in addition to any other penalty, cancel his licence.

(3) Every applicant for the renewal of a licence shall, if so required by the Council, produce that licence for inspection.

(4) In the case of a renewal of a licence, all convictions endorsed on such licence in respect of offences during the two years preceding such renewal shall be transferred to the renewed licence.

(5) Any person who—

- (a) fails, refuses or neglects to produce his licence as required by these bye-laws; or
- (b) without proper authority obliterates or alters a licence or any endorsement thereon;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or imprisonment for six months.

FIRST SCHEDULE

FORM A

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953  
LIQUOR "ON" LICENCE

Bye-law 4.

..... of ..... is hereby licensed to sell liquor on the premises known as ..... to be consumed on the said premises.

This licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws and to the following special conditions:—

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

*Aba Urban District Council*

Fee: £3 0s 0d.

FORM B

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953  
LIQUOR "OFF" LICENCE

Bye-law 4

..... of ..... is hereby licensed to sell liquor on the premises known as ..... to be consumed elsewhere than on the said premises.

This licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws and to the following conditions:—

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

*Aba Urban District Council*

Fee: £2 0s 0d.

FORM C

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953  
OCCASIONAL LIQUOR LICENCE

Bye-law 4.

..... of ..... being the holder of a (1)..... licence to sell liquor is hereby licensed, subject to the provision of the Liquor (Sales) Bye-laws, to sell liquor at ..... between the hours of ..... and ..... on the (2)..... subject to the special restrictions and conditions endorsed on the back hereof.

Description.

State days (not to exceed three).

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

*Aba Urban District Council*

Fee: 2s 6d.



FORM D

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 7.

APPLICATION FOR A LICENCE (OTHER THAN AN OCCASIONAL LICENCE)

1. Name of applicant (if company or firm, state full title) ... ..	
2. Age of applicant ... ..	
3. Address of applicant ... ..	
4. Class of licence required ... ..	
5. Description and situation of the premises in respect of which the licence is required ... ..	
6. Whether the applicant has previously held any licence authorising the sale of liquor ... .. (State address of premises, class of licence and year in which licence held) ... ..	

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

Signature of Applicant

FORM E

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 7.

APPLICATION FOR AN OCCASIONAL LIQUOR LICENCE

1. Name and address of applicant and address of premises ... ..	
2. Class of licence held by applicant and address of premises ... ..	
3. Details of temporary licence required:— (a) Place and date ... .. (b) Hours ... .. (c) Occasion ... ..	

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....

Signature of Applicant

FORM F

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 7.

APPLICATION FOR THE RENEWAL OF LICENCE

1. Name and address of holder of licence ... ..	
2. Class and number of licence held ... ..	
3. Description and situation of the premises licensed	
4. Was licence transferred from one person to another or from one address to another during its currency? If so give particulars ... ..	
5. Whether any conviction had been endorsed on the current licence since it was issued, and if so, the particulars of each endorsement ... ..	

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Signature of Applicant*

*Note.*—All applications for renewals must be submitted to the Council on or before the 15th December in any year, late fee: 5s.

FORM G

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 7

*Hawkers' Permit*

Name.....of.....is hereby

permitted to hawk Native Liquor during the period.....19.....

to.....19.....in the following depots.....

.....  
or to licensed bar owner only in the Township of Aba.

*Fee:* 15s per quarter.

.....  
*Secretary, Aba Urban District Council*

FORM H

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR LICENSING)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

Bye-law 7.

APPLICATION FOR A HAWKERS' LICENCE

1. Name of applicant ... ..	...	...	...	...
2. Address of applicant ... ..	...	...	...	...
3. Age of applicant ... ..	...	...	...	...
4. Description of depots for which permit is required	...	...	...	...
5. Whether applicant has previously held a hawker's Permit	...	...	...	...

DATED this ..... day of ....., 19.....

.....  
*Signature of Applicant*

SECOND SCHEDULE

FEE PAYABLE IN RESPECT OF LICENCE

	£	s	d	
1. Liquor "ON" Licence ... ..	3	0	0	<i>per annum.</i>
2. Liquor "OFF" Licence ... ..	2	0	0	<i>per annum.</i>
3. Occasional Liquor Licence ... ..	0	2	6	<i>per diem or part thereof.</i>
4. For the transfer of a licence from one person to another or one address to another ... ..	0	10	0.	
5. Late fee in respect of applications for renewals ... ..	0	10	0.	
6. Hawkers' Permit ... ..	0	15	0	<i>per quarter.</i>

MADE by resolution of the Council this 31st day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed the 31st day of July, 1953, in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. QBIOHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 13th day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 261 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ANDONI NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Andoni Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Andoni Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Andoni Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Andoni Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eight shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Andoni Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon Education Scheme within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member or a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Andoni Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Andoni Native Authority the 20th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibiho Native Authority in the presence of:—

S. J. MBABA, *Secretary*

JONATHAN. I. EDEH,  
*on behalf of himself and others of  
Andoni Native Authority*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 262 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBIBIO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibibio Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibibio Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ibibio Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ibibio Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eighteen shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ibibio Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon Education Scheme within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ibibio Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 and 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ibibio Native Authority the 15th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibibio Native Authority in the presence of:—

M. P. UDOH, *Secretary*

NTUEN IBOK, *President*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 263 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OPOBO TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Opopo Town Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Opopo Town Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Opopo Town Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Opopo Town Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of five shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Opopo Town Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon Education Scheme within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.



9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Opobo Town Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Opobo Town Native Authority the 18th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Opobo Town Native Authority in the presence of:

F. THOS. JAJA, *Secretary,*  
*Opobo Town Native Authority*

D. JAJA, *President,*  
*Opobo Town Native Authority*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 266 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948 (No. 38 of 1948)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Port Harcourt Town Council by section 44 of the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the following order is hereby made with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Provinces, to whom the Governor has delegated his powers of approval:—

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt Township (Half-yearly) Rate (No. 2) Order, 1953.
2. A Township rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements in the Township for the period of six months commencing on the 1st day of October, 1953, and ending on the 31st March, 1954.
3. The said rate shall be one shilling and three pence in the pound of the annual value of the tenements in respect of the period.
4. The payment of the said rate shall become due and payable at the office of the Town Clerk within thirty days from the publication of this order in the *Gazette*.
5. The following tenements shall be exempt from the payment of the said rate:—
  - (a) Cemeteries.
  - (b) Tenements used exclusively for the purpose of public worship.
  - (c) Public Recreation Grounds.
  - (a) Tenements occupied by Government Schools, Teacher-Training Institutions or any School or Teacher-Training Institution which is in receipt of a grant-in-aid under the provisions of the Education Ordinance, 1948, in so far as such tenements are used for educational purposes.

MADE at Port Harcourt this 15th day of September, 1953, by the Port Harcourt Town Council.

W. E. IWARIMIE JAJA,  
*Acting Town Clerk*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 265 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ABA  
URBAN DISTRICT COOUNCIL**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Aba Urban District Council and published as Eastern Regional Public Notice No. 92 of 1953, is hereby amended by inserting the following paragraph after paragraph 11 (x) thereof and renumbering the present paragraphs (xi), (xii), (xiii) and (xiv) as paragraphs (xii), (xiii), (xiv) and (xv) respectively:

“(x) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and”

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 9th day of October, 1953.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**THE ABAKALIKI DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) (AMENDMENT) RULES, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (*xxxi*) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1953.

N.A. Public Notice No. 31 of 1951.

2. The Abakaliki Division (Education Rating) Rules, 1951, are hereby amended by the deletion of the words "three shillings" in the second and third lines of rule 3 thereof, and the substitution therefor of the words "fourteen shillings."

3. This amendment shall have effect for the financial year ending on 31st March, 1954, and subsequent financial years unless and until further amended or revoked.

MADE the 30th day of July, 1953, under the Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

N. M. AGADA, *Secretary*

J. N. NWANKWO, *President*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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E.R. Public Notice No. 267 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (ALIENATION  
OF LAND) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council (Alienation of land) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

(2) These bye-laws shall not apply to any transaction concerning land completed before the 1st day of November, 1953.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“the area” except where the context otherwise requires means the area of the authority of the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“the council” means the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“native of the area” means any person who is eligible by native law and custom to inherit land or the use of land within the area;

“registration clerk” means the person appointed by the Council to be registration clerk for the purpose of these bye-laws;

“transaction concerning land” means any sale, lease, gift, *inter vivos*, mortgage, pledge or other transaction whereby an interest in land or any trees thereon situate within the area passes;

“good cause” shall mean that the transaction is one which is not in the best interest of the natives of the area.

3. (1) Before any transaction concerning land is entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area the parties thereto shall:—

Pre-requi-  
sites of  
transaction  
concerning  
land.

(a) appear in person before the Council and announce in public their intention of entering into such a transaction;

(b) state the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto;

(c) give description of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council.

(2) The Council shall record in writing in a book kept for the purpose the particulars given by the parties under the preceding sub-bye-law.

(3) The Council shall, except for good cause which shall be communicated to the parties, give its approval to such transaction, and shall record such approval in writing.

(4) If the Council shall, for good cause, withhold its approval, it shall record in writing its reasons for doing so.

(5) The Council shall, on request by the parties, supply a copy of the record made under the preceding sub-paragraphs of this bye-law.

4. If the Council shall give its consent to the transaction the parties shall prepare or cause to be prepared an instrument which shall be in writing and shall:—

(a) set out the full names and address of the parties thereto;

- (b) contain a description or plan of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council;
- (c) set out the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto as approved by the Council;
- (d) be signed by the parties thereto in the presence of one or more literate witnesses who shall subscribe his or their names thereto, and shall present such instrument to the Council within sixty days of the date on which such approval was given, for endorsement of the approval of the Council thereon.

(2) If the Council is satisfied that the instrument complies with the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this bye-law, it shall, upon payment of five shillings endorse its approval thereon. Such endorsement shall be signed by such person or persons as may be entitled to sign instruments on behalf of the Council.

Transaction concerning land not entered into in accordance with these bye-laws to be null and void.

5. (1) Any transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area except in accordance with the provisions of bye-laws 3 and 4 hereof shall be null and void.

(2) Any native of the area who shall enter into a transaction concerning land in contravention of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and liable, upon conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Any person not a native of the area who shall acquire an interest in land belonging to a native of the area shall be guilty of an offence unless such interest is evidenced by an instrument registered in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws, and shall be liable upon conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(4) Any person not a native of the area who, being lawfully in possession of land belonging to a native shall, after the coming into force of these bye-laws, sell, lease, assign or otherwise part with possession of the said land or any part thereof, without approval of the Council obtained in accordance with these bye-laws, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or imprisonment for two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Unlawful possession. Procedure for ejectment.

6. Where it shall appear to the Council that any person not a native of the area is in possession of land belonging to a native of the area in contravention of these bye-laws, the Council may cause a summons to be issued to such person, requiring him to appear before a court and to prove that his possession is not in contravention of these bye-laws. If on the hearing of such summons the court find that such person is in possession of the land in contravention of these bye-laws the court shall order such person to give up possession of the land, and shall issue such process as may be necessary for enforcing such order.

Transaction concerning land to be registered.

7. (1) Every person not a native of the area executing an instrument relating to a transaction concerning land shall, within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Council was endorsed thereon, register the instrument with the Council.

(2) Registration shall be effected, subject to bye-law 10 of these bye-laws by leaving the instrument, together with a true copy thereof and a fee of fifteen shillings with the registration clerk at the office of the Council.

8. Every instrument relating to a transaction concerning land, entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area executed after the coming into force of these bye-laws, shall be void unless the same shall be registered within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Council was endorsed thereon:

Instrument.  
void for  
want of  
registration.

Provided that the Council may extend such period if it is satisfied that registration has been delayed without fault or neglect on the part of the party acquiring the right or interest in the land in question, by endorsement upon the instrument.

9. Upon receipt of the instrument and the copy thereof and the registration fee the registration clerk shall endorse upon the instrument an endorsement in the form of Form A of the Schedule to these bye-laws and shall examine the instrument and compare it with the copy and if he shall find that the instrument complies with the provisions of these bye-laws and that the copy is a true copy thereof, he shall register the instrument by endorsing upon it and upon the copy thereof an endorsement in the form of Form B of the Schedule to the bye-laws and shall paste or bind the said copy in a register book kept for the purpose.

Registration.

10. (1) Where upon an examination of the instrument and the copy thereof lodged for registration the registration clerk shall find that the instrument is one which is declared by these bye-laws to be void or which does not comply with the provisions of these bye-laws, or that the copy is not a true copy; he shall give written notice to the person lodging the same for registration, specifying the particular requirement or requirements which have not been complied with.

When  
instrument  
cannot be  
registered.

(2) Until the requirements specified in the notice have been complied with registration shall not be effected.

11. An endorsement on an instrument that it has been registered, signed by the registration clerk, and in addition by each person or persons as may be entitled to sign documents on behalf of the Council, under provisions of the standing rules of the Council, shall be proof of registration under the provisions of these bye-laws until the contrary is shown.

Proof of  
registration.

12. No instrument relating to a transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area after the coming into force of these bye-laws shall be admissible as evidence in any court unless it has been registered in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 7 of these bye-laws.

Unregis-  
tered  
instrument  
not admis-  
sible in  
evidence.

13. The Council shall, at the request of any party to an intended transaction concerning land between a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area, and on payment of a fee of ten shillings and sixpence, cause a written instrument to be prepared to give effect to the wishes of the parties.

SCHEDULE  
FORM A

Presented for registration by.....(name).....of Rule 9.  
.....(place of abode).....this.....day of.....19.....

Registration Clerk

FORM B

Registered this.....day of.....195.....as Rule 9.  
No.....at Page.....in Volume.....of the  
Southern Ngwa Rural District Council Registry at.....

Registration Clerk, for and on behalf of  
the Southern Ngwa District Council

MADE under the Seal of the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council this 24th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council affixed in the presence of :

B. N. ENEOGWE, *Secretary*

M. W. UBANI, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 24th day of September, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNARD  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 268 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

In exercise of the powers of the Governor under section 66 of the Townships Ordinance, which powers have been delegated to Lieutenant-Governors, the following order is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title.

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt Township (Declaration of Open Spaces) Order, 1953.

2. It is hereby ordered that those lands the limits and situation of which are set forth in the Schedule hereto shall constitute open spaces.

SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Port Harcourt in the Rivers Province of Nigeria containing an area of approximately 3,601 acres the boundaries of which are described below:—

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBO. 3063, the co-ordinates of which are 2283.31 feet south and 3241.52 feet east of a concrete pillar marked as the origin of Port Harcourt Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines, the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBO. 3063	176° 38'	414.2 feet	PBO. 3062
PBO. 3062	266° 59'	327.5 "	PBB. 766
PBB. 766	356° 38'	415.7 "	PBO. 3064
PBO. 3064	267° 15'	25.0 "	PBO. 3305
PBO. 3305	356° 37'	59.5 "	PBO. 3201
PBO. 3201	87° 15'	352.5 "	a point called A.

Thence on a bearing of 175° 57' for a distance of 59.5 feet to PBO. 3063 the starting point.

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

3. Public Notice No. 9 of 1948 as published in the Supplement to the *Nigeria Gazette* No. 5 dated 15th January, 1948, is hereby cancelled.

MADE at Enugu this 26th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 269 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IGBO-EZE NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Igbo-Eze Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Igbo-Eze Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Igbo-Eze Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Igbo-Eze Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of one shilling per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. The rate shall be paid annually by each rate-payer to the person appointed for the purpose by the Native Authority, and shall be paid by him into the Igbo-Eze Native Treasury.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rule 9 or 10 may be taken by the Native Authority—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Igbo-Eze Native Authority the 25th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Igbo-Eze Native Authority in the presence of:

E. N. ESIGBU, *Clerk of the Council*

P. O. ABBAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 21st day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 270 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IGBO-ETITI NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (1) (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of one shilling per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. The rate shall be paid annually by each rate-payer to the person appointed for the purpose by the Native Authority, and shall be paid by him into the Igbo-Etiti Native Treasury.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten shillings or to imprisonment for one week for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for two weeks for each subsequent offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rule 9 or 10 may be taken by the Native Authority—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority the 8th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority in the presence of:  
BEN AARON O. IBEGBU, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Igbo-Etiti Native Authority*

S. U. OSHOKO, *Chairman,*  
*Igbo-Etiti Native Authority*

APPROVED this 21st day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 271 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UZO-UWANI NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (1) (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of two shillings per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required of him to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. The rate shall be paid annually by each rate-payer to the person appointed for the purpose by the Native Authority, and shall be paid by him into the Uzo-Uwani Native Treasury.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon Public Services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten shillings or to imprisonment for one week for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for two weeks for each subsequent offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rule 9 or 10 may be taken by the Native Authority—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority the 22nd day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority in the presence of:

BEN AARON O. IBEGBU, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

J. IFEANYA, *Chairman,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority.*

APPROVED this 21st day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 272 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISI-UZO NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isi-Uzo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isi-Uzo Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Isi-Uzo Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isi-Uzo Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of one shilling per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. The rate shall be paid annually by each rate-payer to the person appointed for the purpose by the Native Authority, and shall be paid by him into the Isi-Uzo Native Treasury.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rule 9 or 10 may be taken by the Native Authority—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isi-Uzo Native Authority the 18th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Isi-Uzo Native Authority in the presence of:

E. N. ESIObU, *Clerk of the Council*

T. O. AGBO, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 21st day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 273 of 1953.

*The Native Authority Ordinance*

THE IKOM DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Ikom Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikom Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ikom Divisional Native Authority and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Ikom Divisional Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing in or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ikom Divisional Native Authority shall pay a local rate of sixteen shillings and sixpence.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Ikom Divisional Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority except that the cost of collecting the rates as determined by the Native Authority may be defrayed from the proceeds of the rate.

8. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. Any rate-collector appointed by the Native Authority under rule 4 who:—

(a) fails to deposit with the Ikom Divisional Native Treasury the sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns whether orally or in writing, of the number of rate-payers or the amounts of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him as a rate-collector, shall be liable to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for six months or both.

10. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE the 30th day of April, 1953, at Ikom.

MADE by resolution of the Ikom Divisional Native Authority this 30th day of April, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ikom Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:—

S. M. OYAMA, *Secretary*

R. O. OREM, *Vice-Chairman*

AUTHORISED to sign on behalf of the Ikom Divisional Native Authority in accordance with section 27 (2) of the Native Authority Ordinance by an authorisation signed by the Resident, Ogoja Province and dated the 20th day of April, 1953.

APPROVED this 24th day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,

*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 274 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*  
NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa District Council.

These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Northern Ngwa District Council shall pay a fee of seven shillings and sixpence to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Northern Ngwa District Council.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Northern Ngwa District Council and the payer may if she wishes transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Northern Ngwa District Council Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Northern Ngwa District Council Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of seven shillings and sixpence which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by bye-law 2.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address, and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by the secretary of the Northern Ngwa District Council.

MADE by resolution of the Northern Ngwa District Council the 28th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 24th day of September, 1953.

BY virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 275 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE  
AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Degema Division) Notice, 1953.

2. The following offices of Native Authority designated in the third column of the Schedule hereto are hereby constituted in the Degema Division of the Rivers Province and are subordinate to the Native Authority set forth in the fourth column of the said Schedule opposite to their names.

3. There is hereby appointed to each of such offices the Council specified in the fifth column of the said Schedule opposite to their names and whose respective areas of jurisdiction are set forth in the sixth column of the said Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Province	Division	Designation	Subordinate or	Members of Native Authority	Area
Rivers	Degema	Buguma Town N.A.	Kalabari N.A.	Buguma Town Council	Buguma Town and Harry's Town area and settlements.
		Abonnema Town N.A.	do.	Abonnema Town Council	Abonnema Town area and settlements.
		Bakana Town N.A.	do.	Bakana Town Council	Bakana Town area and settlements.
		Tombia Town N.A.	do.	Tombia Town Council	Tombia Town area and settlements.
		Bille Town N.A.	N.A.	Bille Town Council	Bille Town area and settlements.
		Abalama-Ifoko N.A.	do.	Abalama-Ifoko Group Council	Abalama, Ifoko, Ido and Sama Village areas and settlements.
		Udekama N.A.	do.	Udekama Group Council	Opu-Degema, Kala-Degema and Obonoma Village areas and settlements.
		Northern Group N.A.	do.	Northern Group Council	Bukuma, Old Bakana, Oporoma, Teima, Ilelema and Okpo Village areas and settlements.

Province	Division	Designation	Subordinate to	Members of Native Authority	Area
Rivers	Degema	Central Group N.A.	Kalabari N.A.	Central Group Council	Sangana, Krakrama, Mimima and Angulema Village areas and settlements.
		Western Group N.A.	do.	Western Group Council	Soku, Idama and Orusangana Village areas and settlements.
		Southern Group N.A.	do.	Southern Group Council	Kalu, Kie and Abissa Village areas and settlements.
		Okrika Town N.A.	Okrika N.A.	Okrika Town Council	Okrika Town and settlement.
		Ogu Town N.A.	do.	Ogu Town Council	Ogu and Ele Towns and settlements.
		Ogoloma Town N.A.	do.	Ogoloma Town Council	Ogoloma Town and settlements.
		Bolo Town N.A.	do.	Bolo Town Council	Bolo Town and settlements.
		Ibaka-Ogbogbo Town N.A.	do.	Ibaka-Ogbogbo Town Council	Ibaka and Ogbogbo Towns and settlements.
		Abuloma Town N.A.	do.	Abuloma Town Council	Abuloma Town and settlements.

GIVEN at Enugu this 22nd day of September, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 276 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BENDE DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bende Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bende Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Bende Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Bende Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person of or above the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of Bende Divisional Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of the amount laid down for the area in which he resides or carries on his business in the Schedule attached to these rules.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Authority Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.



9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Bende Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

SCHEDULE

	<i>Federal Area</i>							<i>Rate</i>		
								£	s	d
Odida Anyanwu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	0
Elu Elu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	12	6
Owuwa Anyanwu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	12	6
Ala Ala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0
Itu Clan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0

MADE by the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 8th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

N. A. NDU, *Secretary,*  
Bende Divisional Native Authority

A. O. CHIKWENDU, *President,*  
Bende Divisional Native Authority

APPROVED this 1st day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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E.R. Public Notice No. 277 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ASA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Asa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Asa Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Asa Native Authority.

2. In these rules :—

“native authority” means the Asa Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eight shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive as and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ukwa Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon general educational development schemes for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Asa and Ndoki Native Authority areas and on no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Ukwa Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Asa Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE by the Asa Native Authority the 27th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Asa Native Authority in the presence of:

A. P. NKWONTA, *Clerk-of-Council*

J. E. ADIELE, *Chairman*  
A. W. NWAGBARA, *Member*  
H. D. EKWULUO, *Member*

APPROVED this 1st day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 278 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NDOKI NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ndoki Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ndoki Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ndoki Native Authority.
2. In these rules:—
  - “native authority” means the Ndoki Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
  - “rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eight shillings per year.
4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.
5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.
  - (2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—
    - (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
    - (b) to collect and receive as and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
    - (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ukwa Native Treasury; and
    - (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.
6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon general educational development schemes for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Asa and Ndoki Native Authority areas and on no other purpose.

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presence of:

DIELE, *Chairman*  
WAGBARA, *Member*  
EKWULUO, *Member*

MACKENZIE,  
*Secretary, Eastern Region*

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ukwa Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Ndoki Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE by the Ndoki Native Authority the 27th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ndoki Native Authority in the presence of:

A. P. NKWONTA, *Clerk-of-Council*

A. E. SHEBBE, *Chairman*  
 D. E. S. JUMBO, *Member*  
 A. A. NNATAH, *Member*

APPROVED this 1st day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 279 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

Under powers invested in this Council by subsection (i) section 35A of the Native Authority Ordinance, we the Southern Annang Native Authority do hereby appoint, subject to the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, the Committees set out in Schedule I for the better regulation and management of our duties. Their terms of reference are set out in Schedule II.

SCHEDULE I

Committees appointed subject to the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, are:—

- (i) Finance Committee.
- (ii) Education Committee.
- (iii) Assessment Committee.
- (iv) General Purposes Committee.

SCHEDULE II

FINANCE COMMITTEE

To keep a constant watch on all services, to see that no money is voted by the Council without full knowledge of its necessity and of its financial consequences, and that money so voted is applied to the approved purposes and is spent in accordance with the directions of the Councils or the Committees as the case may be.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

1. To study the problem of Education Rating and correlate information received thereto, and to analyse such results and recommend the amount of rate to be imposed and recommend the allocation of the grants to be made.
2. To recommend the award of scholarships.
3. To recommend on all matters pertaining to the efficient management of the Native Administration Schools.

ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

To carry out duties imposed upon the Native Authority under section 12 (i) Direct Taxation Ordinance Cap. 54.

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

1. To recommend expenditure subject to the overriding authority of the Finance Committee, from—
  - (a) Maintenance or Buildings Vote, Head IX Item 2.
  - (b) Works projects under Works Extraordinary, Head XVI.
  - (c) Roads and Bridges, Head IX Items 3 and 4.
2. To interview and select contractors for buildings works.
3. To carry out inspection of road works and buildings through the Works Overseer and Roads Overseer.
4. Recommend certificates of satisfactory completion in consultation with the Works Overseer.

MADE under the Seal of the Southern Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Southern Annang Native Authority on this 14th March, 1953.

E. ESHETT, *Secretary to the Council*

IWOK ETUK, *President*

APPROVED under the powers invested in me by section 35A of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140).

I, DAVID SMITH, Acting Resident, Calabar Province, do hereby approve the appointment of the Committees set out in Schedule I with the terms of reference as laid down in Schedule II.

D. SMITH,  
*Ag. Resident, Calabar Province*

E.R. Public Notice No. 280 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

Under powers invested in this Council by subsection (i) section 35A of the Native Authority Ordinance, we the Western Annang Native Authority do hereby appoint, subject to the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, the Committees set out in Schedule I for the better regulation and management of our duties. Their terms of reference are set out in Schedule II.

SCHEDULE I

Committees appointed subject to the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, are:—

- (i) Finance Committee.
- (ii) Education Committee.
- (iii) Assessment Committee.
- (iv) General Purposes Committee.

SCHEDULE II

FINANCE COMMITTEE

To keep a constant watch on all services, to see that no money is voted by the Council without full knowledge of its necessity and of its financial consequences, and that money so voted is applied to the approved purposes and is spent in accordance with the directions of the Councils or the Committees as the case may be.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

- 1. To study the problem of Education Rating and correlate information received thereto, and to analyse such results and recommend the amount of rate to be imposed and recommend the allocation of the grants to be made.
- 2. To recommend the award of scholarships.
- 3. To recommend on all matters pertaining to the efficient management of the Native Administration Schools.

ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

To carry out duties imposed upon the Native Authority under section 12 (i) Direct Taxation Ordinance Cap. 54.

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

- 1. To recommend expenditure subject to the overriding authority of the Finance Committee, from—
  - (a) Maintenance or Buildings Vote, Head IX Item 2.
  - (b) Works projects under Works Extraordinary, Head XVI.
  - (c) Roads and Bridges, Head IX Items 3 and 4.
- 2. To interview and select contractors for building works.
- 3. To carry out inspection of roads works and buildings through the Works Overseer and Roads Overseer.
- 4. Recommend certificates of satisfactory completion in consultation with the Works Overseer.

MADE under the Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority on this 14th day of March, 1953.

E. ESHETT, *Secretary to the Council*

JIMMY ETUKUDO UKPANAH, *President*

APPROVED under the powers invested in me by section 35A of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140).

I, DAVID SMITH, Acting Resident, Calabar Province, do hereby approve the appointment of the Committees set out in Schedule I with the terms of reference as laid down in Schedule II.

D. SMITH,  
*Ag. Resident, Calabar Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 281 of 1953.*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

Under powers invested in this Council by subsection (i) section 35A of the Native Authority Ordinance, we the Northern Annang Native Authority do hereby appoint, subject to the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, the Committees set out in Schedule I for the better regulation and management of our duties. Their terms of reference are set out in Schedule II.

SCHEDULE I

Committees appointed subject to the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, are:—

- (i) Finance Committee.
- (ii) Education Committee.
- (iii) Assessment Committee.
- (iv) General Purposes Committee.

SCHEDULE II

FINANCE COMMITTEE

To keep a constant watch on all services, to see that no money is voted by the Council without full knowledge of its necessity and of its financial consequences, and that money so voted is applied to the approved purposes and is spent in accordance with the directions of the Councils or the Committees as the case may be.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

1. To study the problem of Education Rating and correlate information received thereto, and to analyse such results and recommend the amount of rate to be imposed and recommend the allocation of the grants to be made.
2. To recommend the award of scholarships.
3. To recommend on all matters pertaining to the efficient management of the Native Administration Schools.

ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

To carry out duties imposed upon the Native Authority under section 12 (i) Direct Taxation Ordinance Cap. 54.

GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE

1. To recommend expenditure subject to the overriding authority of the Finance Committee, from—
  - (a) Maintenance or Buildings Vote, Head IX Item 2.
  - (b) Works projects under Works Extraordinary, Head XVI.
  - (c) Roads and Bridges, Head IX Items 3 and 4.
2. To interview and select contractors for building works.
3. To carry out inspection of roads works and buildings through the Works Overseer and Roads Overseer.
4. Recommend certificates of satisfactory completion in consultation with the Works Overseer.

MADE under the Seal of the Northern Annang Native Authority this 14th day of March, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Northern Annang Native Authority on this 14th day of March, 1953.

E. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council*

J. A. IBANGA, *President*

APPROVED under the powers invested in me by section 35A of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140).

I, DAVID SMITH, Acting Resident, Calabar Province, do hereby approve the appointment of the Committees set out in Schedule I with the terms of reference as laid down in Schedule II.

D. SMITH,  
*Ag. Resident, Calabar Province.*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 282 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance Chapter 140*

THE ISUOCHI NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) RULES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following rules have been made by the Isuochi Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| Short title and application.                             | 1. These rules may be cited as the Isuochi Federated Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Isuochi Federated Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.  |
| Definitions.   | 2. In these rules:— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) "impound" with its grammatical variations means take and confine in an area or place appointed by the Isuochi Federated Native Authority to be a pound for any area or portion to which these rules apply;</li> <li>(b) "native authority" means Isuochi Federated Native Authority;</li> <li>(c) "poundmaster" means a person appointed in writing by the Isuochi Federated Native Authority to have charge of a pound.</li> </ul> |
| Prohibition of keeping of animals within specified area. | 3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young set out in the First Schedule to these rules to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Isuochi Federated Native Authority unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried.   |
| Impounding of animals by authorised persons.             | 4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water.  |
| Claim and release.                                       | 5. Any cattle, ram, ewe, wether, goat, pig, duck or drake, or their young if found straying within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority, may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the Native Authority.  |
| Sale of unclaimed impounded animal.                      | 6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in Second Schedule hereto.  |
| Proviso  | 7. Subject to the provision of the last preceding rule any impounded animal which is unclaimed within seven days after the date of impounding shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the Native Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed after the reduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under Rule 6 of these rules.   |
|  | 8. Provided that no claim for payment shall be entertained after six months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.  |
|  | 9. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these rules shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for two weeks.  |
|  | 10. These rules shall apply only during the periods set out in the Third Schedule hereto.  |

10. The penalties and expenses under these rules shall be imposed or ordered:

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle	Wethers
Rams	Goats
Ewes	Pigs
Ducks	Drakes

SECOND SCHEDULE

For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	£	s	d
For every duck or drake impounded ... ..	0	5	0
For every other animal impounded ... ..	0	0	6
	0	2	0

Note:—The penalties form part of the revenue of the Native Authority.

*Expenses of Keep*

For every head of cattle impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	2	0
For every duck or drake impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	0	6
For every other animal impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	1	0

Note:—The expenses to pay to the Poundmaster for his own use. Days to be reckoned from the hour of impounding.

THIRD SCHEDULE

The period of application of these rules shall be:

- (i) in respect of cattle and pigs—throughout the year.
- (ii) in respect of other animals—from 1st March to 30th November, inclusive.

MADE under the Seal of the Isuochi Federated Native Authority, this 25th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Isuochi Federated Native Authority on the 25th day of July, 1953, in the presence of:

H. I. A. UGWU, *Secretary*

J. O. CHUKUMERIJE, *President*

OKORIE UDE  
MOSES CHUKU

H. I. A. UGWU, *Witness* ONYENEKE EJIM, *His R.T.I.* } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 1st day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 283 of 1953*

*The Land and Native Rights Ordinance (Chapter 105)*

CONTROL OF SETTLEMENTS REGULATIONS  
(NO. 1 OF 1950)

Regulations  
No. 1 of  
1950.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by regulation 3 (1) of the Native Authority (Control of Settlements) Regulations, 1949, the Wimbu Native Authority, with the approval of the Resident, Bamenda Province, hereby declares the portion of land described in the Schedule hereto to be a settlement area.

SCHEDULE

An area of 1,057 acres to the West of the Ndu-Bamenda road known as Nchugogwu Ndu and enclosed by the following boundaries.

From pillar M. 4074, which is the most southerly point of the area touching the Ndu-Bamenda road, on a bearing of  $290^{\circ} 39'$  for 304.1' to pillar M. 4075. From pillar M. 4075 on a bearing of  $293^{\circ} 31'$  for 825.6' to pillar M. 4076, which is situated on the Memfu stream. Following the Memfu stream in a west and north-westerly direction passing pillars M. 4077, M. 4078, M. 4079 and reaching pillar M. 4081, situated at the junction of the Memfu and Mbi streams. Following the Mbi stream in a north-easterly direction to pillar M. 4084 situated at the junction of the Mbi and Makakara streams. Then up Makakara stream in an East, South and South-easterly direction to pillar M. 4086. From pillar M. 4086 on a bearing of  $143^{\circ} 27'$  for 186.2' to pillar M. 4087. From pillar M. 4087 on a bearing of  $118^{\circ} 18'$  for 498.1' to pillar M. 4088. From pillar M. 4088 on a bearing of  $129^{\circ} 57'$  for 113.6' to pillar M. 4089 situated to the west of the Ndu-Bamenda road. From pillar M. 4089 following the road in a Southerly direction to pillar M. 4074.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 21st day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 21st day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

*R. S BOMA, Secretary,  
Wimbu Native Authority*

*W. MFOMI, President,  
Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 17th day of September, 1953.

*A. B. WESTMACOTT,  
Acting Resident, Bamenda Province*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 47, Vol. 2, dated 5th Nov, 1953—Part B

E.R. Public Notice No. 284 of 1953.

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE SOUTHERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Southern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Southern Annang Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Southern Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Southern Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of two shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Southern Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Southern Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Southern Annang Native Authority this 12th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Southern Annang Native Authority on 12th day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

E. ESHIETT, *Secretary to the Council*

IWOK ETUK, *His R.T.I., President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 285 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EASTERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Eastern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Annang Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Eastern Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Eastern Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Eastern Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Eastern Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Eastern Annang Native Authority this 12th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Eastern Annang Native Authority on 12th day of August, 1953 in the presence of:  
D. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council*

UDO EKONG, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 286 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NORTHERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Northern Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Northern Annang Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Northern Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Northern Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Northern Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.



9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Northern Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Northern Annang Native Authority this 12th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Northern Annang Native Authority on 12th day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

S. A. ESSIEN, *Secretary to the Council*

J. A. IBANGA, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 287 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WESTERN ANNANG NATIVE AUTHORITY (GENERAL  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Annang Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Western Annang Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native-authority” means the Western Annang Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of two shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Western Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Western Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority this 12th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority on 12th day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

E. A. UDOM *Secretary to the Council*

J. O. IBUOT, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 288 of 1953*

*The Native Courts Ordinance (Chapter 142)*

It is hereby notified in pursuance of section 48 of the Native Courts Ordinance that the jurisdiction and power of all Native Courts established in the Eastern Region is as indicated in the Schedule hereto.

All particulars which relate to the Native Courts, Eastern Region which appear in the Schedule to Government Notice 1724 of the 28th of December, 1938, are hereby revoked.

**SCHEDULE**

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>BAMENDA PROVINCE</b>				
Bamenda	Alkali's Court	C (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Bani Native Court	D (limited)	—	do.
	Bamenda South-Eastern Native Court	C (limited)	—	do.
	Bamenda South-Eastern Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Bufu Native Court	D (limited)	—	Bamenda South-Eastern Native Court of Appeal.
	Ndop Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Nsaw Native Court	do.	—	do.
	South-Western Federation Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	South-Western Federation Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Menemo Native Court	D (limited)	—	Southern-Western Federation Native Court of Appeal.
	Moghamo Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ngemba Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ngwi Native Court	do.	—	do.
Ngwaw Native Court	do.	—	do.	

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>BAMENDA PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Nkambe ..	Alkali's Court	C (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Kaka Native Court	D (limited)	—	do.
	Mbaw Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbembe Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mfumte Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Misaje Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Wimbu Native Court	do.	—	do.
Wurn ..	Aghem Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Bum Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Esimbi-Beba-Befang	do.	—	do.
	Fungom Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Kom Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>CALABAR PROVINCE</b>				
Abak ..	Abak	D Grade	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Afaha Obong	do.	—	do.
	Midim and Ikot Imo	do.	—	do.
	Otoro	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Okoro	do.	—	do.
	Mbiakot	do.	—	do.
	Ibesit	do.	—	do.
	Ekparakwa	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Ibritam	do.	—	do.
	Utu Etim Ekpo	do.	—	do.
	Uruk	do.	—	do.
	Ikono	do.	—	do.
	Utu	do.	—	do.
	Obong Clan	do.	—	do.
	Achan Ika	do.	—	do.
	Ito Ika	do.	—	do.
	Southern Ukanafun	do.	—	do.
	Northern Ukanafun	do.	—	do.
	Northern Afaha	do.	—	do.
	Southern Afaha	do.	—	do.

Northern Ukanafun  
 Northern Afaha  
 Southern Afaha  
 Afaha Obo

do.  
 do.  
 do.  
 do.

do.  
 do.  
 do.  
 do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>CALABAR PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Calabar	Efik-Qua-Efut	B Grade	—	Magistrate.
	Efik-Qua-Efut	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Magistrate.
	Akpabuyo	C Grade	—	Efik-Qua-Efut Native Court of Appeal.
	Calabar	B Grade	—	do.
	Creek Town	B Grade	—	do.
	Odot Ediong	D Grade	—	Administrative Officer.
	Okoyong Clan	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court ; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ikpai (Ekoi Tribe)	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Netim (Ekoi Tribe)	do.	—	do.
	Oban (Ekoi Tribe)	do.	—	do.
Uyanga	do.	—	do.	
Eket	Eket Clan	C Grade	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court ; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ibeno Clan	D Grade	—	do.
	Okobo Clan	do.	—	do.
	Okon Clan	do.	—	do.
	Oniong Nung Ndem Clan	do.	—	do.
	Effiat-Mbo	C Grade	—	do.
	Oron	do.	—	do.
	Oyubia	do.	—	do.
	Ubiura Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Awa Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
Uquo Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.	
Enyong (Aro District)	Aro Clan	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court ; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Enyong Group	do.	—	do.
	Ihe Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
	Ezei Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Ubaghara Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Egupi pa Group Court	do.	—	do.
	Ututu-Isu Clan	D Grade	—	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>CALABAR PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Enyong (Aro District) —contd.	Ikpanya-Iwerri Clan	D Grade	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ukwa Clan	do.	—	do.
	Umon Group	do.	—	do.
	Ehum-Uguakuma Group	do.	—	do.
Enyong (Itu District)	Ibiono (Itu District)	do.	—	do.
	Ibiono (Itu District)	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Magistrate's Court.
	Ono Group	D Grade	—	Ibiono (Itu District) Native Court of Appeal.
	Iyere Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Obong Group	do.	—	do.
	Itam-Oku-Itu (Itu District)	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Itam-Oku-Itu (Itu District)	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Magistrate's Court.
	Itam Clan	D Grade	—	Itam-Oku-Itu (Itu District) Native Court of Appeal.
	Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadehe Group	do.	—	do.
	Itu Clan	do.	—	do.
	Eki Clan	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Enyong Group	do.	—	do.
Ikot Ekpene	Adiasim Ekpenyong	do.	—	do.
	Afaha-Odoro-Ikot	do.	—	do.
	Ikpe Annang Clan	do.	—	do.
	Okun Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ukana Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ediene Itak Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ikono I (Middle) Group	do.	—	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>CALABAR PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Ikot Ekpene contd.	Ikot Ekpene	D Grade	—	Land cases to Magistrate's

Ediene Itak Clan  
 Ikono I (Middle) Group  
 Ikono III (North) Group  
 Ikono II (South) Group

do.  
 do.  
 do.  
 do.

do.  
 do.  
 do.  
 do.

Division	Native Court	Grade	Extended Powers if any	Appeal to	
<b>CALABAR PROVINCE—continued</b>					
Ikot Ekpene —contd.	Ikot Ekpene	D Grade		Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.	
	Amanyam	do.		do.	
	Ikot Abia	do.		do.	
	Nto Edino	do.		do.	
	Obot Akara	do.		do.	
	Ududu Ikpe Clan	do.		do.	
	Nkalu Clan	do.		do.	
	Opobo	.. Agafor (Andoni)	do.		do.
		Okoro-Ete (Andoni)	do.		do.
		Ikot Akpan Essien (Annang)	do.		do.
Ikot Ikpene (Annang)		do.		do.	
Ibibio (Opobo Division)		do.		do.	
Ibibio (Opobo Division)		C Grade As a Native Court of Appeal		Administrative Officer. Administrative Officer.	
Opobo	Ibiaku Clan	D Grade		Ibibio (Opobo Division) Native Court of Appeal.	
	Ikpa Ibekwe Group	do.		do.	
	Ikpa Ikono Group	do.		do.	
	Ikpa Nung Asang Group	do.		do.	
	Ikpa Nung Esetang Group	do.		do.	
	Ukpum Ete-Okon	do.		do.	
	Ukpum Minya	do.		do.	
	Opobo Town Native Court	C Grade		do.	
	Uyo	.. Northern Court, Uruan Clan	C Grade		Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
		Central Court, Uruan Clan	C Grade		do.
Southern Court, Uruan Clan		D Grade		do.	
Asutan Ekpe Clan		D Grade		do.	
Ibesikpo Clan		D Grade		do.	
Western Nsit (I) Clan		C Grade		do.	
Western Nsit (II) Clan		D Grade		do.	
Eastern Nsit Clan		do.		do.	
Iman No. 1 Clan Courts—Etinan,		do.		do.	
Mbioto, Oniong		do.		do.	
Offot Clan	do.		do.		



<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<i>CALABAR PROVINCE—continued</i>				
<i>Uyo—contd.</i>	Oku Clan	D Grade	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ikono Clan	do.	—	do.
	Etoi Clan	do.	—	do.
<i>CAMEROONS PROVINCE</i>				
<i>Kumba</i>	Eastern Area	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Eastern Area	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer
	Ninong-Elung-Nhia-Muambong	D (limited)	—	Eastern Area Native Court of Appeal.
	Basossi	do.	—	do.
	Northern Bakossi	do.	—	do.
	Southern Bakossi	do.	—	do.
	Western Bakossi	do.	—	do.
	Kumba Central Federation	C (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Kumba Central Federation	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Kumba	C (limited)	—	Kumba Central Federation Native Court of Appeal.
	Upper Balong	D (limited)	—	do.
	Southern Bakundu	do.	—	do.
	Northern Bakundu	do.	—	do.
	Balue	do.	—	do.
	Balundu	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Bambuko	do.	—	do.
	Mbonge	do.	—	do.
	North Western Area	do.	—	do.
	Isangele	do.	—	do.
<i>Mamfe</i>	Banyang Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Banyang Clan Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Badchuo Akagbe Native Court	D (limited)	—	Banyang Native Court of Appeal.
	Nchemti Besongabang Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Tinto I Native Court	do.	—	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<i>CAMEROONS PROVINCE—continued</i>				
<i>Mamfe—contd.</i>	Bangwa Native Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Mbo Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mundani Native Court	do.	—	do.

Badchuo Akagbe Native Court D (limited)

Banyang Native Court of Appeal.

Nchemti Besongabang Native Court do.

do.

Tinto I Native Court do.

do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>CAMEROONS PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Mamfe—contd.	Bangwa Native Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Mbo Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mundani Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Kembong Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Ekwe Native Court	D (limited)	—	Kembong Native Court of Appeal.
	Keaka Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Obang Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Assumbo Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Mesaga Ekol Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Boki Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbulu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Takamanda Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Menka-Widekum Area Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Menka Native Court	D (limited)	—	Menka-Widekum Area Appeal Court.
Widekum Native Court	D (limited)	—	Menka-Widekum Area Appeal Court.	
Victoria	Bakweri Clan Native Court	C (limited)	—	Bakweri Clan Native Court of Appeal.
	Bakweri Clan Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Bonjongo Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Bakweri Clan Native Court of Appeal.
	Buea Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Lysoka Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Muea Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mutengene Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Balong Clan Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Bakolle Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Victoria Federation Native Court	C (limited)	—	Victoria Federation Native Court of Appeal.
	Victoria Federation Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Bambuko Village Group Native Court	do.	—	Victoria Federation Native Court of Appeal.
	Mungo Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Tiko Village Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
Victoria Group Native Court	C (limited)	—	do.	

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>	
<b>OGOJA PROVINCE</b>					
Abakaliki ..	Agba Clan Court	C (limited)	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.	
	Ezza Clan Court	C (limited)	do.	do.	
	Effium, Ezza Effium and Izi Effium Native Court	D (limited)	Imprisonment for one year for praedial larceny	do.	
	Agubia Native Court	C (limited)	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	do.	
	Alike Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Ishielu Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Izi Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Izi Mother Towns Group Court	D (limited)	Imprisonment for one year for praedial larceny	do.	
	Agbaja Sub-Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Amachi Sub-Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Edda-Enyigba-Okpuitumo Group Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Igbeagu Sub-Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Inyimagu Sub-Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Ishieke Sub-Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Nkaliki/Achara Sub-Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Ngbo Clan Court	C (limited)	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	do.	
	Orri Clan Court	do.	do.	do.	
	Afikpo ..	Afikpo Clan Court	do.	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.
		Agbo Clan Court	D (limited)	do.	do.
		Amaseri Clan Court	do.	do.	do.
Okpoha Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Unwana Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Aka-Eze Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Edda Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Ishiago Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Isu Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Okposi Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Onicha Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Oshiri Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Uburu Clan Court		do.	do.	do.	
Ugulangu Clan Court	do.	do.	do.		
Ukawu Clan Court	do.	do.	do.		

Uburu Clan Court  
 Ugulangu Clan Court  
 Ukawu Clan Court

do.  
do.  
do.  
do.  
do.

do.  
do.  
do.  
do.

do.  
do.  
do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>OGOJA PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Ikom ..	Abo Group Court	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Akparabong Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Boje Group Court	do.	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.
	Ikom Group Court	do.	—	do.
	Nde-Nkum Court	do.	—	do.
	Northern Etung Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Ofutop Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Olulumo Group Court Southern Etung Clan Court	do. do.	— —	do. do.
Obubra ..	Abanyim Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Adun Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Atam Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Bahumunu Clan Court	C (limited)	—	do.
	Iyala Clan Court	D (limited)	—	do.
	Osopong Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Nnam-Nselle Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Ofubonga Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Okum Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Yakur Clan Court Igbo-Ayiga Clan Court	C (limited) D (limited)	— —	do. do.
Ogoja ..	Aferike Clan Court	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.
	Akajuk Clan Court	C (limited)	—	do.
	Bekworra Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Irruan Sub-Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbube Clan Court	D (limited)	—	do.
	Nkim Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Nkum Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Northern Ukelle Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Osokum Group Court	do.	—	do.
	Southern Ukelle Clan Court Yachi-Gabu Group Court Yala Clan Court	do. do. do.	— — —	do. do. do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Power if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>OGOJA PROVINCE—continued</b>				
<b>Obudu District</b>	Bette-Bendi Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Eastern Boki Group Court	do.	—	do.
	Obanliko Clan Court	do.	—	do.
	Otukwang-Ukpe Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Utanga-Becheve Clan Court	do.	—	do.
<b>ONITSHA PROVINCE</b>				
<b>Awka.. ..</b>	Agudo Native Court	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Mbamisi Native Court	do.	do.	do.
	Orumba Native Court	do.	do.	do.
	Mbailinofu Native Court	do.	do.	do.
	Mbateghete Native Court	do.	do.	do.
	Udoka Native Court	do.	do.	do.
	Agulu Native Court	do.	do.	do.
<b>Awgu.. ..</b>	Enugu Native Court	do.	do.	do.
	Abboh Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Owelli Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Mbanano Native Court	do.	do.	do.
<b>Nsukka ..</b>	Eha-Amufu Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Enugu-Ezike Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Itchi Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Nibo Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Nsukka Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Obolo Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Ogrugru Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Omor Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Opi Group Court	do.	do.	do.
<b>Onitsha ..</b>	Atani Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Aguleri Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Edomani Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Ogidir Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Idemili Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Mbanano Group Court	do.	do.	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>ONITSHA PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Onitsha—contd.	Nobi Group Court	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Anam Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Nzam Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Achalla Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Agbaja Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Mbanesi Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Orsu Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Ozubulu Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Ugwuochi Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Osomari Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Umuigwedo Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Onitsha Town Native Court	B (limited)	do.	Magistrate.
Udi .. ..	Ukana-Ngwo Native Court	D (limited)	do.	Administrative Officer.
	Olo-Oha-Amagu Umulokpa Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Neke Clan Court (Udi)	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Uku-Ugunye Clan Court (Affa)	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Osie Clan Court (Eke)	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Eziagu Native Court (Owa and Oghe)	do.	do.	do.
	Agbani-Akpugo Court (Akpugo)	do.	do.	do.
	Akegbe-Ozalla Group Court (Okunano)	do.	do.	do.
	Amurri-Ugboka Group Court (Ugboka)	do.	do.	do.
	Amagunze Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Idodo Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Mburubu Group Court	do.	do.	do.
	Nike Group Court	do.	do.	do.
<b>OWERRI PROVINCE</b>				
Aba .. ..	Asa Native Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer
	Ika na Anang Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ofemiri Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ikwuano Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Azumini Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Aba na Ohazu Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ahiaba Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Awo Native Court	do.	—	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>OWERRI PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Aba—contd. . .	Ngwaku Ugwunagbo Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Nkwo Udara Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Nsulu Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Orie Agalaba Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Owerrinta Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Uhie Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Omuma Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
Bende . .	Ala-Ala Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ala-Ala Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Ariam Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Ala-Ala Native Court of Appeal.
	Ibere Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Oboro Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Oloko Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Elu-Elu Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Elu-Elu Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Alayi Clan Native Court	D (limited)	—	Elu-Elu Native Court of Appeal.
	Bende Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Igbere Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Item Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ozuiem Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Umuiemnyi Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Itu Clan Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Odida Anyanwu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Odida Anyanwu Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
Ibeku Clan Native Court	D (limited)	—	Odida Anyanwu Native Court of Appeal.	
Igbo Ohuhu Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.	
Olokororo Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.	
Ubakala Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.	
Owuwa Anyanwu Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.	
Owuwa Anyanwu Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.	

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>OWERRI PROVINCE—continued</b>				
<b>Bende—contd.</b>	<b>Abam Clan Native Court</b>	<b>D (limited)</b>	—	<b>Owuwa Anyanwu Native Court of Appeal.</b>
	Abiriba Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ohafia Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>Okigwi</b>	<b>Ihite Clan Native Court</b>	<b>do.</b>	—	<b>Administrative Officer.</b>
	Obowo Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ugboma Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Isuikwuato Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mba Abua Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Nneato Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ehime Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbama Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Osu Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ugiri Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Otanchara Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Otanzu Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Uturu Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>Orlu ..</b>	<b>Eastern Isu Native Court</b>	<b>do.</b>	—	<b>do.</b>
	Northern Isu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Southern Isu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Western Isu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbanasa Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ndizuogu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Orsu Alamiri Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Orsu-Ekpo Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Eastern Oru Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Western Oru Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>Owerri ..</b>	<b>Ikeduru Group Native Court</b>	<b>do.</b>	—	<b>Administrative Officer.</b>
	Mba Itoli Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbaise Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Mbaise Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Agbaja Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Mbaise Native Court of Appeal.
	Ahiara Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Mbaise Native Court of Appeal.



<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>OWERRI PROVINCE—continued.</b>				
<i>Owerri—contd.</i>	Ekwereazu Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Mbaise Native Court of Appeal.
	Ezinihitte Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Oke (Ovoro) Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ngor Okpala Native Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Ngor Okpala Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Okpala Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Ngor Okpala Native Court of Appeal.
	Obike Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Okwe Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Umuaro-Imerienwe Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Awa-Izombe Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Oru-Oguta Group Native Court	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Awarra Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ohoba Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Umuakpo Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Agbala Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ara-Umunwoha Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Nekede and Ihiagwa Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Owerri-Uratta Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Agwa Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>RIVERS PROVINCE</b>				
<i>Ahoada</i>	Abua Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Amughan Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Okpedien Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Otaba Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Egbema Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ahoada Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Oyiba Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Engenni Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ikwerre Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ikwerre Clan Native Court	As a Native Court of Appeal	—	do.
	Elele Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	Ikwerre Clan Native Court of Appeal.
	Isiokpo Group Native Court	D (limited)	—	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>RIVERS PROVINCE—continued</b>				
<b>Ahoada—contd.</b>	<b>Isoba Group Native Court</b>	<b>D (limited)</b>	—	<b>Ikwerre Clan Native Court of Appeal.</b>
	Obia Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Rumuji Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Egwi Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Umuaturu Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Akabuka Group Native Court	do.	—	<b>Administrative Officer.</b>
	Omoku Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>Brass ..</b>	<b>Akassa Clan Native Court</b>	<b>do.</b>	—	<b>do.</b>
	Amassoma Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Bassan-Apoi Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ekowe Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Ekpetiama-Gbaran Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Kolokuma-Opokuma Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Okordia Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Trakiri Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Epie-Atissa Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Nembe Clan Native Court	<b>C (limited)</b>	—	do.
	Anyama Group Native Court	<b>D (limited)</b>	—	do.
	Emeya Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Oloibiri Group Native Court	do.	—	do.
<b>Degema ..</b>	<b>Bonny Clan Native Court</b>	<b>C (limited)</b>	—	<b>Land cases to Magistrate's Court, Degema ; other cases to Administrative Officer.</b>
	<b>Kalabari Native Court</b>	<b>C (limited)</b>	—	<b>Land cases to Magistrate's Court, Degema ; other cases to Administrative Officer.</b>
	<b>Odual (Saka) Clan Native Court</b>	<b>D (limited)</b>	—	<b>Administrative Officer.</b>
	<b>Okrika Native Court</b>	<b>C (limited)</b>	—	<b>Land cases to Magistrate's Court, Degema ; other cases to Administrative Officer.</b>

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<i>RIVERS PROVINCE—continued</i>				
Ogoni	Ogoni Tribal Native Court	C (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Ogoni Tribal Native Court	As-a Native Court of Appeal	—	Administrative Officer.
	Eleme Clan Native Court	D (limited)	—	Ogoni Tribal Native Court of Appeal.
	Gokana (Ogoni) Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Northern Kana (Ogoni) Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Southern Kana (Ogoni) Clan Native Court	do.	—	do.
	Tai (Ogoni) Clan Court	do.	—	do.

*N.B.*—1. "A (limited)" means that the court is a court of Grade A but that it has no jurisdiction to try the following offences:—

- Homicide.
- Treason.
- Sedition.
- Trial by ordeal.
- Slave dealing.
- Child stealing.
- Offences against the revenue of the Government of Nigeria.
- Offences relating to the Posts and Telegraphs or the Railway.
- Official secrets.
- Official corruption by Government officials.
- Cases in which there is an issue as to whether or not a party to the case has practised witchcraft or juju.

2. "B (limited)," "C (limited)" and "D (limited)" respectively mean that the court is a court of Grade B, C or D, but that in each case the court has no jurisdiction to try the following offences:—

- Homicide.
- Treason.
- Sedition.
- Counterfeiting.
- Trial by ordeal.
- Slave dealing.
- Child stealing.
- Judicial corruption.
- Fraudulent false accounting.
- Obtaining goods by false pretences.
- Offences against the public revenue of the Government of Nigeria.
- Offences relating to the Posts and Telegraphs or the Railway.
- Official secrets.
- Official corruption.
- Defilement of girls.
- Procuration.
- Rape.
- Defamation (documentary).
- Forgery.
- Corrupt practices.
- Conspiracy.
- Knowingly making an untrue statement before a court unless that court considers that the offence can be adequately punished by not more than three months' imprisonment or by a fine not exceeding the maximum fine which the court is empowered to inflict.
- Cases in which there is an issue as to whether or not a party to the case has practised witchcraft or juju.

3. (a) By Order in Council No. 1 of 1945, as subsequently amended, subject to the provisions of paragraph 3 (c) below, all Native Courts have jurisdiction to enforce within the local limits of their jurisdiction

all the provisions of the following Ordinances, together with all subsidiary legislation made thereunder:—

<i>Chapter</i>	<i>Short Title</i>
24 ... ..	The Building Lines Regulation Ordinance.
54 ... ..	The Direct Taxation Ordinance.
127 ... ..	The Markets Ordinance.
227 ... ..	The Waterworks Ordinance.

(b) By Order in Council No. 1 of 1945, as subsequently amended, subject to the provisions of paragraph 3 (c) below, the Native Courts set out below have jurisdiction to enforce within the local limits of their jurisdiction all those provisions of the written laws particulars of which are set out below, together with all subsidiary legislation made under those provisions, and to impose penalties on persons subject to their jurisdiction who offend against such provisions, subject to the restrictions and limitations, if any, shown in respect of any particular Court:—

<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Ordinance</i>	<i>Restrictions or Limitations on Exercise of Jurisdiction</i>
All Native Courts	Criminal Code (Cap. 4):— Sections 124, 130, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 243, 244, 245, 247, 341, 365, 372, 394, 488, 489, subsections (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) of section 133 and paragraphs (c) and (d) of section 249. Labour Code (Cap. 99):— Part III of Chapter VI.	
All Native Courts in the Ogoja Division of the Ogoja Province.	Criminal Code (Cap. 4):— Paragraphs (d) and (f) of section 210 and section 211.	Where the charge concerns the act or presence of the person charged at the worship or invocation of the juju known as "Nyambuan" or the making, use or possession of any drug, charm or other article prohibited by the Prohibited Juju (Nyambuan) Order, 1939.

(c) By Order in Council No. 1 of 1945, as subsequently amended, a Native Court in exercise of the jurisdiction quoted in paragraph 3 (a) and (b) above may impose a penalty not greater than the maximum penalty it is authorised by warrant to impose in criminal causes, other than praedial larceny:

Provided that no penalty shall exceed the maximum penalty for the offence under the enactment creating the offence.

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Ag. Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

Enugu

31st October, 1953.

E.R. Public Notice No. 289 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OPOBO TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY (HEALTH  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Opobo Town Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Opobo Town Native Authority (Health Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Opobo Town Native Authority.
2. In these rules:—
  - “native authority” means the Opobo Town Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
  - “rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdictions of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.
4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.
5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.  
(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—
  - (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
  - (b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
  - (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Opobo Town Native Treasury; and
  - (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.
6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the Medical Development Schemes for the benefit of the Opobo Town Clan in accordance with annual expenditure programme approved by the Opobo Town Native Authority.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one pound or to imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Opobo Town Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Opobo Town Native Authority the 15th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Opobo Town Native Authority in the presence of:  
F. THOS. JAJA, *Secretary* D. JAJA, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*E.R. Public Notice No. 290 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBESIT NUNG IKOT NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of roads, bridges or culverts in the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority the 19th day of December, 1952.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority in the presence of:

J. A. I. EDIENE, *Secretary*

WILLIAM UMOH, *His R.T.I., President*

J. A. I. EDIENE (*Witness to Mark*)

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 291 of 1953*

*Rules MADE UNDER The Markets Ordinance (Cap. 127)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, Chapter 127, the following rules have been made by the Mamfe Town Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mamfe Market Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Mamfe Town Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the Mamfe Market.

2. In these rules:—

“health officer” includes the Medical Officer of Health, a Medical Officer, a Sanitary Inspector or other persons acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health, and whether such Sanitary Inspector, Medical Officer or other person is serving in the Medical or Sanitary Departments of the Government or is in the service of the Mamfe Native Authority;

“market” means the Mamfe Market established under the provisions of section 3 of the ordinance;

“market master” means the person appointed as such under the provisions of rule 3;

“native authority” means the Mamfe Town Native Authority;

“rents, tolls and stallages” means rents, tolls and stallages fixed under the provisions of rule 6.

3. The Native Authority may appoint a suitable person to be the Market Master of the market.

4. No produce or merchandise shall be sold or exposed for sale in the market except in such place or places as are appointed therefor by the Native Authority.

5. The market shall be open between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on each day except such days or at such hours on any day as the Native Authority may appoint.

6. The rents, tolls and stallages set out in the First Schedule hereto shall be paid by each person selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on his trade within the market, provided that the Native Authority may at any time alter any or all of such rents, tolls, or stallages in the manner hereinafter appearing.

7. One clear month's notice shall be given both verbally and in writing by posting a notice in the market of any change in the scale of rents, tolls or stallages in force at the time of giving such notice.

8. All rents, tolls and stallages shall be paid monthly or yearly in advance at the office of the Native Administration and any person selling food or merchandise or carrying on his trade or calling in the market without first having paid such rents, tolls or stallages shall be liable to the penalties provided in rule 22 and may be ejected. The Native Authority or some person duly authorised by the Native Authority shall issue to all persons paying rents, tolls and stallages a licence in Form A of the Second Schedule hereto.

Provided that casual sellers of perishable local foodstuffs may be permitted to sell such foodstuffs in an open space to be provided by the Native Authority without first having paid rents, tolls or stallages and without a licence.

9. Any person who—

- (a) uses any plot or stall in the market for the purpose of selling any article or carrying on his trade or calling in the market save as in the proviso to rule 8 above, and who shall not have paid the prescribed rent therefor;
- (b) erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence, or enclosure within the market boundary, or within ten yards of the market boundary without the consent of the Native Authority;
- (c) allows a plot which he has hired to become insanitary or fails to keep it clean;
- (d) exposes for sale in the market, produce, merchandise or any substance except in a plot or in a stall which has been set aside by the Native Authority for the sale of such wares;
- (e) sells meat on any plot or in any stall in the market other than in a plot or stall set aside by the Native Authority for the purpose;
- (f) cooks food in any part of the market;
- (g) places any obstruction in the alleys or passages of the market;
- (h) deposits refuse in any place other than a receptacle provided for the purpose,

shall be guilty of an offence against these rules and shall be liable to a fine of twenty shillings.

10. No person shall enter or occupy a stall at any time unless authorised to do so by the Native Authority.

11. No stall holder shall be entitled to hold more than one stall for any one period for which he pays rent without the permission of the Native Authority.

12. No stall holder shall sublet any stall without the permission of the Native Authority.

13. If the owner of any stall shall fail to pay the rent for the plot on which such stall stands for any month the Native Authority may let the stall for that month as though it belonged to the Native Authority.

14. (1) Every occupier of a stall, table or place in the market shall on every day on which he shall use such stall, table or place keep the same in a perfectly clean state and at the close of every day's selling and before leaving, brush, sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from such stall, table or place, and thoroughly wash and clean and dry the same, so that no blood, water or dirt, shall be left or seen thereon, and shall also sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from the unoccupied space adjoining such stall, table or place as may be allotted to him by the person appointed to allot spaces in the market, as his fair portion of the unoccupied space common to all in the market to keep clean as aforesaid, and all such dirt, filth, rubbish, and sweepings shall by such occupier immediately thereupon be conveyed to and deposited in such place as may be selected and appointed by a Health Officer.

(2) If any person persistently refuses or neglects to comply with the provisions of sub-rule (1) then the Native Authority may, in its discretion, eject such person from the stall, table or place occupied by him and may cancel his licence.

(3) The provisions of sub-rule (2) shall be without prejudice to any action that may be taken by the Native Authority under paragraph (c) of rule 9.

15. Any person, who, in contravention of paragraph (b) of rule 9 erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure within the market, or within ten yards of the market boundary, may be required to remove the erection within such reasonable time

as shall be fixed by the Native Authority. If such person shall refuse or neglect to comply with the order of the Native Authority he shall in addition to any penalty he may have incurred under paragraph (b) of rule 9 be liable to a penalty of twenty shillings for each day during which the erection remains. After the expiry of the period allowed for its removal, the Native Authority may, in its discretion, dismantle the erection, remove all the materials and sell them to pay any unpaid fine or any costs of such removal.

16. All stalls shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Native Authority.

17. No existing stall, shed, building, wall, fence, or enclosure shall be altered without the permission of the Native Authority.

18. Any person who rides or drives any animal or bicycle or drives any vehicle in the market shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

19. (1) No meat other than smoked and dried meat shall be offered for sale in the market until such meat has been examined by a Health Officer and passed by him as fit for the food of man.

(2) The sale of meat is prohibited in any part of the market other than that part set aside for the purpose by the Native Authority.

20. No person shall commit a nuisance in the market.

21. No person other than a person duly authorised by the Native Authority shall enter or be in any portion of the market between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m. on the next succeeding day.

*Penalty.*—A fine of ten shillings or imprisonment for seven days for the first offence and a fine of twenty shillings or imprisonment for fourteen days for any subsequent offence.

22. Except where otherwise expressly provided any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of these rules or any one of them shall be liable, on first conviction, to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for seven days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of one pound or to imprisonment for seven days for each day during which the offence continues:

Provided that the maximum penalty for any continuing offence shall not exceed the sum of five pounds or imprisonment for one month.

23. A fine or term of imprisonment or other penalty under the foregoing rules shall be imposed or ordered:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court;

(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

	£	s	d
For the use of a permanent butchers' stall erected by the Native Authority for one month or part of a month ...	0	5	0
For the use of a permanent butchers' stall erected by the Native Authority for one year... ..	2	10	0
For the use of a permanent open stall or booth for one month or part of a month ... ..	0	3	0
For the use of a permanent open stall or booth for one year ...	1	10	0
For the use of any other stall, shed, or booth for one month or part of a month ... ..	0	1	6
For the use of any other stall, shed, or booth for one year ...	0	15	0
Tolls for casual traders or persons carrying on their calling in the market per day ... ..	0	0	1
For the use of a vacant plot for a month or part of a month...	0	1	0

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Form A*

THE MAMFE TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY MARKET RULES, 1953

Licence No.....

*Form A Rule 8**Licence for use of a Market Stall*

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....for the use of stall/plot No.....in the Mamfe Market from the.....day of.....19.....to the.....day of.....19....., subject to the provisions of the above-mentioned rules.

Fee Paid £ : : d

Date: .....19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

MADE under the Seal of the Mamfe Town Native Authority this 19th day of June, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Mamfe Town Native Authority on 19th day of June, 1953, in the presence of:

D. E. ENOW, *Secretary,*  
*Mamfe Town Native Authority*M. E. ENOKPA, *President,*  
*Mamfe Town Native Authority*S. E. NDEP,  
THOMAS ENOW.

APPROVED by me this 6th day of July, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Ag. Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 289 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OPOBO TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY (HEALTH  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Opobo Town Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Opobo Town Native Authority (Health Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Opobo Town Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Opobo Town Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdictions of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. ( ) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Opobo Town Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the Medical Development Schemes for the benefit of the Opobo Town Clan in accordance with annual expenditure programme approved by the Opobo Town Native Authority.

for the use  
day of  
19.....

f June, 1953.

on 19<sup>th</sup> day

President,  
Native Authority  
NDEP,  
Opobo W.

OPOBO TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY,  
Opobo Town, Opobo Province

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agent in any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Opobo Town Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall be individually liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Opobo Town Native Authority the 15th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Opobo Town Native Authority in the presence of  
 F. THOS. JAJA, *Secretary* D. JAJA, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Province*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 290 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBESIT NUNG IKOT NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority.
2. In these rules:—
  - “native authority” means the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
  - “rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.
4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.
5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.  
(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—
  - (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
  - (b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
  - (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Annang Native Treasury; and
  - (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.
6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate shall be expended upon the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of roads, bridges or culverts in the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and upon no other purpose.

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any rate or for the imposition of  
Native Authority or a rate-collector

of a Native Court, in a Native

isdiction of a Native Court, in a

15th day of September, 1953.

Native Authority in the presence of:

D. JAJA, *Chairman*

Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the p shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprison and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for si both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Annang Native Treasury any sum of by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by h
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either ind member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-col may be taken against such group or any members of such group, separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and commission of an offence by such group every member thereof sha liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority the 19th day of

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Nat presence of:

J. A. I. EDIENE, *Secretary*

WILLIAM UMOH,

J. A. I. EDIENE

By His Honour's Comm

J. C  
Civil Sec

Short titl  
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Amends  
regulation  
8 of E.R.  
P.N. 197 of  
1953.

*E.R. Public Notice No. 291 of 1953*

*Rules MADE UNDER The Markets Ordinance (Cap. 127)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, Chapter 127, the following rules have been made by the Mamfe Town Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mamfe Market Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Mamfe Town Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the Mamfe Market.

2. In these rules:—

“health officer” includes the Medical Officer of Health, a Medical Officer, a Sanitary Inspector or other persons acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health, and whether such Sanitary Inspector, Medical Officer or other person is serving in the Medical or Sanitary Departments of the Government or is in the service of the Mamfe Native Authority;

“market” means the Mamfe Market established under the provisions of section 3 of the ordinance;

“market master” means the person appointed as such under the provisions of rule 3;

“native authority” means the Mamfe Town Native Authority;

“rents, tolls and stallages” means rents, tolls and stallages fixed under the provisions of rule 6.

3. The Native Authority may appoint a suitable person to be the Market Master of the market.

4. No produce or merchandise shall be sold or exposed for sale in the market except in such place or places as are appointed therefor by the Native Authority.

5. The market shall be open between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on each day except such days or at such hours on any day as the Native Authority may appoint.

6. The rents, tolls and stallages set out in the First Schedule hereto shall be paid by each person selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on his trade within the market, provided that the Native Authority may at any time alter any or all of such rents, tolls, or stallages in the manner hereinafter appearing.

7. One clear month's notice shall be given both verbally and in writing by posting a notice in the market of any change in the scale of rents, tolls or stallages in force at the time of giving such notice.

8. All rents, tolls and stallages shall be paid monthly or yearly in advance at the office of the Native Administration and any person selling food or merchandise or carrying on his trade or calling in the market without first having paid such rents, tolls or stallages shall be liable to the penalties provided in rule 22 and may be ejected. The Native Authority or some person duly authorised by the Native Authority shall issue to all persons paying rents, tolls and stallages a licence in Form A of the Second Schedule hereto.

Provided that casual sellers of perishable local foodstuffs may be permitted to sell such foodstuffs in an open space to be provided by the Native Authority without first having paid rents, tolls or stallages and without a licence.

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9. Any person who—

- (a) uses any plot or stall in the market for the purpose of selling any article or carrying on his trade or calling in the market save as in the proviso to rule 8 above, and who shall not have paid the prescribed rent therefor;
- (b) erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence, or enclosure within the market boundary, or within ten yards of the market boundary without the consent of the Native Authority;
- (c) allows a plot which he has hired to become insanitary or fails to keep it clean;
- (d) exposes for sale in the market, produce, merchandise or any substance except in a plot or in a stall which has been set aside by the Native Authority for the sale of such wares;
- (e) sells meat on any plot or in any stall in the market other than in a plot or stall set aside by the Native Authority for the purpose;
- (f) cooks food in any part of the market;
- (g) places any obstruction in the alleys or passages of the market;
- (h) deposits refuse in any place other than a receptacle provided for the purpose,

shall be guilty of an offence against these rules and shall be liable to a fine of twenty shillings.

10. No person shall enter or occupy a stall at any time unless authorised to do so by the Native Authority.

11. No stall holder shall be entitled to hold more than one stall for any one period for which he pays rent without the permission of the Native Authority.

12. No stall holder shall sublet any stall without the permission of the Native Authority.

13. If the owner of any stall shall fail to pay the rent for the plot on which such stall stands for any month the Native Authority may let the stall for that month as though it belonged to the Native Authority.

14. (1) Every occupier of a stall, table or place in the market shall on every day on which he shall use such stall, table or place keep the same in a perfectly clean state and at the close of every day's selling and before leaving, brush, sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from such stall, table or place, and thoroughly wash and clean and dry the same, so that no blood, water or dirt, shall be left or seen thereon, and shall also sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from the unoccupied space adjoining such stall, table or place as may be allotted to him by the person appointed to allot spaces in the market, as his fair portion of the unoccupied space common to all in the market to keep clean as aforesaid, and all such dirt, filth, rubbish, and sweepings shall by such occupier immediately thereupon be conveyed to and deposited in such place as may be selected and appointed by a Health Officer.

(2) If any person persistently refuses or neglects to comply with the provisions of sub-rule (1) then the Native Authority may, in its discretion, eject such person from the stall, table or place occupied by him and may cancel his licence.

(3) The provisions of sub-rule (2) shall be without prejudice to any action that may be taken by the Native Authority under paragraph (c) of rule 9.

15. Any person, who, in contravention of paragraph (b) of rule 9 erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure within the market, or within ten yards of the market boundary, may be required to remove the erection within such reasonable time

as shall be fixed by the Native Authority. If such person shall refuse or neglect to comply with the order of the Native Authority he shall in addition to any penalty he may have incurred under paragraph (b) of rule 9 be liable to a penalty of twenty shillings for each day during which the erection remains. After the expiry of the period allowed for its removal, the Native Authority may, in its discretion, dismantle the erection, remove all the materials and sell them to pay any unpaid fine or any costs of such removal.

16. All stalls shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Native Authority.

17. No existing stall, shed, building, wall, fence, or enclosure shall be altered without the permission of the Native Authority.

18. Any person who rides or drives any animal or bicycle or drives any vehicle in the market shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

19. (1) No meat other than smoked and dried meat shall be offered for sale in the market until such meat has been examined by a Health Officer and passed by him as fit for the food of man.

(2) The sale of meat is prohibited in any part of the market other than that part set aside for the purpose by the Native Authority.

20. No person shall commit a nuisance in the market.

21. No person other than a person duly authorised by the Native Authority shall enter or be in any portion of the market between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m. on the next succeeding day.

*Penalty.*—A fine of ten shillings or imprisonment for seven days for the first offence and a fine of twenty shillings or imprisonment for fourteen days for any subsequent offence.

22. Except where otherwise expressly provided any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of these rules or any one of them shall be liable, on first conviction, to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for seven days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of one pound or to imprisonment for seven days for each day during which the offence continues:

Provided that the maximum penalty for any continuing offence shall not exceed the sum of five pounds or imprisonment for one month.

23. A fine or term of imprisonment or other penalty under the foregoing rules shall be imposed or ordered:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court;

(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

	£	s	d
For the use of a permanent butchers' stall erected by the Native Authority for one month or part of a month ...	0	5	0
For the use of a permanent butchers' stall erected by the Native Authority for one year... ..	2	10	0
For the use of a permanent open stall or booth for one month or part of a month ... ..	0	3	0
For the use of a permanent open stall or booth for one year ...	1	10	0
For the use of any other stall, shed, or booth for one month or part of a month ... ..	0	1	6
For the use of any other stall, shed, or booth for one year ...	0	15	0
Tolls for casual traders or persons carrying on their calling in the market per day ... ..	0	0	1
For the use of a vacant plot for a month or part of a month...	0	1	0

SECOND SCHEDULE

Form A

THE MAMFE TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY MARKET RULES, 1953

Licence No.....

Form A Rule 8

Licence for use of a Market Stall

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....for the use of stall/plot No.....in the Mamfe Market from the.....day of.....19.....to the.....day of.....19....., subject to the provisions of the above-mentioned rules.

Fee Paid £ : : d

Date: .....19.....

.....  
Native Authority

MADE under the Seal of the Mamfe Town Native Authority this 19th day of June, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Mamfe Town Native Authority on 19th day of June, 1953, in the presence of:

D. E. ENOW, *Secretary,*  
*Mamfe Town Native Authority*

M. E. ENOKPA, *President,*  
*Mamfe Town Native Authority*  
S. E. NDEP,  
THOMAS ENOW.

APPROVED by me this 6th day of July, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Ag. Resident, Cameroons Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 292 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council:—

PART I—PRELIMINARY

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Onitsha Northern District Council but also to all persons whilst within its area.
2. In these bye-laws:—
  - “health officer” includes the Medical Officer of Health, a Sanitary Inspector or other persons acting under the authority whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health, and whether such Sanitary Inspector or other person is serving in the Medical or Sanitary Departments of the Government or is in the service of the Onitsha Northern District Council;
  - “general market” means that part of the market other than the produce market;
  - “market” means the Onitsha Northern District Council Market described in the first schedule to these bye-laws;
  - “market master” means the person appointed as such under the provisions of bye-law 4;
  - “district council” means the Onitsha Northern District Council;
  - “produce market” means that portion of the market reserved particularly for produce;
  - “tolls and stallages” means tolls and stallages fixed under the provision of bye-law 7.
3. All that area or parcel of land described in the First Schedule to these bye-laws is hereby declared to be a market.
4. The District Council may appoint a suitable person to be the Market Master of the market.
5. No produce or merchandise shall be sold or exposed for sale in the market except in such place or places as are appropriated therefor by the District Council.
6. No stall, shed, booth or other structure for which a licence has been issued shall be sublet, mortgaged, transferred or in any way alienated without the consent in writing of the District Council first obtained which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld and any sublease, mortgage, transfer or other alienation made without such consent shall be null and void.

PART II—GENERAL MARKET

7. (1) Tolls and stallages to be paid by persons selling food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the general market shall be fixed by the District Council and shall be posted up in conspicuous places in the market.
- (2) Tolls and stallages fixed under the provision of sub-rule (1) shall not be changed unless at least one clear month's prior notice of such change has been posted in the general market.
- (3) All tolls and stallages shall be paid yearly in advance at the office of the District Council.
- (4) No person shall pay tolls and stallages for more than one stall.

8. (1) The District Council or some person duly authorised by the District Council shall issue to all persons paying tolls and stallages a licence in Form A of the Second Schedule hereto and no person shall sell food or merchandise or carry on his trade or calling in the general market unless he be licensed in that behalf:

Provided that casual sellers of perishable country foodstuffs may, in the discretion of the District Council, be permitted to sell such foodstuffs in any open place provided therefor without obtaining a licence.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for ten days and in the case of a continuing offence to a fine of ten shillings for each day during which the offence continues after conviction.

9. Any person who, being licensed in respect of a stall, fails, without reasonable excuse to occupy that stall within one month from the date of the licence or who having occupied such stall fails without reasonable excuse to continue such occupation for any period of more than eight consecutive days, shall be liable to forfeit the said stall, the licence for which shall be cancelled and to be ejected therefrom. In event of such ejection the District Council may assess the value of the said stall and if it has been erected by the person ejected shall cause the value thereof to be paid by the new occupier thereof to the person ejected.

10. Any person who—

- (a) sells food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in any place in the general market other than that for which he is licensed;
- (b) cooks food in a market save in such place as may be allotted by the District Council for that purpose; shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction thereof shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for ten days and in the case of a continuing offence to a fine of ten shillings for each day on which the offence continues after conviction and shall in addition be liable to ejection from the market as a trespasser.

11. Except as may be otherwise appointed by the District Council the general market shall be open every day from 6.0 a.m. to 7.0 p.m. and any person who sells or purchases food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the market except within those hours or within such other hours as may be appointed shall be liable; on conviction, to the same penalties as if he had contravened the provisions of bye-law 10.

12. (1) No person other than a duly authorised person shall enter or be in any portion of the general market between the hours of 8.0 p.m. and 5.0 a.m. on the succeeding day. This sub-rule shall not apply to any person coming to or going from the market by canoe who shall be allowed to remain in his/her canoe.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be liable on first conviction to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

#### PART III—PRODUCE MARKET

13. (1) No licence in respect of any plot within the produce market shall be issued to any European trading firm and no such firm shall lease or occupy any such plot.

(2) For the purpose of sub-rule (1) the expression "European trading firm" means a firm incorporated in Europe which imports various merchandise into Nigeria and buys and exports therefrom oil, kernels or other produce of Nigeria and also any commercial concern which, though not incorporated in Europe, is managed or controlled by a European or by Europeans or in which a European has an interest.



14. (1) No palm kernels or oil shall be sold, offered for sale or purchased within the area of the Otu-Ocha Local Council until they have been brought into the produce market:

Provided that this sub-rule shall not apply—

- (a) to the sale, offer for sale or purchase of palm kernels or oil brought into the said area already examined and sealed in accordance with the provisions of any regulations made in that behalf under the provisions of the Agriculture Ordinance (No. 37 of 1948) or
- (b) to the sale, offer for sale or purchase in the general market of small quantities of palm kernels or oil intended for local consumption.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) shall be liable on first conviction to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

15. (1) No person shall use the produce market for the purchase of palm kernels or oil unless he has paid the fees set out in paragraph (2) of this bye-law and has been issued with a licence in Form "B" of the Second Schedule hereto:

Provided that upon application being made in that behalf the District Council may endorse on the licence the name of any person authorised to act for the licence holder or occupier of a shed or building in the absence of such licensee.

(2) There shall be paid to the District Council half yearly in advance a fee of ten shillings which payment shall entitle the licensee to the exclusive use of an area measuring twelve feet by ten feet to be indicated to him by the District Council:

Provided that where the licensees have erected a stall which has been roofed with corrugated iron by the District Council the said fee shall be increased to one pound.

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this bye-law shall be liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

16. (1) No person other than a watchman or labourer duly authorised under the provision of bye-law 7 shall enter or be in the produce market between the hours of 9 p.m. and 5 a.m. on the succeeding day.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provision of paragraph (1) shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

17. (1) On application being made to it in that behalf the District Council may authorise one watchman or labourer in respect of each licensee to reside in the produce market between the hours of 9.0 p.m. and 5.0 a.m. on the succeeding day. Such authorisation shall be given by endorsing the name and description of the watchman or labourer on the licence of the applicant.

(2) In the event of any other watchman or labourer being substituted for the person named on the licence then notification of such substitution shall be given to the District Council within twenty-four hours thereof and in default of such notification the licensee shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding three months and the substituted watchman or labourer shall be ejected from the produce market.

18. Any person who rides or drives any animal or vehicle in the produce market shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

#### PART IV—MISCELLANEOUS

19. The Market Master may order any vessel or craft which has discharged its cargo up on the market beach to withdraw from the said beach, and any person who fails to comply with any such order shall be liable on conviction, to a fine of ten shillings, or to imprisonment for seven days.

20. (1) Except with permission of the District Council no person shall erect within the market any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure or other structure whether affixed to the ground or not.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of paragraph (1) shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of two pounds and may be required to remove the structure within a reasonable period to be fixed by the District Council; in the event of such person failing to remove the said structure within the period so fixed then he shall in addition be liable to a fine of two pounds in respect of each twenty-four hours during which the structure remains after the expiry of such fixed period and the District Council may itself cause the removal and sale of the structure the proceeds of which may, in the discretion of the District Council, be applied in payment of any unpaid fine or the costs of the said removal.

21. (1) Every occupier of a stall, table or place in the market shall on every day on which he shall use such stall, table or place keep the same in a perfectly clean state and at the close of every day's selling and before leaving, brush, sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from such stall, table or place and thoroughly wash and clean and dry the same so that no blood, water or dirt, shall be left or seen thereon, and shall also sweep and clean away all dirt, filth and rubbish from the unoccupied space adjoining such stall, table or place as may be allotted to him by the person appointed to allot spaces in the market, as his fair portion of the unoccupied space common to all in the market to keep clean as aforesaid, and all such dirt, filth, rubbish, and sweeping shall by such occupier immediately thereupon be conveyed to and deposited in such place as be selected and appointed by a Health Officer.

(2) If any person persistently refuses or neglects to comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) then the District Council may, in its discretion, eject such person from the stall, table or place occupied by him and may cancel his licence.

22. Except where otherwise expressly provided any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of these bye-laws or any of them shall be liable, on first conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for fourteen days and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days for each day during which the offence continues:

Provided that the maximum penalty for any continuing offence shall not exceed the sum of five pounds or imprisonment for one month.

23. A fine or term of imprisonment or other penalty under the foregoing bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or by a Magistrate's Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate.

24. The Otu-Ocha Town Native Authority (Market) Rules, 1950, are hereby revoked.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

All the parcel of land situated at Otu-Ocha in the Onitsha Province, Nigeria, and containing an area of approximately 28.56 acres, the boundaries of which are described below:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBG. 18	21 <sup>2</sup> ° 21'	123.1 feet	PBD. 5509
PBD. 5509	197° 31'	211.0 "	PBD. 5510
PBD. 5510	286° 16'	48.6 "	PBD. 5511
PBD. 5511	182° 08'	225.7 "	PBD. 5512
PBD. 5512	163° 02'	256.4 "	PBD. 5513
PBD. 5513	161° 01'	1,583.2 "	PBD. 5516

thence on a bearing of 216° 21' for a distance of 98.2 feet to point on the centre line of the Akkor Stream; thence downstream along the centre line of the Akkor Stream in a general north-westerly direction for an approximate distance of 2,015 feet to the confluence of the Akkor Stream with the Anambra River; thence upstream along the left bank of the Anambra River in a general north-north-easterly direction for an approximate distance of 1,520 feet to a point which lies on a bearing of 133° 56' at a distance of 115 feet from PBD. 21; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 133° 56' for a distance of 265.0 feet through PBG. 21 to PBG. 18, the starting point.

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings, and lengths are approximate, and all bearings are referred to the True North.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

### THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1953 Form A (Bye-law 8)

Licence No. ....

#### *Licence for use of General Market Stall*

Licence is hereby granted to ..... of .....  
for the use of Stall No. .... in the General Market at .....  
from the ..... day of ..... 19..... to the ..... day of ..... 19.....  
subject to the provision of the above-mentioned bye-law.

Fee paid £      s      d

Date....., 19.....

.....  
*Onitsha Northern District Council*

### THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1953 Form B (Bye-law 15)

Licence No. ....

#### *License for use of Produce Market Stall*

Licence is hereby granted to ..... of .....  
for the use of Stall No. .... in the Produce Market at .....  
from the ..... day of ..... 19..... to the ..... day of ..... 19.....  
subject to the provision of the above-mentioned bye-law.

Fee paid £      s      d

Date....., 19.....

.....  
*Onitsha Northern District Council*

MADE by the Onitsha Northern District Council this 31st day of August, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed the 31st day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary,*  
*Onitsha Northern District Council*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman,*  
*Onitsha Northern District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 16th day of October, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of November, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 293 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE ABAKALIKI DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(NGBO LOCAL RATES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authorities Ordinance, Chapter 140, the following rules have been made by the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority (Ngbo Local Rates) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority residing or carrying on business in the Ngbo Clan of the Abakaliki Division of Ogoja Province and shall come into force on the 1st day of September, 1953.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority;

“native administration” means the Abakaliki Divisional Native Administration;

“rate-payer” means an adult person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business in the Ngbo Clan shall pay a local rate of three shillings per annum.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the officer appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Abakaliki Divisional Native Treasury.

5. The Native Administration Treasurer shall immediately transfer all money received from payment of the local rate to a separate account to be called the Ngbo Local Rate Account.

6. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. Such money shall be accounted for as provided in rule 5 and a Native Administration Receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of this rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 7, shall be spent on the erection, repair and maintenance of school and other buildings to serve the people of the Ngbo Clan.

9. Any person who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for seven days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Proceedings for the imposition of penalties under rule 9 may be taken by the Native Authority—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

Made at Abakaliki this 29th day of August, 1953, under the Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

N. M. AGADA, *Secretary*

JOHN N. NWANKWO, *President*

APPROVED this 9th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 294 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE OKOBO-ORON DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF  
MARKETS IN ORON TOWN) BYE-LAWS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Okobo-Oron District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Okobo-Oron District Council (Markets) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.
2. These bye-laws shall, unless the context otherwise requires, apply to the Oron New Market, the Beach Market and the Evening Market. Application.
3. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “the council” means the Okobo-Oron District Council;
  - “beach market” means that strip of land at Oron Town along the right bank of the Oron River extending from the Oron Museum to the boundary of the old African Association Estate, excluding therefrom such portions of such land as are occupied by the United Africa Company;
  - “evening market” means that portion of land lying between the Oron Post Office, the Akani Obio Idua Methodist Church and the Oron Waterside where formerly the Oron old market was situated;
  - “Oron new market” means that portion of land of approximately ten acres situated on the outskirts of Idua Oron Town to the south of the Oron-Eket Road;
  - “Oron Town” means an area covering the following villages, Idua Asang, Iquita, Esin Ufot and Esuk Oron;
  - “Section A” of the Beach Market means that portion of the market extending from the south end of the Oron Museum to the shop of the United Africa Company;
  - “Section B” of the Beach Market means that portion of the market extending from the south end of the shop of the United Africa Company to the shop formerly occupied by Miller Brothers Limited;
  - “Section C” of the Beach Market means that portion of the land that used to be occupied by the African Association extending from the African Association Beach Road to Esuk Ewa and now surrendered to the Henshaw family.
4. Except as otherwise ordered by the Council— Times of opening.
  - (a) The Oron New Market shall be open daily between the hours of 6 a.m. and 4 p.m.
  - (b) The Beach Market shall be open daily between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m.
  - (c) The Evening Market shall be open between the hours of 4 p.m. and 7 p.m.
5. Any person who establishes, opens or maintains any market within the area of the Oron Town without the permission of the Council in writing shall be guilty of an offence. No market to open without the permission of the Council.

Markets not to be used unless during opening hour.

6. Any person who sells food or merchandise or who carries on his trade or calling in any of the markets in Oron Town when that market is not open shall be guilty of an offence.

Appropriation of sections in the market for particular purposes

7. No produce or merchandise shall be sold or exposed for sale in the markets except in such place or places as are appropriated therefor by the Council.

Stalls not to be used as dwelling places.

8. No stall in the market shall be utilised as a dwelling place.

Permission to erect stall.

9. No temporary stall shall be erected without the permission of the Council and none shall be outside the lines prescribed by the Council.

Alleys and passages to be kept clear.

10. No baskets, boxes, cases or other articles or goods whatever shall be placed in the alleys or passages of the markets.

No obstruction to be caused.

11. No person shall cause any obstruction in the markets or in any of the roadways, passages or approaches thereof.

Stalls to be kept clean.

12. All stall holders and persons in charge of stalls shall keep the same in a clean condition and to the satisfaction of the market master.

Refuse.

13. No person shall deposit any refuse in any place in the markets other than in a receptacle provided by the Council.

Nuisance.

14. No person shall commit a nuisance in the markets.

Tolls and stallages.

15. Tolls and stallages as set out in the schedules to these bye-laws shall be paid by persons selling food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the markets every month in advance provided that persons selling their food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in any open space in the Oron New Market pay only for the day they sell food or merchandise or carry on their trade or calling.

Altering tolls or stallages.

16. The Council may by resolution vary the amount of any stallages as set out in the Schedules to these bye-laws.

Stalls not to sublet.

17. No person shall sublet any stall allotted to him. Any person contravening this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable in addition to any other penalty to be ejected from the market and the stall may be allotted to another person.

Direction to be obeyed.

18. Every person using the markets shall obey the directions of the market master or any of the Council servants acting on behalf of the market master.

Penalties.

19. Any person who:—  
(1) sells or purchases food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the markets on any day or at any hour when the market is not open, or

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(2) uses any stalls for selling or purchasing food or merchandise or carrying on his trade or calling without previously paying the approved stallages, or

(3) uses any stall or permits any stall be to used as a dwelling place, or

(4) is found within the markets during the hours when the markets are not open without lawful excuse the onus of proof of which shall lie on him, or

(5) sells food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the markets in any place or places other than that allotted for the purpose of selling such food or merchandise, or

(6) erects any stall or stalls without the permission of the Council or outside the limits prescribed by the Council, or

(7) uses any stall appropriated for the sale of a particular class or classes of produce or merchandise for the sale of any other class of produce or merchandise, or

(8) places any baskets, box, case, or other article in the alleys or passages of the market, or

(9) places any board, basket or other thing so as to project over the line or frontage of an adjoining stall or stand or beyond the limit of the space allotted to him, or

(10) causes any obstruction in the market or in any of the roadways, passages, or approaches thereof, or

(11) being a stall holder or the person in charge of a stall, fails to keep the same in a clean condition to the satisfaction of the Council, or

(12) deposits any refuse in any place in the market other than a receptacle provided by the Council, or

(13) commits a nuisance in the market, or

(14) fails to obey the directions of the Council or of any person appointed by the Council for the purpose of preserving order and regularity in the market shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for ten days.

20. Any person who sublets any stall allotted to him shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

21. Any person contravening bye-law 9 shall be guilty of an offence and liable in addition to any other penalty to a fine of five shillings a day for every day during which such temporary stall is left standing after seven days' notice to remove the same has been given.

22. No person shall in the markets wilfully obstruct, disturb, interrupt any officer of the Council in the proper execution of his duty, or any person or servant of any person employed by the Council in the proper execution of any work in connection with the maintenance of the markets.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

*(Tolls and Stallages in respect of the Oron New Market)*

	s	d
Class A Block ... ..	2	0 per month
Class B Block ... ..	1	6 per month
Class C Block ... ..	1	0 per month
Sellers in open spaces ... ..	0	1 per day

Registration of clubs.  
 Proviso.

4. All clubs shall be registered by the Council, and it shall be an offence to conduct an unregistered club:

Provided that a club formerly registered with the Ngwa Native Authority under the Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, shall be deemed to be a registered club subject to the terms of bye-laws 8.

Application for registration.

5. Application for registration shall be made by the Club Head in the following manner:—

- (i) by paying a fee of one pound into the Eastern Ngwa District Council Treasury;
- (ii) by informing the Council of the intention to apply for registration and producing the Eastern Ngwa District Council Treasury Receipt for the fee; whereupon the Council shall appoint a day for the application to be considered;
- (iii) by paying an additional fee of 10s to obtain certificate of Registration after the club had been approved by Council, this sum will be paid into the Eastern Ngwa District Council Treasury;
- (iv) by producing before the Council on the day appointed the records for the club, and providing all such information concerning the club as the Council shall require.

Examination of records and rules.

6. The Council shall examine the records of the club, and particularly the rules of the club and the register of the club, and shall inquire into the character and financial standing of the Club Head or Heads, and may then:—

- (i) if it is satisfied that the records are in order, that the rules of the club do not differ in any important respect from the model rules approved by the Council under bye-laws 3, that the register of the club has been properly kept and that the Club Head or Heads are persons of good character and satisfactory financial standing, approve registration, or
- (ii) if it is not satisfied in any of these respects may adjourn consideration of the application for registration for a stated time and in particular:—
  - (a) if it is not satisfied with the rules of the club, in that they differ in some important respect from the model rules approved by the Council under bye-law 3, shall point out in what respect the rules of the club are unsatisfactory and ask the Club Head to amend the rules of the club, or
  - (b) if it is not satisfied that the register of the club has been properly kept, shall point out in what respect it is not satisfactory, and ask the Club Head to see that it is corrected as necessary, or
  - (c) if it is not satisfied concerning the Club Head or Heads, may require any or all of them to provide guarantors acceptable to the Council for the whole amount of the liability of such Club Head or Heads, or
- (iii) may refuse to approve registration:

Proviso.

Provided that any person dissatisfied with the decision of the Council to register or to refuse to register a club may take action in any Native Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Council against the Council to show cause why such club should be registered or should not be registered.



and in hearing such action the Native Court may make such order as justice may demand in accordance with these bye-laws, subject to the right of redress by review or appeal provided by the Native Courts Ordinance.

7. If the Council approves the registration of a club, it shall enter in a registration book to be kept for the purpose:

- (i) the name of the club;
- (ii) the name of the Club Head or Club Heads;
- (iii) the name of the secretary;
- (iv) the number of members and the number of contributions;
- (v) the amount of the contribution;
- (vi) the value of the hand;
- (vii) the name of the member to receive the first hand;
- (viii) the place and time of meetings;

Duties of council after approval of registration.

and shall further signify in the minute book of the club that the rules of the club have been approved, and in the register of the club that the said register has been examined and found correct.

8. When the full number of contributions named in the rules of a club, whether registered under these bye-laws or formerly registered with the Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, has been made, the club shall except for such action as may be necessary to wind up its affairs be deemed to have determined. If the same Club Head wishes to start a new club with the same or different members, a fresh application for registration shall be made.

Determination of club.

9. A Club Head shall be guilty of an offence who—

- (a) demands or accepts a commission in excess of that specified in the rules of the club;
- (b) demands or accepts a fee in excess of that specified in the rules of the club for accepting liability for a member's debt;
- (c) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member when his turn comes to receive it;
- (d) deducts from the hand any sum other than that provided in the rules of the club for
  - (i) commission, or
  - (ii) fee for accepting liability for the member's debt, or
  - (iii) in the event of a member providing a substitute in accordance with the rules of the club the correct portion of the hand for the member or his substitute, or
  - (iv) penalties as provided for in the rules of the club;
- (e) leaves a club without repaying the hands received by the members for whom he is responsible.

Offences by club head.

10. A secretary shall be guilty of an offence who—

- (a) wilfully neglects to make an entry in the records of the club as instructed by the meeting;
- (b) makes an entry in the records of the club which is not authorised by a meeting.

Offences by secretary.

Penalties.

11. (1) Any offence specified in these bye-laws shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding £10 or in default to imprisonment not exceeding three months.

(2) These penalties shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court or a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Proceedings against unregistered club head.

12. Nothing in these bye-laws shall be construed as debarring a member of an unregistered club from proceeding against the head of such unregistered club.

13. The Ngwa Native Authority Isusu Club Rules, 1948, are hereby revoked and replaced within the area of the authority of the Council.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of August, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ngwa District Council was affixed on the 26th day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

J. N. OMENIHU, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Eastern Ngwa District Council*

J. E. DINNEYA, *Chairman,*  
*Eastern Ngwa District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 27th day of October, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of November, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASANT,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 297 of 1953

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officer, Kumba, by section 107 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, and by Public Notice No. 107 of 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that the following traffic regulations have been made—

KUMBA-MAMFE ROAD

Notwithstanding the provisions of Eastern Region Public Notice No. 123 of 1953, motor vehicles which are under the control of the Public Works Department or of Messrs. Costains West Africa Limited and which are engaged upon the construction of Kumba-Mamfe Road shall be permitted to operate at all times in both directions between Kumba and Milestone 60.

R. J. ELKERTON,  
*District Officer, Kumba District*

E.R. Public Notice No. 298 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Northern Ngwa District Council, but also to all persons whilst within its area.</p>   | <p>Short title and application.</p>                             |
| <p>2. In these bye-laws:—<br/>           "impound" with its grammatical variations means take and confine in an area or place appointed by the Northern Ngwa District Council to be a pound for any area or portion to which these bye-laws apply;<br/>           "council" means the Northern Ngwa District Council;<br/>           "poundmaster" means a person appointed in writing by the Northern Ngwa District Council to have charge of a pound.</p> | <p>Definitions.</p>   |
| <p>3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young set out in the First Schedule to these bye-laws to be within the area of jurisdiction of the Northern Ngwa District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried.</p>  | <p>Prohibition of keeping of animals within specified area.</p> |
| <p>4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water.</p>  | <p>Animals to be properly confined.</p>                         |
| <p>5. Any cattle, ram, ewe, wether, goat, pig, duck or drake, or their young if found straying within the area of jurisdiction of the Northern Ngwa District Council, may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the Northern Ngwa District Council.</p>  | <p>Impounding of animals by authorised persons.</p>             |
| <p>6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto.</p>  | <p>Claim and release.</p>                                       |
| <p>7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding bye-law any impounded animal which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the District Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under bye-law 6 of these bye-laws:</p>              | <p>Sale of unclaimed impounded animals.</p>                     |
| <p>Provided that no claim for payment shall be entertained after six months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.</p>   | <p>Proviso.</p>   |
| <p>8. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for two weeks.</p>   |   |
| <p>9. These bye-laws shall apply during the periods set out in the Third Schedule hereto.</p>   |   |

10. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

11. The Ngwa Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1949, are hereby revoked within the area of the authority of the Northern Ngwa District Council.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle, rams, ewe, ducks, wethers, goats, pigs, drakes.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE—PENALTIES

	£	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded	0	10	0
For every duck or drake impounded	0	1	0
For every other animal impounded	0	3	0

*Note.*—The penalties form part of the revenue of the Northern Ngwa District Council.

#### *Expenses of Keep*

	£	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded for each day or portion of a day	0	2	0
For every other animal impounded for each day or portion of a day	0	1	0

*Note.*—The expenses to be paid to the poundmaster for his own use, Days to be reckoned from the hour of impounding.

#### THIRD SCHEDULE

The period of application of these bye-laws shall be:

- (i) in respect of cattle and pigs—throughout the year.
- (ii) in respect of other animals—from 1st March to 30th November, inclusive.

MADE by resolution of the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council, this 28th day of September, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of October, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of November, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 299 of 1953

Rules MADE UNDER *The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Annang Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province:—

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1. These rules may be cited as the Western Annang Native Authority (Market) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to the Akpan Essiek Market (hereinafter called "the Market)."</p>  | <p>Short title and application.</p>   |
| <p>2. The market shall be open from 6.0 a.m. to 6.0 p.m. daily or on such days as the Native Authority shall appoint.</p>  | <p>Hours of opening.</p>  |
| <p>3. The Western Annang Native Authority (hereinafter called "the Native Authority") may set aside any part of the market for the sale or storage of specified foodstuffs, stores, merchandise or any other articles.</p>   | <p>Native Authority may set aside part of market for sale of specific articles.</p> |
| <p>4. The Western Annang Native Authority shall appoint suitable person or persons to be Market Master for the supervision of the market and for the collection of and accounting for all fees and stallages payable in respect of the use of the market.</p>  | <p>Market Masters.</p>  |
| <p>5. The stallages set out in the First Schedule hereto and the fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall be paid by all persons selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market.</p>   | <p>Stallages fees payable.</p>  |
| <p>6. Stallages and fees shall be paid in advance to the Market Master.</p>  | <p>When stallages and fees are to be paid.</p>                                      |
| <p>7. Any person who:—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) uses or exposes his wares for sale on any stall without first paying the prescribed stallage fees therefor;</li> <li>(ii) erects any stall, shed, building, fence or enclosure within the market without first obtaining the permission in writing of the Native Authority;</li> <li>(iii) allows a stall for which he has paid stallage fees to become insanitary or allows any litter therein;</li> <li>(iv) uses any stall as a dwelling or sleeping place;</li> <li>(v) cooks food in any stall without the permission in writing of the Native Authority;</li> <li>(vi) rides a bicycle in the market;</li> <li>(vii) is found within the area of the market without reasonable excuse between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m. being a person other than a watchman or labourer authorised by the Native Authority;</li> <li>(viii) exposes for sale or sells or stores any produce, merchandise or any other article in any part of the market which is not set aside for the exclusive sale or storage of such produce, merchandise or other article;</li> </ul> | <p>Offences.</p>  |



2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Akpabuyo Rural District Council at the Akpabuyo Maternity Ward shall pay a fee of 10s 6d to the midwife in charge. Payment of fee.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Akpabuyo Rural District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the Child Welfare Service provided by the Akpabuyo Rural District Council for her child under the age of two years shall pay a fee of 2s 6d to the midwife in charge.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to treatment of the child in respect of whom it is paid for a period not exceeding twelve months from the date of payment.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Akpabuyo Rural District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

4. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a District Council Maternity Ward when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the District Council Maternity Wards shall pay a fee of 5s which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2. Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

5. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose. Receipt record of treatment.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

6. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the District Council. Exemption for pauper patients.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 10th day of August, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Akpabuyo Rural District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

E. O. UBAHA, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Akpabuyo Rural District Council*

M. N. EFFIOM, *Chairman,*  
*Akpabuyo Rural District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of October, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of November, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 301 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

THE OKOBO-ORON DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(BUILDING LINES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Okobo-Oron District Council:—

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| Short title and application.                             | 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Okobo-Oron District Council (Building Lines) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply only to all persons within the Oron Town area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.  |
| Definition.  | 2. In these bye-laws, unless the context otherwise requires:—<br>“council” means the Okobo-Oron District Council;<br>“Oron Town Area” means an area in the Okobo-Oron District Council Authority covering the following villages: Idua Oron, Iquita, Esin Ufot including the Oron Saw-mills, Esuk Oron including the Boys’ High School and a portion of Eyo Bani village extending from the western side of Mary Hanney Girls’ School to George Allen Road;<br>“health officer” means the Government Health Superintendent in charge of Oron Town area and includes the Council Sanitation Overseers;<br>“obstruction” includes any building, or any tree or permanent seasonal crop or any structure of any nature that may tend to obstruct any thoroughfare in the Oron Town area, or any structure in addition to any existing building in the area;<br>“street” means any thoroughfare used by the public and includes any thoroughfare under construction. |
| Obstruction on roads.                                    | 3. (a) No person shall in respect of any street in Oron Town area create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side thereof within a distance of 30 feet from the middle line of such street.<br>(b) No person shall in respect of those portions of streets set out in Schedule hereto create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side thereof within a distance of 50 feet from the middle line of such street.  |
| Penalty.   | 4. Any person who shall create or cause to be created an obstruction in contravention of the provisions of bye-law 3 shall be guilty of an offence and liable of conviction to a fine not exceeding £25 or to imprisonment not exceeding six months.   |
| Removal of obstruction and recovery of expenses thereof. | 5. (1) The Council may cause any building or part thereof or any obstruction artificial or natural which has been created in contravention of bye-law 3 to be pulled down or removed.<br>(2) When any expenses has been incurred in the pulling down or removal of any building or any part thereof or any other obstruction as aforesaid the expenses may be recovered from the person who created the obstruction pulled down or removed or from the person who caused the same to be created.   |



6. The provisions of these bye-laws shall not apply to buildings erected or to any crops planted before the coming into operation of these bye-laws. Saving.

7. The penalties imposed by and the expenses recoverable under these bye-laws shall be imposed by or recoverable in, if the person is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, a Native Court, or if the person is not so subject then a Magistrate's court. Courts.

#### SCHEDULE

*Portions of Streets referred to in Bye-law 3 (b).*

Top Rest House Road.  
Esin Ufot—Eyo Bassey Road.  
Akani Obio—Esin Ufot Road.  
Boys' High School—Mary Hanney Road.  
George Allen Road.

MADE by resolution of the Okobo-Oron District Council at a meeting held on the 28th day of April, 1953.

The Seal of the Council was affixed hereto in the presence of:

A. M. E. MBA, *Secretary,*  
*Okobo-Oron District Council*

E. O. ONORIOK, *Chairman,*  
*Okobo-Oron District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 2nd day of November, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by subsection (3) of section 107 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of December, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 302 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

#### THE UZO-UWANI NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (1) (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year. The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required of him to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority with a view to obtaining information for the assessment and collection of the rate.

5. The rate shall be paid annually by each rate-payer to the person appointed for that purpose by the Native Authority, and shall be paid by him into the Uzo-Uwani Native Treasury.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers in excess of the rate.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provisions of rule 7 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for two weeks for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding two pounds or to imprisonment for one month for each subsequent offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or its agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9 or 10 may be taken by the Native Authority—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority the 26th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uzo-Uwani Native Authority in the presence of  
BEN. AARON O. IBEGBU, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

J. IFEANYA, *Chairman,*  
*Uzo-Uwani Native Authority*

APPROVED this 28th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Nigeria*

E.R. Public Notice No. 303 of 1953

Order MADE UNDER *The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section 66 (b) of the Townships Ordinance which powers have been delegated to Lieutenant-Governors the following order is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt Township. (Declaration, Short title. of Open Spaces) Order, 1953.

2. It is hereby ordered that the parcel of land the limits and situation. Open space of which are more particularly described in the Schedule hereto shall constitute an Open Space. created.

3. Nothing in this order shall be construed as in any way affecting the Saving. free right of passage of the public along any highway situated within the limits of such open space.

SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Port Harcourt in Port Harcourt Division of the Rivers Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 2.672 acres, the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked P.B.J 3033, the co-ordinates of which are 2833.36 feet south and 1823.05 feet east of a concrete pillar marked I. S. the origin of Port Harcourt Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

From	Bearing	Length	To
P.B.J 3033	267° 41'	847.0 Feet	P.B.J 3034
P.B.J 3034	345° 03'	40.0 "	P.B.J 3035
P.B.J 3035	70° 31'	712.7 "	P.B.J 3036
P.B.J 3036	160° 56'	33.0 "	P.B.J 2480
P.B.J 2480	160° 57'	80.0 "	P.B.J 2923
P.B.J 2923	138° 46'	52.6 "	P.B.J 2924
P.B.J 2924	120° 00'	51.6 "	P.B.J 2925
P.B.J 2925	98° 50'	66.0 "	P.B.J 2926
P.B.J 2926	176° 56'	59.8 "	P.B.J 3033

the starting point.

All property beacons are concrete pillars; all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE at Enugu this 26th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**THE OBUBRA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(CATTLE) RULES, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 10 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Divisional Native Authority (Cattle) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

Definitions.

2. Definitions:—

“area” means the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;  
“cattle” means oxen, bulls, cows and horses together with their young;

“native authority” means the Obubra Divisional Native Authority;  
“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

Impounding of stray cattle.

3. Any cattle found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.

Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

4. Any person who permits any cattle to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Release of impounded cattle on conditions.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any cattle impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.  
(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action of any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

6. (1) Any cattle impounded under the provisions of these rules which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.  
(2) The proceeds of the sale of such animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any cattle in a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

**SCHEDULE**

*Penalties*

1. For every head of cattle impounded	8	d
2. For every other animal impounded...	3	0

*Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	1	0
2. In every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	0	6

MADE by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority this 19th day of September, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. A. ONIHANA, *Clerk to Council,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

D. O. ENANG, *Chairman,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 305 of 1953

*The Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

THE ORATTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF BAKE-HOUSES, ETC., IN OWERRI TOWN) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 42 (c) of the Public Health Ordinance and the Public Health (Native Authorities Enabling) Order-in-Council, 1940, the following rules have been made by the Oratta Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oratta Federal Native Authority (Control of Bake-houses, etc., in Owerri Town) Rules, 1953, and shall apply within the area within a radius of two miles from the Owerri Post Office.

Short title and application.

2. In these rules:—

“bake-house” means any building or premises in which bread which is intended for sale to the public is prepared or baked and includes any room or place in which flour or baking materials are stored;

“native authority” means the Oratta Federal Native Authority.

Definitions.

3. (1) All bake-houses, dairies, aerated-water factories, eating houses and food preserving establishments shall be registered annually at the office of the Native Authority by the proprietor or occupier carrying on the business.

Annual registration of bake-houses, etc.: offence and penalty.

(2) The Native Authority shall not register any premises under the provisions of this rule until such premises have been inspected and approved by the Health Officer.

(3) The sum of five shillings shall be charged as a registration fee and the Native Authority shall issue a certificate of registration in the Form A in the Schedule.

(4) Any person using any premises which have not been registered under this rule for any purpose mentioned in sub-rule (1) of this rule is guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

4. A Health Officer shall have power to enter and examine a bake-house, dairy, aerated-water factory, eating house and food preserving and food preparing establishment at all reasonable times in order to ascertain that the provisions of these rules are being complied with. If any person wilfully obstructs a Health Officer in exercising his power under this rule such person shall be guilty of an offence against these rules.

Power of health officer to inspect premises.

5. All bake-houses, dairies and aerated-water factories shall be paved or concreted and drained to the satisfaction of the Health Officer and shall be well ventilated and shall be lime-washed inside throughout once every six months.

Bake-houses, etc., to be drained, etc.

6. No animal or bird shall be allowed on premises used as bake-houses, dairies or aerated-water factories and all such premises shall be made fly-proof and kept free from all vermin to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

Animals, birds and flies.

7. (1) The owner or occupier of any premises used for any purpose mentioned in rule 3—

Conditions to be observed in bake-houses, etc.

(a) shall make such sanitary arrangements as shall satisfy the Health Officer; and

(b) shall not use such premises as living or sleeping quarters; and

- (c) shall ensure that every latrine is fly-proofed; and
- (d) shall only use water from a source approved by the Health Officer; and
- (e) shall keep such premises and their surroundings clean and swept daily; and
- (f) shall take such measures to keep down vermin as shall satisfy the Health Officer; and
- (g) shall not permit any person to enter such premises while such person is suffering from an infectious disease; and
- (h) shall keep adequately covered all flour and other baking materials, foodstuffs and water used in connection therewith; and
- (i) shall maintain and keep clean all baking tins, pans, moulds and other utensils to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

(2) Any occupier or owner of such premises who fails to comply with the provisions of this rule shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) The Native Authority may cancel the registration of any premises where the owner or occupier fails to comply with the provisions of this rule.

8. (1) All doors, windows and ventilators of all premises used for any purpose mentioned in rule 5 shall be covered with wire gauze which shall be kept in a good state of repair.

(2) A room used for any purpose mentioned in rule 5 shall not be capable of direct access from any living room.

9. In every bake-house:—

- (i) all tables used for kneading bread shall have a smooth surface free from all cracks and crevices;
- (ii) all flour and other baking materials, which shall be kept covered, shall be stored in a place other than the room or place where bread is baked or kneaded;
- (iii) every store-room shall be ceiled to the satisfaction of the Health Officer;
- (iv) the oven shall not be connected with the store or kneading room.

10. If the Health Officer shall consider that any premises used for any of the purposes mentioned in rule 3 should, in the interest of the public health, be closed, he may by notice in writing prohibit the proprietor or occupier from using such premises for any such purposes until such time as the prohibition shall be withdrawn. Any person who continues to use such premises contrary to the notice given by the Health Officer shall be guilty of an offence against these rules.

11. Any person failing to comply with the provisions of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

SCHEDULE

FORM A

*The Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 183)*

REGISTRATION OF BAKE-HOUSES, DAIRIES, AERATED-WATER FACTORIES, EATING HOUSES, FOOD PRESERVING AND FOOD PREPARING HOUSES

The premises described hereunder and in the control of ..... are registered as ..... from the ..... day of ..... 19..... to the ..... day of ..... 19.....

Fee Paid: 5s.

Date: ..... 19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

Further conditions for bake-houses, dairies and aerated-water factories.

Special conditions for.

Power of health officer to close premises.

Offence and penalty.

## DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES

MADE under the Seal of the Oratta Federal Native Authority this 26th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oratta Federal Native Authority on the 26th day of September, 1953, in the presence of:

F. F. O. Nwigwe, *Secretary*

M. I. MBACHU, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 14th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 306 of 1953

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section 71 of the Townships Ordinance which powers have been delegated to Lieutenant-Governors, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited, as the Umuahia-Ibeku (Township Rates) Notice, 1953, and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of October, 1953.
2. In this notice "annual value" means the annual value of a tenement as shown in the valuation list for the time being under the Assessment Ordinance.
3. An annual rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements of the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku as defined in the Townships Order, Eastern Region No. 14 of 1952.
4. The said rate shall be five *per centum* of the annual value of the tenements.
5. The date on which the first payment shall become due shall be the 1st day of October, 1953.
6. The following tenements shall be exempt from payment of the said rate:—
  - (a) all land and buildings appropriated exclusively for the purposes of public worship;
  - (b) cemeteries and burial grounds;
  - (c) any tenement or part of any tenement occupied by such consular officers as the Governor may from time to time specify;
  - (d) primary schools and buildings, including teachers' houses, within such school premises used exclusively for the purposes of conducting such schools;
  - (e) private hospitals registered under the Private Hospitals Ordinance, and hospitals and similar institutions exempt from such registration by reason of being maintained or owned by a Local Government Council;
  - (f) Government premises provided such premises are not leased to any person other than an employee of Government;
  - (g) public recreation grounds.

GIVEN at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## THE UKWA NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxv) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ukwa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ukwa Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ukwa Native Authority.
2. In these rules:—
  - “native authority” means the Ukwa Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
  - “rate-collector” means person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.
4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.
5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.
  - (2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—
    - (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or Community to which he has been appointed;
    - (b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
    - (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and
    - (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.
6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.
9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty

of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector in the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

ADOPTED by the Ukwa Native Authority the 4th day of May, 1953.

APPROVED with the Corporate Seal of the Ukwa Native Authority in the presence of:

YONG ESIEN, Secretary

ASIDOK UDO, *His R.T.I., President*  
S. O. INYAMA, *Witness to Impression*

APPROVED this 13th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IHE NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ihe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ihe Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ihe Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ihe Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

“rate-collector” means person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or Community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ihe Native Authority the 4th day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ihe Native Authority in the presence of:

D. I. NTOH, *Secretary*

OTUSI OTEGBU, *His R.T.I., President*  
S. O. INYAMA, *Witness to Impression*

APPROVED this 13th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 309 of 1953*

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 51 (2) of the Townships Ordinance the provisions of section 52 of the Townships Ordinance are hereby applied to the Township of Unuahia-Ibeku.

MADE at Enugu this 30th day of October, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 310 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*  
INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE ABA-NGWA COUNTY COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Aba-Ngwa County Council, and published as Eastern Regional Public Notice No. 93 of 1953 is hereby amended by deleting paragraph 12 thereof and substituting the following therefor:

"12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day."  
MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 12th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 311 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*  
INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENTS ESTABLISHING THE  
SOUTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL, THE EASTERN NGWA  
DISTRICT COUNCIL AND THE NORTHERN  
NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Southern Ngwa District Council, the Eastern Ngwa District Council and the Northern Ngwa District Council, and published as Eastern Regional Public Notices Nos. 90, 91 and 95 of 1953 respectively, are hereby amended by deleting paragraph 12 thereof and substituting the following therefor:

"12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day."

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 12th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 312 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*  
INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENTS OF LOCAL COUNCILS  
ESTABLISHED WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF ABA

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Local Councils within the Administrative Division of Aba, and published as Eastern Regional Public Notices Nos. 89 and 94 of 1953 are hereby amended by deleting paragraphs 11 thereof and substituting the following therefor:

"11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day."  
MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 12th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 313 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE SOUTH WESTERN NATIVE AUTHORITY (AWI, MBU I, SANTA AKUM, PINYIN, MBEI, NDZONG, BABA II AND ALATANU VILLAGE AREAS) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the South Western Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the South Western Native Authority (Awi, Mbu I, Santa Akum, Pinyin, Mbei, Ndzong, Baba II and Alatanu Village Areas) (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the South Western Native Authority residing within the Awi, Mbu I, Santa Akum, Pinyin, Mbei, Ndzong, Baba II and Alatanu Village Areas, and shall come into force immediately.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the South Western Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Awi, Mbu I, Santa Akum, Pinyin, Mbei, Ndzong, Baba II and Alatanu Village Areas of the South Western Native Authority shall pay a local rate of 10s (ten shillings) for year 1953-54 only.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon education purposes, within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the South Western Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the South Western Native Authority the 5th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the South Western Native Authority in the presence of:

P. M. ANGU, *Secretary*

G. T. T. MBA II, *President*

APPROVED this 14th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 314 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IBESIT NUNG IKOT NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all person subject to the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of ten shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Annang Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every amount so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon education scheme within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.



9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority the 14th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Native Authority in the presence of:

*Witness to mark:* J. A. I. EDIENE

T. J. UDOAFFAH (*Councillor*)

J. A. I. EDIENE

WILLIAM UMOH, *His R.T.I.*

(*Authorised to sign by Resident, Calabar Province*).

APPROVED this 14th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAK-MIDIM NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Abak-Midim Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abak-Midim Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Abak-Midim Native Authority.
2. In these rules:—
  - “native authority” means the Abak-Midim Native Authority;
  - “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
  - “rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of ten shillings per year.
4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.
5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.  
(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—
  - (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
  - (b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
  - (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Annang Native Treasury; and
  - (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.
6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.
7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.
8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon education scheme within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Annang Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Abak-Midim Native Authority the 14th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Abak-Midim Native Authority in the presence of:

S. A. AKPABIO  
D. A. INYANG  
EKA IDEM, *His R.T.I.* } *Members*

*Witness to mark:* D. AKAN

*(Authorised to sign by Resident, Calabar Province)*

APPROVED this 14th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 316 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISU NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isu Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Isu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Arc-Ibo Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isu Native Authority the 4th day of May, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Isu Native Authority in the presence of:  
C. K. KALU, *Secretary*

KANU NWA KANU, *His R.T.I., President*  
S. O. INYAMA, *Witness to Impression*

APPROVED this 13th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 317 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UTUTU NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ututu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ututu Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ututu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ututu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Aro-Ibo Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ututu Native Authority the 3rd day of February, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ututu Native Authority in the presence of:

S. U. OKORAFOR, *Secretary*

EKE K. OKWARA, *His R.T.I., President*  
S. O. INYAMA, *Witness to Impression*

APPROVED this 13th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 318 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Cap. 127)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (MARKET) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the Wimbu Native Authority makes the following rules:—

PART I—PRELIMINARY

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Market) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Wimbu Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.

2. In these rules:—

“health officer” includes the Medical Officer of Health, a Medical Officer, a Sanitary Inspector or other persons acting under the authority, whether general or special of the Medical Officer of Health, and whether such Sanitary Inspector, Medical Officer or other person is serving in the Medical or Sanitary Departments of the Government or is in the service of the Wimbu Native Authority;

“market” means the markets established under the provisions of section 3 of the Ordinance named in the First Schedule to these rules;

“market master” means the person appointed as such under the provisions of rule 3;

“native authority” means the Wimbu Native Authority;

“tolls and stallages” means tolls and stallages fixed under the provisions of rule 6.

3. The Native Authority may appoint a suitable person to be the Market Master of the market.

4. No produce or merchandise shall be sold or exposed for sale in the market except in such place or places as are appropriated therefor by the Native Authority.

5. No stall, shed, booth or other structure for which a licence has been issued shall be sublet, mortgaged, transferred or in any way alienated without the consent in writing of the Native Authority first obtained which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, and any sub-lease, mortgage, transfer or other alienation made without such consent shall be null and void.

PART II—GENERAL MARKET

6. (1) Tolls and stallages to be paid by persons selling food or merchandise or carrying their trade or calling in the general market shall be fixed by the Native Authority in consultation with the Divisional Officer and shall be posted up in conspicuous places in the market.

(2) Tolls and stallages fixed under the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall not be changed unless at least one clear month's prior notice of such change has been posted in the general market.

(3) All tolls and stallages shall be paid yearly in advance at the office of the Native Authority.

(1) The Native Authority or some person duly authorised by the Native Authority shall issue to all persons paying tolls and stallages a licence in Form A of the Schedule,



8. Any person who, being licensed in respect of a stall, fails without reasonable excuse to continue such occupation for three consecutive market days shall be liable to forfeit the said stall, the licence for which shall be cancelled, and to be ejected therefrom. In the event of such ejection the Native Authority may assess the value of the said stall and if it has been erected by the person ejected, shall cause the value thereof to be paid by the new occupier thereof to the person ejected.

9. Any person who sells food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in any place in the general market other than those appropriated therefor under section 4 of these rules shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or imprisonment for ten days and in the case of a continuing offence to a fine of ten shillings for each day on which the offence continues after conviction. In addition the Native Authority may cancel any licence granted to such person and may cause him to be ejected from the place occupied by him.

10. Except as may be otherwise appointed by the Native Authority, the general market shall be open every day from 6.0 a.m. to 7.0 p.m. and any person who sells or purchases food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the market except within those hours or within such other hours as may be appointed shall be liable, on conviction, to the same penalties as if he had contravened the provisions of rule 9.

11. (1) No person other than a duly authorised person shall enter or be in any portion of the general market between the hours of 8.0 p.m. and 5.0 a.m. on the succeeding day.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be liable on first conviction to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

#### PART III—MISCELLANEOUS

12. Any person who rides or drives any animal or bicycle or drives any vehicle in the market shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

13. (1) Except with the permission of the Native Authority no person shall erect within the market any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure or other structure whether affixed to the ground or not.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of two pounds and may be required to remove the structure within a reasonable period to be fixed by the Native Authority; in the event of such person failing to remove the said structure within the period so fixed then he shall in addition be liable to a fine of two pounds in respect of each twenty-four hours during which the structure remains after the expiry of such fixed period and the Native Authority may itself cause the removal and sale of the structure the proceeds of which may, in the discretion of the Native Authority, be applied in payment of any unpaid fine or the cost of the said removal.

14. (1) Every occupier of a stall, table or place in the market shall on every day on which he shall use such stall, table or place keep the same in a perfect clean state and at the close of every day's selling and before leaving, brush, sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from such stall, table or place, and thoroughly wash and clean and dry the same, so that no blood, water or dirt shall be left or seen thereon, and shall also sweep and clear away all dirt, filth and rubbish from the unoccupied space adjoining such stall, table or place as may be allotted to him by the person appointed to allot spaces in the market, as his fair portion of the unoccupied space common to

all in the market to keep clean as aforesaid, and all such dirt, filth, rubbish, and sweepings shall by such occupier immediately thereupon be conveyed to and deposited in such place as may be selected and appointed by a Health Officer.

(2) If any person persistently refuses or neglects to comply with the provisions of sub-rule (1) then the Native Authority may, in its discretion, eject such person from the stall, table or place occupied by him and may cancel his licence.

15. Except where otherwise expressly provided any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of these rules or any of them shall be liable, on first conviction, to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for fourteen days and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days for each day during which the offence continues:  
 Provided that the maximum penalty for any continuing offence shall not exceed the sum of five pounds or imprisonment for one month.

16. A fine or term of imprisonment or other penalty under the foregoing rules shall be imposed or ordered:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court,
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Ndu Market

SECOND SCHEDULE

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY MARKET RULES, 1953

FORM A

Licence No.....

(Rule 7)

LICENCE FOR USE OF GENERAL MARKET STALL

Licence is hereby granted to..... of..... for the use of Stall No..... in the General Market at Ndu from the..... day of..... 19..... to the..... day of..... 19....., subject to the provisions of the above-mentioned rules.

Fee paid: £      s      d

MADE this..... day of..... 19.....

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 31st day of July, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority on 31st day of July, 1953, in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

CHIEF W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 14th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 319 of 1953

Order MADE UNDER *The Dogs Ordinance, 1942 (No. 15 of 1942)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region by section 16 of the Dogs Ordinance, 1942, which powers have been delegated to the Residents, Eastern Region, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Kumba Division) (No. 1) Declaration Order, 1953.
2. The area of Kumba Division within a radius of twelve miles of the Kumba Market and the area within a radius of five miles of Ikiliwindi are hereby declared diseased areas.
3. The removal of dogs into or out of the diseased areas is prohibited.
4. The authorities for the areas declared by this order to be diseased areas are hereby directed to make rules for all the matters referred to in section 15 of the Dogs Ordinance, 1942.

MADE at Buea this 11th day of November, 1953.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

E.R. Public Notice No. 320 of 1953

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
NATIVE AUTHORITY

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title and date of commencement.

Amendment to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice (P.N. 95 of 1945).

1. This Notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Amendment No. 3) Notice, 1953.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set forth in the First Schedule hereto, and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Onitsha	Udi	Abaja-Ngwo	—	Abaja-Ngwo Council	Area of Abaja and Ngwo Clans excluding Enugu Township.
		Umueziagu	—	Umueziagu Council	Umueziagu Area excluding Olo and Oha.
		Nkanu	—	Nkanu Council	Nkanu Clan Area excluding Enugu Township.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Onitsha	Udi	Abaja-Ngwo	—	Abaja-Ngwo Council	Abaja and Ngwo Clan Areas excluding the Area of the Enugu Urban District Council.
		Eziagu	—	Eziagu Council	Eziagu Area excluding Olo and Oha.
		Nkanu	—	Nkanu Council	Nkanu Clan Area excluding the Area of the Enugu Urban District Council.

GIVEN at Enugu this 13th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 1 of 1953

ORDER IN COUNCIL made under THE BIRTHS,  
DEATHS AND BURIALS ORDINANCE (Cap. 20)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor in Council by section 36 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance the following Order in Council is hereby made:—

1. This Order in Council may be cited as the Births, Deaths and Burials (Port Harcourt Cemetery) Order in Council, 1953.

2. All that parcel of land at Port Harcourt in the Port Harcourt Division of the Rivers Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 27.28 acres, the boundaries of which are described below, shall be a public burial-ground for the Township of Port Harcourt and shall be known as the Port Harcourt Cemetery.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked P.B.J 2349, the co-ordinates of which are 3156.78 feet south and 5930.08 feet east of a concrete pillar marked I.S., the origin of Port Harcourt Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines, the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
P.B.J 2349	285° 37'	87.5 feet	P.B.O 2931
P.B.O 2931	176° 57'	382.1 "	P.B.O 2932
P.B.O 2932	266° 57'	597.8 "	P.B.K. 2737
P.B.K 2737	266° 55'	452.6 "	P.B.K 2736
P.B.K 2736	356° 57'	854.9 "	P.B. 7997
P.B. 7997	357° 38'	30.5 "	P.B.J 2352
P.B.J 2352	321° 50'	84.0 "	P.B.O 3067
P.B.O 3067	356° 58'	226.6 "	P.B.O 3068

Thence on a bearing of 356° 58' for a distance of 6.0 feet to a point on the high water mark of ordinary tide of Amadi Creek; thence along the high water mark of Amadi Creek in a general south-easterly direction for an approximate distance of 1,960 feet to a point on the high water mark of ordinary tide of Amadi Creek which lies on a bearing of 105° 37' at a distance of 50.0 feet from P.B.J 2349; thence on a bearing of 285° 37' for a distance of 50.0 feet to P.B.J 2349 the starting point.

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate, and all bearings are referred to True North.

3. The said burial-ground is appropriated to the burial of persons of all nationalities and religious denominations.

4. Order in Council No. 28 of 1942 and the Births, Deaths and Burials (Port Harcourt Cemetery) Order in Council, 1952, are hereby revoked.

Vol. VII  
pp. 216-217  
E.R. Public  
Notice No.  
140 of 1952.

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council at Enugu this 25th day of November, 1953.

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk of the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 321 of 1953

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

THE EASTERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(ALIENATION OF LAND) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council.

Short title,  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council (Alienation of Land) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on 1 day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

(2) These bye-laws shall not apply to any transaction concerning land completed before the 1st day of November, 1953.

Definition.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“the area,” except where the context otherwise requires means the area of the authority of the Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“the council” means the Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“native of the area” means any person who is eligible by native law and custom to inherit land or the use of land within the area;

“registration clerk” means the person appointed by the Council to be registration clerk for the purpose of these bye-laws;

“transaction concerning land” means any sale, lease, gift *inter vivos*, mortgage, pledge or other transaction whereby an interest in land or any trees thereon situate within the area passes.

Prerequisites  
of transaction  
concerning  
land.

3. (1) Before any transaction concerning land is entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area the parties thereto shall:—

(a) appear in person before the Council and announce in public their intention of entering into such a transaction;

(b) state the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto;

(c) give description of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council.

(2) The Council shall record in writing in a book kept for the purpose the particulars given by the parties under the preceding sub-bye-law.

(3) The Council shall, except for good cause which shall be communicated to the parties, give its approval to such transaction, and shall record such approval in writing.

“good cause” shall mean that the transaction is one which is not in the best interest of the natives of the area.

(4) If the Council shall, for good cause, withhold its approval, it shall record in writing its reasons for doing so.

(5) The Council shall, on request by the parties, supply a copy of the record made under the preceding sub-paragraphs of this bye-law.

4. If the Council shall give its consent to the transaction the parties shall prepare or cause to be prepared an instrument which shall be in writing and shall:—

- (a) set out the full names and address of the parties thereto;
- (b) contain a description or plan of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council;
- (c) set out the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto as approved by the Council;
- (d) be signed by the parties thereto in the presence of one or more literate witnesses who shall subscribe his or their names thereto; and shall present such instrument to the Council within sixty days of the date on which such approval was given, for endorsement of the approval of the Council thereon.

(2) If the Council is satisfied that the instrument complies with the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this bye-law, it shall, upon payment of a fee of five shillings, endorse its approval thereon. Such endorsement shall be signed by such person or persons as may be entitled to sign instruments on behalf of the Council.

5. (1) Any transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area except in accordance with the provisions of bye-laws 3 and 4 hereof shall be null and void.

Transaction concerning land not entered into in accordance with these bye-laws to be null and void.

(2) Any native of the area who shall enter into a transaction concerning land in contravention of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and liable, upon conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Any person not a native of the area who shall acquire an interest in land belonging to a native of the area shall be guilty of an offence unless such interest is evidenced by an instrument registered in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws, and shall be liable upon conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(4) Any person not a native of the area who, being lawfully in possession of land belonging to a native shall, after the coming into force of these bye-laws, sell, lease, assign or otherwise part with possession of the said land or any part thereof, without approval of the Council obtained in accordance with these bye-laws, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or imprisonment for two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

6. Where it shall appear to the Council that any person not a native of the area is in possession of land belonging to a native of the area in contravention of these bye-laws, the Council may cause a summons to be issued to such person, requiring him to appear before a court and to prove that his possession is not in contravention of these bye-laws. If on the hearing of such summons the court find that such person is in possession of the land in contravention of these bye-laws the court shall order such person to give up possession of the land, and shall issue such process as may be necessary for enforcing such order.

Unlawful possession: procedure for ejectment.

7. (1) Every person not a native of the area executing an instrument relating to a transaction concerning land shall, within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Council was endorsed thereon, register the instrument with the Council.

Transaction concerning land to be registered.

(2) Registration shall be effected, subject to bye-law 10 of these bye-laws, by leaving the instrument, together with a true copy thereof and a fee of ten shillings with the registration clerk at the office of the Council.

Instrument void for want of registration.

8. Every instrument relating to a transaction concerning land, entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area executed after the coming into force of these bye-laws, shall be void unless the same shall be registered within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Council was endorsed thereon:

Provided that the Council may extend such period if it is satisfied that registration has been delayed without fault or neglect on the part of the party acquiring the right or interest in the land in question, by endorsement upon the instrument.

Registration.

9. Upon receipt of the instrument and the copy thereof and the registration fee the registration clerk shall endorse upon the instrument an endorsement in the form of Form A of the Schedule to these bye-laws and shall examine the instrument and compare it with the copy and if he shall find that the instrument complies with the provisions of these bye-laws and that the copy is a true copy thereof, he shall register the instrument by endorsing upon it and upon the copy thereof an endorsement in the form of Form B of the Schedule to the bye-laws and shall paste or bind the said copy in a register book kept for the purpose.

When instrument cannot be registered.

10. (1) Where upon an examination of the instrument and the copy thereof lodged for registration the registration clerk shall find that the instrument is one which is declared by these bye-laws to be void or which does not comply with the provisions of these bye-laws, or that the copy is not a true copy; he shall give written notice to the person lodging the same for registration, specifying the particular requirement or requirements which have not been complied with.

(2) Until the requirements specified in the notice have been complied with registration shall not be effected.

Proof of registration.

11. An endorsement on an instrument that it has been registered, signed by the registration clerk, and in addition by each person or persons as may be entitled to sign documents on behalf of the Council, under provisions of the standing rules of the Council, shall be proof of registration under the provisions of these bye-laws until the contrary is shown.

Unregistered instrument not admissible in evidence.

12. No instrument relating to a transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area after the coming into force of these bye-laws shall be admissible as evidence in any court unless it has been registered in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 7 of these bye-laws.

13. The Council shall, at the request of any party to an intended transaction concerning land between a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area, and on payment of a fee of ten shillings, cause a written instrument to be prepared to give effect to the wishes of the parties.

SCHEDULE

FORM A

Rule 9.

Presented for registration by.....of  
(NAME)  
.....day of.....19.....  
(PLACE OF ABODE)

Registration Clerk

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FORM B

Rule 9.

Registered this.....day of.....19..... as  
No.....at Page.....in Volume.....of the  
Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council Registry at.....

*Registration Clerk,  
for and on behalf of the Southern  
Ngwa District Council*

MADE under the Seal of the Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council,  
this 24th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council was  
affixed in the presence of:—

J. N. OMENIHU, <i>Secretary/Treasurer, Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council</i>	J. E. DINNEYA, <i>Chairman, Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council</i>	
	J. U. OGBONNA	} <i>Members</i>
	S. O. IKPEOHA	

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 10th day of November, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section  
107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of  
January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall  
come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 322 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

THE OKU-AYADEGHE MARKET

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 3 of the Markets  
Ordinance the following market to be known as the Oku-Ayadeghe Market is, with the  
approval of the Resident to whom the power has been delegated, hereby established  
by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority of the Enyong Division of the Calabar  
Province:—

All that area of land forming a rectangle approximately 100 yards in length and 72  
yards in breadth lying to the east of Ayadeghe with the north by the Cross River and  
the western boundary running along the Ayadeghe road for 98 yards in a southerly  
direction from that point.

GIVEN this 29th day of August, 1953.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe  
Native Authority dated the 29th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority  
in the presence of:

A. A. UDOH, *Secretary,  
Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority*

RICHARD OKOKON, *Chairman,  
Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority*

APPROVED by me this 9th day of September, 1953.

D. SMITH,  
*Acting Resident, Calabar Province*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IGBO-ETITI NATIVE AUTHORITY (DISPENSARY FEES) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon a Native Authority by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority (Dispensary Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing himself or herself of the dispensary services provided by the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority shall pay a fee of 6d to the Dispensary Attendant in charge of any of the dispensaries established and maintained by the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority, provided that all school children, Native Authority employees and their families, and patients suffering from infectious diseases should be treated free of charge.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to a treatment at the dispensary at the time that the payment is made, and during subsequent attendances at the dispensary within two months from the date upon which payment was made.

(3) The Dispensary Attendant in charge of a dispensary established and maintained by the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to him together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(4) The Dispensary Attendant in charge of a dispensary shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(5) It shall be in the discretion of the Dispensary Attendant to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by the Clerk of the Council, Igbo-Etiti Native Authority.

(6) If a patient during the validity of his fee expresses the desire to transfer to another dispensary, he shall present his receipt to the Dispensary Attendant, who shall endorse it for treatment at the dispensary to which the patient wishes to transfer, and shall make up and transmit to the Dispensary Attendant in charge of the other dispensary but shall not hand to the patient a record of the diagnosis and treatment given.

MADE by Resolution of the Native Authority this 12th day of September, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Igbo-Etiti Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

BEN AARON O. IBEGBU, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Igbo-Etiti Native Authority*

S. U. OSHOKO, *Chairman,*  
*Igbo-Etiti Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 27th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,  
C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

## EASTERN REGION

E.R. No. 13 of 1953

ORDER made under THE FORESTRY ORDINANCE  
(Cap. 75)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 (6) of the Forestry Ordinance the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Bende Forest Reserves (Amendment) Order, 1953. Short title.
2. Order No. 24 of 1929 is hereby revised and modified by revoking the First and Second Schedules thereto and by substituting the following First and Second Schedules therefor. Revision and modification of Order No. 24 of 1929.
3. The Ogu Itu Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1952, the Ukpom Bende Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1952, and the Obot Ndom Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1952, are hereby revoked. Revocation of Orders E.R. No. 8 of 1952, E.R. No. 9 of 1952 and E.R. No. 11 of 1952.
4. The Ubibia Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1952, is hereby revoked. Revocation of E.R.P.N. No. 129 of 1952.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

## OGU ITU FOREST RESERVE

All that piece of land containing one decimal six three square miles or thereabouts situated in the Bende Division of the Owerri Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the right bank of the River Adu opposite the point where it is joined on its right bank by the left bank of the River Uduma, the approximate co-ordinates of which are 5° 26' North and 7° 48' East on the Nigeria Survey Map Sheet North B 32/N IV (Ikot Ekpene) and marked by Beacon No. 1, by the right bank of the River Adu in a general south-easterly direction downstream for a distance of about 1 mile 700 feet to Beacon No. 2 situated on the right bank of the River Adu; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 241° 30' for a distance of 740 feet to Beacon No. 3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 61° 30' for a distance of 2,034 feet to Beacon No. 4 situated on the right bank of the River Adu; thence by the right bank of the River Adu downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of about 1,650 feet to Beacon No. 5 on the dry land right bank of the River Adu where it is met by the left bank of the River Igu; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 125° for a distance of 80 feet to Beacon No. 5A situated on the right bank of the River Igu; thence by the right bank of the River Igu downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of about 1 mile 900 feet to Beacon No. 6 on the right bank of the River Igu where it is met by the right bank of the Awai Creek; thence continuing by the right bank of the River Igu downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of about 700 feet to Beacon No. 7 on the right bank of the River Igu where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ikpe Ikot Nkon to Maku Beach; thence continuing by the right bank of the River Igu downstream in a general southerly direction for

a distance of about 2,600 feet to Beacon No. 8 on the right hand bank of the River Igu where it is joined by the left bank of the River Enyang; thence by the left bank of the River Enyang upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of about 1 mile 800 feet to Beacon No. 9 on the left bank of the River Enyang where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Maku Beach to Ikpe Ikot Nkon; thence continuing by the left bank of the River Enyang upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of about 1,600 feet to Beacon No. 10 on the left bank of the River Enyang; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $42^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,190 feet to Beacon No. 11; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $336^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,131 feet to an unnumbered Beacon situated on a path from Maku to Ikpe Ikot Nkon; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $336^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,739 feet to Beacon No. 12 on the left hand side of the path from Ikpe Ikot Nkon to Maku; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $336^{\circ}$  for a distance of 190 feet to Beacon No. 13; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $347^{\circ}$  for a distance of 336 feet to Beacon No. 14; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $47^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,102 feet to Beacon No. 15 on the right hand side of the path from Ogu Itu to Maku Beach; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $47^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,505 feet to Beacon No. 16 situated on the right bank of the River Igu; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $47^{\circ}$  for a distance of 60 feet to Beacon No. 16A situated on the left bank of the River Igu; thence by the left bank of River Igu upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about 4,400 feet to Beacon No. 17 on the left bank of the River Igu where it is met by the left bank of an unnamed stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $33^{\circ}$  for a distance of 940 feet to the starting point.

#### UKPOM BENDE FOREST RESERVE

All that piece of land containing five decimal seven seven square miles or thereabouts situated in the Bende Division of the Owerri Province from which are excluded the areas hereinafter described as Area No. 1 and Area No. 2 respectively and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the left bank of the Oteyi Stream where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Isieke to Uzuakoli the approximate co-ordinates of which taken from the Nigeria Survey Map 1 : 125,000 Sheet North B 32/N II (Afikpo) are  $5^{\circ} 34' 30''$  N and  $7^{\circ} 32' 36''$  E marked by Beacon No. 1, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $42^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,060 feet to Beacon No. 2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $137^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,798 feet to Beacon No. 3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $65^{\circ}$  for a distance of 612 feet to Beacon No. 4 on the right bank of the Iyi Akoa Stream; thence by the right bank of the Iyi Akoa Stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of about one mile to Beacon No. 5 on the right bank of the Iyi Akoa Stream where it meets the right bank of the Enyang River (here known also as the Iyio Stream); thence by the right bank of the Enyang River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of about one mile to Beacon No. 5A on the right bank of the Enyang River where it is met by the right bank of the Oteyi Stream; thence continuing by the right bank of the Enyang River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of about half a mile to Beacon No. 6 on the right bank of the Enyang River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $76^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 50 feet to Beacon No. 6A on the left bank of the Enyang River; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $76^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,553 feet to Beacon No. 7 situated on the right hand side of a path entering the Reserve from Oboko Ozuitem; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $122^{\circ}$  for a distance of 792 feet to Beacon No. 8; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $162^{\circ}$  for a distance of 830 feet to Beacon No. 9; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^{\circ}$  for a distance of 667 feet to Beacon No. 10; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 518 feet to an unnumbered Beacon situated on the left hand side of an old road from Bende to Umuahia; thence

continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 480 feet to Beacon No. 11; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $167^{\circ}$  for a distance of 541 feet to Beacon No. 12; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $129^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,214 feet to Beacon No. 12A on the left bank of the Mifi Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $129^{\circ}$  for a distance of 336 feet to Beacon No. 13; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $65^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,088 feet to Beacon No. 14; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $100^{\circ}$  for a distance of 956 feet to Beacon No. 15 on the left bank of the Eber Stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $49^{\circ}$  for a distance of 493 feet to Beacon No. 16; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $83^{\circ}$  for a distance of 606 feet to Beacon No. 17; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $99^{\circ}$  for a distance of 677 feet to Beacon No. 18 on the right hand side of the motor road from Bende to Umuahia; thence by the right hand side of the motor road from Bende to Umuahia in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 3,850 feet to Beacon No. 19 on the right hand side of the motor road from Bende to Umuahia; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 26 feet to Beacon No. 19A on the left hand side of the motor road from Bende to Umuahia where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ukpom; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,131 feet to Beacon No. 19B on the right bank of the Iyiuma Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 933 feet to Beacon No. 19C on the right bank of the Kpokrikpa Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,063 feet to Beacon No. 19D on the left hand side of a path from Agbomiri to Ukpom; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 727 feet to Beacon No. 19E on the left bank of the Iyiakara Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $146^{\circ}$  for a distance of 701 feet to Beacon No. 20 on the right hand side of the path from Ndi Okorieukwu Bende to Ukpom; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $206^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,486 feet to Beacon No. 21 on the right bank of the Iyiakara Stream; thence by the right bank of the Iyiakara Stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of about two miles to Beacon No. 22; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $315^{\circ}$  for a distance of 84 feet to Beacon No. 23; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $254^{\circ}$  for a distance of 287 feet to Beacon No. 24; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $244^{\circ}$  for a distance of 810 feet to Beacon No. 25 on the left bank of the Enyang River; thence by the left bank of the Enyang River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about two miles to Beacon No. 26 on the left bank of the Enyang River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Ukpom to Bende; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $260^{\circ}$  for a distance of 80 feet to Beacon No. 26A on the right bank of the Enyang River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Ukpom to Bende; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $302^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,822 feet to Beacon No. 27; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $13^{\circ}$  for a distance of 522 feet to Beacon No. 28; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $272^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 562 feet to Beacon No. 29; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $219^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 218 feet to Beacon No. 30; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $302^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,076 feet to Beacon No. 30A on the right bank of an unnamed stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $302^{\circ}$  for a distance of 801 feet to Beacon No. 31; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $274^{\circ}$  for a distance of 838 feet to Beacon No. 32; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $277^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,923 feet to Beacon No. 33; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $269^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,569 feet to Beacon No. 34; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $32^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,683 feet to Beacon No. 34A on the right bank of the Nkom Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $32^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,248 feet to Beacon No. 34B on the right bank of the Erua Stream; thence continuing by a straight line on a bearing of  $32^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,596 feet to Beacon No. 34C on the right hand side of a path from Umuahia to Bende; thence continuing by a straight line on a bearing of  $32^{\circ}$  for a distance

of 1,412 feet to Beacon No. 34D on the right hand side of a path from Umuhunter to Bende; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $32^\circ$  for a distance of 1,412 feet to Beacon No. 35 on the left hand side of the road from Bende to Umuahia; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $32^\circ$  for a distance of 26 feet to Beacon No. 35A on the right hand side of the road from Bende to Umuahia; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $309^\circ$  for a distance of 4,186 feet to Beacon No. 35B on the right hand side of an old road from Bende to Umuahia; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $309^\circ$  for a distance of 3,437 feet to Beacon No. 35C on the right hand side of a path from Ozuitem to Isieke; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $309^\circ$  for a distance of 1,839 feet to Beacon No. 35D on the right hand side of a second path from Ozuitem to Isieke; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $309^\circ$  for a distance of 1,965 feet to Beacon No. 36 on the right bank of the Oteyi Stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $309^\circ$  for a distance of 40 feet to Beacon No. 36A on the left bank of the Oteyi Stream; thence by the left bank of the Oteyi Stream upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about 900 feet to Beacon No. 36B on the left bank of the Oteyi Stream where it is met by the right hand side of a path from Isieke to Ozuitem; thence continuing by the left bank of the Oteyi Stream upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about one quarter of a mile to Beacon No. 36C on the left bank of the Oteyi Stream where it is met by the right hand side of a path from Isieke to Uzuakoli; thence continuing by the left bank of the Oteyi Stream upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about one and a quarter miles to the starting point.

#### AREA 1 (THE BENDE SETTLEMENT)

All that piece of land containing eight decimal five acres or thereabouts bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the left bank of the Enyang River where it is joined by the left bank of the Eberé Stream marked by Beacon No. 37 by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $81^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 618 feet to Beacon No. 38; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $164^\circ$  for a distance of 633 feet to Beacon No. 39; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $99^\circ$  for a distance of 198 feet to Beacon No. 40; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $214^\circ$  for a distance of 198 feet to Beacon No. 41 on the left bank of the Enyang River; thence by the left bank of the Enyang River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about one quarter of a mile to the starting point.

#### AREA II (SAMUEL OKAFOR'S ENCLAVE)

All that piece of land containing nought decimal five nine of an acre or thereabouts bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point 27 feet from a point on the left bank of the Enyang River which point itself is situated about half a mile downstream from pillar 26 on the left bank of the Enyang River and marked by Beacon No. 42 by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $61^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 155 feet to Beacon No. 43; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $135^\circ$  for a distance of 150 feet to Beacon No. 44; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $234^\circ$  for a distance of 169 feet to Beacon No. 45; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $330^\circ$  for a distance of 178 feet to the starting point.

#### OBOT NDOM FOREST RESERVE

All that piece of land containing one decimal one one square miles or thereabouts situated in the Bende Division of the Owerri Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the right bank of the Amako Stream where it is crossed by the left hand side of the path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi the approximate co-ordinates of which are  $5^\circ 26'$  North  $7^\circ 44'$  East on Nigeria Survey Map 1:125,000 Sheet North

B 32/N IV (Ikot Ekpene) marked by Beacon No. 1 by the right bank of the Amako Stream in a general south-easterly direction downstream for a distance of about one mile to Beacon No. 2 situated on the right bank of the Amako Stream where it is met by the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream; thence by the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of about three quarters of a mile to Beacon No. 3 on the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Ogu Itu to Ibam Ikot; thence continuing by the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of about one and a quarter miles to Beacon No. 4 on the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream where it is joined by the left bank of the Enyang River; thence by the left bank of the Enyang River upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of about one and three quarter miles to Beacon No. 5 situated on the left bank of the Enyang River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Ogu Itu to Ibam Ikot; thence continuing by the left bank of the Enyang River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about one and a quarter miles to Beacon No. 6 situated on the left bank of the Enyang River where it is met by the left hand side of a path from Ogu Itu to Ibam Ikot; thence continuing by the left bank of the Enyang River upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of about 2 miles to Beacon No. 7 on the left bank of the Enyang River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $320^\circ$  for a distance of 157 feet to Beacon No. 8 on the left hand side of the path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi; thence by the left hand side of the path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1,492 feet to Beacon No. 9 on the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi; thence by the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of about 300 feet to Beacon No. 10 on the right bank of the Oyeyi Stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $18^\circ$  for a distance of 98 feet to Beacon No. 10A on the dry ground at the edge of the Seasonal Swamp bordering the left bank of the Oyeyi Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $18^\circ$  for a distance of 97 feet to Beacon No. 11; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $62^\circ$  for a distance of 776 feet to Beacon No. 12; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $327^\circ$  for a distance of 325 feet to Beacon No. 13; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $320^\circ$  for a distance of 323 feet to Beacon No. 14; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $245^\circ$  for a distance of 360 feet to Beacon No. 15 situated on the left hand side of the path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi; thence by the left hand side of the path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,050 feet to the starting point.

#### UBIBIA FOREST RESERVE

All that piece of land containing two decimal nine five square miles or thereabouts situated in the Bende Division of Owerri Province and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the right bank of the Owuwa River where it is met by the right hand side of the motor road from Bende to Ndi Iwo the approximate co-ordinates of which are  $5^\circ 32' N$  and  $7^\circ 39' E$  on Nigeria Survey Map 1:125,000 Sheet North B 32/N II (Afikpo) about one quarter of a mile south-east of Etiti Ulo marked by Beacon No. 1 by the right hand side of the motor road from Bende to Ndi Iwo in an easterly and then southerly direction for a distance of about 4,100 feet to Beacon No. 2 on the right hand side of the motor road from Bende to Ndi Iwo where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Amaba Ubibia to the motor road from Bende to Ndi Iwo; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
2	$208\frac{1}{2}^\circ$	306'	3
3	$212^\circ$	205'	4
4	$206^\circ$	385'	5

Council may refuse registration.

6. The Council may refuse to register an Osusu Club if it is not satisfied that—

- (a) the applicant is a fit and proper person to run an Osusu Club by reason of his character or financial standing; or
- (b) the Osusu Club which it is desired to register will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.

Permit to operate. Second Schedule.

7. Upon registration of an Osusu Club the Council shall issue a permit to operate in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Cancel-lation of registration.

8. The Council may cancel the registration of an Osusu Club if it appears to it that such club is not being conducted in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws.

Secretary to Osusu Clubs.

9. (1) There shall be appointed to an Osusu Club a Secretary whose duty it shall be to keep accurately all such records and accounts as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

(2) Any Secretary to a club who:—

- (a) fails, neglects or refuses to make all necessary entries in the records or accounts of the club; or
- (b) makes any false or unauthorised entry in the records or accounts of the club

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Conduct and proceedings of clubs. Third Schedule.

10. The provisions of the Third Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of an Osusu Club registered under these bye-laws.

Club to keep records.

11. The records of an Osusu Club shall be maintained at the headquarters of such club and shall be open to inspection at all reasonable hours by every member of the club or by any officer of the Council.

Determination of Osusu Clubs.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, every Osusu Club shall determine within three years from the date of its first registration.

(2) This bye-law shall not apply to an Osusu Club which existed before and was functioning at the date of coming into operation of these bye-laws.

Osusu Club may wind up its affairs.

13. An Osusu Club may wind up its affairs at any time upon a decision of the majority of its members being reached to the effect at a general meeting of the club, the quorum of which shall not be less than three quarters of the total number of members.

Club head may start second club.

14. The club head of an Osusu Club which has wound up its affairs may apply to act as the head of another Osusu Club with the same or different members subject to the provisions of these bye-laws.

Officers of the club. Offences and penalty.

15. Any club head or other officer or any member of an Osusu Club acting in such capacity who—

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee to the club of more than one shilling; or
- (ii) demands or accepts any commission, money or gift in any form of more than 1¼ per cent of any one hand; or
- (iii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member whose turn it is to receive it; or
- (iv) relinquishes his office without just cause; or
- (v) disbands the club before every contributor has received his hand

Permit to operate from...  
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s guilty of an offence and is liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Form of Registration*

1. Name of the Osusu Club.....
2. Headquarters of the Club.....
3. The regular meeting place of the club.....
4. Number of members.....
5. Total number of shares.....
6. Value of one share.....
7. Value of one hand.....
8. Total value of all hands.....
9. Name of Club Head.....
10. Name of Club Secretary.....
11. Name of Club Treasurer.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Permit to operate an Osusu Club*

Permission is hereby granted to Mr..... of.....  
to operate the..... Osusu Club at.....  
from the..... day of..... 19..... to the  
..... day of....., 19..... subject to the provisions of the Ikot Ekpen Urban District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953.

.....  
*Secretary, on behalf of Urban District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

1. An Osusu Club shall not hold a meeting during the hours of darkness.
2. A roster of the names of contributors and order of preference for the taking of hand shall be prepared at the first General Meeting of the club and approved by the majority of the members present provided that the General Meeting shall have powers by resolution to adjust the order of preference in the event of any emergency.
3. Notwithstanding the provision of paragraph 2 by the consent of the majority of the members present at a general meeting any member may be allowed to draw his hand or one hand if he has more than one hand in the club.
4. Every hand shall be paid to the member whose turn it is to receive a hand at the meeting of the club as soon as the collection is completed.
5. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at that meeting of the club. The sureties shall ensure that the member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.
6. When a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand is unable or fails to produce two sureties, an amount equal to the sum he has contributed may be deducted from the hand and given to him with the approval of the majority of the members of the club present at the meeting. The

balance shall then be handed to the treasurer of the club until such time as the member shall produce sureties when such amount shall be handed over to him. If the club determines before he has produced sureties then the club treasurer shall hand over such sum to him at the date of the determination.

7. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall be a member of the club in all respects, and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member whose place he has taken.

8. When a member who has not received a hand dies, the Secretary of the club shall inform his next of kin in writing that he can either act as a substitute to the deceased member himself or, with the approval of the majority of the members of the club produce another person as a substitute. The provisions of paragraph 7 shall apply to such substitutes in either case.

9. Any amount contributed by a deceased member shall at the determination of the club be paid to his next of kin.

10. When a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

	£	s	d
1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	2	6
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10 but not exceeding £20, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	5	0
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	10	0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	15	0
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, registration fee shall be ... ..	1	0	0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £75, registration fee shall be ... ..	1	10	0
7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £75 but not exceeding £100, registration fee shall be ... ..	2	0	0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100 registration fee shall be £2 for the first £100 and 2s 6d for every additional £10 or part thereof.			

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FIFTH SCHEDULE  
*Fee for renewal of Registration*

	<i>per annum</i>		
	£	s	d
1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0	1	0
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10, but not exceeding £20, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0	2	6
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0	5	0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0	7	6
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0	10	0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £75, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0	15	0
7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £75 but not exceeding £100, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	1	0	0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100, fee for renewal of registration for the first £100 shall be £1 and 1s for every additional £10 per annum.			

MADE by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. INYANG, *Secretary*

J. E. UDOH, M.B.E., *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of November, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of December, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 325 of 1953

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

OKU-AYADEGHE MARKET RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, for the market of Oku-Ayadeghe:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Oku-Ayadeghe Market Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st January, 1954.

Short title  
and appli-  
cation.

Market days.

2. The market shall be opened on such days as the Native Authority shall appoint.

Market stall.

3. The following rents shall be paid in advance to the Market Master appointed by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority by all persons selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market:—

	s	d
(a) For every permanent stall ... ..	2	6 per month.
(b) For every temporary stall ... ..	1	6 per month.
(c) For hawking or squatting in a vacant space set aside for casual traders ... ..	0	1 per day.

Separation of goods.

4. The Native Authority may set aside any part of the market for the sale or storage of specific foodstuffs, stores, merchandise or other articles.

Offences.

5. Any person who—

- (a) uses any plot or store or stall in the market for the purpose of selling any article or carrying on his trade or calling in the market, and who shall not have paid the prescribed rent therefore, or
- (b) erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure within the market boundary without the consent of the Native Authority; or
- (c) allows a plot or stall which he has hired to become insanitary or fails to keep it clean; or
- (d) cooks food in any part of the market other than that set aside by the Native Authority for the purpose; or
- (e) rides a bicycle within the market when the market is in session; or
- (f) being other than a duly authorised watchman or labourer shall be in any portion of the market between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m.; or
- (g) exposes for sale in the market produce, merchandise or any goods except on a plot or in a stall or store which has been set aside by the Native Authority for the sale of such wares; or
- (h) slaughters or butchers any animal in the market at any place other than the market slaughter slab; or
- (i) sells or exposes for sale any meat which has not been slaughtered at the market slaughter slab until such meat has been examined and found fit for sale by a Sanitary Overseer or the Market Master; or
- (j) sublets a market stall which he has hired without the approval of the Native Authority; or
- (k) places any obstruction in the alleys or passages of the market; or
- (l) commits a nuisance in the market; or
- (m) not being a butcher or an edat trader brings into the market any machet unless such machet is intended for sale; or
- (n) stages or organises a traditional play or ceremony in the market without obtaining the prior approval in writing of the Native Authority; or
- (o) creates any disturbance during the staging of any duly authorised traditional play or ceremony shall be guilty of an offence against these rules and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine of five shillings or to three days imprisonment for the first offence and to a fine of ten shillings or to six days imprisonment for any subsequent offence.

6. Any person other than the Market Master or other person duly appointed by the Native Authority who collects or attempts to collect within the market area any stallages or rents shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction, be liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

MADE under the Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority this 21st day of April, 1953.

Scaled with the Corporate Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority on the 21st day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

A. A. UDOH, *Secretary,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native*  
*Authority*

I. E. UDOH, *Chairman,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native*  
*Authority*

APPROVED by me this 9th day of September, 1953.

D. SMITH,  
*Acting Resident, Calabar Province*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 326 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

Rabies having been reported by the Medical Officer of Health, Kumba, we, in exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officer, Kumba, and the Kumba Native Authority, by section 15 of the Dogs Ordinance, and with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province, make the following order:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Kumba) Control, Seizure and Detention Order, 1953, and shall apply to the areas of the Kumba Division which are comprised within a radius of twelve miles of the Kumba Market and within a radius of five miles of the centre of Ikiliwindi.

2. All dogs in the diseased areas shall be kept under control either by means of a leash or in a house or cage.

3. Any dog found within the diseased areas not under control shall be seized and may be destroyed.

A. MUKETE,  
*for Kumba Town Native Authority*

R. J. ELKERTON,  
*District Officer, Kumba Division*

District Office,  
Kumba, 18th November, 1953.

APPROVED.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

B 698

*E.R. Public Notice No. 327 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LICENSING  
OF DOGS) ORDER, 1953

In exercise of the power conferred upon the Authority by section 11 (a) of the Dogs Ordinance it is hereby ordered by the Onitsha Northern District Council with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor that a licence fee of five shillings per annum shall be paid in respect of each dog kept within the area of the said District Council as from the 1st of January, 1954.

MADE by the Onitsha Northern District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 28th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R. Public Notice No. 328 of 1953

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE NORTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(ALIENATION OF LAND) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council (Alienation of land) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

(2) These bye-laws shall not apply to any transaction concerning land completed before the 1st day of December, 1953.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“the area” except where the context otherwise requires, means the area of the authority of the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“the council” means the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“native of the area” means any person who is eligible by native law and custom to inherit land or the use of land within the area;

“registration clerk” means the person appointed by the Council to be registration clerk for the purpose of these bye-laws;

“transaction concerning land” means any sale, lease, gift *inter vivos*, mortgage, pledge or other transaction whereby an interest in land or any trees thereon situate within the area passes.

3. (1) Before any transaction concerning land is entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area the parties thereto shall:—

Prerequisites  
of transaction  
concerning  
land.

(a) appear in person before the Council and announce in public their intention of entering into such a transaction;

(b) state the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto;

(c) give description of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council.

(2) The Council shall record in writing in a book kept for the purpose the particulars given by the parties under the preceding sub-bye-law.

(3) The Council shall, except for good cause which shall be communicated to the parties, give its approval to such transaction, and shall record such approval in writing.

“good cause” shall mean that the transaction is one which is not in the best interest of the natives of the area.

(4) If the Council shall, for good cause, withhold its approval, it shall record in writing its reasons for doing so.

(5) The Council shall, on request by the parties, supply a copy of the record made under the preceding sub-paragraphs of this bye-law.

<i>From Beacon No.</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To Beacon No.</i>
5	183 $\frac{1}{2}$ <sup>o</sup>	240'	6
6	170 <sup>o</sup>	270'	7
7	175 <sup>o</sup>	279'	8
8	186 $\frac{1}{2}$ <sup>o</sup>	819'	9
9	219 <sup>o</sup>	344'	10
10	194 <sup>o</sup>	306'	11
11	169 $\frac{1}{2}$ <sup>o</sup>	168'	12
12	100 <sup>o</sup>	484'	13
13	226 <sup>o</sup>	3301'	14

on the right hand side of the path from Amaba Ubibia to Mkpuru Ubibia; thence by the right hand side of the path from Amaba Ubibia to Mkpuru Ubibia in a general westerly direction for a distance of about 450 feet to Beacon No. 15 on the left bank of the Owuwa River where it is met by the right hand side of the path from Amaba Ubibia to Mkpuru Ubibia; thence by the left bank of the Owuwa River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about 240 feet to Beacon No. 16 on the left bank of the Owuwa River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 333<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 60 feet to Beacon No. 17 on the right bank of the Owuwa River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 332<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 191 feet to Beacon No. 18; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 299<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 289 feet to Beacon No. 19; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 306<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 464 feet to Beacon No. 20 on the right hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Etitu Ulo; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 240<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 609 feet to Beacon No. 21; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 160<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 1,009 feet to Beacon No. 22 on the right hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Kalunta; thence by the right hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Kalunta in a general south-westerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of about 1,330 feet to Beacon No. 23; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 354<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 103 feet to Beacon No. 24; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 318<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 138 feet to Beacon No. 25; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 255<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 171 feet to Beacon No. 26; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 218<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 263 feet to Beacon No. 27; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 112<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 288 feet to Beacon No. 28 on the right hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Kalunta; thence by the right hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Kalunta in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of about 1 mile 2,620 feet to Beacon No. 29 on the right hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Kalunta; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 321<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 638 feet to Beacon No. 30; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 342<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 380 feet to Beacon No. 31; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 316<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 230 feet to Beacon No. 32; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 284<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 319 feet to Beacon No. 33 on the right bank of the Mfeyi River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 268<sup>o</sup> for a distance of 395 feet to Beacon No. 34 on the right hand side of the path from Kalunta to Ndi Okorieukwu; thence by the right hand side of the path from Kalunta to Ndi Okorieukwu in a general northerly direction for a distance of about 2 miles and 2,815 feet to Beacon No. 35; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81<sup>o</sup> 30' for a distance of 674 feet to Beacon No. 36 on the right bank of an unnamed stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81<sup>o</sup> 30' for a distance of 487 feet to Beacon No. 37 on the right bank of the Mfeyi River; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81<sup>o</sup> 30' for a distance of 1,046 feet to Beacon No. 38 on the right bank of an unnamed stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81<sup>o</sup> 30' for a distance of 517 feet to Beacon No. 39 on the right bank of the Iyiokamadu Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81<sup>o</sup> 30' for a distance of 1,417 feet to Beacon No. 40 on the left bank of the Iyiokamadu Stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 81<sup>o</sup> 30' for a distance of 1,210 feet to Beacon No. 41



on the left bank of an unnamed stream; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $81^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 894 feet to Beacon No. 42 on the left hand side of the path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Etiti Ulo; thence continuing on a bearing of  $81^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 778 feet to the starting point.

#### KALUNTA FOREST RESERVE

All that piece of land containing one decimal four two square miles or thereabouts situated in the Bende Division of the Owerri Province from which are excluded the areas hereinafter described as Area No. 1 (Chijoke's Enclave) and Area No. 2 respectively and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River opposite the point where the left bank of the Iyi Oke River is met by the left bank of the Nwangele Stream and situated approximately one and a half mile south-east of Okporo Enyi Village the co-ordinates of which referred to Nigeria Survey Map 1: 500,000 Sheet No. 14 are  $5^{\circ} 28' N$  and  $7^{\circ} 36' E$  marked by Beacon No. 1, by the right bank of the Iyi Oke River downstream in a general easterly and then southerly direction for a distance of about one and a quarter mile to Beacon No. 2 on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $313^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 160 feet to Beacon No. 3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $238^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon No. 4; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $155^{\circ}$  for a distance of 190 feet to Beacon No. 5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $219^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 185 feet to Beacon No. 6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $206^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 362 feet to Beacon No. 7; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $132^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 173 feet to Beacon No. 8; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $84^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 288 feet to Beacon No. 9 on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River; thence by the right bank of the Iyi Oke River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 110 feet to Beacon No. 10 on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Kalunta to Amuro; thence continuing by the right bank of the Iyi Oke River downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 280 feet to Beacon No. 11; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $219^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 360 feet to Beacon No. 12; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $152^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 350 feet to Beacon No. 13; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $96^{\circ}$  for a distance of 302 feet to Beacon No. 14; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $134^{\circ}$  for a distance of 225 feet to Beacon No. 15 on the right hand side of the path from Kalunta to Iberenta; thence by the right hand side of the path from Kalunta to Iberenta in a general westerly and then southerly direction for a distance of 2,800 feet to Beacon No. 16; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $204^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 552 feet to Beacon No. 17; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $315^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 160 feet to Beacon No. 18; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $295^{\circ}$  for a distance of 172 feet to Beacon No. 19; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $222^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 195 feet to Beacon No. 20; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $220^{\circ}$  for a distance of 245 feet to Beacon No. 21; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $288^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 108 feet to Beacon No. 22; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $229^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 256 feet to Beacon No. 23; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $142^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 143 feet to Beacon No. 24; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $127^{\circ}$  for a distance of 173 feet to Beacon No. 25; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $91^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 220 feet to Beacon No. 26; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $145^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 82 feet to Beacon No. 27; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $77^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 223 feet to Beacon No. 28; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $18^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 426 feet to Beacon No. 29; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $111^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon No. 30; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $140^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 245 feet to Beacon No. 31 on the right hand side of the path

from Kalunta to Iberenta; thence by the right hand side of the path from Kalunta to Iberenta in a general south-easterly and then south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,981 feet to Beacon No. 32; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $292^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,348 feet to Beacon No. 33; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $352^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,792 feet to Beacon No. 34; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $352^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,343 feet to Beacon No. 35 on the right hand side of the path from Kalunta to Amuro; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $352^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,504 feet to Beacon No. 36 on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $352^{\circ}$  for a distance of 479 feet to Beacon No. 37 on the right bank of the Iyi Ogurun Stream; by the right bank of the Iyi Ogurun Stream downstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3,206 feet to pillar No. 38 on the left bank of the Iyi Ogurun Stream where it meets the left bank of the Iyi Oke River; thence by a straight line crossing the Iyi Oke River on a bearing of  $35^{\circ}$  for a distance of 22 feet to pillar No. 39 on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River; thence by the right bank of the Iyi Oke River downstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1,714 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 1 (Chijoke's Enclave).*—Two decimal six acres. Starting from a point on the left hand side of the path from Kalunta to Amuro situated at a distance of about 1,800 feet and in a general westerly direction from reserve boundary Beacon No. 10 on the right bank of the Iyi Oke River where it is met by the left hand side of the path from Kalunta to Amuro marked by Beacon No. 46, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $184^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 285 feet to Beacon No. 47; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $225^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 268 feet to Beacon No. 48; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $315^{\circ}$  for a distance of 210 feet to Beacon No. 49; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $345^{\circ}$  for a distance of 223 feet to Beacon No. 50 on the left hand side of the path from Kalunta to Amuro; thence by the left hand side of the path from Kalunta to Amuro in a general easterly direction for a distance of 440 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 2.*—Half an acre. Starting from a point on a bearing of  $317^{\circ}$  and at a distance of 441 feet from an intermediate beacon on the path from Kalunta to Iberenta which intermediate beacon is 1,710 feet west of Beacon No. 15 marked by Beacon No. 51, by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $230^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 131 feet to Beacon No. 52; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $317^{\circ}$  for a distance of 179 feet to Beacon No. 53; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $55^{\circ}$  for a distance of 145 feet to Beacon No. 54; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $141^{\circ}$  for a distance of 147 feet to the starting point.

All distances and bearings are approximate only, the distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

All bearings are referred to True North and adjusted from Magnetic Bearings observed during 1950, 1951 and 1952.

All Beacons are concrete pillars the numbers of which are prefixed by the letters F.D.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

### OGU ITU FOREST RESERVE

1. Rights of way along the following paths:—  
The two paths from Ikpe Ikot Nkon to Maku.  
The path from Ogu Itu to Maku.
2. Right to hunt and fish.
3. Rights to water and water courses.
4. Rights to the royalties as heretofore on all trees felled upon which forest fees have been paid.
5. Right to collect all palm products either of the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) or of the wine palms (*Raphia spp.*).

## UKPOM BENDE FOREST RESERVE

1. Rights of way along the following roads and paths:—
  - The motor road from Bende to Umuahia.
  - The path from Umuhunter to Bende.
  - The path from Ukpom to Bende.
  - The path from Ukpom to Ndi Okorieukwu Bende.
  - The old road from Umuahia to Bende.
  - The paths from Isieke to Ozuitem.
  - The paths from Isieke to Uzuakoli.
2. Right to hunt and fish.
3. Rights to water and water courses.
4. Rights to the royalties as heretofore on all trees felled upon which forest fees have been paid.
5. Right to collect all palm products either of the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) or of the wine palms (*Raphia spp.*).

## OBOT NDOM FOREST RESERVE

1. Rights of way along the following paths:—
  - The path from Obot Ndom to Ekoi.
  - The path from Ogu Itu to Ibam Ikot.
2. Right to hunt and fish.
3. Rights to water and water courses subject to the provisions of the Forest Ordinance (Chapter 75) sections 15 and 49 (*h*).
4. Rights to the royalties as heretofore on all trees felled upon which forest fees have been paid.
5. Right to collect all palm products either of the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) or of the wine palms (*Raphia spp.*).

## UBIBIA FOREST RESERVE

1. Rights of way along the following roads and paths:—
  - The fair weather motor road from Bende to Ndi Iwo.
  - The path from the fair weather motor road from Bende to Ndi Iwo.
  - The path from Amaba Ubibia to Mkpuru Ubibia.
  - The path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Etiti Ulo.
  - The path from Mkpuru Ubibia to Kalunta.
  - The path from Kalunta to Ndi Okorieukwu.
2. Right to hunt and fish.
3. Rights to water and water courses.
4. Rights to the royalties as heretofore on all trees felled upon which forest fees have been paid.
5. Right to collect all palm products either of the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) or of the wine palms (*Raphia spp.*).

## KALUNTA FOREST RESERVE

1. To the general public, rights of way along the following paths:—
  - The path from Kalunta to Amuro.
  - The access path to Area No. 2 from the from the Kalunta-Iberenta path.
2. To the communal owners of the land:
  - (1) The right to hunt and fish.
  - (2) Rights to water and water courses.
  - (3) Rights to royalties as heretofore on all trees felled upon which forest fees have been paid.
  - (4) Right to collect all palm products either of the oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) or of the wine (*Raphia spp.*).

MADE this 12th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,  
 K. C. SHADDOCK,  
 Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region

E.R. Public Notice No. 324 of 1953

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils under section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title,  
application  
and com-  
mencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“club head” means a person who arranges or conducts an Osusu Club;

“commission” means “drink money,” or the approved deduction not to exceed  $1\frac{1}{4}$  per cent of a hand, payable to the club head, other officers and members of an Osusu Club for their responsibilities in collecting and distributing;

“contribution” means a fixed amount contributed by a member at a meeting of an Osusu Club;

“council” means the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council;

“hand” means the gross total of the amount collected by the contributor at any one meeting;

“osusu club” means an association of persons formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which contributes a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount collected less certain approved deductions.

3. (1) Every Osusu Club established within the area of the authority of the Council after the date of the coming into operation of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council.

Osusu Clubs  
to be  
registered.

(2) Every Osusu Club established and functioning within the area of the authority of the Council at the date of the coming into operation of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council within thirty days of such date.

(3) Every registration shall be renewed annually.

4. Any person who shall operate, conduct or establish an Osusu Club which is not registered in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Offence and  
penalty.

5. (1) An application for the registration of an Osusu Club shall be made in each year by the proposed club head in the form contained in the First Schedule and shall be accompanied by the appropriate registration fee as laid down in the Fourth Schedule.

Application  
for regis-  
tration.  
First  
Schedule.  
Fourth  
Schedule.

(2) Every application for registration of a new Osusu Club shall be considered by the Council within thirty days of its receipt by the Secretary to the Council.

Council may refuse registration.

6. The Council may refuse to register an Osusu Club if it is not satisfied that—

- (a) the applicant is a fit and proper person to run an Osusu Club by reason of his character or financial standing; or
- (b) the Osusu Club which it is desired to register will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.

Permit to operate. Second Schedule.

7. Upon registration of an Osusu Club the Council shall issue a permit to operate in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Cancellation of registration.

8. The Council may cancel the registration of an Osusu Club if it appears to it that such club is not being conducted in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws.

Secretary to Osusu Clubs.

9. (1) There shall be appointed to an Osusu Club a Secretary whose duty it shall be to keep accurately all such records and accounts as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

(2) Any Secretary to a club who:—

- (a) fails, neglects or refuses to make all necessary entries in the records or accounts of the club; or
- (b) makes any false or unauthorised entry in the records or accounts of the club

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Conduct and proceedings of clubs. Third Schedule.

10. The provisions of the Third Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of an Osusu Club registered under these bye-laws.

Club to keep records.

11. The records of an Osusu Club shall be maintained at the headquarters of such club and shall be open to inspection at all reasonable hours by every member of the club or by any officer of the Council.

Determination of Osusu Clubs.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, every Osusu Club shall determine within three years from the date of its first registration.

(2) This bye-law shall not apply to an Osusu Club which existed before and was functioning at the date of coming into operation of these bye-laws.

Osusu Club may wind up its affairs.

13. An Osusu Club may wind up its affairs at any time upon a decision of the majority of its members being reached to the effect at a general meeting of the club, the quorum of which shall not be less than three quarters of the total number of members.

Club head may start second club.

14. The club head of an Osusu Club which has wound up its affairs may apply to act as the head of another Osusu Club with the same or different members subject to the provisions of these bye-laws.

Officers of the club. Offences and penalty.

15. Any club head or other officer or any member of an Osusu Club acting in such capacity who—

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee to the club of more than one shilling; or
- (ii) demands or accepts any commission, money or gift in any form of more than 1¼ per cent of any one hand; or
- (iii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member whose turn it is to receive it; or
- (iv) relinquishes his office without just cause; or
- (v) disbands the club before every contributor has received his hand

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is guilty of an offence and is liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Form of Registration*

1. Name of the Osusu Club.....
2. Headquarters of the Club.....
3. The regular meeting place of the club.....
4. Number of members.....
5. Total number of shares.....
6. Value of one share.....
7. Value of one hand.....
8. Total value of all hands.....
9. Name of Club Head.....
10. Name of Club Secretary.....
11. Name of Club Treasurer.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Permit to operate an Osusu Club*

Permission is hereby granted to Mr..... of.....  
to operate the..... Osusu Club at.....  
from the..... day of..... 19..... to the  
..... day of....., 19..... subject to the pro-  
visions of the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-  
laws, 1953.

.....  
*Secretary, on behalf of Urban District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

1. An Osusu Club shall not hold a meeting during the hours of darkness.
2. A roster of the names of contributors and order of preference for the taking of hand shall be prepared at the first General Meeting of the club and approved by the majority of the members present provided that the General Meeting shall have powers by resolution to adjust the order of preference in the event of any emergency.
3. Notwithstanding the provision of paragraph 2 by the consent of the majority of the members present at a general meeting any member may be allowed to draw his hand or one hand if he has more than one hand in the club.
4. Every hand shall be paid to the member whose turn it is to receive a hand at the meeting of the club as soon as the collection is completed.
5. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at that meeting of the club. The sureties shall ensure that the member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.
6. When a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand is unable or fails to produce two sureties, an amount equal to the sum he has contributed may be deducted from the hand and given to him with the approval of the majority of the members of the club present at the meeting. The

balance shall then be handed to the treasurer of the club until such time as the member shall produce sureties when such amount shall be handed over to him. If the club determines before he has produced sureties then the club treasurer shall hand over such sum to him at the date of the determination.

7. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall be a member of the club in all respects, and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member whose place he has taken.

8. When a member who has not received a hand dies, the Secretary of the club shall inform his next of kin in writing that he can either act as a substitute to the deceased member himself or, with the approval of the majority of the members of the club produce another person as a substitute. The provisions of paragraph 7 shall apply to such substitutes in either case.

9. Any amount contributed by a deceased member shall at the determination of the club be paid to his next of kin.

10. When a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

	£	s	d
1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	2	6
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10 but not exceeding £20, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	5	0
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	10	0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	15	0
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, registration fee shall be ... ..	1	0	0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £75, registration fee shall be ... ..	1	10	0
7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £75 but not exceeding £100, registration fee shall be ... ..	2	0	0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100 registration fee shall be £2 for the first £100 and 2s 6d for every additional £10 or part thereof.			

FIFTH SCHEDULE  
*Fee for renewal of Registration*

	<i>per annum</i>
	£ s d
1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0 1 0
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10, but not exceeding £20, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0 2 6
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0 5 0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0 7 6
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0 10 0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £75, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	0 15 0
7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £75 but not exceeding £100, fee for renewal of registration shall be ... ..	1 0 0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100, fee for renewal of registration for the first £100 shall be £1 and 1s for every additional £10 per annum.	

MADE by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. INYANG, *Secretary*

J. E. UDOH, M.B.E., *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of November, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of December, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 325 of 1953*

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

OKU-AYADEGHE MARKET RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Calabar Province, for the market of Oku-Ayadeghe:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Oku-Ayadeghe Market Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st January, 1954.

Short title  
and appli-  
cation.



Market days.

2. The market shall be opened on such days as the Native Authority shall appoint.

Market stall.

3. The following rents shall be paid in advance to the Market Master appointed by the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority by all persons selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market:—

	s	d
(a) For every permanent stall ... ..	2	6 per month.
(b) For every temporary stall ... ..	1	6 per month.
(c) For hawking or squatting in a vacant space set aside for casual traders ... ..	0	1 per day.

Separation of goods.

4. The Native Authority may set aside any part of the market for the sale or storage of specific foodstuffs, stores, merchandise or other articles.

Offences.

5. Any person who—

- (a) uses any plot or store or stall in the market for the purpose of selling any article or carrying on his trade or calling in the market, and who shall not have paid the prescribed rent therefore, or
- (b) erects any stall, shed, building, wall, fence or enclosure within the market boundary without the consent of the Native Authority; or
- (c) allows a plot or stall which he has hired to become insanitary or fails to keep it clean; or
- (d) cooks food in any part of the market other than that set aside by the Native Authority for the purpose; or
- (e) rides a bicycle within the market when the market is in session; or
- (f) being other than a duly authorised watchman or labourer shall be in any portion of the market between the hours of 7 p.m. and 5 a.m.; or
- (g) exposes for sale in the market produce, merchandise or any goods except on a plot or in a stall or store which has been set aside by the Native Authority for the sale of such wares; or
- (h) slaughters or butchers any animal in the market at any place other than the market slaughter slab; or
- (i) sells or exposes for sale any meat which has not been slaughtered at the market slaughter slab until such meat has been examined and found fit for sale by a Sanitary Overseer or the Market Master; or
- (j) sublets a market stall which he has hired without the approval of the Native Authority; or
- (k) places any obstruction in the alleys or passages of the market; or
- (l) commits a nuisance in the market; or
- (m) not being a butcher or an edat trader brings into the market any machet unless such machet is intended for sale; or
- (n) stages or organises a traditional play or ceremony in the market without obtaining the prior approval in writing of the Native Authority; or
- (o) creates any disturbance during the staging of any duly authorised traditional play or ceremony shall be guilty of an offence against these rules and shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine of five shillings or to three days imprisonment for the first offence and to a fine of ten shillings or to six days imprisonment for any subsequent offence.

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6. Any person other than the Market Master or other person duly appointed by the Native Authority who collects or attempts to collect within the market area any stallages or rents shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction, be liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

MADE under the Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority this 21st day of April, 1953.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native Authority on the 21st day of April, 1953, in the presence of:

A. A. UDOH, *Secretary,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native*  
*Authority*

I. E. UDOH, *Chairman,*  
*Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe Native*  
*Authority*

APPROVED by me this 9th day of September, 1953.

D. SMITH,  
*Acting Resident, Calabar Province*

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*E.R. Public Notice No. 326 of 1953*

*Order MADE UNDER The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

Rabies having been reported by the Medical Officer of Health, Kumba, we, in exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officer, Kumba, and the Kumba Native Authority, by section 15 of the Dogs Ordinance, and with the approval of the Resident, Cameroons Province, make the following order:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Kumba) Control, Seizure and Detention Order, 1953, and shall apply to the areas of the Kumba Division which are comprised within a radius of twelve miles of the Kumba Market and within a radius of five miles of the centre of Ikiliwindi.

2. All dogs in the diseased areas shall be kept under control either by means of a leash or in a house or cage.

3. Any dog found within the diseased areas not under control shall be seized and may be destroyed.

A. MUKETE,  
*for Kumba Town Native Authority*

R. J. ELKERTON,  
*District Officer, Kumba Division*

District Office,  
Kumba, 18th November, 1953.

APPROVED.

H. J. M. HARDING,  
*Acting Resident, Cameroons Province*

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E.R. Public Notice No. 327 of 1953

Order MADE UNDER *The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LICENSING OF DOGS) ORDER, 1953

In exercise of the power conferred upon the Authority by section 11 (a) of the Dogs Ordinance it is hereby ordered by the Onitsha Northern District Council with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor that a licence fee of five shillings per annum shall be paid in respect of each dog kept within the area of the said District Council as from the 1st of January, 1954.

MADE by the Onitsha Northern District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 28th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

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Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 56, Vol. 2, dated 31st Dec., 1953—Part B

*E.R. Public Notice No. 328 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE NORTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(ALIENATION OF LAND) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council (Alienation of land) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and date of commencement.

(2) These bye-laws shall not apply to any transaction concerning land completed before the 1st day of December, 1953.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“the area” except where the context otherwise requires, means the area of the authority of the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“the council” means the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“native of the area” means any person who is eligible by native law and custom to inherit land or the use of land within the area;

“registration clerk” means the person appointed by the Council to be registration clerk for the purpose of these bye-laws;

“transaction concerning land” means any sale, lease, gift *inter vivos*, mortgage, pledge or other transaction whereby an interest in land or any trees thereon situate within the area passes.

3. (1) Before any transaction concerning land is entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area the parties thereto shall:—

Prerequisites of transaction concerning land.

(a) appear in person before the Council and announce in public their intention of entering into such a transaction;

(b) state the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto;

(c) give description of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council.

(2) The Council shall record in writing in a book kept for the purpose the particulars given by the parties under the preceding sub-bye-law.

(3) The Council shall, except for good cause which shall be communicated to the parties, give its approval to such transaction, and shall record such approval in writing.

“good cause” shall mean that the transaction is one which is not in the best interest of the natives of the area.

(4) If the Council shall, for good cause, withhold its approval, it shall record in writing its reasons for doing so.

(5) The Council shall, on request by the parties, supply a copy of the record made under the preceding sub-paragraphs of this bye-law.



4. If the Council shall give its consent to the transaction the parties shall prepare or cause to be prepared an instrument which shall be in writing and shall:—

- (a) set out the full names and address of the parties thereto;
- (b) contain a description or plan of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Council;
- (c) set out the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereon as approved by the Council;
- (d) be signed by the parties thereto in the presence of one or more literate witnesses who shall subscribe his or their names thereto;

and shall present such instrument to the Council within sixty days of the date on which such approval was given, for endorsement of the approval of the Council thereon.

(2) If the Council is satisfied that the instrument complies with the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this bye-law, it shall, upon payment of ten shillings and sixpence endorse its approval thereon. Such endorsement shall be signed by such person or persons as may be entitled to sign instruments on behalf of the Council.

Transaction concerning land not entered into in accordance with these bye-laws to be null and void.

5. (1) Any transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area except in accordance with the provisions of bye-laws 3 and 4 hereof shall be null and void.

(2) Any native of the area who shall enter into a transaction concerning land in contravention of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and liable, upon conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Any person not a native of the area who shall acquire an interest in land belonging to a native of the area shall be guilty of an offence unless such interest is evidenced by an instrument registered in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws, and shall be liable upon conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(4) Any person not a native of the area who, being lawfully in possession of land belonging to a native shall, after the coming into force of these bye-laws, sell, lease, assign or otherwise part with possession of the said land or any part thereof, without approval of the Council obtained in accordance with these bye-laws, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to a fine of £5 or imprisonment for two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Unlawful possession: procedure for ejectment.

6. Where it shall appear to the Council that any person not a native of the area is in possession of land belonging to a native of the area in contravention of these bye-laws, the Council may cause a summons to be issued to such person, requiring him to appear before a court and to prove that his possession is not in contravention of these bye-laws. If on the hearing of such summons the court find that such person is in possession of the land in contravention of these bye-laws the court shall order such person to give up possession of the land, and shall issue such process as may be necessary for enforcing such order.

Transaction concerning land to be registered.

7. (1) Every person not a native of the area executing an instrument relating to a transaction concerning land shall, within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Council was endorsed thereon, register the instrument with the Council.

(2) Registration shall be effected, subject to bye-law 10 of these bye-laws, by leaving the instrument, together with a true copy thereof and a fee of twenty shillings with the registration clerk at the office of the Council.

8. Every instrument relating to a transaction concerning land, entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area executed after the coming into force of these bye-laws, shall be void unless the same shall be registered within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Council was endorsed thereon:

Instrument void for want of registration.

Provided that the Council may extend such period if it is satisfied that registration has been delayed without fault or neglect on the part of the party acquiring the right or interest in the land in question, by endorsement upon the instrument.

9. Upon receipt of the instrument and the copy thereof and the registration fee the registration clerk shall endorse upon the instrument an endorsement in the form of Form A of the Schedule to these bye-laws and shall examine the instrument and compare it with the copy and if he shall find that the instrument complies with the provisions of these bye-laws and that the copy is a true copy thereof, he shall register the instrument by endorsing upon it and upon the copy thereof an endorsement in the form of Form B of the Schedule to the bye-laws and shall paste or bind the said copy in a register book kept for the purpose.

Registration.

10. (1) Where upon an examination of the instrument and the copy thereof lodged for registration the registration clerk shall find that the instrument is one which is declared by these bye-laws to be void or which does not comply with the provisions of these bye-laws, or that the copy is not a true copy; he shall give written notice to the person lodging the same for registration, specifying the particular requirement or requirements which have not been complied with.

When instrument cannot be registered.

(2) Until the requirements specified in the notice have been complied with registration shall not be effected.

11. An endorsement on an instrument that it has been registered, signed by the registration clerk, and in addition by each person or persons as may be entitled to sign documents on behalf of the Council, under provisions of the standing rules of the Council, shall be proof of registration under the provisions of these bye-laws until the contrary is shown.

Proof of registration.

12. No instrument relating to a transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area after the coming into force of these bye-laws shall be admissible as evidence in any court unless it has been registered in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 7 of these bye-laws.

Unregistered instrument not admissible in evidence.

13. The Council shall, at the request of any party to an intended transaction concerning land between a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area, and on payment of a fee of twenty-one shillings, cause a written instrument to be prepared to give effect to the wishes of the parties.

SCHEDULE  
FORM A

Presented for registration by ..... of Rule 9.

(NAME)

..... this ..... day of ..... 19.....

(PLACE OF ABODE)

.....  
*Registration Clerk*

Rule 9. Registered this..... day of..... 19..... as  
No..... at Page..... in Volume..... of the  
Northern Ngwa Rural District Council Registry at.....

Registration Clerk  
for and on behalf of the Southern  
Ngwa District Council

MADE under the Seal of the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council,  
this 28th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council was  
affixed in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 28th day of November, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section  
107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of  
December, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall  
come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R. Public Notice No. 329 of 1953

THE ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL  
OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils  
by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16  
of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Southern  
District Council.

Short title  
and  
application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Southern District Council  
(Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to  
persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council but also to all  
persons while within the area shown in the Fourth Schedule hereto and  
shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions:

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Onitsha Southern District Council;

“impound” with its grammatical variations means, take and confine  
in an area or place appointed by the Onitsha Southern District  
Council to be a pound;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Onitsha  
Southern District Council to have charge of the pound.

Prohibition  
of keeping  
of animals  
within  
specified  
area.

3. No person shall permit any of the animals in their young, set out  
in the First Schedule to these bye-laws to be within the controlled part  
of the area of jurisdiction of the Council unless such animal is tied or is  
being led under proper control or carried.

Animals to  
be properly  
confined.

4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within  
a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water.



5. Any cattle, ram, ewe, wether, goat, pig or horse or their young if found straying within the controlled part of the area of the Council's jurisdiction, may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the Council.

Impounding of animals by authorised persons.

6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

Claim and release.

7. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding bye-law any impounded animal which is unclaimed within seven days after the date of its impounding shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster or an officer of the Council so authorised in writing at the local Council headquarters, and the proceeds of the same placed on deposit in the Council's Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed after the deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable under rule 6 of these bye-laws.

Sale of unclaimed animals.

Provided that no claim for payment shall be entertained after six months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.

8. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for two weeks.

9. These bye-laws shall apply only during the periods set out in Third Schedule hereto.

10. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle, horse, rams, ewe, wether, goat, pig.

SECOND SCHEDULE—PENALTIES

	£	s	d
For every head of cattle or horse impounded ...	0	10	0
For every head of ram, ewe, wether or goat impounded ...	0	2	6
For every head of pig impounded ...	0	5	0
<i>Expenses to Keep</i>			
For every head of cattle or horse impounded for each day or portion of a day ...	0	2	0
For every head of ram, ewe, wether or goat impounded for each day or portion of a day ...	0	1	0
For every head of pig impounded for each day or portion of a day ...	0	1	6

THIRD SCHEDULE

The period of application of these bye-laws shall be:

- (i) In respect of cattle, horses and pigs—throughout the year.
- (ii) In respect of other animals from 1st April to 1st December inclusive.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE—CONTROLLED AREA

The geographical area covered by the towns within the following Native Court areas

Achalla Native Court Area.  
Agbaja Native Court Area.  
Mbanesi Native Court Area.  
Orsu Native Court Area.  
Ugwuochi Native Court Area.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated 28th day of August, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed the 28th day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

P. ORJI UME-EZEOKE, *Secretary*

D. C. ERINNE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 28th day of November, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of December, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 330 of 1953*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OBUBRA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) (AMENDMENT) RULES, 1953.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (xxvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Native  
Authority.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1953.

E.R. Public  
Notice No.  
143 of 1953.

2. The Obubra Division (Educational Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby amended by the deletion of the words "five shillings" in the second line of Rule 3 thereof, and the substitution therefor of the words "twenty-two shillings and sixpence."

3. This amendment shall have effect for the financial year ending on 31st March, 1954, and subsequent financial years unless and until further amended or revoked.

MADE the 28th day of August, 1953, under the Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. A. ONIHANA, *Clerk to the Council*

D. O. ENANG, *Chairman,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 28th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE WIMBU NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Wimbu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Wimbu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Wimbu Native Authority residing with the Ntumbaw Village Area.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Wimbu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the Ntumbaw Village Area of Nkambe Division shall pay an annual rate of 4s (four shillings) per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—
- (a) fails to deposit in the Wimbu Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Wimbu Native Authority the 30th day of October, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

CHIEF W. MFOMI, *President,*  
*Wimbu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 28th day of November, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R. Public Notice No. 332 of 1953*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (SPORTS STADIUM)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Sports Stadium) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.
2. In these bye-laws "Sports Stadium" means all that parcel of land the limits and situation of which are set forth in the First Schedule to these bye-laws.
3. The Council may impose conditions on the use of the Sports Stadium or any part thereof.
4. No person or persons shall use the football field or running track without a permit from the Council. Such permit issued to a team, club or corporate body shall be deemed to be permission given to each individual member thereof.
5. The fees for the use of the Sports Stadium shall be as set out in the Second Schedule to these bye-laws.
6. No person or persons shall enter the Sports Stadium without a permit issued by the Council or the express authority of the Council:  
Provided that any person, team, club or corporate body which shall have been issued with a permit to use the Sports Stadium may, with the approval of the Council, allow spectators to enter the Sports Stadium.
7. The Council may, by notice in writing, close the Sports Stadium or any part thereof at any time, and on such notice being given any permits which have been issued to use the whole Sports Stadium, if the whole be closed, or to use that part which is to be closed if only part is to be closed, shall be deemed to be cancelled.
8. Any person who:—
  - (a) uses the football field or running track without a permit under bye-law 4, or
  - (b) enters the Sports Stadium without a permit or the express authority of the Council, or
  - (c) not being the holder of a permit or not having obtained the approval of the Council encourages or incites other persons to enter the Sports Stadium shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings.

FIRST SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Enugu in the Udi Division of the Onitsha Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 10.448 acres, the boundaries of which are described below:—

2. Starting at a concrete pillar marked PB.D5415, the co-ordinates of which are 3042.96 feet north and 5107.67 feet east of a concrete pillar marked T.E. 20, the origin of Enugu Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines, the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PB.D. 5415	214° 52'	596.2 feet	PB.D. 5421
PB.D. 5421	214° 52'	303.9 "	PB.D. 5416
PB.D. 5416	304° 52'	215.6 "	PB.D. 5417
PB.D. 5417	304° 52'	240.0 "	PB.D. 5418
PB.D. 5418	304° 52'	50.0 "	PB.D. 6010
PB.D. 6010	34° 51'	450.0 "	PB.D. 6011
PB.D. 6011	34° 51'	450.0 "	PB.D. 6012
PB.D. 6012	124° 52'	50.0 "	PB.D. 5419
PB.D. 5419	124° 52'	240.0 "	PB.D. 5420
PB.D. 5420	124° 52'	215.8 "	PB.D. 5415

the starting point.

3. All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

1. Football matches (excluding charitable Functions)—50 per cent of the gross takings or £20 (whichever is the less).
2. Other Sporting Events (excluding charitable functions)—50 per cent of the gross takings or £10 (whichever is the less).
3. Social and Political Functions—£5.
4. Charitable Functions—£3.
5. A deposit of 5s shall be payable in advance for each separate booking which may be refunded if the booking is cancelled before 9 a.m. on the day of that booking.
6. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2, the minimum charge for the hire of the Recreational Ground shall be 5s per booking.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 25th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Secretary,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

W. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 9th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*